

SECTION 000020 - INVITATION TO ENTER INTO CONTRACT NEGOTIATIONS

BAY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD
Rutherford High School Building 1 and 2 HVAC Renovation

Watford Engineering, Inc.
4452 Clinton Street
Marianna, FL 32446

The Bay District School Board is extending an invitation to **Culpepper Construction Company** to submit a Contract and GMP to perform all work associated with the construction of:

HVAC Renovations including replacement of modular chilled water air handling units, ductwork, variable volume terminal units, digital controls, and associated electrical and general trades work required to complete the scope of work.

The Construction Management firm must submit, along with a preliminary AIA Contract, a properly executed "Contractor's Qualification Statement" AIA Document A-305 which is to include a current financial statement, an experience, competence and performance report, and references from at least three prior projects similar in size and scope, along with the name of a contact person on each of those projects. The CM must be a Pre-Qualified Contractor in order to submit a GMP and work for the Bay County School Board.

Performance and Labor and Material Bonds will be required for this project. Workman's Compensation Insurance and other Insurance as detailed in the specifications will be required as well.

The Bay District School Board needs the above referenced project Substantially completed by August 1, 2025 for Building 2 and August 1, 2026 for Building 1.

Electronic documents are available from the Architect's office: Watford Engineering, Inc., 4452 Clinton Street, Marianna, FL 32446. Contact David Watford at 850-526-3447 to obtain documents.

Before the GMP is considered for award, the Construction Manager may be requested by the Owner to submit additional statements regarding previous experience in performing comparable work, business and technical organization, financial resources and plant available to be used in performing the work. The Bay District Schools reserves the right to waive irregularities and to reject any, and all Bids.

END OF SECTION 000020

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SECTION 000100 - INSTRUCTIONS TO CONSTRUCTION MANAGERS

1.0 GENERAL:

1.1 The Drawings and Project Manual cover the renovation and associated improvements at the following School Board Facility in Panama City, FL:

A. Rutherford High School Building 1 & 2 HVAC Renovation

1.2 Contractor shall be fully responsible for all labor, materials, and equipment necessary for the complete construction of the work as required in the Contract Documents.

2.0 PROCUREMENT OF BIDDING DOCUMENTS:

2.1 The Construction Manager may obtain a complete electronic set of Documents from Watford Engineering, Inc. See the 'Invitation to Enter into Contract Negotiations' for the Architect's Address & Phone information.

2.2 The Contractor shall use complete sets of Bidding Documents in preparing bids; neither the Owner or the Architect assumes any responsibility for errors or misinterpretations resulting from the use of incomplete sets.

3.0 EXAMINATION OF BIDDING DOCUMENTS AND SITE:

3.1 Prior to submitting a GMP, the Construction Manager shall carefully examine the Bidding Documents and the construction site. The CM shall fully inform him/herself prior to providing a GMP as to all existing conditions and limitations under which the work is to be performed and shall include in his/her bid a sum to cover the costs of all items necessary to perform the work as set forth in the Contract Documents.

3.2 Site visits shall be coordinated with Bay District School's Facilities Department (850) 767-4139.

3.3 No allowance will be made to any CM/Bidder because of lack of such examination or knowledge. The submission of a Bid will be construed as conclusive evidence that the Bidder has made such an examination. The CM/Bidder shall be responsible for verifying all dimensions which may affect the work.

3.4 No claim for additional compensation shall be entertained on behalf of or paid to Contractor or any Subcontractor on account of his/her failure to be fully informed of all requirements of all parts of the Specifications, Addenda or Drawings. They are part of the Contract Documents and of the Contract and all Bidders should be thoroughly familiar with the content and requirements before submitting

proposals.

3.5 There will be a Mandatory Pre-Bid Conference.

4.0 INTERPRETATIONS AND ADDENDA:

4.1 The CM/Bidder shall carefully examine and compare the Bidding Documents, project site and local conditions with each other. No later than seven (7) days prior to the date for receipt of Bids, Bidder shall make a written request to the Architect for interpretation or correction of any errors, ambiguities or inconsistencies found during his examination, using the "Request for Clarification" form at the end of this section (Attachment 00100-1).

"Request for Clarification" forms shall also be used to present any questions and/or clarifications about the project at the Pre-Bid Conference. Questions not presented on Clarification Form may not be addressed. Verbal responses from the Architects office are not to be considered official.

4.2 Interpretations, corrections and changes to the Bidding Documents will be made by Addendum. Addendums will be e-mailed or made available electronically to the Construction Manager. The Architect and the Owner will not be responsible for interpretations, corrections or changes made in any other manner, and the Bidder shall not rely on them.

4.3 Any item, material, condition, service, etc. that may be referenced to in the drawings or specifications, and that is not clearly understood by the bidder as to the Architects intent, shall be clarified by the bidder prior to the Bid. Failure to clarify any ambiguity shall not relieve the bidder from supplying the intent of the Architect as part of the base contract.

5.0 SUBSTITUTIONS (prior to bidding):

Substitutions will be considered prior to receipt of Bids only if a written request for approval is submitted to the Architect no later than ten (10) days prior to the date for receipt of Bids. Each request shall include a complete description of the proposed substitution, along with drawings, performance and test data, and any other information required for a complete evaluation. The Architect's decision of approval or disapproval will be final.

If the Architect approves the proposed substitution, such approval will be set forth in addenda. Bidders shall not rely on approvals made in any other manner.

Substitutions will be considered after the Contract award only if they are in compliance with the conditions set in Section 012500 – Substitution Procedures.

6.0 Value Engineering Statement: Bidders may submit Value Engineering changes to the bid documents that **may or may not** be accepted by the Owner. Such

Value Engineering changes must maintain the intent of the construction documents and meet all code requirements. Bidders must provide a bid price for the construction as designed (per Construction Documents) so that Value Engineering changes may be **added or deducted** from that total (Base Bid) to arrive at the projects low bid amount.

6.0 FAMILIARITY WITH LAWS:

6.1 The Bidder shall be familiar with all Federal, State and local laws, ordinances, rules and regulations affecting the work. Ignorance of them on the part of Bidder shall in no way relieve the Bidder from responsibility.

6.2 EQUAL OPPORTUNITY

- .1 The Contractor and all subcontractors shall not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, religion, color, sex, national origin or age. The Contractor shall take affirmative actions to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment without regard to their race, religion, color, sex, national origin or age. Such action shall include, but not be limited to the following: employment, upgrading, demotion or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertisement; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The Contractor agrees to post in conspicuous place, available to employees and applicants for employment, notices setting forth the policies of non-discrimination.
- .2 The Contractor and all subcontractors shall, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by them or on their behalf, state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, religion, color, sex, national origin or age.

6.3 JESSICA LUNSFORD ACT

- .1 All personnel on the referenced project must comply with "The Jessica Lunsford Act" (Florida Statute 1012.465). In addition, Bay District Schools requires a level two background screening. The screening process and I.D. badges are available from The Safety and Security Office of Bay District Schools, located at 1120 W. 17th Street, Panama City, Florida at a cost to the Contractor. Identification badges issued by the Bay County School Board shall be displayed by all Contractors' and subcontractors' employees when on school property. The badges must be renewed in June of each year at a cost to the Contractor. The State-Wide Florida Contractor I. D. badge issued by DOE is also accepted.
- .2 The Owner reserves the right to restrict access to a higher standard than the threshold set forth in the revised Jessica Lunsford Act Statute. Screening shall be commensurate with the screening standards in Level 2 as defined by Section 435.04.F.S.

- .3 In cases where non-instructional contractors who under Section 1012.467(2)(a), F.S., would be subject to reduced screening standards are denied access as a result of Level 2 screening, the contractor may appeal the decision in writing within 10 days of notification of denial. The Superintendent shall act upon the appeal within 30 days of receipt of the appeal. In the review of all appeals a reasonable basis shall apply.
- .4 The JLA Section 1012.468(2)(a), F.S., as amended, allows contractors who have not passed background screening to work on school grounds as long as they are under direct line of sight supervision of a screened supervisor or District employee. Except as outlined in (b) and (c) of this rule, the Owner does not grant this degree of latitude due to the possibility that the screened supervisor may be called away by an emergency or lose sight of an employee.
- .5 Line-of-sight provisions may be used for individual contractors providing training or educational resource presentations provided they are escorted by responsible District administrative staff to and from the delivery venues and remain under constant supervision throughout their lecture/training delivery obligation. Departments utilizing such individual contractors must notify the District Safety and Security Office in writing prior to their arrival. These exempted individual contractors must be checked against the national sexual offender database by the responsible District administrative staff member.
- .6 Line-of sight provisions may be used for contractors responding to time sensitive critical emergencies provided they are escorted by responsible District administrative staff to and from the work site and remain under constant supervision throughout their service/repair obligation. Departments utilizing such individual contractors should coordinate with the District Safety & Security Office. These exempted individual contractors must be checked against the national sexual offender database by the responsible District administrative staff.
- .7 The **JLA Section 1012.468(2)(e), F.S.**, as amended, allows personnel who have not passed background screening to work on a school campus if there is a barrier in place configured so as to ensure reasonable physical separation from normal student activity. This requires a 6-foot chain link fence, with a single ingress/egress point allowing access only from off-campus/public right-of-way. The physical barrier provision is allowed. However, the fence must also include a visual fabric screen and remain intact throughout the time workers are on campus. Should the fence be damaged, repairing it shall be the contractor's immediate priority. If the fence is not repaired, all unscreened workers will be required to leave the jobsite.

All workers entering an enclosed work area under the conditions set forth in

this spec section will be required to be screened through the "raptor system" on campus and will be required to maintain and display a project specific credential showing that they have the required raptor clearance. It is the intent of BDS facilities that this will be in the form of a hard hat sticker and a project record consisting of a registry of workers names and copies of identification used to obtain raptor clearance. The credential shall be numbered and the unique number assigned to each person shall be recorded. The registry shall be held on site and maintained by the contractor at all times and made available for owner review at anytime. Any worker who will engage in activities outside the project barrier as described in this section, will be required to obtain and display JLA badging as set forth in other sections of this specification. It shall be the responsibility of the prime contractor and/or CM to ensure adherence to these requirements is maintained at all times.

- .8 Section 1012.468(2)(f), F.S., allowing exemption for delivery personnel is reasonable and shall be applied. Contractor personnel who enter campuses only briefly to pick up or deliver materials, commodities, or property and who are under supervision of school employees their entire time on campus will be exempt from screening. This does not include service technicians who make more lengthy visits to work on equipment on campuses.
- .9 District properties where students are not present during the course of the normal education process are exempt from the requirements of JLA screening. District facilities employing student workers are not exempt.
- .10 Background checks, where required, are to be done at least every five (5) years. However, the Owner reserves the right to limit some credentials to a shorter term and can require more frequent background checks for renewal as deemed necessary.
- .11 Screening information will be shared with other districts as provided by Section 1012.467(7)(a), F.S.

7.0 FLORIDA PRODUCTS AND LABORS:

- 7.1 The Bidder's attention is called to Section 255.04 of the Florida Statutes which requires that on public building contracts, Florida products and labor shall be used wherever price and quality are the same as products and labor specified.

8.0 TIME OF COMPLETION:

- 8.1 The project will have completion dates and liquidated damages as stated in Sections 000300, 000800 and in the "Standard Form of Agreement Between Owner and Construction Manager".

- 8.2 The Contractor shall begin the work at each site no later than 48 hours after the effective date of the notice to proceed. Work shall commence and continue unimpeded in pursuit of complying with the project schedule requirements.
- 9.0 PREPARATION AND SUBMISSION OF BIDS:
- 9.1 All bids submitted shall be prepared in duplicate in conformity with all requirements of the Project Manual, Drawings, and Addenda. Bid documents shall be enclosed in a sealed envelope and shall be clearly labeled "Bid Documents" so as to guard against opening prior to the time set thereof.
- 9.2 The Construction Manager shall require the subcontractors to submit their legal name and business address, stated in full, along with their state license number and the job number of the project on their bid submission. Bidders shall be licensed to do business in the State of Florida at the time of submitting proposal.
- 9.3 If email bids are accepted, the following process must be followed:
1. Subcontractor bids to be emailed to the Construction Manager and the Architect jointly.
 2. Bid must be submitted on the Construction Manager's Bid form
 3. Header must show Project number, name & Bid Trade type.
 4. The date & time of receipt of the email should be clear in the email header.
 5. Construction Manager to print and place the Bid in a sealed envelope.
- 9.4 No verbal, telegraphic, or telephonic bid modifications or cancellations will be considered.
- 9.5 The Construction Manager guarantees there shall be no revisions or withdrawal of the bid amount for a period of 45 days after notice to proceed.
- 9.6 Signatures shall be in longhand and executed by a Principal duly authorized to make contracts.
- 9.7 The Construction Manager's GMP proposal shall reflect the cost of all work required by the bidding documents, plus additions, deletions, or modifications required by addenda issued prior to bid opening.
- 9.8 It is understood that the Construction Manager shall provide and pay for all required materials, labor, tools, transportation, superintendence, temporary construction of any nature, and all other services and facilities whatsoever necessary to execute, complete and deliver the work within the specified time. Any work which must be carried on after regular hours, on weekends or legal holidays shall be performed without additional expense to the Owner.
- 9.9 It is Bidder's sole responsibility to see that his Bid is received at the proper time. Any Bid received after scheduled bid opening time shall be returned to Bidder unopened.

9.10 All taxes imposed by city, state, or federal government, as specified in Division 01, shall be included in the bid sum.

10.0 (Not Used)

11.0 LISTING OF SUBCONTRACTORS:

11.1 In order that the Owner may be assured that only qualified and competent Subcontractors will be employed on this project, the Construction Manager shall submit with his/her GMP a list of the Subcontractors who will perform the work for each division of the specifications, as indicated by the "List of Subcontractors" form contained in these specifications. The Construction Manager shall have determined to his/her own complete satisfaction that a listed subcontractor has been successfully engaged in this particular type of business for a reasonable length of time, has successfully completed installations comparable to that which is required by this agreement and is qualified both technically and financially to perform that pertinent phase of the work for which he is listed. Only one subcontractor shall be listed for each phase of work.

11.2 After public opening and reading of proposals, the listing of subcontractors submitted by the Construction Manager's Bid Tab will be reviewed by the Owner, **privately**.

11.3 It is also specified in a Division-1 Section that, in addition to the above, The Owner reserves the right to approve all subcontractors before work is started and that a complete list of all subcontractors shall be submitted.

12.0 POSTING OF BID TABULATIONS: The Construction Manager will post Bid tabulations with recommended awards at the location where bids are opened, and forward a copy to the Facilities Department so it can be posted on the District's website. The Bid Tabulations will remain posted for a period of 72 hours. Failure to file a protest of either the specifications or intended awards within the time described in and in accordance with Section 120.57(3) Florida Statutes and School Board Policies, or failure to post bond, shall constitute a waiver of proceedings under Chapter 120, Florida Statutes.

13.0 Not used:

14.0 OPENING OF BIDS:

14.1 Bids will be opened publicly and read aloud at the time and date indicated in the Invitation to Bid. The person opening the Bids will determine when the specified time has arrived, and Bids received after this time will not be considered.

14.2 A representative from Bay County District Schools must be present at all bid openings.

15.0 Not used::

16.0 EVALUATION AND CONSIDERATION OF BIDS:

16.1 It is the intent of the Owner to award the Contract to the lowest responsible Bidder provided the Bid has been submitted in accordance with the requirements of the Bidding Documents and does not exceed the funds available. The Owner shall have the right to waive informalities or irregularities in a Bid received and to accept the Bid, which in the Owner's judgement, is in the best interest of the Owner.

16.2 The Owner shall have the right to accept Alternates in any order and to determine the low Bidder on the basis of the sum of the base bid and Alternates accepted.

16.3 The Construction Manager will award the Bids per the Owner's direction.

17.0 REJECTION OF BIDS:

17.1 The Owner reserves the right to reject any or all Bids when such rejection is in the best interest of the Owner, to reject a Bid not accompanied by a Bid Security, or to reject a Bid which is in any way irregular or incomplete.

18.0 OWNER'S FINANCIAL CAPACITY:

18.1 The Owner shall furnish evidence that financial arrangements have been made to fulfill the Owner's obligations under the Contract to the Construction Manager under consideration for award of the Contract, if requested, no later than seven days prior to the expiration of the time for withdrawal of bids. If reasonable evidence is not furnished, the Construction Manager will not be required to execute the Agreement between the Owner and the Construction Manager.

19.0 SUBMITTAL:

19.1 The Construction Manager shall furnish to the Owner, through the Architect, in writing a designation of work to be done by his/her own forces, names of the manufacturers, products and suppliers of principal items or systems of materials and equipment proposed for the work, names of persons or entities proposed for the principal portions of the work. Before entering a Bid of self-performance, the Construction Manager must get prior Owner Approval and must still Bid out the Scope of work.

19.2 Prior to Approval of the GMP, the Architect will notify the Construction Manager in writing if either the Owner or the Architect, after due investigation, has reasonable objection to any person or entity proposed by the Construction Manager. The Construction Manager may, at his/her option, withdraw the bid or

submit a substitute with an adjustment in the GMP. In either event, the bid security will not be forfeited.

19.3 Persons and entities proposed for the work of which the Owner and the Architect have no objection shall not be changed except with the written consent of the Owner and the Architect.

20.0 (Not Used)

21.0 COST BREAKDOWN:

21.1 The successful bidder will be required to submit, at the start of the job, and prior to the first application for payment, a breakdown of construction costs (Schedule of Values), itemized, to be used for accounting purposes.

22.0 BAY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD PURCHASES:

22.1 The Construction Manager shall include in his/her Bid the cost of all equipment, materials, labor and applicable taxes. The Bay District Schools however, shall be allowed to purchase any number of items it chooses, always per owner direct purchase requirements, or per other circumstance as required by owner and mutually agreed by and between affected parties. The Contract, in such cases, shall be amended by change order.

22.2 Coordination of this process shall be worked out between the Owner and the Contractor who is awarded the Contract.

23.0 OWNERS RIGHTS:

23.1 The Owner reserves the right to reject any or all Bids when such rejection is in the best interest of the Owner, to reject a Bid not accompanied by a Bid Security, to reject a Bid which is in any way irregular or incomplete, or to withdraw the request for Bids.

23.2 At the discretion of the owner, the owner reserves the right to amend, alter, or remove a bid scope or any part of a bid scope at any time after bids are received but prior to the bid award. This may be applicable for any scope within any project

24.0 ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS:

24.1 Refer to Section 011000 - SUMMARY OF THE WORK for additional requirements.

END OF SECTION 000100

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**UNIFORM FEDERAL CONTRACT PROVISIONS RIDER
FOR FEDERALLY FUNDED PROCUREMENT CONTRACTS**
(Version 02.16.2018)

[Instructions to Agencies: This Uniform Federal Contract Provisions Rider for Federally Funded Procurement Contracts (“Rider”) must be attached to all federally funded procurement contracts (of any dollar amount) that are subject to 2 CFR Part 200 (Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards). This Rider does not apply to subrecipient or subaward agreements. Procurement contracts funded by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development CDBG Program or CDBG-DR Program must also include the CDBG or CDBG-DR Rider, as applicable.]

A. *Definitions.* As used in this Rider:

- (1) “Awarding Entity” means the entity awarding the Contract. The Awarding Entity may be the District or a contractor at any tier.
- (2) “District” means Bay District Schools.
- (3) “Superintendent” means the Superintendent of the District entering into this Contract.
- (4) “Construction” means the building, rehabilitation, alteration, conversion, extension, demolition, painting or repair of any improvement to real property.
- (5) “Contract” refers to the contract or the agreement between the Awarding Entity and the Contractor.
- (6) “Contractor” means the entity performing the services pursuant to a Contract.
- (7) “Federal Agency” means the U.S. agency or agencies funding this Contract in whole or in part.
- (8) “Government” means the U.S. government.
- (9) “Rider” means this Uniform Federal Contract Provisions Rider.

B. *Termination and Remedies for Breach of Contract.* The following provisions concerning remedies for breach of contract and termination apply to Contracts between the District and their Contractor.

- (1) **Remedies for Breach of Contract.** If the Contractor violates or breaches the Contract, the District may avail itself of any or all of the remedies provided for elsewhere in this Contract. If there are no remedies provided for elsewhere in this Contract, the District may avail itself of any or all of the following remedies.

After declaring the Contractor in default pursuant to the procedures in paragraph (a) of subdivision (2) of this section (B) below, the District may (i) withhold payment

for unsatisfactory services, (ii) suspend or terminate the Contract in whole or in part; and/or (iii) have the services under this Contract completed by such means and in such manner, by contract procured with or without competition, or otherwise, as the District may deem advisable in accordance with all applicable Contract provisions and law. After completion of the services under this Contract, the Primary Entity shall certify the expense incurred in such completion, which shall include the cost of procuring that contract. Should the expense of such completion, as certified by the District, exceed the total sum which would have been payable under the Contract if it had been completed by the Contractor, any excess shall be promptly paid by the Contractor upon demand by the District. The excess expense of such completion, including any and all related and incidental costs, as so certified by the District may be charged against and deducted out of monies earned by the Contractor.

(2) **Termination.** The District shall have the right to terminate the Contract in whole or in part for cause, for convenience, due to force majeure, or due to reductions in federal funding. If the Contract does not include termination provisions elsewhere, the following termination provisions apply:

a. **Termination for Cause.** The District shall have the right to terminate the Contract, in whole or in part, for cause upon a determination that the Contractor is in default of the Contract. Unless a shorter time is determined by the District to be necessary, the District shall effect termination according to the following procedure:

- i. *Notice to Cure.* The District shall give written notice of the conditions of default signed by the Superintendent, setting forth the ground or grounds upon which such default is declared ("Notice to Cure"). The Contractor shall have ten (10) days from receipt of the Notice to Cure or any longer period that is set forth in the Notice to Cure to cure the default. The Superintendent may temporarily suspend services under the Contract pending the outcome of the default proceedings pursuant to this section.
- ii. *Opportunity to be Heard.* If the conditions set forth in the Notice to Cure are not cured within the period set forth in the Notice to Cure, the Superintendent may declare the Contractor in default. Before the Superintendent may exercise his or her right to declare the Contractor in default, the Contractor must be given an opportunity to be heard upon not less than five (5) business days' notice. The Superintendent may, in his or her discretion, provide for such opportunity to be in writing or in person. Such opportunity to be heard shall not occur prior to the end of the cure period but notice of such opportunity to be heard may be given prior to the end

of the cure period and may be given contemporaneously with the Notice to Cure.

- iii. *Notice of Termination.* After an opportunity to be heard, the Superintendent may terminate the Contract, in whole or in part, upon finding the Contractor in default. The Superintendent shall give the Contractor written notice of such termination ("Notice of Termination"), specifying the applicable provision(s) under which the Contract is terminated and the effective date of termination. If no date is specified in the Notice of Termination, the termination shall be effective either 10 calendar days from the date the notice is personally delivered or 15 calendar days from the date Notice of Termination is sent by another method. The Notice of Termination shall be personally delivered, sent by certified mail return receipt requested, or sent by fax and deposited in a post office box regularly maintained by the United States Postal Service in a postage pre-paid envelope.
- iv. *Grounds for Default.* The District shall have the right to declare the Contractor in default:
 1. Upon a breach by the Contractor of a material term or condition of this Contract, including unsatisfactory performance of the services;
 2. Upon insolvency or the commencement of any proceeding by or against the Contractor, either voluntarily or involuntarily, under the Bankruptcy Code or relating to the insolvency, receivership, liquidation, or composition of the Contractor for the benefit of creditors;
 3. If the Contractor refuses or fails to proceed with the services under the Contract when and as directed by the Commissioner;
 4. If the Contractor or any of its officers, directors, partners, five percent (5%) or greater shareholders, principals, or other employee or person substantially involved in its activities are indicted or convicted after execution of the Contract under any state or federal law of any of the following:
 - a. a criminal offense incident to obtaining or attempting to obtain or performing a public or private contract;

b. fraud, embezzlement, theft, bribery, forgery, falsification, or destruction of records, or receiving stolen property;

c. a criminal violation of any state or federal antitrust law;

d. violation of the Racketeer Influence and Corrupt Organization Act, 18 U.S.C. § 1961 et seq., or the Mail Fraud Act, 18 U.S.C. § 1341 et seq., for acts in connection with the submission of bids or proposals for a public or private contract;

e. conspiracy to commit any act or omission that would constitute grounds for conviction or liability under any statute described in subparagraph (d) above; or

f. an offense indicating a lack of business integrity that seriously and directly affects responsibility as a District vendor.

5. If the Contractor or any of its officers, directors, partners, five percent (5%) or greater shareholders, principals, or other employee or person substantially involved in its activities are subject to a judgment of civil liability under any state or federal antitrust law for acts or omissions in connection with the submission of bids or proposals for a public or private contract; or

6. If the Contractor or any of its officers, directors, partners, five percent (5%) or greater shareholders, principals, or other employee or person substantially involved in its activities makes or causes to be made any false, deceptive, or fraudulent material statement, or fail to make a required material statement in any bid, proposal, or application for District or other government work.

v. *Basis of Settlement.* The District shall not incur or pay any further obligation pursuant to this Contract beyond the termination date set by the District in its Notice of Termination. The District shall pay for satisfactory services provided in accordance with this Contract prior to the termination date. In addition, any obligation necessarily incurred by the Contractor on account of this Contract prior to receipt of notice of termination and falling due after the termination date shall be paid by the District in accordance with the terms of this Contract. In no event shall such obligation be construed as including any lease or other occupancy agreement, oral or

written, entered into between the Contractor and its landlord.

b. **Termination for Convenience.** The District shall have the right to terminate the Contract for convenience, by providing written notice ("Notice of Termination") according to the following procedure. The Notice of Termination shall specify the applicable provision(s) under which the Contract is terminated and the effective date of termination, which shall be not less than 10 calendar days from the date the notice is personally delivered or 15 days from the date the Notice of Termination is sent by another method. The Notice of Termination shall be personally delivered, sent by certified mail return receipt requested, or sent by fax and deposited in a post office box regularly maintained by the United States Postal Service in a postage pre-paid envelope. The basis of settlement shall be as provided for in subparagraph (iv) of paragraph (a) of subdivision (2) of this section (B), above.

c. **Termination due to Force Majeure**

i. For purposes of this Contract, a force majeure event is an act or event beyond the control and without any fault or negligence of the Contractor ("Force Majeure Event"). Force Majeure Events may include, but are not limited to, fire, flood, earthquake, storm or other natural disaster, civil commotion, war, terrorism, riot, and labor disputes not brought about by any act or omission of the Contractor.

ii. In the event the Contractor cannot comply with the terms of the Contract (including any failure by the Contractor to make progress in the performance of the services) because of a Force Majeure Event, then the Contractor may ask the Superintendent to excuse the nonperformance and/or terminate the Contract. If the Superintendent, in his or her reasonable discretion, determines that the Contractor cannot comply with the terms of the Contract because of a Force Majeure Event, then the Superintendent shall excuse the nonperformance and may terminate the Contract. Such a termination shall be deemed to be without cause.

iii. If the District terminates the Contract due to a Force Majeure Event, the basis of settlement shall be as provided for in subparagraph (iv) of paragraph (a) of subdivision (2) of this section (B), above.

d. **Termination due to Reductions in Federal Funding**

- i. This Contract is funded in whole or in part by funds secured from the Federal government. Should the Federal government reduce or discontinue such funds, the District shall have, in its sole discretion, the right to terminate this Contract in whole or in part, or to reduce the funding and/or level of services of this Contract caused by such action by the Federal government, including, in the case of the reduction option, but not limited to, the reduction or elimination of programs, services or service components; the reduction or elimination of contract-reimbursable staff or staff-hours, and corresponding reductions in the budget of this Contract and in the total amount payable under this Contract. Any reduction in funds pursuant to this paragraph shall be accompanied by an appropriate reduction in the services performed under this Contract.
 - ii. In the case of the reduction option referred to in subparagraph (i), above, any such reduction shall be effective as of the date set forth in a written notice thereof to the Contractor, which shall be not less than 30 calendar days from the date of such notice. Prior to sending such notice of reduction, the City shall advise the Contractor that such option is being exercised and afford the Contractor an opportunity to make within seven calendar days any suggestion(s) it may have as to which program(s), service(s), service component(s), staff or staff-hours might be reduced or eliminated, provided, however, that the District shall not be bound to utilize any of the Contractor's suggestions and that the District shall have sole discretion as to how to effectuate the reductions.
 - iii. If the District reduces funding pursuant to this paragraph (c), the basis of settlement shall be as provided for in subparagraph (iv) of paragraph (a) of subdivision (2) of this section (B), above.
- C. **Standard Provisions.** The Contractor shall comply with, include in its subcontracts, and cause its subcontractors to comply with the following provisions, as applicable:
- (1) *Reporting.* Contractor shall be required to produce and deliver such reports relating to the services performed under the Contract as may be required by the Awarding Entity, District or any other State or Federal governmental agency with jurisdiction.
 - (2) *Non-Discrimination.* Contractor shall not violate any Federal, State, or City law prohibiting discrimination concerning employment, the provision of services, and, if applicable, housing, funded by this Contract.

- (3) *Environmental Protection.* If the Contract is in excess of \$150,000, the Contractor shall comply with all applicable standards, orders, or regulations issued under the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. § 7401-7671q), Federal Water Pollution control Act (33 U.S.C. §§ 1251-1387) Section 508 of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. § 1368), Executive Order 11738, and Environmental Protection Agency regulations (provisions of 40 CFR Part 50 and 2 CFR Part 1532 related to the Clean Air Act and Clean Water Act). Violations must be reported to the Federal Agency and the Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The Contractor shall include this provision in all subcontracts.
- (4) *Energy Efficiency.* The Contractor shall comply with mandatory standards and policies relating to energy efficiency that are contained in the New York State energy conservation plan issued in compliance with the Energy Policy Conservation Act (Pub. L. 94-163).
- (5) *Debarment.* The Contractor certifies that neither it nor its principals is currently in a state of debarment, suspension, or other ineligible status as a result of prior performance, failure, fraud, or violation of City laws. The Contractor further certifies that neither it nor its principals is debarred, suspended, otherwise excluded from or ineligible for participation in Federal assistance programs. The City reserves the right to terminate this Contract if knowledge of debarment, suspension or other ineligibility has been withheld by the Contractor.
- (6) *Lobbying.* The Contractor certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that:
 - (a) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of it, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement;
 - (b) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, it will complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," (which is available on the HUD website or here: <https://www.hudexchange.info/resources/documents/HUD-Form-Sfill.pdf>) in accordance with its instructions; and
 - (c) It will require that the language of this Section (C)(6) be included in the award documents for all subcontracts at all tiers.
 - (d) This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. § 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to

a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

- (7) *Solid Waste Disposal Act.* Pursuant to 2 CFR § 200.322, Contractor must comply with section 6002 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (codified at 42 USC § 6962). The requirements of Section 6002 include procuring only items designated in guidelines of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) at 40 CFR Part 247 that contain the highest percentage of recovered materials practicable, consistent with maintaining a satisfactory level of competition, where the purchase price of the item exceeds \$ 10,000 or the value of the quantity acquired during the preceding fiscal year exceeded \$ 10,000; procuring solid waste management services in a manner that maximizes energy and resource recovery; and establishing an affirmative procurement program for procurement of recovered materials identified in the EPA guidelines.
- (8) *Documentation of Costs.* All costs shall be supported by properly executed payrolls, time records, invoices, or vouchers, or other official documentation evidencing in proper detail the nature and propriety of the charges. All checks, payrolls, invoices, contracts, vouchers, orders or other accounting documents, pertaining in whole or in part to the Agreement, shall be clearly identified and regularly accessible.
- (9) *Records Retention.* The Contractor shall retain all books, documents, papers, and records relating to the services performed under the Contract for five years after final payment under the Contract is made and all other pending matters are closed.
- (10) *Records Access.* The Contractor shall grant access to the District, State or any other pass-through entity, the Federal Agency, Inspectors General, and/or the Comptroller General of the United States, or any of their duly authorized representatives, to any books, documents, papers, and/or records of the Contractor that are pertinent to the Contract for the purpose of making audits, examinations, excerpts, and transcripts. The right also includes timely and reasonable access to the Contractor's personnel for the purpose of interview and discussion related to such documents. The rights of access in this section are not limited to the required retention period but last as long as the records are retained.
- (11) *Small Firms, M/WBE Firms, and Labor Surplus Area Firms.* Contractor shall take the following affirmative steps in the letting of subcontracts, if subcontracts are to be let, in order to ensure that minority firms, women's business enterprises, and labor surplus area firms are used when possible:
 - a. Placing qualified small and minority businesses and women's business enterprises on solicitation lists;
 - b. Assuring that small and minority businesses, and women's business enterprises are solicited whenever they are potential sources;

- c. Dividing total requirements, when economically feasible, into smaller tasks or quantities to permit maximum participation by small and minority businesses, and women's business enterprises;
- d. Establishing delivery schedules, where the requirement permits, which encourage participation by small and minority businesses, and women's business enterprises; and
- e. Using the services and assistance of the Small Business Administration, and the Minority Business Development Agency of the Department of Commerce.

(12) *Intangible Property.*

- a. Pursuant to 2 CFR § 200.315(d), the Government reserves a royalty-free, non-exclusive, and irrevocable right to obtain, reproduce, publish, or otherwise use, and to authorize others to use, for Government purposes: (a) the copyright in any work developed under the Contract or subcontract; and (b) any rights of copyright to which a Contractor purchases ownership with grant support.
- b. Any reports, documents, data, photographs, deliverables, and/or other materials produced pursuant to the Contract ("Copyrightable Materials"), and any and all drafts and/or other preliminary materials in any format related to such items produced pursuant to the contract, shall upon their creation become the exclusive property of the District. The Copyrightable Materials shall be considered "work-made-for-hire" within the meaning and purview of Section 101 of the United States Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 101, and the District shall be the copyright owner thereof and of all aspects, elements and components thereof in which copyright protection might exist. To the extent that the Copyrightable Materials do not qualify as "work-made-for-hire," the Contractor hereby irrevocably transfers, assigns and conveys exclusive copyright ownership in and to the Copyrightable Materials to the District, free and clear of any liens, claims, or other encumbrances. The Contractor shall retain no copyright or intellectual property interest in the Copyrightable Materials. The Copyrightable Materials shall be used by the Contractor for no purpose other than in the performance of this Contract without the prior written permission of the City. The District may grant the Contractor a license to use the Copyrightable Materials on such terms as determined by the District and set forth in the license.

- c. The Contractor acknowledges that the District may, in its sole discretion, register copyright in the Copyrightable Materials with the United States Copyright Office or any other government agency authorized to grant copyright registrations. The Contractor shall fully cooperate in this effort, and agrees to provide any and all documentation necessary to accomplish this.
- d. The Contractor represents and warrants that the Copyrightable Materials: (i) are wholly original material not published elsewhere (except for material that is in the public domain); (ii) do not violate any copyright law; (iii) do not constitute defamation or invasion of the right of privacy or publicity; and (iv) are not an infringement, of any kind, of the rights of any third party. To the extent that the Copyrightable Materials incorporate any non-original material, the Contractor has obtained all necessary permissions and clearances, in writing, for the use of such non-original material under this Contract, copies of which shall be provided to the District upon execution of this Contract.
- e. The Contractor shall promptly and fully report to the District any discovery or invention arising out of or developed in the course of performance of this Contract and the Contractor shall promptly and fully report to the Government to make a determination as to whether patent protection on such invention shall be sought and how the rights in the invention or discovery, including rights under any patent issued thereon, shall be disposed of and administered in order to protect the public interest.
- f. If the Contractor publishes a work dealing with any aspect of performance under this Agreement, or with the results of such performance, the City shall have a royalty-free, non-exclusive irrevocable license to reproduce, publish, or otherwise use such work for District or governmental purposes.

D. Special Provisions for Construction Contracts. If this Contract involves Construction work, design for Construction, or Construction services, all such work or services performed by the Contractor and its subcontractors shall be subject to the following requirements in addition to those set forth above in paragraphs (A), (B), and (C):

(1) *Federal Labor Standards.* The Contractor will comply with the following:

- a. The Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. §§ 3141-3148): If required by the federal program legislation, in Construction contracts involving an excess of \$2000, and subject to any other federal program limitations, all laborers and

mechanics must be paid at a rate not less than those determined by the Secretary of Labor to be prevailing for the City, which rates are to be provided by the City. These wage rates are a federally mandated minimum only, and will be superseded by any State or City requirement mandating higher wage rates. The Contractor also agrees to comply with Department of Labor Regulations pursuant to the Davis-Bacon Act found in 29 CFR Parts 1, 3, 5 and 7 which enforce statutory labor standards provisions.

- b. If required by the federal program legislation and subject to any other federal program limitations, Sections 103 and 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safe Standards Act (40 U.S.C. §§ 3701-3708), which provides that no laborer or mechanic shall be required or permitted to work more than eight hours in a calendar day or in excess of forty hours in any workweek, unless such laborer or mechanic is paid at an overtime rate of 1½ times his/her basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of these limits, under any Construction contract costing in excess of \$2000. In the event of a violation of this provision, the Contractor shall not only be liable to any affected employee for his/her unpaid wages, but shall be additionally liable to the United States for liquidated damages.
- c. The Copeland “Anti-Kickback” Act (18 U.S.C. § 874), as supplemented by the regulations contained in 29 CFR Part 3, requiring that all laborers and mechanics shall be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and prohibiting all but “permissible” salary deductions.
- d. If this Contract involves Construction work, design for Construction, or Construction services, a more complete detailed statement of Federal Labor Standards annexed hereto as FEDERAL EXHIBIT 2.

- (2) *Equal Employment Opportunity*. Executive Order 11246, as amended by Executive Order 11375, and as supplemented in Department of Labor regulations (41 CFR chapter 60) for Construction contracts or subcontracts in excess of \$10,000. The Contractor shall include the notice found at FEDERAL EXHIBIT I in all Construction subcontracts. For the purposes of the Equal Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications and Clause below, the term “Construction Work” means the construction, rehabilitation, alteration, conversion, extension, demolition or repair of buildings, highways, or other changes or improvements to real property, including facilities providing utility services. The term also includes the supervision, inspection, and other onsite functions incidental to the actual construction .

Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications for Contracts and Subcontracts in Excess of \$10,000.

- 1. As used in these specifications:

- a. "Covered area" means the geographical area described in the solicitation from which this Contract resulted;
- b. "Director" means Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, United States Department of Labor, or any person to whom the Director delegates authority;
- c. "Employer identification number" means the Federal Social Security number used on the Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return, U.S. Treasury Department Form 941.
- d. "Minority" includes:
 - (i) Black (all persons having origins in any of the Black African racial groups not of Hispanic origin);
 - (ii) Hispanic (all persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American or other Spanish Culture or origin, regardless of race);
 - (iii) Asian and Pacific Islander (all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or the Pacific Islands); and
 - (iv) American Indian or Alaskan Native (all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and maintaining identifiable tribal affiliations through membership and participation or community identification).

2. Whenever the Contractor, or any subcontractor at any tier, subcontracts a portion of the work involving any Construction trade, it shall physically include in each subcontract in excess of \$10,000 the provisions of these specifications and the Notice which contains the applicable goals for minority and female participation and which is set forth in the solicitations from which this Contract resulted.

3. If the Contractor is participating (pursuant to 41 CFR 60-4.5) in a Hometown Plan approved by the U.S. Department of Labor in the covered area either individually or through an association, its affirmative action obligations on all work in the Plan area (including goals and timetables) shall be in accordance with that Plan for those trades which have unions participating in the Plan. Contractors must be able to demonstrate their participation in and compliance with the provisions of any such Hometown Plan. Each Contractor or subcontractor participating in an approved Plan is individually required to comply with its obligations under the EEO clause, and to make a good faith effort to achieve each goal under the Plan in each trade in which it has employees. The overall good faith performance by other Contractors or subcontractors toward a goal in an approved Plan does not excuse any covered Contractor's or subcontractor's failure to take good faith efforts to achieve the Plan goals and timetables.

4. The Contractor shall implement the specific affirmative action standards provided in paragraphs 7 a through p of these specifications. The goals set forth in the solicitation from which this Contract resulted are expressed as percentages of the total hours of employment and training of minority and female utilization the Contractor should reasonably be able to achieve in each Construction trade in which it has employees in the covered area. Covered Construction

Contractors performing Construction Work in geographical areas where they do not have a Federal or federally assisted Construction contract shall apply the minority and female goals established for the geographical areas where the work is being performed. Goals are published periodically in the Federal Register in notice form, and such notices may be obtained from any Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs office or from Federal procurement contracting officers. The Contractor is expected to make substantially uniform progress in meeting its goals in each craft during the period specified.

5. Neither the provisions of any collective bargaining agreement, nor the failure by a union with whom the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement, to refer either minorities or women shall excuse the Contractor's obligations under these specifications, Executive Order 11246, or the regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.

6. In order for the nonworking training hours of apprentices and trainees to be counted in meeting the goals, such apprentices and trainees must be employed by the Contractor during the training period, and the Contractor must have made a commitment to employ the apprentices and trainees at the completion of their training, subject to the availability of employment opportunities. Trainees must be trained pursuant to training programs approved by the U.S. Department of Labor.

7. The Contractor shall take specific affirmative actions to ensure equal employment opportunity. The evaluation of the Contractor's compliance with these specifications shall be based upon its effort to achieve maximum results from its actions. The Contractor shall document these efforts fully, and shall implement affirmative action steps at least as extensive as the following:

a. Ensure and maintain a working environment free of harassment, intimidation, and coercion at all sites, and in all facilities at which the Contractor's employees are assigned to work. The Contractor, where possible, will assign two or more women to each Construction project. The Contractor shall specifically ensure that all foremen, superintendents, and other on-site supervisory personnel are aware of and carry out the Contractor's obligation to maintain such a working environment, with specific attention to minority or female individuals working at such sites or in such facilities.

b. Establish and maintain a current list of minority and female recruitment sources, provide written notification to minority and female recruitment sources and to community organizations when the Contractor or its unions have employment opportunities available, and maintain a record of the organization's responses.

c. Maintain a current file of the names, addresses and telephone numbers of each minority and female off-the-street applicant and minority or female referral from a union, a recruitment source or community organization and of what action was taken with respect to each such individual. If such individual was sent to the union hiring hall for referral and was not referred back to the Contractor by the union or, if referred, not employed by the Contractor, this shall be documented in the file with the reason therefor, along with whatever additional actions the Contractor may have taken.

d. Provide immediate written notification to the Director when the union or unions with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement

has not referred to the Contractor a minority person or woman sent by the Contractor, or when the Contractor has other information that the union referral process has impeded the Contractor's efforts to meet its obligations.

e. Develop on-the-job training opportunities and/or participate in training programs for the area which expressly include minorities and women, including upgrading programs and apprenticeship and trainee programs relevant to the Contractor's employment needs, especially those programs funded or approved by the Department of Labor. The Contractor shall provide notice of these programs to the sources compiled under 7b above.

f. Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy by providing notice of the policy to unions and training programs and requesting their cooperation in assisting the Contractor in meeting its EEO obligations; by including it in any policy manual and collective bargaining agreement; by publicizing it in the company newspaper, annual report, etc.; by specific review of the policy with all management personnel and with all minority and female employees at least once a year; and by posting the company EEO policy on bulletin boards accessible to all employees at each location where Construction Work is performed.

g. Review, at least annually, the company's EEO policy and affirmative action obligations under these specifications with all employees having any responsibility for hiring, assignment, layoff, termination or other employment decisions including specific review of these items with on-site supervisory personnel such as Superintendents, General Foremen, etc., prior to the initiation of Construction Work at any job site. A written record shall be made and maintained identifying the time and place of these meetings, persons attending, subject matter discussed, and disposition of the subject matter.

h. Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy externally by including it in any advertising in the news media, specifically including minority and female news media, and providing written notification to and discussing the Contractor's EEO policy with other Contractors and subcontractors with whom the Contractor does or anticipates doing business.

i. Direct its recruitment efforts, both oral and written, to minority, female and community organizations, to schools with minority and female students and to minority and female recruitment and training organizations serving the Contractor's recruitment area and employment needs. Not later than one month prior to the date for the acceptance of applications for apprenticeship or other training by any recruitment source, the Contractor shall send written notification to organizations such as the above, describing the openings, screening procedures, and tests to be used in the selection process.

j. Encourage present minority and female employees to recruit other minority persons and women and, where reasonable, provide after school, summer and vacation employment to minority and female youth both on the site and in other areas of a Contractor's work force.

k. Validate all tests and other selection requirements where there is an obligation to do so under 41 CFR Part 60-3.

l. Conduct, at least annually, an inventory and evaluation at least of all minority and female personnel for promotional opportunities and encourage these employees to seek or to prepare for, through appropriate training, etc., such opportunities.

m. Ensure that seniority practices, job classifications, work assignments and other personnel practices, do not have a discriminatory effect by continually monitoring all personnel and employment related activities to ensure that the EEO policy and the Contractor's obligations under these specifications are being carried out.

n. Ensure that all facilities and company activities are non-segregated except that separate or single-user toilet and necessary changing facilities shall be provided to assure privacy between the sexes.

o. Document and maintain a record of all solicitations of offers for subcontracts from minority and female Construction contractors and suppliers, including circulation of solicitations to minority and female Contractor associations and other business associations.

p. Conduct a review, at least annually, of all supervisor's adherence to and performance under the Contractor's EEO policies and affirmative action obligations.

8. Contractors are encouraged to participate in voluntary associations which assist in fulfilling one or more of their affirmative action obligations (7a through p). The efforts of a Contractor association, joint Contractor-union, Contractor-community, or other similar group of which the Contractor is a member and participant, may be asserted as fulfilling any one or more of its obligations under 7a through p of these specifications provided that the Contractor actively participates in the group, makes every effort to assure that the group has a positive impact on the employment of minorities and women in the industry, ensures that the concrete benefits of the Program are reflected in the Contractor's minority and female work force participation, makes a good faith effort to meet its individual goals and timetables, and can provide access to documentation which demonstrates the effectiveness of actions taken on behalf of the Contractor. The obligation to comply, however, is the Contractor's and failure of such a group to fulfill an obligation shall not be a defense for the Contractor's noncompliance.

9. A single goal for minorities and a separate single goal for women have been established. The Contractor, however, is required to provide equal employment opportunity and to take affirmative action for all minority groups, both male and female, and all women, both minority and non-minority. Consequently, the Contractor may be in violation of the Executive Order if a particular group is employed in a substantially disparate manner (for example, even though the Contractor has achieved its goals for women generally, the Contractor may be in violation of the Executive Order if a specific minority group of women is underutilized).

10. The Contractor shall not use the goals and timetables or affirmative action standards to discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.

11. The Contractor shall not enter into any Subcontract with any person or firm debarred from Government contracts pursuant to Executive Order 11246 or suspended or is otherwise excluded from or ineligible for participation in federal assistance programs.

12. The Contractor shall carry out such sanctions and penalties for violation of these specifications and of the Equal Opportunity Clause, including

suspension, termination and cancellation of existing subcontracts as may be imposed or ordered pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and its implementing regulations, by the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs. Any Contractor who fails to carry out such sanctions and penalties shall be in violation of these specifications and Executive Order 11246, as amended.

13. The Contractor, in fulfilling its obligations under these specifications, shall implement specific affirmative action steps, at least as extensive as those standards prescribed in paragraph 7 of these specifications, so as to achieve maximum results from its efforts to ensure equal employment opportunity. If the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of the Executive Order, the implementing regulations, or these specifications, the Director shall proceed in accordance with 41 CFR 60-4.8.

14. The Contractor shall designate a responsible official to monitor all employment related activity to ensure that the company EEO policy is being carried out, to submit reports relating to the provisions hereof as may be required by the Government and to keep records. Records shall at least include for each employee the name, address, telephone numbers, Construction trade, union affiliation if any, employee identification number when assigned, social security number, race, sex, status (e.g., mechanic, apprentice trainee, helper, or laborer), dates of changes in status, hours worked per week in the indicated trade, rate of pay, and locations at which the work was performed. Records shall be maintained in an easily understandable and retrievable form; however, to the degree that existing records satisfy this requirement, Contractors shall not be required to maintain separate records.

15. Nothing herein provided shall be construed as a limitation upon the application of other laws which establish different standards of compliance or upon the application of requirements for hiring of local or other areas residents (e.g., those under the Public Works Employment Act of 1977 and the Community Development Block Grant Program).

- (3) **Equal Opportunity Clause** (for contracts for Construction Work) required by 41 CFR § 60-1.4(b).

During the performance of this contract, the Contractor agrees as follows:

(1) The Contractor will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin. The Contractor will take affirmative action to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin. Such action shall include, but not be limited to the following:

Employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The Contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places, available to employees and applicants for employment, notices to be provided setting forth the provisions of this nondiscrimination clause.

(2) The Contractor will, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the Contractor, state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin.

(3) The Contractor will not discharge or in any other manner discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because such employee or applicant has inquired about, discussed, or disclosed the compensation of the employee or applicant or another employee or applicant. This provision shall not apply to instances in which an employee who has access to the compensation information of other employees or applicants as a part of such employee's essential job functions discloses the compensation of such other employees or applicants to individuals who do not otherwise have access to such information, unless such disclosure is in response to a formal complaint or charge, in furtherance of an investigation, proceeding, hearing, or action, including an investigation conducted by the employer, or is consistent with the Contractor's legal duty to furnish information.

(4) The Contractor will send to each labor union or representative of workers with which he has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding, a notice to be provided advising the said labor union or workers' representatives of the Contractor's commitments under this section, and shall post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment.

(5) The Contractor will comply with all provisions of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and of the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the Secretary of Labor.

(6) The Contractor will furnish all information and reports required by Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and by rules, regulations, and orders of the Secretary of Labor, or pursuant thereto, and will permit access to his books, records, and accounts by the administering agency and the Secretary of Labor for purposes of investigation to ascertain compliance with such rules, regulations, and orders.

(7) In the event of the Contractor's noncompliance with the nondiscrimination clauses of this contract or with any of the said rules, regulations, or orders, this contract may be canceled, terminated, or suspended in whole or in part and the Contractor may be declared ineligible for further Government contracts or federally assisted construction contracts in accordance with procedures authorized in Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, and such other sanctions may be imposed and remedies invoked as provided in Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, or by rule, regulation, or order of the Secretary of Labor, or as otherwise provided by law.

(8) The Contractor will include the portion of the sentence immediately preceding paragraph (1) and the provisions of paragraphs (1) through (8) in every subcontract or purchase order unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor issued pursuant to section 204 of Executive Order 11246 of September 24, 1965, so that such provisions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor. The Contractor will take such action with respect to any subcontract or purchase order as the administering agency may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions, including sanctions for noncompliance:

Provided, however, that in the event a Contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction by the administering agency, the Contractor may request the United States to enter into such litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

E. Rights to Inventions. [Special Provisions For Contracts Involving Experimental, Developmental, or Research Work.]

(1) If this Contract involves the performance of experimental, developmental, or research work by the Contractor or its subcontractors, and the entity performing such work is a Nonprofit Organization or Small Business Firm as defined below, the following provisions apply in addition to those set forth above in paragraphs (A), (B), and (C), unless the Contract specifically states that this provision is superseded:

a. *Definitions.* The following definitions apply to this section (D).

- i. "Invention" means any invention or discovery which is or may be patentable or otherwise protectable under Title 35 of the United States Code, or any novel variety of plant which is or may be protected under the Plant Variety Protection Act (7 U.S.C. § 2321 *et seq.*).
- ii. "Subject invention" means any invention of the Contractor conceived or first actually reduced to practice in the performance of work under this Contract, provided that in the case of a variety of plant, the date of determination (as defined in section 41(d) of the Plant Variety Protection Act, 7 U.S.C. 2401(d)) must also occur during the period of Contract performance.
- iii. "Practical Application" means to manufacture in the case of a composition or product, to practice in the case of a process or method, or to operate in the case of a machine or system; and, in each case, under such conditions as to establish that the invention is being utilized and that its benefits are, to the extent permitted by law or government regulations, available to the public on reasonable terms.
- iv. "Made" when used in relation to any invention means the conception or first actual reduction to practice of such invention.
- v. "Small Business Firm" means a small business concern as defined at section 2 of Pub. L. 85-536 (15 U.S.C. 632) and implementing regulations of

the Administrator of the Small Business Administration. For the purpose of this clause, the size standards for small business concerns involved in government procurement and subcontracting at 13 CFR 121.3-8 and 13 CFR 121.3-12, respectively, will be used.

- vi. "Nonprofit Organization" means a university or other institution of higher education or an organization of the type described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (26 U.S.C. 501(c) and exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code (25 U.S.C. 501(a)) or any nonprofit scientific or educational organization qualified under a state nonprofit organization statute.
- b. *Allocation of Principal Rights.* The Contractor may retain the entire right, title, and interest throughout the world to each subject invention subject to the provisions of this clause and 35 U.S.C. 203. With respect to any subject invention in which the Contractor retains title, the Federal government shall have a nonexclusive, nontransferable, irrevocable, paid-up license to practice or have practiced for or on behalf of the United States the subject invention throughout the world.
- c. *Invention Disclosure, Election of Title and Filing of Patent Application by Contractor.*
 - i. The Contractor will disclose each subject invention to the City and the Federal Agency within two months after the inventor discloses it in writing to Contractor personnel responsible for patent matters. Such disclosure shall be in the form of a written report and shall identify the contract under which the invention was made and the inventor(s). It shall be sufficiently complete in technical detail to convey a clear understanding to the extent known at the time of the disclosure, of the nature, purpose, operation, and the physical, chemical, biological or electrical characteristics of the invention. The disclosure shall also identify any publication, on sale or public use of the invention and whether a manuscript describing the invention has been submitted for publication and, if so, whether it has been accepted for publication at the time of disclosure. In addition, after such disclosure, the Contractor will promptly notify the District and the Federal Agency of the acceptance of any manuscript describing the invention for publication

or of any on sale or public use planned by the Contractor.

- ii. The Contractor will elect in writing whether or not to retain title to any such invention by notifying the District and the Federal Agency within two years of disclosure to the District and the Federal Agency. However, in any case where publication, on sale or public use has initiated the one year statutory period wherein valid patent protection can still be obtained in the United States, the period for election of title may be shortened by the Federal Agency to a date that is no more than 60 days prior to the end of the statutory period.
- iii. The Contractor will file its initial patent application on a subject invention to which it elects to retain title within one year after election of title or, if earlier, prior to the end of any statutory period wherein valid patent protection can be obtained in the United States after a publication, on sale, or public use. The Contractor will file patent applications in additional countries or international patent offices within either ten months of the corresponding initial patent application or six months from the date permission is granted by the Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks to file foreign patent applications where such filing has been prohibited by a Secrecy Order.
- iv. Requests for extension of the time for disclosure, election, and filing under subparagraphs (1), (2), and (3) may be granted at the discretion of the Federal Agency.

d. Conditions When the Government May Obtain Title

The Contractor will convey to the Federal Agency, upon written request, title to any subject invention --

- i. If the Contractor fails to disclose or elect title to the subject invention within the times specified in (c), above, or elects not to retain title; provided that the Federal Agency may only request title within 60 calendar days after learning of the failure of the Contractor to disclose or elect within the specified times.
- ii. In those countries in which the Contractor fails to file patent applications within the times specified in (c) above; provided, however, that if the Contractor

has filed a patent application in a country after the times specified in (c) above, but prior to its receipt of the written request of the Federal Agency, the Contractor shall continue to retain title in that country.

- iii. In any country in which the Contractor decides not to continue the prosecution of any application for, to pay the maintenance fees on, or defend in reexamination or opposition proceeding on, a patent on a subject invention.
- e. Minimum Rights to Contractor and Protection of the Contractor Right to File
- i. The Contractor will retain a nonexclusive royalty-free license throughout the world in each subject invention to which the Government obtains title, except if the Contractor fails to disclose the invention within the times specified in (c), above. The Contractor's license extends to its domestic subsidiary and affiliates, if any, within the corporate structure of which the Contractor is a party and includes the right to grant sublicenses of the same scope to the extent the Contractor was legally obligated to do so at the time the Contract was awarded. The license is transferable only with the approval of the Federal Agency except when transferred to the successor of that party of the Contractor's business to which the invention pertains.
 - ii. The Contractor's domestic license may be revoked or modified by the funding Federal Agency to the extent necessary to achieve expeditious practical application of the subject invention pursuant to an application for an exclusive license submitted in accordance with applicable provisions at 37 CFR Part 404 and agency licensing regulations (if any). This license will not be revoked in that field of use or the geographical areas in which the Contractor has achieved practical application and continues to make the benefits of the invention reasonably accessible to the public. The license in any foreign country may be revoked or modified at the discretion of the funding Federal Agency to the extent the Contractor, its licensees, or the domestic subsidiaries or affiliates have failed to achieve practical application in that foreign country.

- iii. Before revocation or modification of the license, the funding Federal Agency will furnish the Contractor a written notice of its intention to revoke or modify the license, and the Contractor will be allowed thirty calendar days (or such other time as may be authorized by the funding Federal Agency for good cause shown by the Contractor) after the notice to show cause why the license should not be revoked or modified. The Contractor has the right to appeal, in accordance with applicable regulations in 37 CFR Part 404 and Federal Agency regulations (if any) concerning the licensing of Government-owned inventions, any decision concerning the revocation or modification of the license.
- f. Contractor Action to Protect the Government's Interest
- i. The Contractor agrees to execute or to have executed and promptly deliver to the Federal Agency all instruments necessary to (i) establish or confirm the rights the Government has throughout the world in those subject inventions to which the Contractor elects to retain title, and (ii) convey title to the Federal Agency when requested under paragraph (d) above and to enable the Government to obtain patent protection throughout the world in that subject invention.
 - ii. The Contractor agrees to require, by written agreement, its employees, other than clerical and nontechnical employees, to disclose promptly in writing to personnel identified as responsible for the administration of patent matters and in a format suggested by the Contractor each subject invention made under contract in order that the Contractor can comply with the disclosure provisions of paragraph (c), above, and to execute all papers necessary to file patent applications on subject inventions and to establish the Government's rights in the subject inventions. This disclosure format should require, as a minimum, the information required by (c)(1), above. The Contractor shall instruct such employees through employee agreements or other suitable educational programs on the importance of reporting inventions in sufficient time to permit the filing of patent applications prior to U.S. or foreign statutory bars.
 - iii. The Contractor will notify the Federal Agency of any decisions not to continue the prosecution of a patent application, pay maintenance fees, or

defend in a reexamination or opposition proceeding on a patent, in any country, not less than thirty calendar days before the expiration of the response period required by the relevant patent office.

- iv. The Contractor agrees to include, within the specification of any United States patent applications and any patent issuing thereon covering a subject invention, the following statement, "This invention was made with government support under (identify the contract) awarded by (identify the Federal Agency). The government has certain rights in the invention."

g. Subcontracts

- i. The Contractor will include this clause, suitably modified to identify the parties, in all subcontracts, regardless of tier, for experimental, developmental or research work to be performed by a small business firm or domestic nonprofit organization. The subcontractor will retain all rights provided for the Contractor in this clause, and the Contractor will not, as part of the consideration for awarding the subcontract, obtain rights in the subcontractor's subject inventions.
 - ii. The Contractor will include in all other subcontracts, regardless of tier, for experimental developmental or research work the patent rights clause required by 2 CFR § 200.315(c) and Appendix II to 2 CFR Part 200.
- h. *Reporting on Utilization of Subject Inventions.* The Contractor agrees to submit on request periodic reports no more frequently than annually on the utilization of a subject invention or on efforts at obtaining such utilization that are being made by the Contractor or its licensees or assignees. Such reports shall include information regarding the status of development, date of first commercial sale or use, gross royalties received by the Contractor, and such other data and information as the Federal Agency may reasonably specify. The Contractor also agrees to provide additional reports as may be requested by the Federal Agency in connection with any march-in proceeding undertaken by the Federal Agency in accordance with paragraph (j) of this clause. As required by 35 U.S.C. § 202(c)(5), the Federal Agency agrees it will not disclose such information to persons outside the Government without permission of the Contractor.

- i. *Preference for United States Industry.* Notwithstanding any other provision of this clause, the Contractor agrees that neither it nor any assignee will grant to any person the exclusive right to use or sell any subject inventions in the United States unless such person agrees that any products embodying the subject invention or produced through the use of the subject invention will be manufactured substantially in the United States. However, in individual cases, the requirement for such an agreement may be waived by the Federal Agency upon a showing by the Contractor or its assignee that reasonable but unsuccessful efforts have been made to grant licenses on similar terms to potential licensees that would be likely to manufacture substantially in the United States or that under the circumstances domestic manufacture is not commercially feasible.
- j. *March-in Rights.* The Contractor agrees that with respect to any subject invention in which it has acquired title, the Federal Agency has the right in accordance with the procedures in 37 CFR § 401.6 and any supplemental regulations of the Federal Agency to require the Contractor, an assignee or exclusive licensee of a subject invention to grant a nonexclusive, partially exclusive, or exclusive license in any field of use to a responsible applicant or applicants, upon terms that are reasonable under the circumstances, and if the Contractor, assignee, or exclusive licensee refuses such a request the Federal Agency has the right to grant such a license itself if the Federal Agency determines that:

 - i. Such action is necessary because the Contractor or assignee has not taken, or is not expected to take within a reasonable time, effective steps to achieve practical application of the subject invention in such field of use.
 - ii. Such action is necessary to alleviate health or safety needs which are not reasonably satisfied by the Contractor, assignee or their licensees;
 - iii. Such action is necessary to meet requirements for public use specified by Federal regulations and such requirements are not reasonably satisfied by the Contractor, assignee or licensees; or
 - iv. Such action is necessary because the agreement required by paragraph (i) of this clause has not been obtained or waived or because a licensee of the exclusive right to use or sell any subject

invention in the United States is in breach of such agreement.

- k. *Special Provisions for Contracts with Nonprofit Organizations.* If the Contractor is a nonprofit organization, it agrees that:
- i. Rights to a subject invention in the United States may not be assigned without the approval of the Federal Agency, except where such assignment is made to an organization which has as one of its primary functions the management of inventions, provided that such assignee will be subject to the same provisions as the Contractor;
 - ii. The Contractor will share royalties collected on a subject invention with the inventor, including Federal employee co-inventors (when the Federal Agency deems it appropriate) when the subject invention is assigned in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 202(e) and 37 CFR § 401.10;
 - iii. The balance of any royalties or income earned by the Contractor with respect to subject inventions, after payment of expenses (including payments to inventors) incidental to the administration of subject inventions, will be utilized for the support of scientific research or education; and
 - iv. It will make efforts that are reasonable under the circumstances to attract licensees of subject invention that are Small Business Firms and that it will give a preference to a Small Business Firm when licensing a subject invention if the Contractor determines that the Small Business Firm has a plan or proposal for marketing the invention which, if executed, is equally as likely to bring the invention to practical application as any plans or proposals from applicants that are not Small Business Firms; provided, that the Contractor is also satisfied that the Small Business Firm has the capability and resources to carry out its plan or proposal. The decision whether to give a preference in any specific case will be at the discretion of the Contractor. However, the Contractor agrees that the Secretary may review the Contractor's licensing program and decisions regarding Small Business Firm applicants, and the Contractor will negotiate changes to its licensing policies, procedures, or practices with the Secretary when the Secretary's review discloses that the Contractor could take

reasonable steps to implement more effectively the requirements of this paragraph (k)(iv).

- I. *Communication.* The central point of contact at the Federal Agency for communications on matters relating to this clause may be obtained from the District upon request.

FEDERAL EXHIBIT 1

NOTICE TO BIDDERS

NOTICE OF REQUIREMENT FOR AFFIRMATIVE ACTION TO ENSURE EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY (EXECUTIVE ORDER 11246, as amended) FOR ALL CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AND SUB-CONTRACTS IN EXCESS OF \$10,000.

1. The Offeror’s or Bidder’s attention is called to the “Equal Opportunity Clause” and the “Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications” set forth herein.

2. The goals and timetables for minority and female participation, expressed in percentage terms for the Contractor’s aggregate workforce in each trade on all Construction Work in the covered area, are as follows:

Goals and Timetables for Minorities

<u>Trade</u>	<u>Goal (percent)</u>
Electricians	9.0 to 10.2
Carpenters	27.6 to 32.0
Steamfitters	12.2 to 13.5
Metal Lathers	24.6 to 25.6
Painters	28.6 to 26.0
Operating Engineers	25.6 to 26.0
Plumbers	12.0 to 14.5
Iron Workers (structural)	25.9 to 32.0
Elevator Constructors	5.5 to 6.5
Bricklayers	13.4 to 15.5
Asbestos Workers	22.8 to 28.0
Roofers	6.3 to 7.5
Iron Workers (ornamental)	22.4 to 23.0
Cement Masons	23.0 to 27.0
Glazers	16.0 to 20.0
Plasterers	15.8 to 18.0
Teamsters	22.0 to 22.5
Boilermakers	13.0 to 15.5
All Other	16.4 to 17.5

Goals and Timetables for Women

From April 1, 1980 until the present 6.9

These goals are applicable to all the Contractor’s Construction Work (whether or not it is Federal or federally assisted) performed in the covered area. If the Contractor performs Construction Work in a geographical area located outside of the covered area, it shall apply the goals established for

such geographical area where the work is actually performed. With regard to this second area, the Contractor also is subject to the goals for both its federally involved and nonfederally involved Construction.

The Contractor's compliance with the Executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4 shall be based on its implementation of the Equal Opportunity Clause, specific affirmative action obligations required by the specifications set forth in 41 CFR 60-4.3(a), and its efforts to meet the goals. The hours of minority and female employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, and in each trade, and the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from Contractor to Contractor or from project to project for the sole purpose of meeting the Contractor's goals shall be a violation of the contract, the Executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4. Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hours performed.

3. The Contractor shall provide written notification to the Director of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs within 10 working days of award of any Construction subcontract in excess of \$10,000 at any tier for Construction Work under the contract resulting from this solicitation. The notification shall list the name, address and telephone number of the subcontractor; employer identification number of the subcontractor; estimated dollar amount of the subcontract; estimated starting and completion dates of the subcontract; and the geographical area in which the contract is to be performed.

4. As used in this Contract, the "covered area" is the local Municipality.

FEDERAL EXHIBIT 2

**EXHIBIT
Federal Labor Standards Provisions (Non-Davis Bacon)¹
Federal Emergency Management Agency
(10/27/2015)**

Applicability: The Project or Program to which the construction work covered by this contract pertains is being assisted by the United States of America and the following Federal Labor Standards Provisions are included in this Contract pursuant to the provisions applicable to such Federal assistance.

A. Compliance with the Copeland “Anti-Kickback” Act.

1. **Contractor.** The contractor shall comply with 18 U.S.C. § 874, 40 U.S.C. § 3145, and the requirements of 29 C.F.R. pt. 3 as may be applicable, which are incorporated by reference into this contract.
2. **Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clause in paragraph 1 above and such other clauses as the FEMA may by appropriate instructions require, and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all of these contract clauses.
3. **Breach.** A breach of the contract clauses above may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and subcontractor as provided in 29 C.F.R. § 5.12.

B. Compliance with the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. The provisions of this Section B are applicable where the amount of the prime contract exceeds \$100,000.

1. **Overtime requirements.** No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek.

¹ This version of Exhibit 2 applies to contracts funded by FEMA Grant and Cooperative Agreement Programs, including the Public Assistance Program. Do not use this version of Exhibit 2 in connection with FEMA programs that are subject to the Davis-Bacon Act; such programs are the Emergency Management Preparedness Grant Program, the Homeland Security Grant Program, Nonprofit Security Grant Program, Tribal Homeland Security Grant Program, Port Security Grant Program, and Transit Security Grant Program.

2. **Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages.** In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1) of this Section B the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1) of this section, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph (1) of this section.
 3. **Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages.** The Municipality shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph (2) of this section.
 4. **Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraphs (1) through (4) of this Section B and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs (1) through (4) of this section B.
- C. **Health and Safety.** The provisions of this paragraph C are applicable where the amount of the prime contract exceeds \$100,000.
1. No laborer or mechanic shall be required to work in surroundings or under working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous, or dangerous to his health and safety as determined under construction safety and health standards promulgated by the Secretary of Labor by regulation.
 2. The Contractor shall comply with all regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor pursuant to Title 29 Part 1926 and failure to comply may result in imposition of sanctions pursuant to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, (Public Law 91-54, 83 Stat 96). 40 USC 3701 et seq.

3. The contractor shall include the provisions of this paragraph in every subcontract so that such provisions will be binding on each subcontractor. The contractor shall take such action with respect to any subcontractor as FEMA or the Secretary of Labor shall direct as a means of enforcing such provisions.

FEDERAL EXHIBIT 3

**FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY (“FEMA”) RIDER
(10/27/2015)**

**For use with contracts funded by the FEMA Grant and Cooperative Agreement
Programs,
including the Public Assistance Program**

(This Rider should not be used with contracts funded by the following FEMA Programs: Emergency Management Preparedness Grant Program, Homeland Security Grant Program, Nonprofit Security Grant Program, Tribal Homeland Security Grant Program, Port Security Grant Program, and Transit Security Grant Program. This Rider should be accompanied by the Uniform Federal Contract Provisions Rider for Federally Funded Procurement Contracts.)

1. Suspension and Debarment. Section C(5) of the Uniform Federal Contract Provisions Rider for Federally Funded Procurement Contracts is supplemented with the following provisions:
 - (a) This contract is a covered transaction for purposes of 2 C.F.R. Parts 180 and 3000. As such the Contractor is required to verify that none of the Contractor, its principals (defined at 2 C.F.R. § 180.995), or its affiliates (defined at 2 C.F.R. § 180.905) are excluded (defined at 2 C.F.R. § 180.940) or disqualified (defined at 2 C.F.R. § 180.935). By entering into this contract, the Contractor certifies that it is in compliance with 2 C.F.R. Parts 180 and 3000.
 - (b) The Contractor must comply with 2 C.F.R. Part 180, subpart C and 2 C.F.R. Part 3000, subpart C during the term of this contract and must include a requirement to comply with these regulations in any lower tier covered transaction it enters into.
 - (c) The certification in paragraph (a), above, and section C(5) of the Uniform Federal Contract Provisions Rider for Federally Funded Procurement Contracts is a material representation of fact relied upon by the Municipality. If it is later determined that the Contractor did not comply with 2 C.F.R. Part 180, subpart C and 2 C.F.R. Part 3000, subpart C, in addition to remedies available to the Municipality and, if applicable, the State of Florida, the Federal Government may pursue available remedies, including but not limited to suspension and/or debarment.

2. Davis-Bacon Act. For the purposes of Section D(1)(a) of the Uniform Federal Contract Provisions Rider, compliance with the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. §§ 3141-3148) is not required of the Contractor pursuant to FEMA regulations. However, if this Contract is funded by another federal funding source (e.g., the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development CDBG or CDBG-DR programs), compliance with the Davis-Bacon Act is required to the extent required by law and as set forth in the contract documents.
3. Rights to Inventions Made Under a Contract or Agreement. Section E of the Uniform Federal Contract Provisions Rider for Federally Funded Procurement Contracts does not apply to the following FEMA Programs: Public Assistance Program, Hazard Mitigation Grant Program, Fire Management Assistance Grant Program, Crisis Counseling Assistance and Training Grant Program, Disaster Case Management Program, and Federal Assistance to Individuals and Households – Other Needs Assistance Grant Program.
4. Copeland “Anti-Kickback” Act. The Contractor shall comply with provisions of the Copeland “Anti-Kickback” Act (18 U.S.C. § 874) as delineated in the Uniform Federal Contract Provisions Rider, FEMA Exhibit 2, Section (A).
5. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. The Contractor shall comply with the provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act as delineated in the Uniform Federal Contract Provisions Rider, FEMA Exhibit 2, Section (B).
6. Access to Records.
 - (a) The Contractor agrees to provide the Municipality, the FEMA Administrator, the Comptroller General of the United States, or any of their authorized representatives access to any books, documents, papers, and records of the Contractor which are directly pertinent to this contract for the purposes of making audits, examinations, excerpts, and transcriptions.
 - (b) The Contractor agrees to permit any of the foregoing parties to reproduce said documents by any means or to copy excerpts and transcriptions as reasonably needed.
 - (c) The Contractor agrees to provide the FEMA Administrator or his/her authorized representative access to construction or other work sites pertaining to the work being completed under the contract.
7. Logos. The Contractor shall not use DHS seal(s), logos, crests, or reproductions of flags or likenesses of DHS agency officials without specific FEMA preapproval.
8. Compliance with Law. The Contractor acknowledges that FEMA financial assistance will be used to fund the contract only and agrees to comply will all

applicable federal law, regulations, executive orders, FEMA policies, procedures, and directives.

9. Federal Government not a Party. The Contractor acknowledges and understands that the Federal Government is not a party to this contract and is not subject to any obligations or liabilities to the Municipality, Contractor or any other party pertaining to any matter resulting from the contract.
10. False Claims. The Contractor acknowledges that 31 U.S.C. Chap. 38 applies to the Contractor's actions pertaining to this contract.

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BAY DISTRICT SCHOOLS

SECTION 000300 - BID FORM

PROJECT: Bay District Schools –HVAC Renovations, Rutherford High School Building 1 and 2

DATE: _____

BIDDERS
NAME: _____

STREET AND
CITY: _____

TELEPHONE
NO: _____

TO: Bay County School Board
1311 Balboa Avenue
Panama City, Florida 32405

In submitting the GMP, I agree:

1. To hold the GMP in full force and effect for a period of thirty (30) calendar days after the date of submitting the GMP.
2. To abide by the provisions of the Instructions to Bidders regarding disposition of the Bid Security.
3. To enter into and execute a Contract within ten (10) calendar days after said Contract is delivered to me, if awarded said Contract on the basis of this Bid, and to furnish Performance Bonds and Labor and Material Payment Bonds in accordance with the General Conditions.
4. To accomplish the work in accordance with the Contract Documents and to commence such work on or before the date to be specified by the Architect in the written "Notice to Proceed" and to substantially complete the Project within six hundred seventy (670) **consecutive calendar days** including construction periods defined below and to final completion within thirty (30) **consecutive calendar days** thereafter.

Building 2
Mobilize
Start Work on Site
Substantial Completion
Final Completion

May 19, 2025
May 27, 2025
August 1, 2025
August 31, 2025

Building 1	
Mobilize	May 18, 2026
Start Work on Site	May 26, 2026
Substantial Completion	August 1, 2026
Final Completion	August 31, 2026

5. To pay as liquidated damages, the sum of **\$500** for each consecutive calendar day after the date for substantial completion, as specified in the Contract.
6. To pay the sum of **one-fourth (1/4)** of the rate previously indicated for each consecutive calendar day beginning 30 days after substantial completion, and until final completion, as specified in the Contract.
7. To allow to be withheld three (3) times the installed market value of any item on punch list, as determined by the Architect, that has not been completed at the time of final completion.
8. To start procurement on or about October 2, 2024; Notice to Proceed to be issued by Architect.

Also examined were the Contract provisions, and the conditions affecting the Work and Addenda including,

Addendum No.: _____; Dated: _____; Pages ____ of ____.

Addendum No.: _____; Dated: _____; Pages ____ of ____.

Addendum No.: _____; Dated: _____; Pages ____ of ____.

Addendum No.: _____; Dated: _____; Pages ____ of ____.

The bidder, in compliance with your Advertisement for Bid and the Contract Documents, for **Rutherford High School Bldg 1 and 2 HVAC Renovations** and having become thoroughly familiar with the terms and conditions affecting the performance and costs of the Work at the place where the Work is to be completed, and having fully inspected the site in all particulars, hereby proposes and agrees to fully perform the work within the time stated and in strict accordance with the Contract Documents, including furnishing any and all labor and materials, and to do all the work required to construct and complete said work in accordance with the Contract Documents, for the following sums of money; which include all labor, materials, labor, services, equipment tools, transportation, licenses, fees, permits, etc. necessary for completion of the work shown on the drawings and in the specifications.

(\$ _____)

The names of all persons interested in the foregoing bid as principals are:

IMPORTANT NOTICE: If bidder or other interested person is a corporation, give legal name of corporation, state where incorporated, and names of president and secretary, if a partnership, give name of firm and names of all individual co-partners composing the firm; if bidder or other interested person is an individual, give first and last names in full.

Licensed in accordance with an act for the registration of contractors, and with license number:

SIGN HERE:

Signature of Bidder

Witness

NOTE: If bidder is a corporation, set forth the legal name of the corporation together with the signature of the officer or officers authorized to sign contracts on behalf of the corporation. If bidder is a partnership, set forth the name of the firm together with the signature of the partner or partners authorized to sign contracts on behalf of the partnership.

Business Address: _____

Telephone number: _____

Date of proposal: _____

ATTACHMENTS: List of Subcontractors

Public Entity Crimes Form
Drug Free Workplace Form
Material Safety Data Form
AIA Document A305- Contractor's Qualification Statement

END OF SECTION 000300

SECTION 000420 - PUBLIC ENTITY CRIME, DRUG FREE WORK PLACE & MATERIAL SAFETY DATA FORMS

The following forms are included herein and shall be completed and submitted by all Bidders with their proposals in accordance with the Instructions to Bidders:

1. State of Florida Form, "Sworn Statement Under Section 287.133 (3)(a), Florida Statutes, On Public Entity Crimes"
2. State of Florida Form, "Sworn Statement Under Section 287.087 and 440.102, Florida Statutes, Drug Free Work Place Program"
3. State of Florida Form, "Sworn statement pursuant to Florida statutes, Material safety data form (MSDF)"
4. Bidder's Local Preference Request Form.

END OF SECTION 000420

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SECTION 000420 - PUBLIC ENTITY CRIME, DRUG FREE WORK PLACE & MATERIAL SAFETY DATA FORMS

The following forms are included herein and shall be completed and submitted by all Bidders with their proposals in accordance with the Instructions to Bidders:

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2. State of Florida Form, "Sworn Statement Under Section 287.087 and 440.102, Florida Statutes, Drug Free Work Place Program"
3. State of Florida Form, "Sworn statement pursuant to Florida statutes, Material safety data form (MSDF)"
4. Bidder's Local Preference Request Form.

END OF SECTION 000420

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1. I have executed and attached the following:
 - a. SWORN STATEMENT UNDER SECTION 287.133(3)(a), FLORIDA STATUTES, ON PUBLIC ENTITY CRIMES.
 - b. Sworn Statement on Drug-Free Workplace Program.
 - c. Sworn statement on Material Safety Data Form (MSDF).

COMPANY

DATE

BY (SIGNATURE)

TITLE
(SEAL – IF BID IS BY
CORPORATION)

STATE OF _____

COUNTY OF _____

PERSONALLY APPEARED BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority,

_____ who, after first being sworn by me,
[name of individual signing]

affixed his/her signature in the space provided above on this _____ day
of _____, 20_____.

NOTARY PUBLIC

My commission expires:
SEAL

SWORN STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 287.133(3)(a),
FLORIDA STATUTES, ON PUBLIC ENTITY CRIMES

THIS FORM MUST BE SIGNED AND SWORN TO IN THE PRESENCE OF A NOTARY PUBLIC OR OTHER OFFICIAL AUTHORIZED TO ADMINISTER OATHS.

1. This sworn statement is submitted to _____
[print name of the public entity]
by _____
[print individual's name and title]
for _____
[print name of entity submitting sworn statement]
whose business address is _____

and (if applicable) its Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN) is _____
(If the entity has no FEIN, include the Social Security Number of the individual signing this sworn statement: _____.)

2. I understand that a "public entity crime" as defined in Paragraph 287.133(1)(g), Florida Statutes, means a violation of any state or federal law by a person with respect to and directly related to the transaction of business with any public entity or with an agency or political subdivision of any other state or of the United States, including, but not limited to, any bid or contract for goods or services to be provided to any public entity or an agency or political subdivision of any other state or of the United States and involving antitrust, fraud, theft, bribery, collusion, racketeering, conspiracy, or material misrepresentation.
3. I understand that "convicted" or "conviction" as defined in Paragraph 287.133(1)(b), Florida Statutes, means a finding of guilt or a conviction of a public entity crime, with or without an adjudication of guilt, in any federal or state trial court of record relating to charges brought by indictment or information after July 1, 1989, as a result of a jury verdict, nonjury trial, or entry of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere.
4. I understand that an "affiliate" as defined in Paragraph 287.133(1)(a), Florida Statutes, means:
1. A predecessor or successor of a person convicted of a public entity crime; or

2. An entity under the control of any natural person who is active in the management of the entity and who has been convicted of a public entity crime. The term "affiliate" includes those officers, directors, executives, partners, shareholders, employees, members, and agents who are active in the management of an affiliate. The ownership by one person of shares constituting a controlling interest in another person, or a pooling of equipment or income among persons when not for fair market value under an arm's length agreement, shall be a prima facie case that one person controls another person. A person who knowingly enters into a joint venture with a person who has been convicted of a public entity crime in Florida during the preceding 36 months shall be considered an affiliate.
5. I understand that a "person" as defined in Paragraph 287.133(1)(e), Florida Statutes means any natural person or entity organized under the laws of any state or of the United States with the legal power to enter into a binding contract and which bids or applies to bid on contracts for the provision of goods or services let by a public entity, or which otherwise transacts or applies to transact business with a public entity. The term "person" includes those officers, directors, executives, partners, shareholders, employees, members, and agents who are active in management of an entity.
6. Based on information and belief, the statement which I have marked below is true in relation to the entity submitting this sworn statement. [Indicate which statement applies.]

_____ Neither the entity submitting this sworn statement, nor any of its officers, directors, executives, partners, shareholders, employees, members, or agents who are active in the management of the entity, nor any affiliate of the entity has been charged with and convicted of a public entity crime subsequent to July 1, 1989.

_____ The entity submitting this sworn statement, or one or more of its officers, directors, executives, partners, shareholders, employees, members, or agents who are active in the management of the entity, or an affiliate of the entity has been charged with and convicted of a public entity crime subsequent to July 1, 1989.

_____ The entity submitting this sworn statement, or one or more of its officers, directors, executives, partners, shareholders, employees, members, or agents who are active in the management of the entity, or an affiliate of the entity has been charged with and convicted of a public entity crime subsequent to July 1, 1989. However, there has been a subsequent proceeding before a Hearing Officer of the State of Florida, Division of Administrative Hearings and the Final Order entered by the Hearing Officer determined that it was not in the public interest to place the entity submitting this sworn statement on the convicted vendor list. [attach a copy of the final order]

I UNDERSTAND THAT THE SUBMISSION OF THIS FORM TO THE CONTRACTING OFFICER FOR THE PUBLIC ENTITY IDENTIFIED IN PARAGRAPH 1 (ONE) ABOVE IS FOR THAT PUBLIC ENTITY ONLY AND, THAT THIS FORM IS VALID THROUGH DECEMBER 31 OF THE CALENDAR YEAR IN WHICH IT IS FILED. I ALSO UNDERSTAND THAT I AM REQUIRED TO INFORM THE PUBLIC ENTITY PRIOR TO ENTERING INTO A CONTRACT IN EXCESS OF THE THRESHOLD AMOUNT PROVIDED IN SECTION 287.017, FLORIDA STATUTES FOR CATEGORY TWO OF ANY CHANGE IN THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS FORM.

[signature]

Sworn to and subscribed before me this ____ day of _____, 20____.

Personally known _____

OR Produced identification _____ Notary Public - State of _____

_____ My commission expires

(Type of identification)

(Printed typed or stamped commissioned name of notary public)

SWORN STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 287.087 AND 440.102,
FLORIDA STATUTES,

DRUG-FREE WORK PLACE PROGRAM

THIS FORM MUST BE SIGNED AND SWORN TO IN THE PRESENCE OF A NOTARY PUBLIC OR OTHER OFFICIAL AUTHORIZED TO ADMINISTER OATHS.

1. This sworn statement is submitted to _____

by

(print individual's name and title)

for

(print name of entity submitting sworn statement)

whose business address is

and (if applicable) its Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN) is

_____.

2. It is my understanding that the Owner, Bay County School Board is encouraged by State Law to give preference to entities with DRUG-FREE WORK PLACE PROGRAMS authorized by Florida Statutes, Section 287.087 and that the entity is eligible for discounts to its Worker's Compensation Insurance Premiums under Florida Statute Section 440.102.

(signature)

Sworn to and subscribed before me this ____ day of _____, 20__.

Personally known _____

OR Produced Identification _____ Notary Public - State of _____

_____ My commission expires

(Type of identification)

(Printed, typed or stamped commissioned
name of notary public)

SWORN STATEMENT PURSUANT TO
FLORIDA STATUTES,
MATERIAL SAFETY DATA FORM (MSDF)

THIS FORM MUST BE SIGNED AND SWORN TO IN THE PRESENCE OF A NOTARY PUBLIC OR OTHER OFFICIAL AUTHORIZED TO ADMINISTER OATHS.

1. This sworn statement is submitted to Bay County School Board

by

_____.

(print individual's name and title)

for

(print name of entity submitting sworn statement)

whose business address is

and (if applicable) its Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN) is

_____.

(If the entity has no FEIN, include the Social Security Number of the individual signing this sworn statement: _____.)

2. It is my understanding that the Owner, The School Board of Bay County (BCSB) requires the Bidder to submit to the Owner within five (5) business days from Bid Date the following items:

- a. List of all chemicals and/or products that may emit, leak, evaporate, be dissolved from, or produced by the services that the Contractor is proposing;
- b. List shall include a clear deliberation of chemical content of product, containing all information required by Federal OSHA Hazard Construction Law and Florida's Right-to-Know Law; list shall have Bid number and Bid Item Number stated on Data Sheets.
- c. For building or construction materials, or building furnishings, the Contractor shall submit in writing any chemical emission or exposure data that the product contains.
- d. Safety and Health Precautions to be employed to protect Workers who will be doing the work;

- e. Safety and Health Precautions to be employed to protect the building occupants, general public and other nearby tradesmen;
 - f. Safety and Health precautions to ensure that the work space, building, or School Board's properties are not contaminated as it may relate in any way to the services that are provided;
 - g. Precautions to be employed to ensure that harmful exposures shall not occur after the services have been provided, and a detailed description of the steps to be used to ensure this condition is achieved;
 - h. Procedures for the disposal of wastes or by-products, and a statement that the Contractor shall dispose of all wastes in compliance with applicable regulatory agencies.
3. Contractor is projecting himself as an expert in these services, and as such should be very familiar with listed items (a) through (h); As a knowledgeable entity about these services and products, the Contractor shall also be held fully and solely responsible for any problems that result in injury, illness, property damage or loss, or contamination of the air, soil, or water, or fines imposed by any regulatory agency for failure to comply with the regulations or prudent actions, that result from his services and/or the products used in supplying these services.
 4. Submission of the Bid acknowledges and accepts the agreement to provide these services or materials and the Contractor agrees with all of the provisions listed above, and agrees to fully indemnify the BCSB for any and all costs to the BCSB that are the result of contamination, people exposures, damage to BCSB, Architect, and all personal property, or regulatory actions.
 5. Contractor understands and agrees, if any of these provisions are not agreed to or provided as required in the Bid Application, the Contractor may be disqualified on the basis of being unresponsive to the Bid Requirements.
 6. If after the contract has been secured, the Contractor fails to comply with any of these provisions, the work may be stopped immediately by the BCSB, and the contract may be terminated at no penalty to the BCSB. Should this occur, then the difference between this bid price and that of the next highest bidder shall be withheld as punitive damages for failing to comply with this agreement. The intent of this provision is for the Contractor to provide services and materials that shall not cause any harm to the students, staff, faculty, other tradesmen, school visitors or business invites, the indoor or outdoor environments, School Board of Bay County property, or neighboring properties, and to ensure that the Bidder complies fully with all applicable regulatory agency requirements.
 7. The BCSB reserves the right to request additional information from the Contractor and Supplier concerning the contents of the products submitted by the Contractor

for the corresponding bid item.

8. All questions concerning the requirements shall be submitted in writing to be forwarded to the School Board of Bay County.

(signature)

Sworn to and subscribed before me this _____ day of _____, 20____.

Personally _____ known _____

OR Produced Identification _____ Notary Public - State of _____

_____ My commission expires _____

(Type of identification)

(Printed, typed or stamped commissioned name of notary public)

Bidder's Local Preference Request

I affirm that

_____ Firm Name

_____ Street Address

_____ City _____ Zip Code

qualifies for 5% local preference by having the home office within Bay County, and meeting all of the criteria set forth in Board Policy 6.101 (VI) (a) 1.2.

qualifies for 3% local preference by having an office or distribution point located in Bay County, but, with home office located outside Bay County, and meeting all of the appropriate criteria set forth in Board Policy 6.101 (VI) (a) 1.2.

Name and title of requestor:

_____ Signature

_____ Printed

SECTION 000430 - LIST OF SUBCONTRACTORS

**BAY DISTRICT SCHOOLS
CONTRACTOR AND SUBCONTRACTOR LICENSE DECLARATION**

Facilities: _____ Date: _____

Project Title: _____ BDS Project
Number: _____

The following information must be provided by the Contractor as part of their bid submittal.

Prime Contractor's Signature: _____

Contractor	Address	Phone Number	License Number
Prime			
Plumbing			
HVAC			
Electrical			
Utilities			
Fire Alarm			
Roofing			
Other			

Other			

Note: A total listing of subcontractors and suppliers is required to be executed within 72 hours of Bid Opening by apparent low bidder or if requested by Owner. If, due to alternate bids, more than one subcontractor or supplier must be considered, Contractor shall list each and state which is to be considered for base bid work and which is to be considered if a specific alternate is to be accepted.

Subcontractors listed in the Bid shall not be replaced without cause, once list has been opened and made public, in accordance with Section 255.0515, F.S.

The undersigned declares that he/she has fully investigated each subcontractor listed and has determined to his/her own complete satisfaction that such subcontractor maintains a fully equipped organization, capable, technically and financially, of performing the pertinent work, and that he/she has made similar installation in a satisfactory manner.

FIRM: _____
(Name of Firm)

BY: _____
(Signature of Bidder)

(Name of Bidder)

TITLE: _____
(Title of Bidder)

DATE: _____

END OF SECTION 000430

SECTION 000500 - AGREEMENT FORMS

The "Standard Form of Agreement Between Owner and Construction Manager as Constructor where the basis of payment is the Cost of the Work Plus a Fee with a Guaranteed maximum Price", The American Institute of Architect's (AIA) Document A133-2019, 2019 Edition, twenty-four (24) pages, is included herein and shall be used, as modified, on this Project as the Agreement Form.

END OF SECTION 000500

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SECTION 000610 - PERFORMANCE BOND AND PAYMENT BOND

The "Performance Bond" and "Payment Bond", The American Institute of Architects' (AIA) Document A312-2010, 2010 Edition, four (4) pages each, is included herein and shall be used on this Project as the Performance Bond and Payment Bond.

END OF SECTION 000610

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SECTION 000625 - ACCEPTABLE SURETY COMPANIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 To be acceptable as Surety on Performance and Payment Bonds, a surety company shall comply with the following provisions:

- A. The Surety Company must be admitted to do business in the State of Florida.
- B. The Surety Company shall have been in business and have a record of successful continuous operations for at least five years.
- C. The Surety Company shall have at least a minimum 'A' rating, based on Best Ratings and Financial Performance Ratings from A.M. Best Company as follows:

BEST'S RATINGS	
A++, A+	Superior
A, A-	Excellent
B++, B+	Very Good
BEST'S FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE RATINGS	
9	Very Strong
8, 7	Strong
6, 5	Good

<u>CONTRACT AMOUNT</u>	<u>FINANCIAL SIZE CATEGORIES</u>
Less than 1,000,000	FSC I
1,000,000 to 2,000,000	FSC II
2,000,000 to 5,000,000	FSC III
5,000,000 to 10,000,000	FSC IV
10,000,000 to 25,000,000	FSC V
25,000,000 to 50,000,000	FSC VI

50,000,000 to 100,000,000	FSC VII
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1. Best's Rating represents an opinion based on a comprehensive quantitative and qualitative evaluation of a company's balance sheet strength, operating performance and business profile or an equivalent rating from the Insurance Commissioner, if not rated by Best's.

2. Best Financial Performance Rating represents an opinion based primarily on a quantitative evaluation of a company's balance sheet strength and operating performance for companies that do not meet the minimum size and/or operating experience requirements for a Best's Rating.

1.02 The Surety Company shall not expose itself to any loss on any one risk in an amount exceeding ten (10) percent of its surplus to policyholders, provided:

- A. Any risk or portion of any risk shall have been reinsured (in which case these minimum requirements contained herein also apply to the reinsuring carrier) in assuming insurer authorized or approved by the Insurance Commissioner to do such business in this State shall be deducted in determining the limitation of risk prescribed in this section.

- B. In the case of a surety insurance company, there shall be deducted in addition to the deduction for reinsurance, the amount assumed by any co-surety, the value of any security deposited, pledged or held subject to the content of the Surety and for the protection of the Surety.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS N/A

PART 3 - EXECUTION N/A

END OF SECTION 000625

SECTION 000700 - GENERAL CONDITIONS

The "General Conditions of the Contract for Construction", The American Institute of Architects' (AIA) Document A201-2017, forty-one (41) pages, is included herein.

END OF SECTION 000700

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SECTION 00800 – SUPPLEMENTARY GENERAL CONDITIONS

SUPPLEMENTS TO A.I.A. DOCUMENT A201, 2017 EDITION
GENERAL CONDITIONS FOR THE CONTRACT FOR CONSTRUCTION

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

ARTICLE 1: General Provisions
ARTICLE 2: Owner
ARTICLE 3: Contractor
ARTICLE 4: Architect
ARTICLE 5: Subcontractors
ARTICLE 6: Construction by Owner or By Separate Contractors
ARTICLE 7: Changes in The Work
ARTICLE 8: Time
ARTICLE 9: Payments and Completion
ARTICLE 10: Protection of Person and Property
ARTICLE 11: Insurance and Bonds
ARTICLE 12: Uncovering and Correction of Work
ARTICLE 13: Miscellaneous Provisions
ARTICLE 14: Termination or Suspension of the Contract
ARTICLE 15: Claims and Disputes
ARTICLE 16: Equal Opportunity

GENERAL

These Supplementary General Conditions modify, change, delete from, or add to the "General Conditions of the Contract for Construction," A.I.A. Document A201, 2017 Edition. The A.I.A. Document A201, 2017 Edition is hereby made a part of every Section of these Specifications and shall be binding upon each Contractor, Subcontractor, and Material Supplier. Where any Article of the General Conditions is modified, or any Paragraph, Subparagraph, or Sub-Subparagraph thereof is modified or deleted by these Supplementary General Conditions, the unaltered provisions of the Article, Paragraph, Subparagraph, or Sub-Subparagraph shall remain in effect.

ARTICLE 1 - GENERAL PROVISIONS:

1.1 BASIC DEFINITIONS:

1.1 Supplement Paragraph 1.1 as follows:

“1.1.1.1 The General Contractor’s and Subcontractor’s Proposal Forms as accepted by the Owner shall be a part of the Contract Documents.

1.1.9 "Provide", as used in the Contract Documents, includes furnishing all labor, supervision, tools, materials, supplies, equipment, shop drawings, product data and samples, together with all services, accessories and

costs associated with performance of the work, or production or installation of an item or system usable in the complete project.

- 1.1.10 "Diagrammatic", as used in the Contract Documents, shall mean to outline in schematic form or an illustration to be used as a guide only.
- 1.1.11 "Product", as used in these Contract Documents, includes materials, systems and equipment."

1.2 CORRELATION AND INTENT OF THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS:

1.2.1 Delete subsection entirely and substitute the following:

- "1.2.1 The intent of the Contract Documents is to include all items necessary for the execution and completion of the work by the Contractor. The Contract Documents are complementary, and what is required by anyone shall be as binding as if required by all. Performance by the Contractor and Subcontractors shall be required to produce the intended results. In cases of discrepancies between the Contract Documents, the Agreement shall take precedence over the Drawings and Specifications, and the Specifications shall take precedence over the Drawings, except as listed. Large scale plans, sections, and details take precedence over smaller scaled items. Plan schedules shall control over general plans. Addenda and Change Orders supersede only affected portions of the Documents.
 - 1.2.1.1 The Contractor/Subcontractor, however, shall be held to providing completed work, according to the meaning and intent of the Drawings and Specifications whether all the items involved under any trade are mentioned in one or several sections or on one or several drawings.
 - 1.2.1.2 Should any item to be furnished or labor to be performed as specified under more than one Section of the Specification, it will be premised that Subcontractors have included said product and/or labor in more than one Section, unless he shall have obtained a written decision from the Construction Manager prior to the bid. The Construction Manager will decide who shall provide such items. Proper credit shall be given to the Owner when the cost has been included more than once.
 - 1.2.1.3 Should any item or equipment required to be furnished within the drawings or specifications fail to have any or all of its connections or utilities indicated, the Contractor and Subcontractors shall provide (as a minimum) services, utilities and connections to ensure the permanent, proper, code compliant operation of the item or equipment; unless such condition shall have been brought to the attention of the Architect prior to the Bid and a decision rendered through the issuance of addenda or other items of clarification.
 - 1.2.1.4 The Contractor, and Subcontractors shall not take advantage of errors or omissions on Drawings or Specifications.
 - 1.2.1.5 If any errors or omissions appear in Drawings, Specifications, or other Contract Documents, the Subcontractors shall notify the Contractor before time of submitting bid. The Contractor will notify and resolve the issues with the Architect prior to submitting a guaranteed maximum price

or Bid Proposal to the Owner. Should conflict occur in or between Drawings and Specifications; Contractor and Subcontractors are deemed to have estimated on the more expensive product, method of installation, and/or the greater quantity, unless he has requested and obtained a written decision before submission of bid proposals as to which method, product, or quantity will be required.

- 1.2.1.6 References to known standard specifications shall mean the latest edition of such specifications adopted and published at date of invitation to submit proposal. Words which have well-known technical or trade meanings are used herein accordance with such recognized meanings.
- 1.2.1.7 When dimensions as shown on the Drawings are affected by conditions already established, the Subcontractor shall take measurements to verify the given scale or figure dimensions in the Drawings.
- 1.2.1.8 The Specifications, detailed description or omission of it, concerning any work to be provided shall be regarded as meaning that only the best general practice of the trade is to prevail and that only materials and workmanship of the first quality are to be used. All interpretations of these Specifications shall be made upon this basis and all interpretations shall be made by the Architect.
- 1.2.1.9 Execute work as per Contract Documents. Make no changes without having first received written permission from the Architect. Where detailed information is lacking, before proceeding with work, refer matter to the Architect for additional information.
- 1.2.1.10 THE MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL SYSTEM DRAWINGS ARE DIAGRAMMATIC IN NATURE AND THE FIELD CONDITIONS MAY ARISE THAT WILL PREVENT THEIR BEING INSTALLED AS PER DRAWING (EX.), SUCH AS PIPE AND CONDUIT RUNS, CROSSOVERS, RISERS, DOORS, FLOOR, WALLS AND CEILING PATTERN COVERING LAYOUTS, ETC. THEREFORE, IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF EACH AND ALL SUBCONTRACTORS, FOR THE COORDINATION, TIMING AND PROTECTION OF ALL CONDITIONS; AND IN EACH CASE WHERE THERE IS ANY QUESTION OR PROBLEM AS TO CONDITIONS OR LOCATIONS OF THESE ITEMS, SUBMIT A WORKABLE SOLUTION TO THE CONSTRUCTION MANAGER/GENERAL CONTRACTOR AND THE ARCHITECT FOR REVIEW AND WRITTEN APPROVAL BEFORE COMMENCING WITH QUESTIONABLE WORK. IF SUCH ADJUSTMENT SHALL BE MADE BY THE SUBCONTRACTOR WITHOUT WRITTEN APPROVAL, IT SHALL BE AT THEIR OWN RISK AND EXPENSE. ANY REMOVAL OF NON-APPROVED AREAS SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY AND EXPENSE OF THE SUBCONTRACTORS.
- 1.2.1.11 Where there is conflict between the Drawings, or between Drawings and Specifications, or doubt as to meaning, the Contractor and Subcontractors shall obtain a written decision from the Architect, except where the Contractor deems that there could be immediate damages to life or property. He shall not proceed in uncertainty in any instance.

1.2.1.12 In the case of discrepancies between the INFORMATION TO BIDDERS, CONDITIONS OF THE CONTRACT, DRAWINGS, SPECIFICATIONS, OR ADDENDA as it relates to each Subcontractor's Work Category responsibilities, the most stringent and/or most expensive case applies as determined by the Architect."

1.2.2 Add the following:

"1.2.2.1 Construction Specifications Institute (C.S.I. Uniform System): To assist the Contract, the Specifications are divided into Divisions and Section numbers generally conforming to "Uniform System for Construction Specifications."

ARTICLE 2 - OWNER:

2.1 GENERAL:

2.1.1 Add the following subparagraphs:

"2.1.1.1 THE TERM "ARCHITECT" AS USED IN THE GENERAL CONDITIONS SHALL MEAN THE ENGINEER, WATFORD ENGINEERING, INC. WHERE THE TERM "A/E", "ARCHITECT/ENGINEER", OR "ENGINEER" IS USED IN THE DOCUMENTS, IT SHALL BE CONSIDERED AS BEING SYNONYMOUS WITH THE TERM "ARCHITECT" AS DEFINED IN THE GENERAL CONDITIONS.

2.1.1.2 The use of phrases "as directed", "as instructed", "reviewed", "authorized", "accepted", and similar terms implies that such action will be taken by the Architect unless specifically stated otherwise."

2.2 INFORMATION AND SERVICES REQUIRED OF THE OWNER:

2.2.5.1 Add the following:

"2.2.5.1 The Contractor will be furnished with ONE (1) reproducible digital (PDF format) set of Drawings and Specifications by the Owner (other sets may be furnished but are not a requirement under this contract). A complete set of portable document format (.pdf) documents (plans and specifications) will be made available to the Contractor for the printing processes. The Contractor will make the portable document format documents available to the Subcontractors. The Architect will provide the Contractor with the original digital BIM Revit Model and/or AutoCAD files of the building and site for the Contractor's and Subcontractor's use to prepare Shop Drawings, Coordination Drawings, and Submittals upon receipt of accepted AIA Documents E203-2013 and G201-2013 Digital Protocol Agreements and the Architect's Digital File Release Forms from all users."

2.4 OWNERS RIGHT TO CARRY OUT THE WORK:

2.4.1 Add the following:

“2.4.1 The Owner will assist the Architect and Contractor in determining in general that the Work of the Subcontractors is being performed in accordance with the Contract Documents and will endeavor to guard the Owner against defects and deficiencies in the Work of the Contractor and Subcontractors.”

ARTICLE 3 - CONTRACTOR:

3.2 REVIEW OF CONTRACT DOCUMENTS AND FIELD CONDITIONS BY CONTRACTOR:

3.2.1 Add the Following:

“3.2.1.1 Examination of site shall include determination of the nature and scope of the work and all difficulties that accompany its execution. The Contractor shall be responsible for coordinating with the owner to inspect and locate existing site conditions and providing existing as built drawings for the following existing site items documented by GPS coordinates:

Valve and Valve Boxes, Main Water and Sewer tie-ins, Clean outs and Junction Boxes

Chilled Water Lines, main water lines, main gas lines and electrical conduits.

Existing change of directions for chilled water lines, main water lines, main gas lines, irrigation lines and electrical conduits.

Electrical Transformers.

3.2.3 Add the following:

“3.2.3.1 The Contractor, Subcontractors and material suppliers shall examine the Architectural, Structural, Mechanical, Plumbing, and Electrical Drawings and Specifications, and verify all measurements and requirements before ordering materials or performing any work to avoid problems during construction.

3.2.3.2 Before ordering materials or doing any work, the Contractor and Subcontractors shall verify all measurements at the project site and shall be responsible for their correctness. No extra compensation will be allowed on account of differences between actual dimensions and those indicated on the Drawings. Any decided difference which may be found shall be reported to the Architect in writing, for consideration before proceeding with the Work.”

3.3 SUPERVISION AND CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES:

Add the following Subparagraph 3.3.2.1 through 3.3.2.7:

3.3.2.1 The Contractor and/or subcontractor and their employees shall refrain from use of vulgarities around students, staff and faculty.

- 3.3.2.2 Clothing shall have no vulgarities or sexually suggestive graphics.
- 3.3.2.3 Direct contact with students, faculty or staff is strictly prohibited.
- 3.3.2.4 Violation of Special Conditions may result in immediate termination of that employee, Contractor or Subcontractor.
- 3.3.2.5 State regulations prohibit alcohol, drugs, and firearms from being brought onto school property. Violators will be prosecuted under State Law.
- 3.3.2.6 Bay County School Board Policy states that there shall be no smoking or use of tobacco products which include e-cigarettes, allowed in any facility or on any real or personal property owned by or under the control of the Bay County School System. Contractor and Subcontractor employees are required to leave the school campus for tobacco use. Job-site trailers are not exempt from this requirement.
- 3.3.2.7 The Contractor shall present a plan, for approval by the Owner, showing all areas for safety fencing staging, storage, job office, ingress and egress to the site. No work shall be done until this is approved.

3.4 LABOR AND MATERIALS:

3.4.1 Add the following:

“3.4.1.1 Material Standards - Unless otherwise specifically provided in this Contract, reference to any equipment, material, article, or patented process, by trade name, make, or catalog number, shall establish a standard of quality and the Base Bid shall include only materials and items exactly as specified or called for by name. Architect to list at least three acceptable manufacturers in the Specifications, where possible, however each manufacturer shall meet the basis-of-design requirements.”

3.4.2 Delete subparagraph 3.4.2 and substitute the following:

“3.4.2 Substitutions During Bidding Period - Requests for Substitutions during the bidding period will be considered and treated only as stated in Specification Section 008200, Special Conditions, Article 15, Substitution of Materials and Equipment. Once bids have been received, the Owner and Architect will prepare the Contract on the basis that all items are those specified in the Specifications, shown on the Drawings, or approved in Addenda during the bidding period. The approval of a product during the bid period does not negate the requirement for the submission of complete data during the construction in accordance with the Section 013300, Submittals, nor does it negate the burden of complying with all specification requirements. Should further investigation of a product approved during the bid period indicate that the product does not meet the essential requirements of the project the Contractor and Subcontractors shall make such modifications as are necessary to meet these essential requirements.

3.4.2.1 Approval After Bids are Opened - Substitutions or approval of products will be considered after bids are opened only under the following conditions:

- .1 The Subcontractor shall place orders for specified materials and equipment promptly upon award of Contract. No excuses or proposed substitutions will be considered for materials and equipment due to unavailability, unless proof is submitted that firm orders were promptly placed for the item listed in the Specifications.
- .2 The reason for the unavailability shall be beyond the control of the Subcontractor, such as strikes, lockouts, bankruptcy, discontinuance of the manufacturer or a product, or acts of god, and shall be made known in writing to the Architect within ten (10) days of the date that the Subcontractor ascertains that he cannot obtain the material or equipment specified. Requests shall be accompanied by a complete description of the materials or equipment which the Subcontractor wishes to use as a substitute.”

3.5 WARRANTY:

Add the following:

- “3.5.1 Under this warranty for a period of one (1) year from date of Completion, as evidenced by the date of "Substantial Completion" of the Work, the Contractor and Subcontractors shall remedy, at his own expense, any such failure to conform on any such defects. Where warranties are written in any Section for longer than one (1) year, such terms will apply.
- 3.5.2 Nothing in the above intends or implies that this warranty shall apply to work which has been abused or neglected by the Owner.”

3.6 TAXES:

3.6 Add the following:

- “3.6.1 Unless otherwise specified, the Bid price includes all Federal, State and local taxes imposed prior to the execution of the Agreement and which are applicable to the Work. If any new privilege, sales gross receipt or other excise tax, exclusive of taxes and net income or undistributed profit applicable to the Work and payable by the Subcontractor is imposed by the State of Florida, or such present tax be increased as of the date thereof, then the Contract price will be adjusted accordingly and the Owner will reimburse the Contractor therefore without any allowance for overhead or profit upon separate payment application containing such pertinent details as the Owner may require. The Contractor will organize, implement and manage the Owner’s direct purchase tax recovery program. Direct purchases shall be for orders of five-thousand dollars (\$5,000) or more for any single item.”

3.7 PERMITS, FEES, NOTICES AND COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS:

3.7 Delete paragraph 3.7.1 and substitute the following:

- “3.7.1 A local building permit will NOT be required for this project. The "Florida Building Code 2023 shall govern. The Owner will engage a qualified

Building Department to facilitate the document review and building permit process, as well as, related inspection services in accordance with the FBC. The Owner is exempt from all other county, district, municipal, and local building codes, ordinances, interpretations, building permits and assessments of fees for building permits, impact fees and service availability fees other than those defined within the Florida Building Code 2023, the Florida Statutes and the Florida Administrative Code. The Contractor and Subcontractors shall secure all required permits, governmental fees, anti-pollution fees, and licenses necessary for the proper execution and completion of his Work, which are applicable at the time the bids are received. The Contractor and Subcontractors shall be familiar with all Federal, State, and local laws, codes, ordinances, and regulations which in any manner effect those engaged or employed in the Work and any material or equipment used in the conduct of the Work.

3.7.1.1 Before proceeding with the Work, securing permits or necessary licenses, the Contractor and Subcontractors shall carefully study and compare the Drawings and Specifications and shall at once report in writing, to the Architect/Engineer, any error or omission he may discover that is in variance with applicable laws, statutes, building codes, and regulations.”

3.7.2 Add the following:

“3.7.2.1 The Contractor and Subcontractors at all times shall comply with the Florida Building Code 2023 installation requirements (including amendments and supplements), and all Federal, State and local laws, codes, ordinances and regulations as applicable, which in any manner affects the Work, and he and his surety shall indemnify and hold harmless the Owner, and Architect/Engineer, to the extent allowable by law, against any claim or liability arising from or based on the violation of such law or decree, whether by himself or his employees.”

3.10 CONTRACTOR’S CONSTRUCTION AND SUBMITTAL SCHEDULES:

Add the following Subparagraphs 3.10.5 through 3.10.7:

3.10.5 The Contractor shall furnish sufficient forces, construction plant and equipment, and shall work such hours, including night shifts and overtime operations, as may be necessary to insure the prosecution of the Work in accordance with the approved progress schedule. If the Contractor falls behind the progress schedule, the Contractor shall take such steps as may be necessary to improve the progress by increasing the number of shifts, overtime operations, days of work and the amount of construction plant, all without additional cost to the Owner.

3.10.6 Failure of the Contractor to comply with the requirements under this provision shall be grounds for determination by the Engineer that the Contractor is not prosecuting the work with such diligence as will insure

completion within the time specified and such failure constitutes a substantial violation of the conditions of the Agreement.

- 3.10.7 Upon such determination, the Owner may terminate the Contractor's right to proceed with the work, or any separable part thereof, in accordance with Article 14 of the General Conditions, or may withhold further payments as indicated in Article 9.5.1.

3.11 DOCUMENTS AND SAMPLES AT THE SITE:

3.11.1 Add the following:

- “3.11.1 At the completion of the Work, each Subcontractor shall submit "Record Drawings" to the Contractor on digital media, and the Contractor in turn will produce (or cause to have produced) As-Built Drawings on ELECTRONIC MEDIA on Autodesk AutoCAD Architectural Desktop (2019 Version or newer). The Architect will provide the Contractor with the digital related AutoCAD files of the project for the Contractor's and Subcontractor's use to prepare Shop Drawings, Coordination Drawings, and As-Built (Record) Drawings upon receipt of accepted AIA Documents E203-2013 and G201-2013 Digital Protocol Agreements and the Architect's Digital File Release Forms from all users. Said Record Drawings shall be delivered to the Architect for review. The Architect will forward reviewed Final As-Built Drawings to the Owner for their future use.
- 3.11.1.1 Pipelines and ducts which are installed in furred spaces, pipe chases, or other spaces which can be readily inspected using access panels or other means of access will not be considered as being concealed. With reference to electrical and mechanical work the exact (not diagrammatic) conduit, pipe, and duct runs shall be shown on these drawings.
- 3.11.1.2 Record Drawings" shall be the daily in-use set of contract documents at the job site. At the end of each day, the foreman of each trade shall mark and date any and all changes that occurred during the day's work. Lines shall be located by dimension and equipment shall be noted and located. These documents will be delivered to the Contractor as noted in 3.11.1 above.
- 3.11.1.3 Upon completion of the work this data shall be recorded to scale, by a competent draftsman on electronic media copies of the contract drawings. Where changes and actual locations are to be recorded, the electronic media shall be erased before the changes are made. The work shall be shown as installed and the Contractor shall deliver the black line drawing prints and electronic media files with every drawing marked "As-Built". In showing the changes the same legend shall be used to identify piping, etc., as was used on the contract drawings. A separate set of drawings shall be prepared for electrical, plumbing, heating, air conditioning, and ventilating work, and A/V & Data, unless two (2) or more divisions are shown on the same sheets of the contract drawings. Each change of the original Contract Documents shall be

“clouded” and referenced, except pipe runs may be noted, and each sheet shall bear the date and name of the Subcontractor submitting the changes to the drawings.

In addition, Contractor shall provide the following upon completion of the project:

- Electrical:
 - o Panel schedule to be verified by Engineer of Record
 - o On the Receptacle show label with Panel and Breaker
 - o On Main Panel label phase rotation
 - o Provide permanent Tag on Transformer for every main panel going to Transformer.
 - o Provide on every Panel and switchgear paired Transformer
 - o Provide the following standard color coding on J-Boxes:
 - Red – Fire Alarm
 - Yellow – 120/208/240 low voltage
 - Orange – 277/480 high voltage
 - Green – Camera
 - Blue – Communication/AV
- Plumbing:
 - o For Valve Boxes above Ceiling locations, provide orange/blue stencil at grid intersection nearest to Valve Box
- Mechanical:
 - o For Fire Damper, Air Damper locations provide pop-rivet sign
- Site As-Built drawings shall include the following:
 - o location of all existing valves and valve boxes by GPS coordinates
 - o location of all new valves and valve boxes by GPS coordinates.
 - o location of main sewer service tie in points by GPS coordinates.
 - o location of main water tie in points by GPS coordinates.
 - o location of clean outs and junction boxes by GPS coordinates.
 - o line drawings for chilled water lines, main water lines, main gas lines, Electrical lines.
 - o change of direction for chilled water lines, main water lines, main gas lines, electrical lines.
 - o Electrical Transformer location by GPS coordinates.

3.11.1.4 The Contractor shall review the complete as-built drawings. He shall ascertain and certify that all data furnished on the drawings are accurate and truly represent the work as actually installed. When manholes, boxes, underground conduits, plumbing, hot or chilled water lines, inverts, etc. are involved as part of the work, the Subcontractor shall furnish true elevations and locations, all properly referenced by using the original benchmark for the project. The “Record Drawings” from each Subcontractor, including those unchanged and changed, shall be submitted to the Architect, when completed, together with three (3) sets of black line prints (produced from the As-Built Electronic Media) with the

Contractor's stamp and each Subcontractor's certification for forwarding to the Owner, at the time of Substantial Completion. Final payment shall not be made until said "As-Built" documents have been received by the Architect, reviewed and accepted as complete, and in accordance with the contract documents.

- 3.11.1.5 The Contractor shall be responsible for collecting, identifying, indexing and collating the specified Close-Out Documents including the following materials from the Subcontractors, and will deliver three (3) copies of the finished documents to the Architect. Complete equipment diagrams, operating instructions, maintenance manuals, parts lists, wiring diagrams, pneumatic and/or electrical control diagrams, test and balance reports, inspection reports, guarantee and warranties, as applicable for each and every piece of fixed equipment furnished under this contract to be supplied in a three ring binder, hard-cover book, properly indexed for ready reference. Also, specific information regarding manufacturer's name and address, nearest distributor and service representative's name and address, office and home phone numbers, make and model numbers, operating design and characteristics, etc. will be required. All information submitted shall be updated to reflect existing conditions. Final payment shall not be made until said documents have been received by the Architect/Engineer, reviewed and accepted as complete and in accordance with the contract documents. Also refer to Section 01 77 00, Close-Out Procedures."

3.12 SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES:

3.12.11 Add the following Subparagraph:

"3.12.11 The requirements of Article 3.12 are supplemented by a separate Section, Submittals in Division One, Section 013300."

3.14 CUTTING AND PATCHING OF WORK:

3.14 Add the following Subparagraphs:

"3.14.3 The Subcontractor shall do all cutting required for installation of his work. Patching required because of such cutting shall be performed as follows:

3.14.3.1 Wherever cutting occurs within unexposed materials, or in materials which are to remain unfinished when completed, patching shall be performed by the Subcontractor who did the cutting. This includes all concrete and masonry other than listed below.

3.14.3.2 Wherever cutting occurs in finished surfaces, patching shall be performed by the Subcontractor specializing in that particular trade, and paid for by the Subcontractor who did the cutting. This includes, but is not limited to, roofing, painting of plaster and finished surfaces, ceramic tile, structural facing tile, marble, concrete block in finished areas, metal lath and plaster, acoustical materials and their supports."

ARTICLE 4 - ARCHITECT:

4.1 GENERAL:

4.1 Add the following paragraph:

“4.1.4 Disputes arising under Subparagraph 4.1.2 and 4.1.3 shall be subject to litigation.”

ARTICLE 5 - SUBCONTRACTORS:

5.1 DEFINITIONS:

5.1. Add the following:

“5.1.3 Material Supplier is a person or organization who has furnished materials to the General Contractor, Subcontractor, Sub-subcontractor or Owner to be used in the construction of the Work, a building or structure, but has not performed any on or off site work other than delivering construction materials, and shall not have or created any contractual relation between the Owner or the Architect/Engineer.

5.1.4 The Contractor, and all Subcontractors, Sub-Subcontractors and Material Suppliers shall be responsible for reading, studying, and understanding the Conditions of the Contract, Drawings and Specifications.”

ARTICLE 6 - CONSTRUCTION BY OWNER OR BY SEPARATE CONTRACTORS:

6.4 Add the following paragraph:

“6.4 INSTALLATION OF EQUIPMENT:

6.4.1 The Contractor and Subcontractors shall allow the Owner to take possession of the use of any completed portions of this structure or Work, or to place and install as much equipment and machinery during the progress of the Work, as is possible without interference before its entire completion. Such possession and use of structure of work or such placing and installation of equipment, or both, shall not in any way evidence the completion of the Work or any portion of it, or signify the Owner's acceptance of the Work or any portion of it.”

ARTICLE 7 -CHANGES IN THE WORK:

7.2 CHANGE ORDERS:

7.2 Add the following:

“7.2.2 The Contractor is responsible for all affected work that is a result of an approved Change Order. Any changes required as a result of a Change Order shall be reflected in the price of the Change Order. Any additional work that becomes necessary after the Change Order has been approved will be made at the Contractor's expense.”

7.3 CONSTRUCTION CHANGE DIRECTIVES:

7.3.3 Delete paragraph and substitute the following:

“7.3.3 The cost or credit to the Owner resulting from a change in the Work shall be determined as follows:

1. By Unit Prices stated in the Contract Documents or subsequently agreed upon; or for changes not covered by Unit Prices;
2. By mutual acceptance of a lump sum properly itemized and supported by sufficient substantiating data to permit evaluation; or if no agreement can be reached,
3. By the method provided in Subparagraph 7.3.6.

The lump sum proposals shall be based upon:

1. Estimate of Labor.
2. Estimate of Materials.
3. Estimate of Applicable Taxes.
4. Estimate of Equipment Rentals.
5. Estimate of Subcontractor Costs.
6. Estimate of Contractor Costs.
7. Estimate of Field Supervision (directly attributed to change) shall be included in labor breakdown.
8. Cost of Bond Premium.
9. Contractor and Subcontractor overhead and profit applied to the above items shall not exceed fifteen percent (15%) percent in total. Subcontractor overhead and profit shall not exceed ten percent (10%). Contractor overhead and profit shall not exceed five percent (5%) plus the cost for related bond premium. All lump sum proposals shall include a detailed cost breakdown for each component of work indicating both quantities and unit prices shall be submitted to the Architect within seven (7) calendar days after receipt of the proposal request.”

7.3.7 Add the following:

“7.3.7.1.1 All labor, material, and equipment expenditures for work performed at actual cost shall be approved daily by the Construction Manager. Material invoices shall be presented to the Owner and Architect with all payment requests.

7.3.7.1.2 No amount or percentage of overhead and profit will be allowed on items of perks, fringe benefits, bonuses, retirement benefits (other than social security withholdings), or health and life insurances.”

ARTICLE 8 - TIME:

8.2 PROGRESS AND COMPLETION

8.2 Add the following paragraph:

“8.2.4 Work shall be commenced by the date established in the Notice to Proceed, but in no case more than ten (10) consecutive calendar days after such date, and shall proceed in accordance with a schedule to be developed by the Contractor and presented to the Architect and the Owner’s Agent. The Contract Time is specified in the Agreement Between Owner and Construction Manager.

A. LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:

1. If the Contractor fails to achieve Substantial Completion of the Work within the Contract Time or as otherwise required by the Contract Documents, the Owner shall be entitled to retain or recover from the Contractor and/or its Surety, liquidated damages and not as a penalty, the per diem amounts specified in the Contract Between the Owner and Construction Manager, and commencing upon the first day following expiration of the Contract Time and continuing until the actual date of Substantial Completion for each Phase of Work identified. Such liquidated damages are hereby agreed to be a reasonable pre-estimate of damages the Owner would incur as a result of delayed completion of the Work.
2. The Liquidated Damages amount per calendar day are fixed and agreed upon by and between the Contractor and the Owner because of the impracticality and difficulty of ascertaining actual damages the Owner will sustain. The Owner will suffer financial damage if the Project is not substantially completed on the dates set forth in the Contract Documents. Therefore, it is agreed that the liquidated damages amount per calendar day is adequate to cover damages which the Owner will sustain by reason of the inconvenience, loss of use, loss of monies, additional costs of contract administration by the Architect and Owner.
3. Permitting the contractor to continue and finish the Work or any part of the Work after time fixed for its completion or after date to which time for completion may have been extended shall in no way constitute a wavier on the part of the Owner of any of his rights under the Contract.
4. Liquidated Damages shall also be assigned to the Contractor if punch list items have not been completed within thirty (30) after Substantial Completion. Liquidated Damages for punch list items shall commence on the after Substantial Completion is established and accrue until the final Application for Payment has been approved by the Architect. The Contractor, and its Surety, shall pay to the Owner the sums stipulated as fixed, agreed and liquidated damages for each calendar day of delay until the punch list items are complete.”

ARTICLE 9 - PAYMENTS AND COMPLETION:

9.5 DECISION TO WITHHOLD CERTIFICATION:

9.5 Add the following:

“9.5.4 The Architect may withhold or cause to be withheld, from any monies payable on account for work performed by the Contractor, or Subcontractor, such sums as may administratively be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such Contractor or Subcontractors for damages.”

9.10 FINAL COMPLETION AND FINAL PAYMENT:

9.10.2 Add the following paragraph:

“9.10.2.1 Final payment consisting of the entire unpaid balance of the Contract Amount will be paid by the Owner to the Contractor thirty (30) days after receipt of the Final Certificate for Payment from the Architect, Close-Out Documents including Record Drawings, and the “Final Consent of Surety. Final Payment will not be made until all Close-Out Documents and As-Built Drawings have been submitted and approved.”

ARTICLE 10 - PROTECTION OF PERSONS AND PROPERTY:

10.2 SAFETY OF PERSONS AND PROPERTY:

10.2.2 Add the following subparagraph:

“10.2.2.1 This requirement shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, all health, safety, and fire protection regulations of the Florida Industrial Commission and the Department of Labor Safety and Health Regulations and construction promulgated under the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (P191-596) and under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (P191-54). These regulations are administered by the Department of Labor who shall have full access to the Project for inspection, etc. Compliance with the above is strictly and exclusively the responsibility of the Contractor and Subcontractors and shall in no event be considered reason for additional time or monetary compensation. In the event that a hurricane or storm emergency is imminent, the Subcontractor shall, at his own expense and without cost to the Owner, take all necessary measures to secure all his movable property, building work or plant in such a manner that no damage to public or private property or to persons may result by reason of displacement of the Subcontractor's material, equipment or plant during such hurricane or storm.”

10.2.7 Add the following subparagraph:

“10.2.7.1 The Subcontractor shall adequately protect preceding and existing Work from damage caused by his operations. Breakage or damage shall be repaired by the erector of the Work at cost to the party causing the damage. The Construction Manager shall be the sole judge

determining the party causing the damage, notwithstanding any dispute resolution.”

ARTICLE 11 INSURANCE AND BONDS

11.1 CONTRACTOR'S LIABILITY INSURANCE

Delete Subparagraph 11.1.1 and substitute the following:

11.1.1 The Contractor shall purchase from and maintain in a company or companies lawfully authorized to do business in the State of Florida such insurance as will protect the Owner, Contractor, Architect and Architect's consultants from claims set forth below which may arise out of or result from the Contractor's operations under the Contract and for which the Contractor may be legally liable, whether such operations be by the Contractor or by a Subcontractor or by anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them, or by anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable. All insurance policies shall be issued and countersigned by representatives of such companies duly authorized for the State of Florida and shall be written on ISO standard forms or their equivalents. The Contractor shall provide the ISO Commercial General Liability policy for general liability coverages. All liability policies shall provide that the Owner, Bay County School Board, is a named additional insured (being named as Certificate Holder is not acceptable) as to the operations of the Contractor under the Agreement and shall provide the Severability of Insured's Provision. The Owner shall be exempt from, and in no way liable for, any sums of money which may represent a deductible in any insurance policy. The payment of such deductible shall be the responsibility solely of the Contractor and/or Subcontractor providing such insurance. This insurance shall protect the Contractor from the following claims:

- .1 claims under workers' or workmen compensation, disability benefit and other similar employee benefit acts which are applicable to the Work to be performed;
- .2 claims for damages because of bodily injury, occupational sickness or disease, or death of the Contractor's employees;
- .3 claims for damages because of bodily injury, sickness or disease, or death of any person other than the Contractor's employees;
- .4 claims for damages insured by usual personal injury liability coverage including claims which are sustained (1) by a person as a result of an offense directly or indirectly related to employment of such person by the Contractor, or (2) by another person;

- .5 claims for damages, other than to the Work itself, because of injury to or destruction of tangible property, including loss of use resulting therefrom;
- .6 claims for damages because of bodily injury, death of a person or property damage arising out of ownership, maintenance or use of a motor vehicle; and
- .7 claims involving contractual liability insurance applicable to the Contractor's obligations under Paragraph 3.18.

Delete Subparagraph 11.1.2 and substitute the following:

- 11.1.2 The insurance required by Subparagraph 11.1.1 provides Coverages, whether written on an occurrence or claims-made basis, that shall be maintained without interruption from date of commencement of the Work until date of final payment and termination of any coverage. The Contractor shall purchase and maintain the required bonds from a company or companies lawfully authorized to issue surety bonds in the jurisdiction where the Project is located. Insurance must be maintained for one (1) year after final payment. The insurance required by Subparagraph 11.1.1 shall include contractual liability insurance applicable to the Contractor's obligations under Paragraph 3.18 and coverage for the "XCU" exposure. The amounts set forth herein and by Law shall apply equally or whether on or off the site of the Work.
 - 11.1.2.1 Contractor's Liability: Shall include Comprehensive General Liability, Premises and Completed Operations, Contractual Liability and Broad Form coverage.
 - a. Bodily injury in at least the amounts of \$1,000,000 per occurrence, with an Aggregate of \$2,000,000.
 - b. Property damage, including Complete Operations and Broad Form: in at least the amount of \$2,000,000 per occurrence, with an Aggregate of \$1,000,000.
 - c. Personal Injury (with the employment exclusion deleted) in at least the amounts of \$1,000,000 per occurrence, with an Aggregate of \$2,000,000.
 - 11.1.2.2 Worker's Compensation: The Contractor shall secure and maintain for the life of this Agreement, valid Worker's Compensation Insurance as required by Chapter 440, Florida Statutes. Copies of the insurance policy shall be filed with the Owner no later than 60 days after execution of the Owner-Contractor Agreement. All subcontractors shall maintain valid Worker's Compensation Insurance as required by Florida Statutes.
 - d. Applicable Per Florida Statute – Chapter 440
 - e. Railroad Required NO
 - f. Maritime Required NO
 - g. Employer's Liability \$2,000,000

11.1.2.3 Motor Vehicle Liability (Owned, Non-owned and Hired): The Contractor shall secure and maintain, during the life of this Agreement, Motor Vehicle Liability insurance on all vehicles for the following:

- h. Bodily injury in at least the amounts of \$1,000,000 per occurrence, with an Aggregate of \$1,000,000.
- i. Property damage in at least the amount of \$200,000 per occurrence, with an Aggregate of \$400,000.

11.1.2.4 Owner and Contractor's Protective Liability: The Contractor shall provide an Owner's and Contractor's Protective Liability Policy with the following limits: (A separate policy in the name of the Owner must be provided.)

- j. Bodily injury in at least the amounts of \$1,000,000 per occurrence, with an Aggregate of \$1,000,000.
- k. Property damage in at least the amount of \$1,000,000 per occurrence, with an Aggregate of \$1,000,000.
- l. Personal Injury in at least the amounts of \$1,000,000 per occurrence, with an Aggregate of \$1,000,000.
- m. Optionally, the Owner may purchase and maintain other insurance for self-protection against claims which may arise from operations under the Contract

11.1.2.5 Public Liability: Shall include Comprehensive General Liability and Products and Completed Operations Liability coverage against bodily injury, personal injury and property damage, in limits as specified.

Delete Subparagraph 11.1.3 and substitute the following:

11.1.3 Two (2) Certificates of Insurance acceptable to the Owner shall be filed with the Owner prior to commencement of the Work. These Certificates and the insurance policies required by this Paragraph 11.1 shall contain a provision that coverages afforded under the policies will not be canceled or allowed to expire until at least 30 days' prior written notice has been given to the Owner; this shall be noted on the Certificates of Insurance. The foregoing insurance coverages are required to remain in force for one (1) year after final payment if written on a claims-made basis; therefore an additional certificate evidencing continuation of such coverage shall be submitted with the final Application for Payment as required by Subparagraph 9.10.2 The Contractor shall furnish one copy each of Certificates of Insurance for each copy of the Agreement which shall specifically set forth evidence of all insurance coverage required by the Contract Documents. The Certificate of Insurance shall be dated and show the name of the insured Contractor, the specific job by name and job number, the name of the insurer, the number of the policy, its effective date, and its termination date. The Contractor shall furnish a copy of the insurance policy to the Owner within 30 days following execution of the Agreement. The Supplemental Attachment form, AIA

document G715 shall be completed, signed by the Contractor's insurance representative and attached to the Acord certificate. Furnish to the owner a letter from the insurance company stating that all required insurance has been complied with as specified.

The Supplemental Attachment, The American Institute of Architects' (AIA) Document G715 is included at the end of this section.

11.2 OWNER'S INSURANCE

Add the following Subparagraph 11.2.1.1:

11.2.1.1 Bay District Schools will provide Builder's Risk Insurance.

11.3 WAIVERS OF SUBROGATION

Add Subparagraphs 11.3.3 to 11.3.5:

11.3.3 Partial occupancy or use in accordance with Paragraph 9.9 shall not commence until the insurance company or companies providing property insurance have consented to such partial occupancy or use by endorsement or otherwise. The Owner and the Contractor shall take reasonable steps to obtain consent of the insurance company or companies and shall, without mutual written consent, take no action with respect to partial occupancy or use that would cause cancellation, lapse or reduction of insurance.

11.3.4 The Owner and Contractor waive all rights against each other for damages caused by fire or other perils to the extent covered by insurance provided under this paragraph, except such rights as they may have to the proceeds of such insurance held by the Owner as trustee. The Contractor shall require similar waivers by Subcontractors and Sub-subcontractors.

ARTICLE 13 - MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS:

13.1 GOVERNING LAW:

13.1 Add the following:

"13.1.1 The Contractor and Subcontractors shall comply with all applicable provisions of the Florida Building Code Eighth Edition, 2023 (with latest supplements), Florida Fire Prevention Code Eighth Edition, 2023, applicable portions of the Florida Administrative Code, federal, state, and local law. All limits or standards set forth in this contract to be observed in the performance of the project are minimum requirements and shall not affect the application of more restrictive standards to the performance of the project."

“13.1.2 The Contractor and Subcontractors shall comply with the Owner’s personnel background check and badging of all on-site personnel. Refer to Section 00 98 00, Background Check.”

ARTICLE 15 - CLAIMS AND DISPUTES:

15.2 INITIAL DECISION:

15.2 Delete Paragraphs in its’ entirety and substitute the following:

“15.2.1 “Any claim, dispute or other matter in question between the Contractor, Subcontractor and the Owner, shall be referred to the Initial Decision Maker (the Architect will serve as the Initial Decision Maker unless otherwise indicated in the agreement), except those relating to artistic effect, and except those which have been waived by the Owner’s acceptance, shall be subject to litigation at instance of the aggrieved party. However, no litigation of any such claim, dispute or other matter may be commenced until the earlier of (1); the date on which the Initial Decision Maker had rendered a written decision, or (2); the tenth (10) day after the parties have presented their evidence to the Initial Decision Maker, or have been given a reasonable opportunity to do so, if the Initial Decision Maker has not rendered his written decision by that date. When such a written decision of the Initial Decision Maker states (1); that the decision is final, but subject to appeal, and (2); that any litigation of a dispute or other matter covered by such decisions must be filed before Final Completion by the party making the demand and received the written decision. Failure to commence litigation within said period will result in the Initial Decision Maker’s decision becoming final and binding upon the Contractor, Owner and the Subcontractor.”

ARTICLE 17 - EQUAL OPPORTUNITY:

ADD the following Article:

“17.1 The Contractor shall maintain policies of employment compliant with Executive Order #11246 as follows:

17.1.1 Neither the Contractor or any Subcontractors shall discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, religion, color, sex, national origin, or age. Such action shall include, but not be limited to the following: employment, upgrading, demotion or transfer, recruitment or advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The Contractor and Subcontractors agree to post in conspicuous places, available to employees and applicants of employment, notices setting forth the policies of non-discrimination.

17.1.2 The Contractor and all Subcontractors shall, in all solicitations advertisements for employees placed by them or on their behalf, state

that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, religion, color, sex, national, origin, or age”

END OF SECTION 00 80 00

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SECTION 008200 – SPECIAL CONDITIONS

TABLE OF CONTENTS:

ARTICLE 1: Permits and Fees
ARTICLE 2: Project Signs
ARTICLE 3: Layout of Work
ARTICLE 4: Temporary Fencing and Security
ARTICLE 5: Material Storage
ARTICLE 6: Temporary Toilet Facilities
ARTICLE 7: Use of Premises, Barricades and Protection
ARTICLE 8: Temporary Field Office, Facilities and Parking
ARTICLE 9: Cooperation - Disputes
ARTICLE 10: Cleanup
ARTICLE 11: Quality Control
ARTICLE 12: Changes to the Work
ARTICLE 13: Priority
ARTICLE 14: Cooperation with Public Service Companies
ARTICLE 15: Substitution of Materials and Equipment
ARTICLE 16: Fastening Devices
ARTICLE 17: Project Close-Out
ARTICLE 18: Historical and Archaeological Data Preservation
ARTICLE 19: Environmental (Endangered Species) Requirements
ARTICLE 20: Indemnification

- Attachment: Certificate of Substantial Completion Form
Attachment: Certificate of Contract Completion Form
Attachment: Warranty-Guarantee Form

PART I - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS:

These Special Conditions are hereby made a part of every Section of these Specifications and shall be binding upon each Contractor, Subcontractor, and Material Supplier.

ARTICLE 1: PERMITS AND FEES:

- A. Building Permit: A local building permit **is NOT** required for this project. The Owner shall obtain and pay for all required approvals and inspections for the building. The Contractor, Subcontractors, and Suppliers shall cooperate with the Owner in obtaining required approvals and inspections.
- B. Utility service connection fees (if required) and required utility service fees, if any, will be coordinated by the Contractor and paid for by the Owner.
- C. Other Permits and Fees: Other than as noted above, the Contractor shall assist in obtaining and arranging for payment for all other permits, assessments, fees, bonds, and other charges as necessary to perform and

complete the work of this contract, including any related inspection fees, in accordance with the contract between the Owner and the Contractor.

- D. The Contractor and Subcontractors will be subject to all applicable County and local Municipal Occupational License Fees and Taxes.

ARTICLE 2: PROJECT SIGNS:

- A. The Contractor will provide the project sign(s) as designed by the Architect and approved by the Owner. The signs will be **ONE (1) 4' x 8'** professionally painted (or digital printed and mounted) plywood signs indicating the Architect, Contractor and the Owner. Location to be as directed by the Owner's Representative. No other signs or advertising shall be displayed on the premises without the approval of the Owner. This does not exclude the posting of required trade notices and cautionary signage by the Contractor or the Subcontractors. Directional signage indicating construction entrances, contractor parking, and other miscellaneous information shall be provided as required by the Contractor.
- B. See SECTION 01 50 00 – PROJECT SIGN for additional requirements.

ARTICLE 3: LAYOUT OF WORK:

- A. All work, and in particular piping, ducts, conduit, and similar items, shall be neatly and carefully laid out to provide the most useful space utilization and the most orderly appearance. Except as otherwise indicated or directed, piping and similar work shall be installed as close to ceilings and walls as conditions reasonably permit, located to prevent interference with other work or with the use of the spaces in the manner required by the functions of the space as determined by the Construction Manager, Owner and Architect. Valves and clean-outs shall be located in inconspicuous but accessible locations and shall be field verified before proceeding with any work where exposed to view. The Contractor and Subcontractors shall carefully plan the layout and review any questionable installations with the Contractor and the Architect.
- B. Refer to Section 01 31 00, Project Management and Coordination, for required Coordination Drawings.

ARTICLE 4: TEMPORARY FENCING AND SECURITY:

- A. A temporary fencing enclosure **WILL BE** required for the duration of the construction period. The temporary fencing may need to be modified by the Contractor for the various phases of construction.
- B. The services of a watchman will **NOT** be provided by the Owner or the Architect. The Contractor shall be responsible for, and make good, any loss due to theft or vandalism during construction for any claim not covered by Builder's Risk Insurance.
- C. Subcontractors shall advise the Contractor and the Architect of any theft or damage which might delay the execution of the Work.
- D. See SECTION 01 50 00 – TEMPORARY FACILITIES AND CONTROLS for

additional requirements.

ARTICLE 5: MATERIAL STORAGE:

- A. Each Subcontractor shall provide sufficient protection for his materials and equipment from damages by weather or construction work, or theft. Location shall be coordinated and approved by the Contractor. During progress of work on a daily basis and upon completion of the work, remove all debris and leave the area in a clean and orderly condition.
- B. See SECTION 01 50 00 – TEMPORARY FACILITIES AND CONTROLS for additional requirements.

ARTICLE 6: TEMPORARY TOILET FACILITIES:

- A. The Contractor will obtain and maintain sanitary temporary toilet facilities acceptable to the local Health Department for use by all crew and workmen.
- B. Contractor and Subcontractors will not have access to existing toilet facilities within this facility or the adjacent buildings for the use of his crew and workmen.
- C. See SECTION 01 50 00 – TEMPORARY FACILITIES AND CONTROLS for additional requirements.

ARTICLE 7: USE OF PREMISES, BARRICADES AND PROTECTION:

- A. Subcontractors shall be subject to such rules and regulations for the conduct of the Work as the Contractor, Owner or Architect may establish.
- B. Before entering upon the Work, ascertain from the Contractor, as approved by the Owner and Architect, what entrances, routes, or roadways shall be used for access to the work, and use only the entrance, routes, and roadways designed for movement of personnel, materials, and vehicles to and from the work.
- C. Contractor shall provide and maintain in good repair barricades, fences, overhead protection, guard railings, etc., as required by law or necessary for the protection of the public and personnel engaged in the Work from hazards incidental to this contract. Take reasonable precautions necessary to protect Owner's employees, the public, and workmen from injury or damage to vehicles or other property.
- D. Whenever the Contractor intends to depart from the normal work hours, he shall notify the Owner and the Architect at least twenty (20) hours in advance. Failure of the Contractor to give such timely notice may be cause for the Architect to require the removal or uncovering of the Work performed during such time without the knowledge of the Architect but is subject to the approval of the Owner.
- E. Protect pavement, curbs, and all existing construction and improvements during the course of the Work and repair all parts of same which become damaged. Contractor and each Subcontractor shall be responsible for the necessary cleaning and repairing of adjacent streets and other

- improvements resulting from his operations.
- F. Each Contractor and Subcontractor shall be responsible for all damage to the Owner's property and this project due to his operations. Repair or replacement of damaged items shall be to the satisfaction of the Owner and the Architect.
 - G. Provide and maintain proper shoring and bracing for existing underground utilities, sewers, and building foundations, encountered during excavation work to protect them from collapse or movement, or other type of damage until such time as they are removed or repaired, incorporated into the new work, or can be properly backfilled upon completion of new work.
 - H. Maintain clearances adjacent to and in connection with the work performed.
 - I. The Contractor and each Subcontractor shall effectively confine dust, dirt, and noise to the actual construction areas.
 - J. All employees and people on-site shall maintain procedures as stated in the Contractor's safety program.
 - K. Each Subcontractor shall assume full responsibility for the protection and safekeeping of products under his control which are stored on the site. Subcontractors must move any stored products, under Subcontractor's control, which interfere with operations of the Contractor, Owner or other Subcontractors as directed by the Contractor.
 - L. Contractors and Subcontractors must also obtain and pay for use of additional storage or work areas needed for his operations. The Contractor shall receive from each Subcontractor, a receipt of shipment for all materials and equipment stored on-site (or off-site if approved). No materials or equipment shall be removed from the site without the permission of the Contractor and the Owner. No materials may be stored off-site unless approved in writing by the Contractor, Architect and Owner.
 - M. Contractor and each Subcontractor shall not load or permit any part of a structure to be loaded with a weight that will endanger its safety, or the safety of persons or property.
 - N. All employees of the Contractor and Subcontractors shall conduct themselves in a proper manner. Any disruptive behavior by any employee will cause that employee to be barred from the construction site and the Owner's property. The use of AM/FM radios is prohibited. Animals are not allowed on the property.
 - O. All pumping, bailing, or well point equipment necessary to keep excavations and trenches free from the accumulation of water during the entire progress of this work shall be the responsibility of the Contractor performing said excavations and trenches due to their scope of work. Dispose of water in such a manner as will not endanger public health or cause damage or expense to public or private property. Abide by the requirements of any public agencies having jurisdiction.
 - P. Contractor shall prepare a Safety Plan which clearly delineates areas for construction, safety barriers, exits, construction traffic during the various phases of the project prior to initiating construction. Contractor to submit the Plan to the Architect and Owner.

ARTICLE 8: TEMPORARY FIELD OFFICES FACILITIES AND PARKING:

- A. The Contractor, Owner and the Architect will designate an area for construction trailers (if required), equipment and parking for all construction workers. Placement and schedule shall be coordinated with the Contractor.
- B. Contractor shall provide a temporary field office with a meeting room of adequate size, and other temporary buildings as may be necessary for his operations as approved by the Owner. Storage and maintenance facilities shall be as required in accordance with the local Fire Marshall having jurisdiction. The Contractor shall arrange for the temporary electrical service and other utilities in his area for their use.
- C. The Contractor and/or Subcontractors shall maintain his designated space for office and sheds if provided. This includes removal of weeds, debris, and trash. Clean and restore space at completion of the work.
- D. Field offices and sheds shall not be used for living quarters.
- E. Offices and sheds, when provided, shall be of suitable and safe design, maintenance, and appearance. Temporary facilities shall be securely anchored to the ground to resist wind speed at the specific site of construction.

ARTICLE 9: COOPERATION - DISPUTES:

- A. The completion of the Project within the described time is dependent upon the close and active cooperation at all those engaged therein. Therefore, it is expressly understood and agreed that the Contractor and Subcontractors shall lay out and install his work at such time, and in such manner as not to delay or interfere with the carrying forward of the work of others, and as directed by the Contractor.
- B. In the event of any dispute arising as to possible or alleged interference between the various Subcontractors, which may retard the progress of the Work, the same shall be adjusted by the Contractor.

ARTICLE 10: CLEANUP:

- A. Contractor and Subcontractors shall be responsible for clean-up. Each Contractor shall clean their respective work areas on a daily basis as a minimum.

ARTICLE 11: QUALITY CONTROL:

- A. It is the Contractor's and the Subcontractor's responsibility to familiarize himself with all required tolerances and quality assurance clauses, which are a part of the Contract Documents. It is also the Contractor's and the Subcontractor's responsibility to reject or condemn work performed by his forces or the Sub-Subcontractor's forces which does not comply with the requirements set forth in the Contract Documents, or as required by law,

- codes, etc. NOTE: If a conflict appears between the tolerances and quality assurance of published industry standards and the requirements of the Contract Documents, the Contract Document requirements will govern.
- B. The Owner, Engineer and Architect will conduct periodic observations of the Work as it progresses. Should the Owner, Engineer or the Architect reject any portion of the Work, he will promptly notify the Contractor with a Notice of Non-Conformance/Rejected Work. The Contractor will immediately provide the responsible Subcontractors with a Notice of Non-Conformance/Rejected Work and upon receipt of such notification shall, within 48 hours, inform the Contractor, Owner and Architect of his intended plan of action.
 - C. The Contractor and Subcontractors should be aware that no monies will be awarded against defective work until such work is completed in a manner satisfactory to the Owner and Architect. In addition, the A/E, depending on the extent of the rejected work, may decide to withhold additional monies to compensate for the projected cost of repairs.
 - D. In the event a Subcontractor fails to cooperate in the coordination program, he will be held responsible for all costs incurred for adjustments to the work of others made necessary to accommodate the uncooperative Contractor's installations.
 - E. When a change order request is issued, the affected Subcontractors shall review the Coordination Drawings and bring to the attention of the Contractor any revisions necessary to the work of others not directly affected by the change order.

ARTICLE 12: CHANGES TO THE WORK:

- A. During the course of the Contractor's and Subcontractor's performance of the work necessary to complete the subject Project, certain events may occur which have the effect of changing the conditions under which the work is to be performed as specified and described in the Bidding Documents and/or the nature and extent of the work as specified and described in the Contract Documents.
- B. The occurrence of such events may cause the Contractor and Subcontractors to incur greater or less cost and expense to perform the work required to complete the subject Project. The Contractor, Subcontractor(s) or the Owner shall respectively be entitled to either an increase or decrease in the Contract Sum, whichever is the case. The changes shall be made as documented in Section 00 70 00, AIA A201 General Conditions and Section 00 80 00 Supplementary General Conditions.

ARTICLE 13: PRIORITY:

- A. In case of close quarters for installation of mechanical and electrical systems, and in the absence of instructions to the contrary, the following order or precedence shall be followed:
 - 1. Special Equipment - Electric Devices
 - 2. Light Fixtures

3. Sheet Metal Duct Work
 4. Plumbing Work, including fire protection piping
 5. Mechanical Work, including electrical and A/C pipes
 6. Electrical Work
 7. Control System
- B. **After award of contracts and prior to start of construction the Contractor will schedule a meeting with the Contractors responsible for the work items listed above.** The purpose of the meeting will be to introduce the coordination program and to determine its implementation in relation to the progress schedule.
- C. At the initial coordination meeting, the Contractor will provide to the HVAC and Electrical Contractors the drawings for the building on ELECTRONIC MEDIA in Autodesk ACAD Architectural Desktop (2019 Version). The Architect will provide the Contractor with the digital files of the building for the Contractor's and Subcontractor's use to prepare Shop Drawings, Coordination Drawings, and As-Built Drawings upon receipt of accepted AIA Documents E203-2013 and G201-2013 Digital Protocol Agreements and the Architect's Digital File Release Forms from all users. **The HVAC and Electrical Contractors, with reference and consideration to the structural, mechanical, electrical, fire protection, plumbing, and reflected ceiling plans, shall draw to scale, his proposed installation showing duct sizes, equipment layouts, and dimensions from column lines and from finished floors to bottom of ducts. Ductwork shall be maintained as tight as possible to the underside of floor slabs and/or beams.** In congested areas, the HVAC Contractor shall, in addition, prepare drawings in section view. During this phase of the program, it shall be the Electrical Contractor's and the Fire Protection System Contractor's responsibility to furnish the HVAC Contractor with recessed lighting and sprinkler installation and clearance requirements. This information shall be outlined on the drawings by the HVAC Contractor. Also refer to Section 01 31 00, Project Management and Coordination for the required Coordination Drawings.
- D. In the event a Subcontractor fails to cooperate in the coordination program, he will be held responsible for all costs incurred for adjustments to the work of others made necessary to accommodate the uncooperative Contractor's installations.
- E. When a change order request is issued, the affected Subcontractors shall review the Coordination Drawings and bring to the attention of the Contractor any revisions necessary to the work of others not directly affected by the change order.

ARTICLE 14: COOPERATION WITH PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANIES:

- A. Contractors shall notify the appropriate persons within local utilities 48 hours before commencement of any work, to verify location of existing below grade pipes, cables, poles, towers, and right-of-ways that could be hazardous to life, limb, health or property. The Contractors will be held solely responsible

for any injury, damage to existing utilities, or damaged property.

ARTICLE 15: SUBSTITUTION OF MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT:

- A. All bids submitted shall be based on materials, equipment, and apparatus of the quality and make specified. The Architect will include at least three (3) approved manufacturers, as reasonably possible, but the manufacturers shall comply with the basis-of-design specifications. The Bidder's attention is directed to Section 255.04, Florida Statutes, which requires that on public building contracts, Florida products and labor shall be used wherever price and quality are equal. However, Bidders wishing to obtain approval of an article, device, product, material, fixture, form, or type of construction other than specified or shown by name, make, or catalog number, shall make written request to the Architect timed so as to reach the Architect at least seven (7) working days prior to the date of receipt of bids. Such requests shall be accompanied by data supporting the claim to equality or equivalence.
- B. "Or Equal": The Contractor and Subcontractors shall not decide that another product is equal or equivalent to the brand, or model specified. The Architect is solely charged with this responsibility and judgment. Where "or equal" is stated in the Specifications, it is the Architect/Engineer's and not the Contractor's or Subcontractor's decision as to what brands or suppliers qualify as equal, or equivalent, or do not qualify as equal or equivalent.
- C. The Bidder shall submit drawings and other descriptive data of any modification, or items of assemblies, necessary to provide approved compliance with requirements and compatibility with adjacent components.
- D. Approval by the Architect, if given, will be made by Addendum. Said approval will indicate that the additional article, device, product material, fixture, form, or type of construction is approved for use insofar as the requirements of this Project are concerned. However, it is the responsibility of the Contractor to ensure that the approved item meets all requirements of the Contract. Bids shall not be based on assumed acceptance of any item which has not been approved by Addendum or specified herein. If a substitute item is bid without prior written approval, the Architect holds the option to void that bid, or require that the work be incorporated as specified at no additional cost to the Owner or Architect.
- E. Under no circumstance will the Architect/Engineer be required to prove that a product proposed for substitution is, or is not, equal or equivalent quality to the product specified. It is mandatory that the Bidder submit a complete description of the proposed substitute, the name of the material or equipment for which it is to be substituted, drawings, cuts, performance and test data, and any other data, samples or information necessary for a complete evaluation. Insufficient data will not be considered.
- F. Where more than one (1) manufacturer's product is listed, the listing is not necessarily in order of preference, and all will be considered as equally acceptable as long as they meet the design requirements of the Contract Documents and as determined by the Architect/Engineer.

- G. The Contractor shall provide the same guarantee for an approved substitution, if approved, that is originally required for the originally specified product.

ARTICLE 16: FASTENING DEVICES:

- A. All exposed screw and bolt heads in secure spaces throughout the interior of the Project (this specifically excludes mechanical and electrical rooms) shall comply with the following:
 - 1. Any item which requires periodic access for maintenance shall have "spanner-head" fastening devices, or approved equal, which enables removal of the fastener with appropriate special tools.
 - 2. All exposed fastening devices shall be of tamper-proof design, where ever possible, as approved by the Architect/Engineer.
 - 3. All exterior fasteners shall be stainless steel unless otherwise specified by individual Sections.

ARTICLE 17: PROJECT CLOSE-OUT/DOCUMENTS:

- A. The Contractor and each Subcontractor shall be responsible for collecting, identifying, and collating the following materials, as applicable to his portion of the Work, and shall submit the same (in duplicate) to the A/E. The Contractor, shall properly organize the materials from himself and the various Contractors and Subcontractors into hard cover, **3-ring binders**, and shall deliver copies of the finished books to the A/E for verification. The Architect/Engineer will deliver the approved copies to the Owner for approval. This process, together with the As-Built Drawing requirements, must be completed before the Final Certificate for Payment will be issued by the Architect.
- B. INDEXING: All information shall be organized with categories indexed as per the project close-out index. The individual categories shall also be organized and indexed as per Section of the Specifications.

C. LISTING OF CONTRACTOR AND SUB-CONTRACTORS: The Contractor shall provide a listing of all Sub-Contractors performing work on the site.

Required information shall be as follows:

(Example)

Division 1

CM / Contractor Representative's Name

Company Name

Title

Address

Phone Number

Facsimile Number

Division 2

Earth Moving and Site Grading

Representative's Name

Title
Company Name
Phone Number
Address
Facsimile Number

- D. CERTIFICATE OF SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION: The Contractor shall insert, at this point, a copy of the fully executed Certificate of Substantial Completion on the form incorporated in the project documents, as future reference for the Owner.
- E. CERTIFICATE OF STRUCTURES LOCATIONS: The Contractor shall have a state registered surveyor certify, in writing, with seal affixed, that the location of all new structure(s) is in compliance with the Contract Documents.
- F. TESTING, INSPECTIONS AND CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY: The Contractor shall provide copies of all test and balance reports from his Subcontractors as required. (See Division 21 thru 28.) Provide copies of all Certificates of Inspection from controlling authorities for each trade, division, or section of work, as required. Provide a copy of final executed Certificate of Occupancy.
- G. CONSENT OF SURETY: The Contractor and Contractors shall provide a Consent of Surety on A.I.A. Document G707, Latest Edition.
- H. WARRANTY, GUARANTEE AND BONDS:
1. The Contractor and Subcontractors shall, and hereby does guarantee all Work and materials called for in the Contract Documents, including all work performed by the Contractor and his Subcontractors, for a minimum period of one (1) year from the date of Substantial Completion of the building, unless a longer Warranty/Guarantee time is specified by individual Sections.

The Contractor shall provide a listing of all Sub-Contractors performing work on the site. Required information shall be as follows:

(Example)
Division 1
CM / Contractor Representative's Name
Company Name
Title
Address
Phone Number
Facsimile Number
Start and End of Warranty

Division 2
Earth Moving and Site Grading
Representative's Name
Title
Company Name
Phone Number
Address
Facsimile Number
Start and End of Warranty

2. Warranty guarantee and bonds will be as stated in the Contractor's contract.

I. INSTRUCTION/OPERATION MANUALS AND KEYS:

1. Contractor shall provide all equipment diagrams, instruction/operation manuals, wiring diagrams, and pneumatic and/or electrical control diagrams as applicable for each working characteristic of mechanical, electrical, and special equipment furnished under this Contract, and submitted at Substantial Completion.
2. The Contractor and Subcontractors shall provide a competent and experienced person(s) thoroughly familiar with the work, for a reasonable period of time to instruct the Owner's personnel in operation and maintenance of equipment, materials, and control systems. This instruction shall include normal start-up, run, stop, and emergency operations, location and operation of all controls, alarms, and alarm systems.
3. Label turn-over all keys.

K. MAINTENANCE MANUALS AND SPARE PARTS:

(All items in this Section are required prior to issuance of Certificate of Substantial Completion.)

1. Contractor shall provide all instructions and maintenance manuals for products, mechanical, electrical, and special equipment. This instruction shall include tracing the system in the field and on the diagrams in the manuals so that maintenance personnel will be thoroughly familiar with both systems and the data supplied.
2. Contractor shall submit all parts lists, spare parts, tools, fuses, bulbs, and motor listing, containing locations, motor nameplate, rating, and size of overload relay installed.
3. Contractor shall also provide all maintenance letters as listed in the specifications for manufacturer's cleaning procedures, materials and equipment to be used, including instruction as listed above.

J. AS-BUILT DRAWINGS:

1. Final corrected "As-Built" or "Record" drawings shall be complete and accepted by the Architect/Engineer.
2. Refer to Article 3.11.1, Record Drawings, for specified process and requirements.

ARTICLE 18: HISTORICAL AND ARCHAEOLOGICAL DATA PRESERVATION:

- A. The Contractor agrees to facilitate the preservation and enhancement of structures and objects of historical, architectural or archaeological significance and when such items are found and/or unearthed during the course of project construction. Any excavation by the Contractor that uncovers an historical or archaeological artifact shall be immediately reported to the Owner and a representative of the Architect. Construction within the immediate area shall be temporarily halted pending the notification process and further directions issued by the Architect after consultation with the State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) for recovery of the items. See the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (80 Stat 915, 16 U.S.C. § 470) and Executive Order No. 11593 of May 31, 1971.

ARTICLE 19 ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS:

- A. Endangered Species. The Contractor shall comply with the Endangered Species Act, which provides for the protection of endangered and/or threatened species and critical habitat. Should any evidence of the presence of endangered and/or threatened species or their critical habitat be brought to the attention of the Contractor, the Contractor will immediately report this evidence to the Owner and a representative of the Architect. Construction within the affected area shall be temporarily halted pending the notification process and further directions issued by the Architect after consultation with the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission.

ARTICLE 20: INDEMNIFICATION:

- A. To be as stated in the Contract between Owner and Contractor.

END OF SECTION 008200

CERTIFICATE OF SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

Date: _____
_____ Project No.

The work performed under the Contract dated _____
between _____
_____ (the Owner)
and _____ (the Contractor),
for the construction of _____
(Building Name)
was found to be Substantially Completed as of _____ (Date).

The term "Substantial Completion" shall mean that the construction is sufficiently completed in accordance with the Plans and Specifications, as modified in any Change Order agreed to by the parties, so that the Owner can occupy the building and/or utilize the facility/project for the use for which it was intended without hazard to the occupants or to the facility.

A list of items to be completed or corrected is appended hereto. This list may not be exhaustive and the failure to include an item on it does not alter the responsibility of the Contractor or the Contractor to complete all the work in accordance with the Contract Documents, including authorized changes thereto.

The Contractor will complete or correct the work on the list of items appended hereto within thirty (15) consecutive calendar days from the Date of Substantial Completion.

Owner assumed full possession of the facility above described on _____.

The responsibility of the Contractor to provide utilities, under the Contract Documents shall cease that date and the one-year warranty period or other specified warranty/guarantees so specified shall begin. Insurance coverage shall continue in accordance with provisions as amended in the Contract Documents.

(Architect/Engineer) _____ (Authorized Representative)

(Contractor) _____ (Authorized Representative)

(Owner) _____ (Authorized representative)

CERTIFICATE OF CONTRACT COMPLETION

AGENCY/OWNER: _____

PROJECT: _____

CONTRACTOR: _____

CONTRACT FOR: _____

CONTRACT DATE: _____

CONTRACT AMOUNT: _____

CONTRACTOR'S AFFIDAVIT: _____

I solemnly swear (or affirm): That the work under the above named Contract and all Amendments thereto have been satisfactorily completed; that all amounts payable for materials, labor and other charges against the project will be paid; that no liens have been attached against the project; that no suits are pending by reason of work on the project under the Contract; that all Workers' Compensation Claims are covered by Workers' Compensation Insurance as required by law; and that all public liability claims are covered by insurance.

CONTRACTOR: _____

Signature: _____

Date: _____

Title: _____

(SEAL)

STATE OF _____

COUNTY OF _____

Personally appeared before me this _____ day of _____, _____, known (or made known) to me to be the (OWNER) OR (PARTNER) _____ of , (Corporate Official Title) _____

Contractor(s), who, being by me duly sworn, subscribed to the foregoing affidavit in my presence.
(Notary Public)

(Type Name): _____

My Commission Expires: _____

WARRANTY – GUARANTEE

Submit for each individual Warranty – Guarantee specified in each Section of the Specifications:

Division No.: _____

Section No.: _____

Title No.: _____

TO: (Owner)

RE: (Project Name)

(Contractor's Name): _____

_____, does hereby certify to all guarantees and warranties taking effect on the date of Substantial Completion and shall remain in force as required by the Contract Documents for the Construction of ; and further certifies that all labor, materials, equipment or items necessary to execute said guarantees and warranties shall be furnished at no cost to the Owner for the duration of each guarantee or warranty period.

WARRANTY – GUARANTEE PERIOD:

(Contractor's Name) _____

(Address) _____

By: _____(type name of signee below)

Title: _____

Sworn to and subscribed before me this

(NOTARIAL SEAL)

_____ day of _____, _____.

Notary Public, State of Florida

My Commission Expires: _____

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SECTION 000950 - DIRECT PURCHASES BY OWNER

1. The OWNER is tax exempt and may wish to exercise its right to purchase directly various construction materials, supplies and equipment that may be part of this Contract. The OWNER will, via its purchase orders, purchase the materials and the CONTRACTOR shall assist the OWNER in the preparation of purchase orders. The OWNER may direct the CONTRACTOR to prepare the purchase order on the OWNER'S form and make ready for verification and execution by the OWNER. The materials may be purchased from the vendors/suppliers selected by the CONTRACTOR, for the price originally negotiated by the CONTRACTOR. The CONTRACTOR will prepare a list of materials, supplies and equipment and the OWNER will advise the CONTRACTOR which items from the list it wishes to purchase directly, with enough lead time to allow this request to be incorporated into the overall construction schedule.
2. The Contract amount shall be reduced by the net, undiscounted amount of the purchase order, plus all sales taxes. Issuance of the purchase orders by the Owner does not change any of the CONTRACTOR'S responsibilities regarding material purchases, or installations, with the exception of the payments for the materials so purchased. The CONTRACTOR remains responsible for coordination, correct quantities ordered, submittals, protection, storage, scheduling, shipping, security, expediting, receiving, checking shipping tickets, and invoices, installation, cleaning all applicable warranties, and that all materials purchased meet the requirements of the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.
3. In the event that materials, supplies, or equipment purchased under this option, are defective or rejected for any reason whatsoever, and it becomes necessary in the opinion of the CONTRACTOR to initiate legal action against the responsible party, the OWNER agrees to assign and subordinate to the CONTRACTOR any claims the OWNER has against the responsible party resulting from the purchase order and to execute any legal documents necessary to accomplish the assignment, subordination or subrogation of such claims, and to cooperate with the CONTRACTOR in such legal action.

ATTEST

Secretary

(SEAL)

ATTEST

Secretary

CONTRACTOR:

BY: _____

As its

OWNER: THE BAY DISTRICT
SCHOOLS, PANAMA CITY, FLORIDA

BY:

Chairman

DATE:



OFFICE OF
BILL HUSFELT
SUPERINTENDENT

1311 Balboa Avenue
Panama City, Florida
32401

(850) 872-4100
Hearing Impaired Access
(800) 955-8770 Voice
(800) 955-8771 TDD

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Board Members

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District 2

Pamm Chapman
District 3

Ryan Neves
District 4

Steve Moss
District 5

BAY DISTRICT SCHOOL BOARD DIRECT PURCHASE PROCEDURE

CONTRACTOR INFORMATION SHEET

Requesting a Purchase Order

In an effort to save the additional cost of sales tax, the District may purchase major materials for this construction project, at its discretion. This procedure does not alter, modify or relieve the General Contractor of any obligations specified in the contract documents or of any responsibilities regarding the compliance with specification requirements, coordination, protection, scheduling or warranty.

The General Contractor shall be familiar with Section 01028, "Direct Material Purchase Procedure" in the Project Manual.

The contractors will make out a "Request for Purchase Order" (RPO) {Attachment 1} for orders of approximately \$5,000 and above. Special delivery instructions or other information such as specifications that are required by the vendor should be attached to the (RPO). The (RPO) will be sent to the Facilities Department through the General Contractor.

A purchase order for the material will be processed by the Facilities Department and forwarded to the vendor along with a letter explaining billing procedures {Attachment 2}. A copy of this purchase order will be sent to the General Contractor.

Submitting Invoices for Payment

In the letter sent to vendors {Attachment 2}, vendors are instructed to send invoices directly to the General Contractor. The General Contractor will approve all invoices and forward a copy of each invoice and a Vendor Invoice Transmittal Form {Attachment 3} to the Bay District Schools Facilities Department for payment.

Change Orders

Change Orders to make adjustments in the contract for direct material purchases will be issued periodically as needed. An agreement should be reached as to whether the Facilities Department or the Contractor will initiate the change order. Regardless of which agency initiates the change order the Facilities Department and Contractor should agree on the details of the change order information prior to being sent to the Architect for preparation.

Miscellaneous

It is important for the direct material purchase records of the Facilities Department and the Contractor to agree. It is recommended that periodically during construction, the Contractor provide a copy of their breakdown of direct material payments to the Facilities Department so that possible errors may be found earlier rather than later.

REQUEST FOR PURCHASE ORDER
Bay District Schools - Capital Projects Direct Purchase

Requisition #: _____

PROJECT: _____ **Bay District P.O. #** _____

Contractor: _____ **Date:** _____

Subcontractor: _____ **Vendc** _____

Delivery Address: _____

Vendor: _____

Vendor Address: _____

Vendor Phone: _____ **Fax:** _____

Vendor Contact Person: _____

Vendor Email Address: _____ **(REQUIRED)**

Item No.	Description	Qty	Unit Price	Total Price

NOTES:	Total	\$-
1. You may attach a typed list of items to be ordered	Shipping (Not taxable)	
2. Only include materials that become part of the project.	TOTAL	\$ -
3. Do not include: Labor or Tax		
4. Do not include items that will be used and disposed of or returned to your facility (i.e. tools, paint filter, drop clothes, brushes, etc.		
5. Please breakout the shipping charge or have your supplier bill you directly for shipping		

Requested Delivery Date: _____

Special Delivery Instructions: _____

Fund	Func	Object	Center	Project	Prjx	Amount



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SUPERINTENDENT

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Board Members

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District 1

Brenda Ruthven
District 2

Pamm Chapman
District 3

Winston Chester
District 4

Steve Moss
District 5

MEMORANDUM - SAMPLE

TO: [VENDOR NAME]
FROM: Lee Walters, Executive Director of Facilities
DATE: January 20, 2021
SUBJECT: Direct Material Purchase
Purchase Order # _____ - \$ _____

The Bay District School Board is making this purchase under the District Direct Material Purchase Procedure. The purpose of this procedure is to eliminate the cost of the sales tax for the School District. The Bay District School Board is exempt from all state and county sales tax; tax exemption number 13-06-024866-53C. However, the Contractor is fully responsible for all aspects of this purchase, as if the material purchase was made directly by the company.

All inquiries related to this purchase order should be directed to the Contractor:

GAC Contractors, Inc.
4116 Hwy. 231
Panama City, FL 32404
850-769-3477- Phone

Bay High STEM Building – New Construction

When material is delivered it will be inspected by a Bay District School Board representative and the contractor.

If the material is not acceptable for any reason, the Contractor will negotiate with the supplier on behalf of the School Board to correct any discrepancy.

Supplier shall provide required shipping and handling insurance.

Two copies of payment invoices are required and should be addressed to the contractor listed above. The general contractor will approve and forward the invoices to Bay District School Board for payment.

I VERIFY RECEIPT OF PURCHASE ORDER Fax verification to 850-873-7153

Signature

Printed Name

Attachment 3

VENDOR INVOICE TRANSMITTAL NO: _____ DATE: _____

VENDOR: _____ SCHOOL BOARD PO # _____

TO: Sharron Smith Facilities Department Bay County School Board 1311 Balboa Avenue Panama City, FL 32401		FROM: {Contractor Name} [Contractor Address] {Contractor Address}	
Render Payment To: {Vendor Name} {Vendor Address} {Vendor Address}			
Invoice Number		Invoice Amount	
TOTAL			
PURCHASE ORDER BREAKDOWN:			
Purchase Order Amount:			
Previously Paid:			
Amount Due This Request:			
Balance to Finish:			
Total Billed to Date			
I certify that the above materials have been received in good condition and payment may be made.			
Authorized Signature: _____			
Printed Name & Title: _____			

SECTION 000951 - DIRECT MATERIAL PURCHASE PROCEDURE

PART 1 - MAJOR MATERIAL PURCHASE

1.01 GENERAL:

- A. As a service to Contractors, and as a cost savings measure for the District, Bay County School Board may direct purchase major materials for construction project.

1.02 PROCEDURE

- A. The School Board may issue purchase orders and process payment for invoices approved by the Contractor. The Construction Manager (C.M.) is responsible for all ordering of materials, delivery, installation and warranty. This purchase process does not alter, modify or relieve the C.M. of any obligations specified in the Contract Documents.

1.03 COST OF MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

- A. C.M. will include the cost of construction materials and equipment in the Guaranteed Maximum Price. The Guaranteed Maximum Price will also include all Florida State sales and other taxes normally applicable to such material and equipment. The Owner may, at its own discretion, purchase such materials and equipment directly from the supplier. The Owner may consider purchasing any item but does not expect to purchase items less than \$5,000.

1.04 SALES TAX

- A. In the event the owner elects to make direct purchases, the C.M. will not be responsible for paying sales tax on such items. Such items are referred to in this Section as "Direct Purchase Material". The responsibilities of the Owner, Architect/Engineer (A/E) and C.M. relative to the Direct Material Purchase shall be governed by the terms and conditions of this Section. This Section shall take precedence over any conflicting conditions and terms of other Contract Documents. All clerical, administrative, management, supervisory, inspection, handling, storage and other costs necessary for the C.M. to comply with this Section are included in the C.M.'s Guaranteed Maximum Price.

1.05 COST OF BONDS

- A. Cost of the bonds shall be included in the C.M.'s Guaranteed Maximum Price. The C.M. may select the supplier or suppliers from whom it wishes to purchase materials or equipment as long as the material or equipment meets the specification which relates to that material or equipment.

1.06 SUBCONTRACTORS COMPLIANCE

The C.M. shall furnish the Owner, through the A/E, with a Direct Material Purchase Form identifying each item or material or equipment to be purchased by the Contractor for the Project. The Direct Material Purchase Form shall include:

1. The name, address, telephone number and contact person for the supplier and the name and address of the project.
2. Manufacturer or brand, model or specification number of the item.
3. Quantity needed as estimated by the C.M. or subcontractor.
4. The price quoted by the supplier for the material or equipment in questions.
5. Any sales tax associated with such quote.
6. Shipping, handling and insurance costs.
7. Delivery dates as established by the C.M. or subcontractor.
8. Special terms and conditions which have been negotiated with the supplier relative to payment terms, discounts, rebates, warranty, credits or other terms and conditions which will revert to the Owner.
9. Statement with the submittal control number that material/equipment have been reviewed and approved by A/E during the shop drawing submittal process.

1.08 OWNER'S PURCHASE ORDER

- A. Promptly upon receipt of a Direct Material Purchase Form, the Owner will initiate a purchase order for the material/equipment which the Owner chooses to purchase. The purchase order shall require that the supplier provide required shipping and handling insurance. The purchase order shall also require the delivery of the Direct Material Purchase items on the delivery dates provided by the C.M. in the Request Form. A copy of each purchase order will be furnished to the C.M. The C.M. shall promptly review the copy of the purchase order and verify that items ordered are in accordance with the Direct Materials Purchase Request Form, the terms of this contract, and with the C.M.'s requirements.
- B. The invoice for the Direct Material Purchase items will be sent directly to the Owner with a courtesy copy sent to the C.M.

1.09 DEDUCTIVE CHANGE ORDERS

- A. The C.M. shall prepare and execute, on a monthly basis, deductive Change Orders to reflect purchases made by the Owner. The amount of the deduction shall be based on the requisition amount plus sales tax. These Change Orders must be executed before the related purchase order will be paid.
- B. Contractor's overhead and profit shall not be deducted on change orders for Direct Material Purchase items.

1.10 SHOP DRAWINGS

- A. Nothing in this Section shall alter or modify the procedures for submission of shop drawings and other submittals by the C.M.

1.11 DELIVERY TO JOB SITE

- A. When the Direct Material Purchase Items are delivered to the project, either by common carrier or manufacturer's/supplier's vehicle, the title to these items shall pass to the Owner. The Owner's Representative and C.M. shall jointly inspect each deliver for manufacturer/brand, quantity and condition. The C.M. and Owner's Representative shall both sign the invoice after the inspection; by this process the ownership will transfer from the Owner to the C.M.
- B. There upon; the C.M. shall be fully responsible for all matters relating to the receipt, protection and risk loss of Direct Material Purchase Items the same as if such items were purchased by the C.M. or subcontractor until such items are incorporated and accepted by the Owner as a finished product.
- C. At a minimum, the C.M. shall verify correct quantities, verify documentation, coordinate and expedite delivery, obtain and verify warranties required by contract documents, inspect and accept each item at the time of delivery, unload, handle and store the item.
- D. Direct purchase of materials by the Owner in no way relieves the C.M. of any responsibilities regarding the compliance with specification requirements, coordination, protection, scheduling or warranty.
- E. As Direct Material Purchase Items are delivered to the job-site, Contractor shall visually inspect all shipments, and approve the supplier's shipping documents and the courtesy invoice. The C.M. and Owner's Representative shall assure that each delivery is accomplished by documentation adequate to identify the purchase order against which the purchase is made.
- F. After courtesy invoices have been signed by both the C.M. and Owner's Representative, the completed invoices will be processed for payment.
- G. The C.M. shall inspect to determine that Direct Material Purchase Items conform to the purchase requisition form and determine prior to the incorporation into the project is such materials are defective. If the C.M. discovers defective or non-conforming items it shall not utilize such items in the project and shall promptly notify Owner of the defect or non-conformity and assist Owner in obtaining repair or replacement of item.
- H. The C.M. shall be fully responsible and liable to the Owner if they fail to perform such inspection or otherwise permit defective or non-conforming material or equipment to be incorporated into the project. This requirement does not relieve the C.M. of its obligation to ensure that materials requested for purchase have

been reviewed and approved by the A/E through shop drawing and submittal procedures.

1.12 WARRANTY

- A. Contractor warrants Direct Material Purchase Items the same as all other materials and equipment furnished by the C.M. and nothing in this Section shall alter or modify the C.M.'s obligations under the Contract relative to warranties.

1.13 INSURANCE

- A. The C.M. shall purchase the insurance for the benefit and protection of the Owner, A/E and C.M. sufficient to protect against any loss of or damage to Direct Materials Purchase Items. The Owner is paying for this insurance as part of the Contract Price.
- B. Such insurance shall cover the full value of any Owner-Furnished Materials not yet incorporated into the project starting from the time of material acceptance. The C.M. shall be solely responsible for any loss or damage attributed to the C.M. to the extent that the Owner is not compensated by the insurance stated above.

1.14 DELAY OR INTERRUPTION

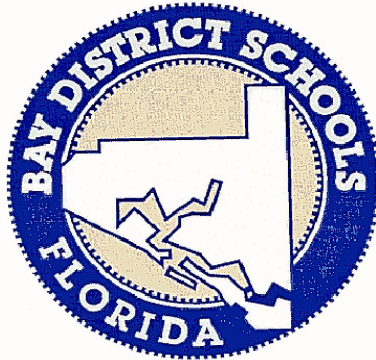
- A. Owner shall not be liable for any interruption or delay damages in connection with Direct Material Purchase Items except where Owner fails within (30) days of receipt or a Purchasing Requisition Form to either cause the Owner to award a Purchase Order or notify the C.M. that the Owner elects not to purchase an item.

1.15 REPORTS

- A. The C.M. shall on a bi-weekly basis provide Owner with documentation establishing the amount and nature of the material and equipment delivered by suppliers and accepted by the C.M. during the reporting period.
- B. The C.M. shall correspond all material and equipment to purchase orders, courtesy invoices, delivery tickets, and inspection and acceptance reports.
- C. The C.M. shall also obtain lien waivers and other releases from suppliers. Upon receipt of appropriate documentation from the C.M., payment will be made by owner directly to the appropriate supplier.

END OF SECTION 000951

Rutherford High School Building 1 and 2 HVAC Renovation For Bay District Schools Panama City, FL



Mark McQueen	Superintendent
Jerry Register	District I
Ann Leonard	District II
Chris Moore	District III
Winston Chester	District IV
Steve Moss	District V
Leon Walters	Director of Facilities

Statement of Compliance:

To the best of my knowledge, these drawings and the project manual are complete and comply with the Florida Building Code.

Date: May 24, 2024
Construction Documents

4452 Clinton Street
Marianna, FL 32446
FL Certificate of Authorization: 27825
David N Watford, PE Florida License: 58208



SECTION 011000 - SUMMARY OF WORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS: Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division-1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- 1.02 PROJECT DESCRIPTION
- A. The HVAC Renovations, Rutherford High School Buildings 1 and 2 project consists of approximately 52422 SF of renovation as indicated on drawings.
1. Project Location: Panama City, FL
 2. Owner: Bay District Schools
- B. Contract Documents dated May 24, 2024 were prepared for the Project by Watford Engineering, Inc., 4452 Clinton Street, Marianna, FL
- C. The work consists of:
1. Selective demolition of mechanical, electrical, and plumbing systems. Selective demolition of related systems.
 2. New chilled and hot water piping, air handling units, ductwork, variable volume terminal units, and digital controls.
 3. Related Electrical
 4. New domestic water heater and piping.
 5. Related general trades work including ceilings, landscape restoration, painting, etc.
- D. Work Sequence: The work will be conducted in such a sequence to minimize interference to Owner's normal activities.
- E. Applicable Codes: All work shall be completed in accordance with the following codes where applicable:
- | | | |
|----|--|----------------------|
| 1. | Florida Building Code, Building (FBC,B), | Eighth Edition 2023 |
| 2. | Florida Building Code, Accessibility (FBC,A) | Eighth Edition, 2023 |
| 3. | Florida Building Code, Mechanical (FBC,M) | Eighth Edition, 2023 |
| 4. | Florida Building Code, Fuel Gas (FBC,FG) | Eighth Edition, 2023 |
| 5. | Florida Building Code, Plumbing (FBC.P) | Eighth Edition, 2023 |
| 6. | Florida Fire Prevention Code (FFPC) | Eighth Edition, 2023 |
| 7. | National Electric Code (NEC) | 2020 |
| 8. | NFPA 101 | 2021 |
- F. Product Approval: The Contractor shall, for each product installed in the building envelope, either; provide the applicable Product Approval Numbers OR provide certification (for alternate means of Building code approval) that products installed conform to the Florida Building Code

Eighth Edition, 2023. The list of products is as follows:

1. Exterior doors.
2. Windows.
3. Roofing products.
4. Structural components.
5. Other products as applicable.

Note: The list shown above is not comprehensive. No effort was made to list each and every possible aperture in the building envelope. The Contractor shall determine what products apply and furnish the applicable Product Approval Numbers, or the required testing and subsequent certifications to meet the Florida Building Code. The Product Approval List can be found within the Florida Building Code website.

- G. Contractor: Construction Manager has been engaged for this project to serve as Contractor who in turn Subcontracts all or portions of the work. In Divisions 1 through 33, the terms “Construction Manager” and “Contractor” are synonymous.

1.03 CONTRACTOR USE OF PREMISES

- A. General: During the construction period, the contractor shall have use of the premises for construction activities in areas indicated or agreed upon by the Owner.
1. Confine operations to areas within Contract limits indicated. Portions of the site beyond areas in which construction operations are indicated are not to be disturbed.
 2. Contractor to note/delineate any wetlands and protect them during construction. BDS to be held harmless if subcontractors invade this area.
 3. Keep surrounding driveways, sidewalks, and entrances serving the site clear and available to the Owner and Visitors at all times. Do not use these areas for parking or storage of materials.
- B. Construction Safeguards: The contractor shall construct safeguards to protect personnel and visitors from the construction areas and areas where materials are stored. Limits of the construction safeguards shall be determined by the Owner.

- 1.04 DRESS CODE AND CONDUCT: All workmen on the construction site shall always wear a shirt. No workmen shall engage in any verbal expressions or physical gestures directed towards any visitors, employees of Owner, or any other person at this construction site which may be considered sexual harassment. All workers are always to be badged. There is no smoking on any

part of the property. Any person not meeting these standards will be banned from this construction site.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not applicable).

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 LAYOUT OF THE WORK: Dimensions and elevations indicated on the drawings shall be verified by the Contractor prior to commencement of work. Discrepancies between drawings, specifications, and existing conditions shall be referred to the Architect for adjustment before affected work is performed. Failure to make such notification shall place responsibility upon the Contractor to carry out the work in a satisfactory and workmanlike manner at no additional cost to the Owner.

3.02 RESTORATION

- A. Remove, cut, alter, replace, patch and repair existing work as necessary to install new work. Except as otherwise shown or specified, do not cut, alter or remove any structural work and do not disturb any plumbing, steam, gas or electric work without approval.
- B. Existing work (mechanical and electrical work, lawns, paving, roads, walks, etc.) disturbed or removed as a result of performing required new work, shall be patched, repaired, reinstalled, or replaced with new work, and refinished and left in as good condition as existed before commencing work. Existing work to be altered or extended and that is found to be defective in any way, shall be reported to Architect before it is disturbed. Materials and workmanship used in restoring work, shall conform in type and quality to that of original existing construction, except as otherwise shown or specified.
- C. Upon completion of contract, deliver work complete and undamaged. Damage that may be caused by Contractor or his workmen to existing structures, grounds, and utilities or work done by others shall be repaired by him at no additional cost to the Owner and left in as good condition as existed prior to damaging.
- D. At his own expense, Contractor shall immediately restore to service and repair any damage he may cause to existing piping and conduits, wires, cables, fiber, etc., of utility services or of fire protection systems and communications systems which are not scheduled for discontinuance or abandonment. Contractor shall employ appropriate parties for repair work.

3.03 CLEANING UP

- A. At completion of the work, the Contractor shall remove from the building and site all tools, appliances, surplus materials, debris, temporary structures and facilities, scaffolding, and equipment; sweep clean the building thoroughly and remove all marks, stains, fingerprints, dust, dirt, paint drippings, and the like from all surfaces; clean tile work, windows, plumbing, and other fixtures and surfaces.
- B. All hardware and other unpainted metals shall be cleaned and polished, and all equipment and paint or decorated work shall be cleaned and touched up, if necessary. Surfaces that are waxed shall be polished. Remove all temporary labels, tags, and paper covering throughout the building.
- C. The exterior of the buildings, the grounds, approaches, equipment, pavement, sidewalks, etc., shall be cleaned similar to interior of buildings and left in good order at the time of final acceptance, with paint surfaces clean and unbroken, hardware clean and polished, all repair work accomplished and dirt areas scraped and cleared of weed growth.
- D. Cleaning, polishing, sealing, waxing, and all other finish operations indicated on the drawings, or required in the specifications, shall mean that this is the required condition at the time of acceptance of all work under the contract.

END OF SECTION 011000

SECTION 012500 – SUBSTITUTION PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.01 SUBSTITUTIONS: Requests for changes in products, materials, equipment, and methods of construction required by Contract Documents proposed by the Contractor after award of the Contract are considered requests for "substitutions." The following **are not** considered substitutions:
- A. Substitutions requested during the bidding period and accepted prior to award of Contract.
 - B. Revisions to Contract Documents requested by the Owner or Architect.
 - C. Specified options of products and construction methods included in Contract Documents.
 - D. Compliance with governing regulations and orders issued by governing authorities.
- 1.02 SUBMITTAL: Requests for substitution will be considered if received within 30 days after commencement of the Work. Requests received may be considered or rejected at the discretion of the Architect after review. See mechanical and electrical "General Provisions" section for special substitution requirements.
- A. Submit 3 copies of each request for substitution in the form and in accordance with procedures for Change Order proposals.
 - B. Identify the product, or installation method to be replaced in each request. Include related Specification Section and Drawing numbers. Document compliance with requirements for substitutions, and the following information, as appropriate:
 - 1. Product Data, including Drawings and descriptions of products, fabrication and installation procedures.
 - 2. Samples, where applicable or requested.
 - 3. A comparison of significant qualities of the proposed substitution with those specified.
 - 4. A list of changes or modifications needed to other parts of the Work and to construction performed by the Owner and separate Contractors that will be necessary to accommodate the proposed substitution.

5. A statement indicating the substitution's effect on the Construction Schedule compared to the Schedule without approval of the substitution. Indicate the effect of the proposed substitution on overall Contract Time.
 6. Cost information, including a proposal of the net change, if any in the Contract Sum.
 7. Certification that the substitution is equal-to or better in every respect to that required by Contract Documents, and that it will perform adequately in application indicated. Include Contractor's waiver of rights to additional payment or time that may be necessary because of the substitution's failure to perform adequately.
- C. Architect's Action: Within one week of receipt of the request for substitution, the Architect will request additional information necessary for evaluation. Within 2 weeks of receipt of the request, or one week of receipt of additional information, whichever is later, the Architect will notify the Contractor of acceptance or rejection. If a decision on use of a substitute cannot be made within the time allocated, use the product specified. Acceptance will be in the form of a Change Order.
- 1.03 SUBSTITUTIONS: The Contractor's substitution request will be received and considered by the Architect when one or more of the following conditions are satisfied, as determined by the Architect; otherwise requests will be returned without action except to record noncompliance with these requirements.
- A. The request is directly related to an "or approved equal" clause or similar language in the Contract Documents.
 - B. The specified product or method of construction cannot be provided within the Contract Time. The request will not be considered if the product or method cannot be provided as a result of failure to pursue the Work promptly or coordinate activities properly.
 - C. The specified product or method of construction cannot receive necessary approval by a governing authority, and the requested substitution can be approved.
 - D. A substantial advantage is offered the Owner, in terms of cost, time, energy conservation or other considerations of merit, after deducting offsetting responsibilities the Owner may be required to bear. Additional responsibilities for the Owner may include additional compensation to the Architect for redesign and evaluation services, increased cost of other construction by the Owner or separate contractors, and similar

considerations.

- E. The specified product or method of construction cannot be provided in a manner that is compatible with other materials, and where the Contractor certifies that the substitution will overcome the incompatibility.
 - F. The specified product or method of construction cannot be coordinated with other materials, and where the Contractor certifies that the proposed substitution can be coordinated.
 - G. The specified product or method of construction cannot provide a warranty required by the Contract Documents and where the Contractor certifies that the proposed substitution provide the required warranty.
- 1.04 The Contractor's submittal and Architect's acceptance of Shop Drawings, Product Data or Samples that relate to construction activities not complying with the Contract Documents does not constitute an acceptable or valid request for substitution, nor does it constitute approval.

END OF SECTION 012500

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SECTION 012900 – PAYMENT PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.01 SCHEDULE OF VALUES: Coordinate preparation of the Schedule of Values with the Contractor's Construction Schedule. Correlate line items in the Schedule of Values for each phase with other schedules and forms, including:

Contractor's Construction Schedule.
Application for Payment form.
List of subcontractors.
List of products.
Schedule of submittals.

- A. Submit the Schedule of Values to the Architect and Owner at the earliest date, but no later than 7 days before the date scheduled for submittal of the initial Application for Payment.

- B. Format and Content: Use the Project Manual Table of Contents as a guide to establish the format.

Identification: Include the following identification:

Project name and location.
Name of the Architect.
Project number.
Contractor's name and address.
Date of submittal.

Format: Use AIA Document G703 Continuation Sheet.

Break down each Division that is listed in enough detail to facilitate evaluation of Application for Payments. Round amounts off to the nearest dollar; the total shall equal the Contract Sum.

Each item in the Applications for Payment and Continuation Sheet shall be complete including total cost and share of overhead and profit. Temporary facilities and items that are not direct cost of Work-in-place may be shown as separate line items or distributed as general overhead expense.

Update and resubmit the schedule when Change Orders change the Contract Sum.

- C. Change Management: Any change in the project's 'schedule of values' line items shall be noted to the architect and owner monthly prior to changing the owner schedule of values via a submitted pay application.

a. *EXAMPLE*:

i. *Month 1 - site line item = 1000.00.*

- ii. *Month 2 – site line item = 1500.00, a 500.00 change has been listed in the schedule of values.*
- iii. *What is the audit path for the change in scheduled value under the sit line item?*
 - 1. *Did the owner receive a copy of the paperwork documentation back-up requiring this change (RFI, ASI, RFP)?*
 - 2. *Did the owner receive a proposal for the change in scope prior to proceeding?*
 - 3. *Did the owner receive a copy of any subcontractor change issued?*
 - 4. *Did the owner receive a copy of the change management document indicating the proposed change was accepted by the architect and approved by the owner?*
 - 5. *What GMP line item did the funding added to site line item come from?*

b. All these noted audit path requirements may be accomplished in different ways but shall be required (at a minimum) regardless of amount or scope of the change. It shall be agreed upon at the outset of each project how change management will be implemented for each of the various types of changes that may occur. It will be noted in project meeting minutes as to the agreed upon method for change management. Subsequent to those agreements change management shall be implemented in strict compliance with the agreed upon methodology.

1.02 APPLICATIONS FOR PAYMENT: Applications for Payment shall be submitted by the 25th of the month and will be paid by the 10th of the following month. Applications for Payment not received by the 25th of the month will be paid not later than 15 days after the date received. The period covered by each Application for Payment is one month. A retainage of 10% of the amount earned and stored will be withheld from each payment.

- A. Payment Application Times: Payment dates are indicated in the Agreement. The period covered by each application is the period indicated.
- B. Payment Application Forms: Use AIA Document G 702 and Continuation Sheets G 703, 1992 edition, as the form for the application.

- C. Application Preparation: Complete every entry, including notarization and execution by person authorized to sign on behalf of the Contractor. Incomplete applications will be returned without action. Entries shall match data on the Schedule of Values and Contractor's Construction Schedule. Use updated schedules if revisions have been made. Include amounts of Change Orders issued prior to the last day of the period covered by the application.
- a. The first pay application must mimic the approved GMP for the project, or mimic the project bid for the work.
 - b. Per change management section listed in 1.01C, subsequent pay applications may include changes to various line items within the schedule of values. Changes shall be tracked monthly and documentation provided to ensure a clear auditable trail for the project accounting starting with the GMP and ending with the final pay application on the project.
 - c. Each successive pay application must be accompanied by change management paperwork sufficiently detailed to ensure all parties are clear regarding changes or adjustments to the schedule of values.
 - d. It is the sole discretion of the owner to determine what documentation is adequate. However, the minimum required documentation is listed in the change management section herein.
- D. Transmittal: Submit 4 executed copies of each application to the Architect within 24 hours; two copies shall be complete, including waivers of lien where required and similar attachments. Transmit each copy with a transmittal listing attachments, and recording information related to the application.
- E. Waivers of Lien: With final application, submit waivers of lien from every entity who has performed work, provided labor or supplied materials. Waivers of Lien are to be provided by, but not limited to the following material suppliers and subcontractors. This list is for illustration only, not necessarily complete.
- | | | |
|------------------|---------------------------|------------------|
| Concrete | Masonry | Paving |
| Steel | Site Work | Landscaping |
| Finish Carpentry | Roofing | Doors |
| Windows | Finish Hardware | Gypsum Wallboard |
| Flooring | Painting | Ceilings |
| Signage | Toilet & Bath Accessories | |
| Mechanical | Plumbing | Electrical |
- F. Waiver Forms: Submit waivers of lien on AIA Document G706A, "Contractor's Affidavit of Release Of Liens".

1.03 INITIAL APPLICATION FOR PAYMENT: Administrative actions and submittals that must precede or coincide with submittal of the first Application for Payment include:

- Fully executed Contract.
- List of subcontractors.
- List of suppliers and fabricators.
- Schedule of Values.
- Contractor's Construction Schedule (preliminary if not final).
- Submittal Schedule (preliminary if not final).
- List of Contractor's staff assignments.
- Copies of building permits (if required).
- Copies of licenses from governing authorities.
- Certificates of insurance and insurance policies.
- Performance and payment bonds.

1.04 PARTIAL RETAINAGE RELEASE

- A. FORMS: Use AIA Document G707A, "Consent of Surety To Reduction in Or Partial Release Of Retainage".
- B. Retainage may only be reduced to 5% with owner approval and in no case will final retainage be released until all items required for final completion are completed and accepted by the architect and the owner.

1.05 APPLICATION FOR PAYMENT AT SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION: Following issuance of the Certificate of Substantial Completion, submit an Application for Payment; reflect Certificates of Partial Substantial Completion issued previously for Owner occupancy of designated portions. Administrative actions and submittals that precede or coincide with this application include:

- Occupancy permits.
- Test/adjust/balance records (Final).
- Operation and Maintenance instructions.
- Meter readings.
- Change-over information related to Owner's occupancy.
- Training as Specified
- Final Cleaning
- As-builts

1.06 BUYOUT SAVINGS AND CONTINGENCY USAGE: Buy out savings, contingency, and any other project funds are the property of the owner under the control of the Contractor or CM. ALL buy out savings and contingency funds used shall be reported to the owner and may not be used without notification to the owner. See Change management section 1.01C.

1.07 FINAL PAYMENT APPLICATION: Administrative actions and submittals which must precede or coincide with submittal of the final payment application include:

Completion of Project closeout requirements. 100% complete to the satisfaction of the Owner and Architect. Refer to Section 01700 - Project Closeout.

Warranties and maintenance agreements.

Completion of all items specified for completion after Substantial Completion.

Transmittal of required Project construction records to Architect.

AIA Document G706, "Contractor's Affidavit of Payment of Debts and Claims".

Change of door locks to Owner's access.

AIA Document G707, "Consent of Surety To Final Payment".

END OF SECTION 012900

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SECTION 013100 - PROJECT COORDINATION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 THIS SECTION specifies requirements for project coordination including:

Coordination with other Contractors.	General installation provisions.
Administrative and supervisory personnel.	Cleaning and protection.

1.02 COORDINATION: Coordinate activities included in various Sections to assure efficient and orderly installation of each component. Coordinate operations included under different Sections that are dependent on each other for proper installation and operation.

Where installation of one component depends on installation of other components before or after its own installation, schedule activities in the sequence required to obtain the best results.

Where space is limited, coordinate installation of different components to assure maximum accessibility for maintenance, service and repair.

Make provisions to accommodate items scheduled for later installation.

Coordinate installations such that items requiring maintenance are readily accessible. Do not block maintenance access to these components with follow on installation. Anything blocked will be corrected by the sub-contractor.

Prepare memoranda for distribution to each party involved outlining required coordination procedures. Include required notices, reports, and attendance at meetings.

Prepare similar memoranda for the Owner and separate Contractors where coordination of their Work is required.

1.03 ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES: Coordinate scheduling and timing of administrative procedures with other activities to avoid conflicts and ensure orderly progress. Such activities include:

Preparation of schedules.	Delivery and processing of submittals.
Power and utility shutdowns.	Progress meetings.
Installation & removal of temporary facilities.	Project closeout activities.

1.04 COORDINATION DRAWINGS: Prepare Coordination Drawings where close coordination is required for installation of products and materials fabricated off-site by separate entities, and where limited space necessitates maximum utilization of space for efficient installation of different components.

Show relationship of components shown on separate Shop Drawings.
Indicate required installation sequences.

- 1.05 STAFF NAMES: Within 10 days of Notice to Proceed, submit a list of Contractor's staff assignments, including Superintendent and personnel at the site; identify individuals, their duties and responsibilities, addresses and telephone numbers. Staff substitutions must be approved by owner in advance.

Post copies in the Project meeting room, the field office, and at each temporary telephone.

- 1.06 INSPECTION OF CONDITIONS: The Installer of each component shall inspect the substrate and all other conditions under which Work is to be performed. Do not proceed until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected and as follows:

- a. MVER/RH/BNLT moisture readings for slabs on grade or walls must pass manufacturer requirements.
- b. Humidity and temperature control ranges for installation must meet manufacturer requirements.
- c. Other items must meet the listed, installation requirements set forth by the manufacturer.

- 1.07 MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS: Comply with manufacturer's installation instructions and recommendations, to the extent that they are more stringent than requirements in Contract Documents.

- 1.08 INSPECT material immediately upon delivery and again prior to installation. Reject damaged and defective items.

- 1.09 PROVIDE ATTACHMENT and connection devices and methods necessary for securing each construction element. Secure each construction element true to line and level. Allow for expansion and building movement.

- 1.10 VISUAL EFFECTS: Provide uniform joint widths in exposed Work. Arrange joints to obtain the best effect. Refer questionable choices to the Architect for decision.

- 1.11 RECHECK MEASUREMENTS and dimensions, including elevations, before starting installation.

- 1.12 INSTALL EACH COMPONENT during weather conditions and project status that will ensure the best results. Isolate each part from incompatible material as necessary to prevent deterioration.

- 1.13 COORDINATE TEMPORARY ENCLOSURES with inspections and tests, to minimize uncovering completed construction for that purpose.

- 1.14 MOUNTING HEIGHTS: Where mounting heights are not indicated, install components at standard heights for the application indicated or refer to the Architect.
- 1.15 CLEANING AND PROTECTION: During handling and installation, clean and protect construction in progress and adjoining materials in place. Apply protective covering where required to ensure protection from damage or deterioration at Substantial Completion.

Clean and maintain completed construction as often as necessary through the construction period. Adjust and lubricate operable components to ensure operability without damaging effects.

Limiting Exposures: Supervise operations to ensure that no part of construction, completed or in progress, is subject to harmful or deleterious exposure. Such exposures include, but are not limited to the following:

- Excessive static or dynamic loading.
- Excessive internal or external pressures.
- Excessive weathering.
- Excessively high or low temperatures or humidity.
- Air contamination or pollution.
- Water or ice.
- Chemicals or solvents.
- Heavy traffic, soiling, staining and corrosion.
- Rodent and insect infestation.
- Unusual wear or other misuse.
- Contact between incompatible materials.
- Theft or vandalism.

END OF SECTION 013100

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SECTION 013200 - PROJECT MEETINGS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY: This Section specifies requirements for Project meetings including:

Pre-Construction Conference.
Progress Meetings.

1.02 PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE: Architect shall conduct a pre-construction conference after execution of the Agreement and prior to commencement of construction activities. Review responsibilities and personnel assignments.

Attendees: The Owner, Architect and their consultants, the Contractor and its superintendent, subcontractors, suppliers, manufacturers, and other concerned parties shall be represented by persons authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work.

Agenda: Discuss significant items that could affect progress, including the tentative construction schedule, critical sequencing, use of the premises, procedures for processing Change Orders and equipment deliveries.

Review progress of other activities and preparations for the activity under consideration at each conference, including time schedules, manufacturer's recommendations, weather limitations, substrate acceptability, compatibility problems and inspection and testing requirements.

Record significant discussions, agreements and disagreements of each conference, along with the approved schedule. Distribute the meeting record to everyone concerned, promptly, including the Owner and Architect.

Do not proceed if the conference cannot be successfully concluded. Initiate necessary actions to resolve impediments and reconvene the conference at the earliest feasible date.

1.03 PROGRESS MEETINGS: Conduct progress meetings at regular monthly intervals. Notify the Owner and Architect of scheduled dates. Coordinate meeting dates with preparation of the payment request.

Attendees: The Owner and Architect, each subcontractor, supplier or other entity concerned with progress or involved in planning, coordination or performance of future activities shall be represented by persons familiar with the Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to progress.

Agenda: Review minutes of the previous progress meeting. Review significant items that could affect progress. Include topics appropriate to

the current status of the Project including:

RFIs
Scheduling

Change Orders
Submittals

Reporting: Distribute copies of the minutes of the meeting to each party present and to parties who should have been present.

- 1.04 CONTRACTOR'S CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE: Review progress since the last meeting. Determine where each activity is in relation to the Contractor's Construction Schedule, whether on time or ahead or behind schedule. Determine how construction behind schedule will be expedited; secure commitments from parties involved to do so. Discuss whether revisions are required to ensure that current and subsequent activities will be completed within the Contract Time. Review the present and future needs of each entity present, including such items as:

Time.
Sequences.
Deliveries.
Off-site fabrication problems.
Site utilization.
Temporary facilities and services.
Hazards and risks.
Quality and Work standards.
Change Orders.
Documentation of information for payment requests.

- 1.05 PROJECT CLOSE OUT MEETING: Once the contractor has gathered a complete project close out deliverable including both hard copies and electronic copies, warranties, extra parts and any other close out required items, they are to notify the architect that they are ready to schedule the project close out meeting.

END OF SECTION 013200

SECTION 013300 - SUBMITTALS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 GENERAL PROCEDURES

- A. Coordinate submittal preparation with performance of construction activities, and with purchasing or fabrication, delivery, other submittals and related activities. Transmit in advance of performance of related activities to avoid delay.
- B. Coordinate transmittal of different submittals for related elements so processing will not be delayed by the need to review concurrently for coordination. The Architect reserves the right to withhold action on a submittal requiring coordination until related submittals are received.

- 1.02 PROCESSING: Allow two weeks for initial review. Allow more time if processing must be delayed for coordination with other submittals. The Architect will notify the Contractor when a submittal must be delayed for coordination. Allow two weeks for reprocessing each submittal.

No extension of time will be authorized because of failure to transmit submittals sufficiently in advance of the Work to permit processing.

- 1.03 SUBMITTAL PREPARATION: Place a label or title block on each submittal for identification. Provide two 4" x 5" spaces on the label or beside the title block on Shop Drawings to record Contractor's review and approval markings and action taken. Include the following information on the label for processing and recording action taken. Submittals received without a signed Contractor's Approval Stamp will be returned for resubmittal with no action taken.

Project name.

Date.

Name, address and contact info of Contractor.

Name, address and contact info of supplier.

Name and contact info of manufacturer.

Number and title of appropriate Specification Section.

Drawing sheet number and detail references, as required.

- 1.04 SUBMITTAL TRANSMITTAL: Package submittals appropriately for transmittal and handling. Transmit with a transmittal form. Submittals received from other than the Contractor will be returned without action.

Transmittal Form: Use AIA Document G 810 or other form acceptable to Architect. On the form record requests for data, and deviations from Contract Documents. Include Contractor's certification that information complies with Contract Documents.

- 1.05 CONTRACTOR'S CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE: Submit a fully developed, CPM type construction schedule with Gantt chart showing critical path and interrelated installations, within 14 days after the date of the Owner's issuance of a Notice to Proceed. Use the categories of work in the schedule to establish the categories in the "Schedule of Values".

As work progresses, mark the schedule to indicate Actual Completion.

Provide notations on the Schedule depicting the consequences on the Work from construction phasing.

Prepare the schedule on sheets of sufficient width to show data for the entire construction period.

Secure commitments for performing critical construction operations from parties involved. Coordinate each activity with other activities and show in proper sequence; include minor elements involved in the construction sequence. Indicate sequences necessary for completion of related portions. Coordinate the Construction Schedule with the Schedule of Values, list of subcontracts, Submittal Schedule, progress reports, payment requests and other schedules.

Schedule completion in advance of the date established for Substantial Completion. Schedule Substantial Completion to allow time for the Architect's procedures necessary for certification of Substantial Completion.

Print and distribute schedule following initial approval to the Architect, Owner, subcontractors and other parties required to comply with scheduled dates. Redistribute after any approved revisions. Post copies in the temporary field office. Submit update schedule with each Pay Application.

- 1.06 DAILY CONSTRUCTION REPORTS: Prepare a daily construction report, recording information concerning events at the site. Submit duplicate copies to the Architect at weekly intervals. Include the following information:

- List of subcontractors at the site.
- Work Activities.
- High and low temperatures, general weather conditions.
- Accidents, stoppages, delays, shortages, losses.
- Emergency procedures.
- Change Orders received, implemented.
- Partial Completions, occupancies.
- Substantial Completions authorized.
- Other relevant dates.

- 1.07 SUBMITTALS: Except for Samples illustrating assembly details, workmanship, fabrication techniques, connections, operation and similar characteristics, submit

4 sets plus the number of sets required by the Contractor; maximum eight (8) sets. The Architect will retain four sets and return the others marked with the action taken. **(Note: Architect will mark only one (1) set for return to the Contractor with action taken and/or modifications required.)** Maintain Sample sets at the Project site, for quality comparisons throughout construction phase.

Unless noncompliance with Contract Document provisions is observed, the submittal may serve as the final submittal.

- 1.08 **ARCHITECT'S ACTION:** Except for submittals for record, information or similar purposes, where action and return is required, the Architect will review each submittal, mark to indicate action taken, and return. Compliance with specified characteristics is the Contractor's responsibility.

Action Stamp: The Architect will stamp each submittal with a self-explanatory action stamp. The stamp will be appropriately marked to indicate action taken.

- 1.09 **DISTRIBUTION:** Furnish copies of final submittal to installers, and others required for performance of construction activities. Show distribution on transmittal forms. Do not proceed with installation until an applicable copy of Product Data is in the installer's possession. Do not permit use of unmarked copies of Product Data in connection with construction.

- 1.10 **SHOP DRAWINGS:** Submit information, drawn to accurate scale. Submittals shall **indicate deviations from Contract Documents**. Do not reproduce Contract Documents or copy standard information as the basis of Shop Drawings. Include the following information:

Project Name.
Location.
Suppliers Name.
Date.
Drawing No.
Specification Section Reference.
Dimensions.
Identification of products and materials included.
Compliance with specific standards.
Notation of coordination requirements.
Notation of dimensions established by field measurement.

Sheet Size: Except for templates, patterns and similar full-size Drawings, submit Shop Drawings on sheets at least 8-1/2" x 11" but no larger than 24" x 36".

Initial Submittal: Submit one correctable translucent print and two

blue-line print for review; the reproducible print will be returned.

Final Submittal: Submit four (4) blue or black line prints of the original submittal for use by the Architect/Engineer, Owner and Contractor.

Do not use Shop Drawings without a Architects stamp indicating action taken in connection with construction.

The Contractor shall schedule all shop drawing submittals to allow sufficient time for one initial review and two resubmittal reviews.

- 1.11 COORDINATION DRAWINGS are a special type of shop drawing depicting relationship and integration of different construction elements requiring coordination during fabrication or installation to fit and function as intended.

Preparation of coordination drawings is described in these Specifications under "Project Coordination" and may include components previously shown on shop drawings or product data.

Submit for integration of different construction elements. Show sequences and relationships of separate components to avoid conflicts in use of space.

- 1.12 PRODUCT DATA: Collect Product Data into a single submittal for each element or system. Mark each copy to show applicable choices and options. Where Product Data includes information on several products, some of which are not required, mark copies to indicate the applicable information. Include the following information:

Manufacturer's printed recommendations.
Compliance with recognized trade association standards.
Compliance with recognized testing agency standards.
Application of testing agency labels and seals.
Notation of dimensions verified by field measurement.
Notation of coordination requirements.

- A. Submittals: Submit 3 copies. The Architect will retain two and will return the others. **Note**: The Architect will mark only one set for return to the Contractor with action taken and/or modifications required. The Contractor will be responsible to see that any notes made by the Architect are made on all copies.

Unless noncompliance with Contract Documents, the submittal may serve as the final submittal.

- B. Distribution: Furnish copies of final submittal to installers and others required for performance of construction activities. Show distribution on

transmittal forms. Do not proceed with installation until an applicable copy of Product Data is in the installer's possession.

- 1.13 **SAMPLES:** Submit Samples for review of kind, color, pattern, and texture, for a final check of these characteristics, and a comparison of these characteristics between the final submittal and the component as delivered and installed. Where variations are inherent in the product, submit multiple units that show limits of the variations.

Refer to other Sections for Samples that illustrate details of assembly, fabrication techniques, workmanship, connections, operation and similar characteristics.

Refer to other Sections for Samples to be returned for incorporation in the Work. Such Samples must be undamaged at time of use. On the transmittal, indicate special requests regarding disposition of Sample submittals.

Sample sets may be used to obtain final acceptance of the construction associated with each set.

Preliminary submittals: Where Samples are for selection of characteristics from a range of choices, submit a full set of choices for the product. Preliminary submittals will be reviewed and returned indicating selection and other action.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable).

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Applicable).

PART 4 - SCHEDULES

- 4.01 The following Submittal Schedule is for **REFERENCE ONLY**. Items listed may or may not be required for this project.

SUBMITTAL SCHEDULE		
SECTION	TYPE OF SUBMITTAL	DESCRIPTION
000610 - Performance Bond and Labor and Material Bond	Bonds	Performance Bond, Labor and Material Bond
000430 - List of Subcontractors	List	Subcontractors, Suppliers, Principal Manufactures
012900 - Application for	Schedule of Values	Initial and Subsequent

SUBMITTAL SCHEDULE		
SECTION	TYPE OF SUBMITTAL	DESCRIPTION
Payment	Application for Payment	Initial and Subsequent
013100 - Project Coordination	List	Staff Names
013300 - Submittals	Construction Schedule Submittal Schedule Daily Construction Reports	
017700 - Project Closeout	Documents Certificate	Record Drawings, Specifications, Submittals, As-Builts, Maintenance Manuals, O & M Instructions OEF Final & Occupancy Inspection
022070 - Selective Demolition	Schedule	Demolition Schedule
313116 - Termite Control	Warranty	Soil Treatment Solution
02510 - Concrete Paving	Shop Drawings	Walkways/Curb Layout
033000 - Concrete	Shop Drawings	Formwork Reinforce Placement/Schedule
042000 - Unit Masonry	Product Data Field Mock-Up	Grout/Mortar, Joint Reinforcement Masonry Wall
042113 - Brick Masonry	Product Data Samples Field Mock-Up	Grout/Mortar, Joint Reinforcement Brick, Mortar Brick Wall
055000 - Metal Fabrication	Product Data Shop Drawings Certification	Assembly and Installation Instructions Metal Fabrication Metal and Steel Test Results
052100 – Metal Building	Shop Drawings	Sizes, Design Information
062000 - Finish	Product Data	

SUBMITTAL SCHEDULE		
SECTION	TYPE OF SUBMITTAL	DESCRIPTION
Carpentry	Samples	
064023 - Interior Architectural Woodwork	Shop Drawings Samples	Casework Plastic Laminate, Hardware
071326 - Sheet Membrane Waterproofing	Product Data	Technical Data and Recommendations
072116 - Building Insulation	Product Data	Each Type of Insulation Required
076200 - Flashing and Sheet Metal	Product Data Guarantee	Roofing and Flashing Materials Maintenance Guarantee
074113 – Preformed wall and roof panels	Product Data Samples	Manufacturer’s Information
07900 - Joint Sealers	Product Data Samples Certification	Each Type Sealants Product Test Reports
081113 – Hollow Metal Doors and Frames	Shop Drawings Schedules	Frames
081416 - Flush Wood Doors	Product Data Shop Drawings Schedule	Wood Doors
083113 - Access Doors	Product Data	Doors
087100 - Finish Hardware	Schedule Product Hardware	Hardware
088000 - Glass and Glazing	Product Data Samples	Glass/Glazing Materials Glass
093000 - Tile	Product Data Samples	Tile and Grout Tile
095123 - Acoustical Ceilings	Product Data Samples	Panel/Suspension System
09650 - Resilient Flooring	Product Data Sample Maintenance Instructions	Tile and Base

SUBMITTAL SCHEDULE		
SECTION	TYPE OF SUBMITTAL	DESCRIPTION
	Replacement Material	
099100 - Painting	Product Data Samples Mock-Up	Paint Paint Field Application
101000 - Markerboards, Chalkboards, Tackboards	Product Data Samples	Each Type of Visual Board Tackboard Fabric
101600 - Toilet Partitions	Product Data Shop Drawings Samples	Toilet Partitions Fabrication of Partitions Color and Solid Plastic Selection
089800 - Louvers and Vents	Product Data Shop Drawings Samples	Louvers and Vents Details Color Selection
104400 - Signage	Product Data Schedule Shop Drawings	Signage Sign Layout
102800 - Toilet and Bath Accessories	Product Data	Accessories
109900 - Miscellaneous Specialties	Product Data Shop Drawings	Each Item Installation Instructions Fabrication Details (where required)
111320 - Project Screens and T.V. Mounting Brackets	Product Data Shop Drawings	Screens and Monitor Mounts Installation Details
23010 - Mechanical General Provisions		
22400 - Plumbing		
26010 - Electrical General Provisions		

NOTE: Additional Submittals may be requested by the Architect/Engineer.

END OF SECTION 013300

SECTION 014000 - QUALITY REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.01 **GENERAL**: This Section specifies requirements for quality control services. Quality control services include inspections and tests performed by independent agencies, governing authorities, as well as the Contractor.
- 1.02 **CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITIES**: Provide inspections and tests specified or required by governing authorities, except where they are the Owner's responsibility, or are provided by another entity; services include those specified to be performed by an independent agency not by the Contractor. Costs are included in the Contract.

The Contractor shall engage and pay for services of an independent agency, acceptable to the Architect/Engineer to perform inspections and tests specified as Quality Control services.

Retesting: The Contractor is responsible for retesting where results prove unsatisfactory and do not indicate compliance with Contract Documents, regardless of whether the original test was the Contractor's responsibility.

Cost of retesting construction revised or replaced by the Contractor is the Contractor's responsibility, where required tests were performed on original construction.

Associated Services: The Contractor shall cooperate with agencies performing inspections or tests and provide auxiliary services as requested. Notify the agency in advance of operations to permit assignment of personnel. Auxiliary services include but are not limited to:

Provide access to the Work and furnish incidental labor and facilities necessary to facilitate inspections and tests.

Take representative samples of materials that require testing or assist the agency in taking samples.

Provide facilities for storage and curing of samples and deliver samples to testing laboratories.

Provide a preliminary design mix proposed for use for material mixes that require control by the testing agency.

Provide security and protection of samples and test equipment at the Project site.

- 1.03 **DUTIES OF THE TESTING AGENCY**: The agency engaged to perform inspections and testing of materials and construction shall cooperate with the

Architect and Contractor in performance of its duties and provide qualified personnel to perform inspections and tests.

The agency shall notify the Architect and Contractor promptly of deficiencies observed during performance of its services.

The agency is not authorized to release, revoke, alter or enlarge requirements of the Contract Documents, or approve or accept any portion of the Work.

- 1.04 COORDINATION: The Contractor and each agency engaged to perform inspections and tests shall coordinate the sequence of activities to accommodate services with a minimum of delay. The Contractor and each agency shall coordinate activities to avoid removing and replacing construction to accommodate inspections and tests.

The Contractor is responsible for scheduling inspections, tests, taking samples and similar activities.

- 1.05 SUBMITTALS: The testing agency shall submit a certified written report of each inspection and test to the Architect, in duplicate, unless the Contractor is responsible for the service. If the Contractor is responsible, submit a certified written report of each inspection and test through the Contractor, in triplicate, who shall send two (2) copies to the Architect.

Submit additional copies of each report to the governing authority, when the authority so directs.

Report Data: Written reports of each inspection or test shall include, but not be limited to:

- Date of issue.
- Project title and number.
- Name, address and telephone number of testing agency.
- Testing agency qualifications.
- Dates and locations of samples and tests or inspections.
- Names of individuals making the inspection or test.
- Designation of the Work and test method including applicable industry standards and/or codes.
- Identification of product and Specification Section.
- Complete inspection or test data.
- Test results and an interpretations of test results.
- Ambient conditions at the time of sample-taking and testing.
- Comments or professional opinion as to whether inspected or tested Work complies with Contract Document requirements.
- Name and signature of laboratory inspector or person reviewing results.
- Recommendations on retesting.

- 1.06 QUALIFICATION FOR SERVICE AGENCIES: Engage inspection and testing agencies which are prequalified as complying with "Recommended Requirements for Independent Laboratory Qualification" by the American Council of Independent Laboratories and specialize in the types of inspections and tests to be performed.

Each inspection and testing agency engaged shall be authorized to operate in the State in which the Project is located.

- 1.07 REPAIR AND PROTECTION: Upon completion of inspection and testing repair damaged construction and restore substrates and finishes to eliminate deficiencies. Comply with requirements for "Cutting and Patching."

Protect construction exposed by or for quality control service activities and protect repaired construction.

The Contractor is responsible for repair and protection regardless of the assignment of responsibility for inspection and testing.

END OF SECTION 014000

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SECTION 014200 - DEFINITIONS AND STANDARDS

PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.01 DEFINITIONS: Basic Contract definitions are included in the General Conditions.6
- A. Indicated refers to graphic representations, notes or schedules on Drawings, or Paragraphs or Schedules in Specifications, and similar requirements in Contract Documents. Where terms such as "shown," "noted," "scheduled," and "specified" are used, it is to help locate the reference.
 - B. Directed: Terms such as "directed", "requested", "authorized", "selected", "approved", "required", and "permitted" mean "directed by the Architect", "requested by the Architect", and similar phrases. No implied meaning shall be interpreted to extend the Architect's responsibility into the Contractor's supervision of construction.
 - C. Approve, used in conjunction with action on submittals, applications, and requests, is limited to the Architect's duties and responsibilities stated in General and Supplementary Conditions. Approval shall not release the Contractor from responsibility to fulfill Contract requirements.
 - D. Regulation includes laws, ordinances, statutes and lawful orders issued by authorities having jurisdiction, and rules, conventions and agreements within the construction industry that control performance of the Work, whether lawfully imposed by authorities having jurisdiction or not.
 - E. Furnish means "supply and deliver, ready for unloading, unpacking, assembly, installation, and similar operations."
 - F. Install describes operations at the site including "unloading, unpacking, assembly, erection, anchoring, applying, working to dimension, protecting, cleaning and similar operations."
 - G. Provide means "furnish and install, complete and ready for use."
 - H. Installer: "Installer" is the Contractor, or an entity engaged by the Contractor, as an employee, subcontractor or sub- subcontractor for performance of a particular construction activity, including installation, erection, application and similar operations. Installers are required to be experienced in the operations they are engaged to perform. The term "experienced," when used with "Installer" means having a minimum of 5 previous Projects similar in size to this Project, and familiar with the precautions required, and with requirements of the authority having jurisdiction.

- I. Project Site is the space available for construction activities, either exclusively or with others performing other construction on the Project. The extent of the Project Site is shown on the Drawings and may or may not be identical with the description of the land upon which the Project is to be built.
 - J. Testing Laboratories: A "testing laboratory" is an independent entity engaged to perform specific inspections or tests, at the Project Site or elsewhere, and to report on, and, if required, to interpret, results of those inspections or tests.
- 1.02 SPECIFICATION FORMAT: These Specifications are organized into Divisions and Sections based on the Construction Specifications Institute's 48-Division format and MASTERFORMAT 2004 numbering system. Language used in the Specifications is the abbreviated type. Implied words and meanings will be appropriately interpreted. Singular words will be interpreted as plural and plural words interpreted as singular where applicable and where the context so indicates.
Imperative language is used generally. Requirements expressed in the imperative mood are to be performed by the Contractor. At certain locations in the text subjective language is used to describe responsibilities which must be fulfilled indirectly by the Contractor, or by others when so noted. The words "shall be" shall be included by inference wherever a colon (:) is used within a sentence or phrase.
- 1.03 ASSIGNMENT OF SPECIALISTS: Certain construction activities shall be performed by specialists, recognized experts in the operations to be performed. Specialists must be engaged for those activities, and assignments are requirements over which the Contractor has no option. Nevertheless, the ultimate responsibility for fulfilling Contract requirements remains with the Contractor.
- 1.04 DRAWING SYMBOLS: Where not otherwise noted, symbols are defined by "Architectural Graphic Standards", published by John Wiley & Sons, Inc., eighth edition.
- 1.05 MECHANICAL/ELECTRICAL DRAWINGS: Graphic symbols for mechanical and electrical Drawings are defined in a graphic symbol legend on the Construction Documents and are aligned with symbols recommended by ASHRAE. Where appropriate, they are supplemented by symbols recommended by technical associations. Refer instances of uncertainty to the Architect for clarification before proceeding.
- 1.06 APPLICABILITY OF STANDARDS: Except where the Contract Documents include more stringent requirements, applicable industry standards have the

same force and effect as if bound or copied into Contract Documents. Such standards are part of the Contract Documents by reference. Individual Sections indicate standards the Contractor must keep available at the Project Site.

- 1.07 **PUBLICATION DATES**: Where the date of issue of a referenced standard is not specified, comply with the standard in effect as of date of Contract Documents.

Updated Standards: Submit a Change Order proposal where an applicable standard has been revised and reissued after the date of the Contract Documents and before performance of Work. The Architect will decide whether to issue a Change Order to proceed with the updated standard.

- 1.08 **CONFLICTING REQUIREMENTS**: Where compliance with two or more standards that establish different or conflicting requirements for minimum quantities or quality levels, the most stringent requirement will be enforced. Refer uncertainties as to which quality level is more stringent to the Architect for a decision before proceeding.

Minimum Quantities or Quality Levels: The quantity or quality shown or specified is the minimum to be provided or performed. Indicated values are minimum or maximum values, as appropriate for the requirements. Refer instances of uncertainty to the Architect for decision before proceeding.

- 1.09 **COPIES OF STANDARDS**: Each entity engaged on the Project shall be familiar with standards applicable to that activity. Copies of applicable standards are not bound with the Contract Documents.

Where copies of standards are needed for performance of a required construction activity, the Contractor shall obtain copies directly from the publication source.

Although copies of standards needed for enforcement of requirements may be part of submittals, the Architect reserves the right to require submittal of additional copies for enforcement of requirements.

- 1.10 **ABBREVIATIONS AND NAMES**: Where acronyms or abbreviations are used in the Specifications or other Contract Documents, they mean the recognized name of the trade association, standards generating organization, authority having jurisdiction or other entity applicable. Refer to the "Encyclopedia of Associations," published by Gale Research Co., available in most libraries.

- 1.11 **PERMITS, LICENSES, AND CERTIFICATES**: For the Owner's records, submit copies of permits, licenses, certifications, inspection reports, releases, jurisdictional settlements, notices, receipts for fee payments, judgments, and similar documents, correspondence and records established in conjunction with

compliance with standards and regulations bearing upon performance of the Work.

END OF SECTION 014200

SECTION 015000 - TEMPORARY FACILITIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.01 **RELATED DOCUMENTS**: Drawings and General Provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this section.
- 1.02 **SUMMARY**: This Section specifies temporary services and facilities, including utilities, construction and support facilities, security and protection. Provide facilities ready for use. Maintain, expand and modify as needed. Remove when no longer needed or replaced by permanent facilities.
- Temporary facilities required include but are not limited to water service and distribution, temporary electric power and light, storage sheds, sanitary facilities and temporary enclosures, barricades, warning signs, lights and environmental protection.
- 1.03 **USE CHARGES**: Cost or use charges for temporary facilities are not chargeable to the Owner or Architect and will not be accepted as a basis of claims for a Change Order.
- 1.04 **REGULATIONS**: Comply with all applicable local, state, and federal laws and regulations.
- 1.05 **STANDARDS**: Comply with NFPA Code 241, "Building Construction and Demolition Operations", ANSI-A10 Series standards for "Safety Requirements for Construction and Demolition", and NECA Electrical Design Library "Temporary Electrical Facilities" and OSHA.
- A. Refer to "Guidelines for Bid Conditions for Temporary Job Utilities and Services", prepared by AGC and ASC.
- B. **Electrical Service**: Comply with NEMA, NECA and UL standards and regulations for temporary electric service. Install service in compliance with National Electric Code (NFPA 70).
- 1.06 **INSPECTIONS**: Arrange for authorities having jurisdiction to inspect and test each temporary utility before use. Obtain required certifications and permits.
- 1.07 **CONDITIONS OF USE**: Keep facilities clean and neat. Operate in a safe and efficient manner. Take necessary fire prevention measures. Do not overload or permit facilities to interfere with progress. Do not allow hazardous, dangerous or unsanitary conditions, or public nuisances to develop or persist on the site.
- 1.08 **MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT**: Provide new materials and equipment; if acceptable to the Architect, undamaged previously used materials and

equipment in serviceable condition may be used. Provide materials and equipment suitable for the use intended.

- A. Tarpaulins: Waterproof, fire-resistant, UL labeled tarpaulins with flame-spread rating of 15 or less. For temporary enclosures provide translucent nylon reinforced laminated polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride fire retardant tarpaulins.
- B. Temporary / Construction Fencing: 11-gage, galvanized 2-inch, chain link fabric fencing 6-feet high with galvanized steel pipe posts, 1-1/2" I.D. for line posts and 2-1/2" I.D. for corner posts.

1.09 TEMPORARY UTILITY INSTALLATION: Engage the local utility company to install temporary service or connect to existing service. Arrange for a time when service can be interrupted to make connections. Provide adequate capacity at each stage of construction. Combined use of temporary and existing power and water is anticipated for this project.

- A. Water Service: Install water service and distribution piping of sizes and pressures adequate for construction. Sterilize water piping prior to use.
- B. Electric Power Service: **Existing service may be used OR** Provide weatherproof, grounded electric power service and distribution system of sufficient size, capacity, and power characteristics. Include meters, transformers, overload protected disconnects, automatic ground-fault interrupters and main distribution switch gear. Install service underground, if possible.
 - 1. Power Distribution System: Install wiring overhead and rise vertically where least exposed to damage.
 - 2. Electrical Outlets: Provide properly configured NEMA polarized outlets. Provide outlets equipped with ground-fault circuit interrupters, reset button and pilot light, for connection of power tools and equipment.
 - 3. Electrical Power Cords: Provide grounded extension cords; use "hard-service" cords where exposed to traffic.
- C. Lighting: Provide temporary lighting with local switching to fulfill security requirements and provide illumination for construction operations and traffic conditions.
 - 1. Lamps and Light Fixtures: Provide general service incandescent lamps. Provide guard cages or tempered glass enclosures, where exposed to breakage. Provide exterior fixtures where exposed to moisture.

- D. Telephones: Provide temporary telephone service for personnel engaged in construction. Post a list of important telephone numbers.
- E. Sewers and Drainage: If sewers are available, provide temporary connections to remove effluent. If sewers are not available or cannot be used, provide drainage ditches, or similar facilities.

Filter out construction debris and other contaminants that might clog sewers or pollute waterways before discharge. Provide earthen embankments and similar barriers in and around excavations and subgrade construction to prevent flooding by runoff of storm water from heavy rains. **Comply with all City and County requirements for storm water runoff.**

1.10 TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION AND SUPPORT FACILITIES INSTALLATION: Locate for easy access. Maintain facilities until Substantial Completion. Remove prior to Substantial Completion. Personnel remaining after Substantial Completion will be permitted to use permanent facilities, if acceptable to the Owner.

- A. Temporary Roads and Paved Areas: Construct and maintain temporary roads and paved areas adequate for construction operations. Locate temporary roads where they do not interfere with construction activities.
- B. Dust Control: If, in the opinion of the Owner or Architect it is necessary to control dust during construction period, the Contractor shall furnish and spread water or calcium chloride at points where dust is a nuisance or as directed by the Architect, at no additional cost to the Owner.
- C. Field Office: Provide field offices of size required to accommodate personnel, including telephone and fax line. In addition, provide a 3' x 5' desk, table and stool for use by the Architect. Field office is to be provided with air conditioning. Keep clean and orderly for use for small progress meetings.
- D. Storage and Fabrication Sheds: Install sheds, equipped to accommodate materials and/or existing equipment involved. Sheds may be open shelters.
- E. Sanitary facilities include temporary toilets and drinking water fixtures. Comply with regulations and health codes for the type, number, location, operation and maintenance of fixtures. Install where facilities will best serve the Project. Provide toilet tissue, paper towels, paper cups and similar disposable materials for each facility. Provide covered waste containers for used material.

- F. Toilets: Install self-contained single-occupant toilet units of the chemical, aerated recirculation, or combustion type, properly vented and fully enclosed with a glass fiber reinforced polyester shell or similar nonabsorbent material. Use of pit-type privies will not be permitted. Under no circumstances will construction personnel use existing toilet facilities.
- G. Drinking Water Facilities: Provide containerized tap-dispenser type drinking water units.
- H. Dewatering Facilities and Drains: For temporary drainage and dewatering operations not associated with construction, comply with requirements of applicable Division-2 Sections. Where feasible, utilize the same facilities. Maintain excavations and construction free of water.
- I. Temporary Enclosures: Provide temporary enclosure for protection of construction from exposure, foul weather, other construction operations and similar activities. Coordinate enclosure with ventilating and material drying or curing requirements to avoid dangerous conditions.

Install tarpaulins securely, with incombustible framing. Close openings through floor or roof decks and horizontal surfaces with load-bearing construction.

- J. Collection and Disposal of Waste: Collect waste daily. Comply with NFPA 241 for removal of combustible waste. Enforce requirements strictly. Handle hazardous, dangerous, or unsanitary waste materials separately from other waste by containerizing properly. Dispose in a lawful manner.
 - K. Project Identification and Temporary Signs: Prepare project identification signs on grade B-B High Density Overlay Plywood; install where indicated by Architect. Support on framing of preservative treated wood or steel. Engage an experienced sign painter to apply graphics. Refer to project identification sign drawing at end of this section (Attachment 015000-1).
- 1.11 SECURITY AND PROTECTION FACILITIES INSTALLATION: Except for use of permanent fire protection as soon as available, do not change from use of temporary security and protection facilities to permanent facilities until Substantial Completion.
- A. Fire Protection: Until fire protection is supplied by permanent facilities, install and maintain temporary fire protection of types needed to protect against predictable and controllable fire losses. Comply with NFPA 10 "Standard for Portable Fire Extinguishers," and NFPA 241 "Standard for Safeguarding Construction, Alterations and Demolition Operations." Consideration should be given to existing fire hydrant locations.

- B. Fire Extinguishers: Provide hand-carried, portable UL-rated, class "A" fire extinguishers for temporary offices and similar spaces. In other locations provide hand-carried, portable, UL-rated, class "ABC" dry chemical extinguishers. Locate fire extinguishers where effective for the intended purpose.

Maintain unobstructed access to fire extinguishers, fire hydrants, temporary fire protection facilities, and other access routes for fighting fires. Prohibit smoking in hazardous fire exposure areas. Store combustible materials in containers in fire-safe locations. Provide supervision of welding operations, combustion type temporary heating units, and sources of fire ignition.

- C. Barricades, Warning Signs and Lights: Comply with standards and code requirements for erection of barricades. Paint appropriate warning signs to inform personnel and the public of the hazard being protected against. Where needed provide lighting, including flashing lights. Temporary, portable or metal barricades and structures shall be constructed over all open trench areas intersecting student walkways. Walkway structures over trenches shall be of sturdy construction with handrails and be handicap accessible.

- D. Security Enclosure and Lockup: Install temporary enclosure of partially completed areas of construction. Provide locking entrances to prevent unauthorized entrance, vandalism and theft. Where materials and equipment must be stored, provide a secure lockup.

- E. Enclosure Fence: When excavation begins, install an enclosure fence with lockable entrance gates where indicated, or if not indicated, enclose the entire site or the portion sufficient to accommodate operations. Provide open-mesh, chain-link fencing with posts set in a compacted mixture of gravel and earth.

- F. Environmental Protection: Operate temporary facilities and conduct construction by methods that comply with environmental regulations, and minimize the possibility that air, waterways and subsoil might be contaminated or polluted. Restrict use of noise making tools and equipment to hours that will minimize complaints.

- 1.12 OPERATION: Enforce strict discipline in use of temporary facilities. Limit availability to intended use to minimize abuse. Maintain facilities in good operating condition until removal. Protect from damage by freezing temperatures and the elements.

Maintain operation of enclosures, heating, cooling, humidity control, ventilation and similar facilities on a 24-hour day basis to achieve

indicated results and to avoid damage.

Prevent piping from freezing. Maintain markers for underground lines.
Protect from damage during excavation operations.

- 1.13 TERMINATION AND REMOVAL: Remove each facility when the need has ended, or replaced by a permanent facility, or no later than Substantial Completion. Complete or restore construction delayed because of interference with the facility. Repair damaged Work, clean exposed surfaces and replace construction that cannot be satisfactorily repaired.

Temporary facilities are property of the Contractor.

At Substantial Completion, renovate permanent facilities used during the construction period, including but not limited to:

Replace air filters and clean inside of ductwork and housings.
Replace worn parts and parts subject to unusual operating conditions.
Replace burned out lamps.

END OF SECTION 015000

SECTION 015500 - MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DEFINITIONS

- A. Definitions used in this Article are not intended to change the meaning of other terms used in the Contract Documents, such as "specialties," "systems," "structure," "finishes," "accessories," and similar terms. Such terms are self-explanatory and have well-recognized meanings in the construction industry.
- B. "Products" are items purchased for incorporation in the Work, whether purchased for the Project or taken from previously purchased stock. The term "product" includes the terms "material," "equipment," "system," and terms of similar intent.
- C. "Named Products" are items identified by the manufacturer's product name, including make or model number or other designation, shown or listed in the manufacturer's published product literature that is current as of the date of the Contract Documents.
- D. "Materials" are products substantially shaped, cut, worked, mixed, finished, refined or otherwise fabricated, processed, or installed to form a part of the Work.
- E. "Equipment" is a product with operational parts, whether motorized or manually operated, that requires service connections, such as wiring or piping.

1.02 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source Limitations: To the fullest extent possible, provide products of the same kind from a single source.
- B. Compatibility of Options: When the Contractor is given the option of selecting between two or more products for use on the Project, the product selected shall be compatible with products previously selected, even if previously selected products were also options.
- C. Nameplates: Except for required labels and operating data, do not attach or imprint manufacturers or producer's nameplates or trademarks on exposed surfaces of products that will be exposed to view in occupied spaces or on the exterior.
- D. Labels: Locate required product labels and stamps on concealed surfaces or, where required for observation after installation, on accessible surfaces

that are not conspicuous.

- E. Equipment Nameplates: Provide a permanent nameplate on each item of service-connected or power-operated equipment. Locate on an easily accessible surface that is inconspicuous in occupied spaces. The nameplate shall contain the following information and other essential operating data:

Name of product and manufacturer.

Model and serial number.

Capacity.

Speed.

Ratings.

- F. Field marking for electrical, mechanical, plumbing and telecom locations:

1. All above ceiling electrical, mechanical, and plumbing shall have below ceiling labeling provided for some specific items IFF located above ceiling.
 - a. Electrical – any electrically powered motor or device other than junction boxes located in a concealed location above ceiling shall be labeled below ceiling. See labeling requirements in a separate section “Labeling”.
 - b. HVAC – HVAC equipment located above ceiling including but not limited to VAV, VRF, AHU, EF units, and valves shall be labeled below ceiling so as to make them easily locatable from below ceiling. Identification should match plan call outs for the items such that plans may be utilized in conjunction with labeling to locate and maintain each item.
 - c. Plumbing – all valves located above ceiling shall be labeled below ceiling. Above ceiling valve shall be marked with permanently affixed TAG indicating what areas or items are served by the valve.
 - d. Telecomm – see above ceiling labeling requirements per specification section on telecomm devices. Any signal repeaters, or other data / telecomm equipment located above ceiling shall be labeled on the ceiling below for easy identification in the future.
2. Labels shall be 1” x 4” in size and permanently attached to underside of drywall or permanently affixed to the acoustic ceiling grid within 2 feet of the above ceiling item being labeled.
3. Labels shall be hard plastic.

4. Lettering shall be minimum 12 font engraved into labels.
5. Color coding of labels shall be as follows:
 - a. Red = electrical & Fire
 - b. Yellow = gas
 - c. Blue = water & sewer
 - d. Green = HVAC
 - e. Orange – telecomm

1.03 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver, store, and handle products according to the manufacturer's recommendations, using means and methods that will prevent damage, deterioration, and loss, including theft.
- B. Coordinate delivery with installation time to assure minimum holding time for items that are flammable, hazardous, easily damaged, or sensitive to deterioration, theft, and other losses; and to prevent overcrowding of construction spaces.
- C. Deliver products to the site in undamaged condition in the manufacturer's original sealed container or other packaging system, complete with labels and instructions for handling, storing, unpacking, protecting, and installing.
- D. Inspect products upon delivery to ensure compliance with the Contract Documents and to ensure that products are undamaged and properly protected.
- E. Store products at the site in a manner that will facilitate inspection and measurement of quantity or counting of units.
- F. All new installed materials shall be sealed from moisture penetration at the end of each day.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 PRODUCT SELECTION

- A. General Product Requirements: Provide products that comply with the Contract Documents, that are undamaged and, unless otherwise indicated, new at the time of installation. Discontinued items will not be accepted.
 1. Provide products complete with accessories, trim, finish, safety guards, and other devices and details needed for a complete

installation and the intended use and effect.

2. Standard Products: Where available, provide standard products of types that have been produced and used successfully in similar situations on other projects.

B. Product Selection Procedures: The Contract Documents and governing regulations govern product selection. Procedures governing product selection include the following:

1. Semi proprietary Specification Requirements: Where Specifications name two or more products or manufacturers, provide one of the products indicated.

Where Specifications specify products or manufacturers by name, accompanied by the term "**or equal**" or "**or approved equal**", comply with the Contract Document provisions concerning "substitutions" to obtain approval for use of an unnamed product.

2. Descriptive Specification Requirements: Where Specifications describe a product or assembly, listing exact characteristics required, with or without use of a brand or trade name, provide a product or assembly that provides the characteristics and otherwise complies with Contract requirements.

3. Performance Specification Requirements: Where Specifications require compliance with performance requirements, provide products that comply with these requirements and are recommended by the manufacturer for the application indicated.

Manufacturer's recommendations may be contained in published product literature or by the manufacturer's certification of performance.

4. Compliance with Standards, Codes, and Regulations: Where Specifications only require compliance with an imposed code, standard, or regulation, select a product that complies with the standards, codes, or regulations specified.

5. Visual Matching: Where Specifications require matching an established Sample (match existing), the Architect's decision will be final on whether a proposed product matches satisfactorily.

Where no product is available within the specified category, matches satisfactorily and complies with other specified requirements; comply with provisions of the Contract Documents concerning "substitutions" (Section 01631 - Product Substitutions)

for selection of a matching product in another product category.

6. Visual Selection: Where specified product requirements include the phrase "... as selected from manufacturer's standard colors, patterns, textures ..." or a similar phrase, select a product and manufacturer that complies with specified requirements. The Architect will select the color, pattern, and texture from the product line selected. Any selections within the product line which are unavailable, no longer make or superseded by another should be so marked.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION OF PRODUCTS

- A. Comply with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations for installation of products in the applications indicated. Anchor each product securely in place, accurately located and aligned with other Work.
- B. Clean exposed surfaces and protect as necessary to ensure freedom from damage and deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 015500

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SECTION 015639 - TEMPORARY TREE AND PLANT PROTECTION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes general protection and pruning of existing trees and plants that are affected by execution of the Work, whether temporary or permanent construction.
- B. Related Sections:
 - 1. Section 015000 "Temporary Facilities and Controls" for temporary site fencing.
 - 2. Section 311000 "Site Clearing" for removing existing trees and shrubs.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Caliper: Diameter of a tree's trunk measured at breast height using a tree caliper or diameter tape. The caliper of a group or cluster of trees shall be the average of the smallest and largest diameters.
- B. Plant-Protection Zone: Area surrounding individual trees, groups of trees, shrubs, or other vegetation to be protected during construction, and indicated on Drawings.
- C. Tree-Protection Zone: Area surrounding individual trees or groups of trees to be protected during construction and defined by a circle concentric with each tree with a radius 1.5 times the diameter of the drip line unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Vegetation: Trees, shrubs, groundcovers, grass, and other plants.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Samples for Verification: For each type of the following:
 - 1. Organic Mulch: 1-quart (1-L) volume of organic mulch; in sealed plastic bags labeled with composition of materials by percentage of weight and source of mulch, upon request.

2. Protection-Zone Fencing: Assembled Samples of manufacturer's standard size made from full-size components, upon request.
 3. Protection-Zone Signage: Full-size Samples of each size and text, ready for installation, upon request.
- C. Tree Pruning Schedule: Written schedule detailing scope and extent of pruning of trees to remain that interfere with or are affected by construction.
1. Species and size of tree.
 2. Location on site plan. Include unique identifier for each.
 3. Reason for pruning.
 4. Description of pruning to be performed.
 5. Description of maintenance following pruning.
- D. Qualification Data: For qualified arborist and tree service firm.
- E. Certification: From arborist, certifying that trees indicated to remain have been protected during construction according to recognized standards and that trees were promptly and properly treated and repaired when damaged.
- F. Maintenance Recommendations: From arborist, for care and protection of trees affected by construction during and after completing the Work.
- G. Existing Conditions: Documentation of existing trees and plantings indicated to remain, which establishes preconstruction conditions that might be misconstrued as damage caused by construction activities.
1. Use sufficiently detailed photographs or videotape.
 2. Include plans and notations to indicate specific wounds and damage conditions of each tree or other plants designated to remain.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Arborist Qualifications: The person responsible for the care and protection of the trees and vegetation shall meet at least one of the following: Certified Arborist as certified by ISA, Certified Arborist-Municipal Specialist as certified by ISA, Licensed arborist in jurisdiction where Project is located, Current member of ASCA or Registered Consulting Arborist as designated by ASCA.
- B. Tree Service Firm Qualifications: An experienced tree service firm that has successfully completed temporary tree and plant protection work similar to that required for this Project and that will assign an experienced, qualified arborist to Project site during execution of the Work.
- C. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct on site preconstruction meeting.
1. Review methods and procedures related to temporary tree and plant protection including, but not limited to, the following:

- a. Construction schedule. Verify availability of materials, personnel, and equipment needed to make progress and avoid delays.
- b. Enforcing requirements for protection zones.
- c. Arborist's responsibilities.
- d. Field quality control.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. The following practices are prohibited within protection zones:

1. Storage of construction materials, debris, or excavated material.
2. Parking vehicles or equipment.
3. Foot traffic.
4. Erection of sheds or structures.
5. Impoundment of water.
6. Excavation or other digging unless otherwise indicated.
7. Attachment of signs to or wrapping materials around trees or plants unless otherwise indicated.

B. Do not direct vehicle or equipment exhaust toward protection zones.

C. Prohibit heat sources, flames, ignition sources, and smoking within or near protection zones and organic mulch.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Topsoil: Natural or cultivated top layer of the soil profile or manufactured topsoil; containing organic matter and sand, silt, and clay particles; friable, pervious, and black or a darker shade of brown, gray, or red than underlying subsoil; reasonably free of subsoil, clay lumps, gravel, and other objects more than 1 inch (25 mm) in diameter; and free of weeds, roots, and toxic and other nonsoil materials.

1. Obtain topsoil only from well-drained sites where topsoil is 4 inches (100 mm) deep or more; do not obtain from bogs or marshes.

B. Topsoil: Project area topsoil shall be stockpiled and imported and/or manufactured topsoil shall comply with ASTM D 5268.

C. Organic Mulch: Any mulch imported, placed and/or created on site shall be subject to owner approval due to its aesthetic qualities. The mulch shall also be free from deleterious materials and suitable as a top dressing for trees and shrubs, consisting of one of the following:

1. Type: Shredded hardwood, Ground or shredded bark or Wood and bark chips.

2. Size Range: 3 inches (76 mm) maximum, 1/2 inch (13 mm) minimum.
 3. Color: Natural, unless otherwise specified.
- D. Protection-Zone Fencing: Fencing fixed in position and meeting one of the following requirements. Previously used materials may be used when approved by Engineer.
1. Chain-Link Protection-Zone Fencing: Galvanized-steel, Polymer-coated steel or Polymer-coated galvanized-steel fencing fabricated from minimum 2-inch (50-mm) opening, 0.148-inch- (3.76-mm-) diameter wire chain-link fabric; with pipe posts, minimum 2-3/8-inch- (60-mm-) OD line posts, and 2-7/8-inch- (73-mm-) OD corner and pull posts with 0.177-inch- (4.5-mm-) diameter top tension wire and 0.177-inch- (4.5-mm-) diameter bottom tension wire; with tie wires, hog ring ties, and other accessories for a complete fence system.
 - a. Height: 4 feet (1.2 m) minimum.
 - b. Polymer-Coating Color: Engineer approved.
 2. Plywood Protection-Zone Fencing: Plywood framed with four 2-by-4-inch (50-by-100-mm) rails, with 4-by-4-inch (100-by-100-mm) preservative-treated wood posts spaced not more than 8 feet (2.4 m) apart.
 - a. Height: 4 feet (1.2 m) minimum.
 - b. Plywood and Lumber: Comply with requirements in Section 061000 "Rough Carpentry."
 3. Wood Protection-Zone Fencing: Constructed of two 2-by-4-inch (50-by-100-mm) horizontal rails, with 4-by-4-inch (100-by-100-mm) preservative-treated wood posts spaced not more than 8 feet (2.4 m) apart, and lower rail set halfway between top rail and ground.
 - a. Height: 4 feet (1.2 m) minimum.
 - b. Lumber: Comply with requirements in Section 061000 "Rough Carpentry."
 4. Gates: Double swing access gates matching material and appearance of fencing, to allow for maintenance activities within protection zones; leaf width 36 inches (914 mm) minimum or as indicated.
- E. Protection-Zone Signage: Shop-fabricated, rigid plastic or metal sheet with attachment holes prepunched and reinforced; legibly printed with nonfading lettering and as follows:
1. Text: "TREE PROTECTION AREA - KEEP OUT!"
 2. Lettering: 3-inch- (75-mm-) high minimum, black characters on white background.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Erosion and Sedimentation Control: Examine the site to verify that temporary erosion- and sedimentation-control measures are in place. Verify that flows of water redirected from construction areas or generated by construction activity do not enter or cross protection zones.
- B. For the record, prepare written report, endorsed by arborist, listing conditions detrimental to tree and plant protection.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Locate and clearly identify trees, shrubs, and other vegetation to remain or to be relocated. Flag and/or Tie a 1-inch (25-mm) blue-vinyl tape around each tree trunk at 54 inches (1372 mm) above the ground.
- B. Protect tree root systems from damage caused by runoff or spillage of noxious materials while mixing, placing, or storing construction materials. Protect root systems from ponding, eroding, or excessive wetting caused by dewatering operations.
- C. Tree-Protection Zones: Mulch areas inside tree-protection zones and other areas indicated.
 - 1. Apply 4-inch (100-mm) average thickness of organic mulch. Do not place mulch within 6 inches (150 mm) of tree trunks.

3.3 TREE- AND PLANT-PROTECTION ZONES

- A. Protection-Zone Fencing: Install protection-zone fencing along edges of protection zones before materials or equipment are brought on the site and construction operations begin in a manner that will prevent people and animals from easily entering protected area except by entrance gates. Construct fencing so as not to obstruct safe passage or visibility at vehicle intersections where fencing is located adjacent to pedestrian walkways or in close proximity to street intersections, drives, or other vehicular circulation.
 - 1. Chain-Link Fencing: Install to comply with ASTM F 567 and with manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 2. Posts: Set or drive posts into ground one-third the total height of the fence without concrete footings. Where a post is located on existing paving or concrete to remain, provide appropriate means of post support acceptable to Engineer.
 - 3. Access Gates: Install gates and adjust to operate smoothly, easily, and quietly, free of binding, warp, excessive deflection, distortion, nonalignment, misplacement, disruption, or malfunction, throughout entire

operational range. Confirm that latches and locks engage accurately and securely without forcing or binding.

- B. Protection-Zone Signage: Install protection-zone signage in visibly prominent locations in a manner approved by Engineer. Install one sign spaced approximately every 20 feet (6 m) on protection-zone fencing, but no fewer than four signs with each facing a different direction.
- C. Maintain protection zones free of weeds and trash.
- D. Repair or replace trees, shrubs, and other vegetation indicated to remain or be relocated that are damaged by construction operations, in a manner approved by Engineer.
- E. Maintain protection-zone fencing and signage in good condition as acceptable to Engineer and remove when construction operations are complete and equipment has been removed from the site.
 - 1. Do not remove protection-zone fencing, even temporarily, to allow deliveries or equipment access through the protection zone.
 - 2. Temporary access is permitted subject to preapproval in writing by arborist if a root buffer effective against soil compaction is constructed as directed by arborist. Maintain root buffer so long as access is permitted.

3.4 EXCAVATION

- A. General: Excavate at edge of protection zones and for trenches indicated within protection zones according to requirements in Section 312000 "Earth Moving."
- B. Trenching near Trees: Where utility trenches are required within protection zones, hand excavate under or around tree roots or tunnel under the roots by drilling, auger boring, or pipe jacking. Do not cut main lateral tree roots or taproots; cut only smaller roots that interfere with installation of utilities. Cut roots as required for root pruning.
- C. Redirect roots in backfill areas where possible. If encountering large, main lateral roots, expose roots beyond excavation limits as required to bend and redirect them without breaking. If encountered immediately adjacent to location of new construction and redirection is not practical, cut roots approximately 3 inches (75 mm) back from new construction and as required for root pruning.
- D. Do not allow exposed roots to dry out before placing permanent backfill. Provide temporary earth cover or pack with peat moss and wrap with burlap. Water and maintain in a moist condition. Temporarily support and protect roots from damage until they are permanently relocated and covered with soil.

3.5 ROOT PRUNING

- A. Prune roots that are affected by temporary and permanent construction. Prune roots per the recommendation of an arborist or someone having first hand knowledge and experience in pruning the roots of the particular species of tree/plant in question.
 - 1. Cut roots manually by digging a trench and cutting exposed roots with sharp pruning instruments; do not break, tear, chop, or slant the cuts. Do not use a backhoe or other equipment that rips, tears, or pulls roots.
 - 2. Cut Ends: Treat the cut ends of a root per the recommendation of an arborist or someone having first hand knowledge and experience in pruning the roots of the particular species of tree/plant in question.
 - 3. Temporarily support and protect roots from damage until they are permanently redirected and covered with soil.
 - 4. Cover exposed roots with burlap and water regularly.
 - 5. Backfill as soon as possible according to requirements in Section 312000 "Earth Moving."
- B. Root Pruning at Edge of Protection Zone: Prune roots as close as possible to the edge of the protection zone, by cleanly cutting all roots to the depth of the required excavation.
- C. Root Pruning within Protection Zone: Clear and excavate by hand to the depth of the required excavation to minimize damage to root systems. Use narrow-tine spading forks, comb soil to expose roots, and cleanly cut roots as close to excavation as possible.

3.6 CROWN PRUNING

- A. Prune branches that are affected by temporary and permanent construction. Prune branches as follows:
 - 1. Prune trees to remain to compensate for root loss caused by damaging or cutting root system. Provide subsequent maintenance during Contract period as recommended by arborist.
 - 2. Pruning Standards: Prune trees according to ANSI A300 (Part 1).
 - 3. Cut branches with sharp pruning instruments; do not break or chop.
 - 4. Do not apply pruning paint to wounds.
- B. Chip removed branches and spread over areas identified by owner or stockpile in areas approved by owner or dispose of off-site.

3.7 REGRADING

- A. Lowering Grade: Where new finish grade is indicated below existing grade around trees, slope grade beyond the protection zone. Maintain existing grades within the protection zone.
- B. Lowering Grade within Protection Zone: Where new finish grade is indicated below existing grade around trees, slope grade away from trees as recommended by arborist unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Root Pruning: Prune tree roots exposed by lowering the grade. Do not cut main lateral roots or taproots; cut only smaller roots. Cut roots as required for root pruning.
- C. Raising Grade: Where new finish grade is indicated above existing grade around trees, slope grade beyond the protection zone. Maintain existing grades within the protection zone.
- D. Minor Fill within Protection Zone: Where existing grade is 2 inches (50 mm) or less below elevation of finish grade, fill with topsoil. Place topsoil in a single uncompacted layer and hand grade to required finish elevations.

3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Inspections: Engage a qualified arborist to direct plant-protection measures in the vicinity of trees, shrubs, and other vegetation indicated to remain and to prepare inspection reports.

3.9 REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT

- A. General: Repair or replace trees, shrubs, and other vegetation indicated to remain or be relocated that are damaged by construction operations, in a manner approved by Engineer.
 - 1. Submit details of proposed root cutting and tree and shrub repairs.
 - 2. Have arborist perform the root cutting, branch pruning, and damage repair of trees and shrubs.
 - 3. Treat damaged trunks, limbs, and roots according to arborist's written instructions.
 - 4. Perform repairs within 24 hours.
 - 5. Replace vegetation that cannot be repaired and restored to full-growth status, as determined by Engineer.
- B. Trees: Remove and replace trees indicated to remain that are, in the opinion of an arborist, in unhealthy condition or are damaged during construction operations that an arborist determines are incapable of restoring to normal growth pattern.

1. Replacement trees shall be provided according to the rules and regulations of the governing development jurisdiction, with respect to size, caliper, species, quantity, quality, etc.
 2. Plant and maintain new trees as specified in Section 329300 "Plants."
- C. Soil Aeration: Where directed by Engineer, aerate surface soil compacted during construction. Aerate 10 feet (3 m) beyond drip line and no closer than 36 inches (900 mm) to tree trunk. Drill 2-inch- (50-mm-) diameter holes a minimum of 12 inches (300 mm) deep at 24 inches (600 mm) o.c. Backfill holes with an equal mix of augered soil and sand.
- 3.10 DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS AND WASTE MATERIALS
- A. Disposal: Remove excess excavated material, displaced trees, trash and debris, and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.

END OF SECTION 015639

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SECTION 015719 - EROSION CONTROL AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

1.1 INTENT

It is the intent of these specifications to provide supplemental information to the contents of the construction drawings on the quality of materials, execution, measurement, etc. These specifications are general in nature and may contain products and requirements which are not applicable to the project. Discrepancies between these specifications and the construction drawings, either imagined or real, shall be brought to the attention of the Contracting officer for clarification.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

Comply with the provisions of the following codes and standards, except as otherwise shown or specified:

"Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction", Florida Department of Transportation, latest edition.

"Roadway and Traffic Design Standards", Florida Department of Transportation, latest edition.

"American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Publications" as follow:

D 123-87	Standard Terminology Relating to Textiles
D 1683-81	Failure in Sewn Seams of Woven Fabrics
D 2487-83	Test Method for Classification of Soils for Engineering Purposes
D 3786-80	Standard Test Method for Mullen Burst Strength
D 3787-80	Bursting Strength of Knitted Goods - Constant-Rate-of-Travel (CRT) Ball Burst
D 4439-87	Standard Terminology for Geotextiles
D 4533-85	Standard Test Method for Trapezoid Tearing Strength of Geotextiles
D 4632-86	Standard Test Method for Breaking Load and Elongation of Geotextiles (Grab Method)
VTM-51-79	Filtration Efficiency
VTM-51-79	Slurry Flow Rate

Certification: The contractor shall be responsible for providing the required material certifications prior to construction. Failure to provide certification may result in rejection of the material and replacement at no cost to the Owner.

Testing: An independent testing and inspection service will not be required for

the work of this section.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

Material Certificates: Provide copies of materials certificates signed by material producer and Contractor, certifying that each material item complies with or exceeds specified requirements. When test requirements are specified, the contractor shall supply results performed by a certified testing laboratory.

1.4 TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL (VEGETATION AND COVERINGS)

General: Temporary erosion control features shall consist of, but not be limited to, temporary grassing, temporary sodding, temporary mulching, sandbagging, artificial coverings, berms, and baled hay or straw.

Temporary Grassing: Temporary grassing shall be as specified in Section 13 except as modified herein. Perennial grass seed may be omitted if permanent erosion control will be placed prior to death of annual grass.

Temporary Sod: Sod shall be as specified in Section 12.

Temporary Mulch: Mulch shall be as specified in Section 13.

Sandbagging: Sandbagging shall consist of furnishing and placing sandbags in configurations, so as to control erosion and siltation.

Artificial Coverings: This work shall consist of furnishing and applying fiber mats, netting, plastic sheeting, or other approved covering to the earth surfaces.

Baled Hay or Straw: This work shall consist of construction of baled hay or straw dams to protect against downstream accumulations of silt. The baled hay or straw dams shall be constructed in accordance with the details shown in the construction drawings or, when details are not shown, in accordance with the FDOT Standard Index No. 102.

1.5 TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL (SILT FENCES)

General: Temporary erosion control features shall consist of, but not be limited to, silt fences and staked turbidity barriers. The work shall consist of furnishing, installing, maintaining, and removing temporary fences and barriers in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, these specifications, the details shown on the plans, or, when details are not shown, in accordance with the FDOT Standard Index No. 102 & 103. The barrier type(s) will be at the Contractor's option unless otherwise specified in the plans.

Silt Fence: Silt fence or sediment control fence shall consist of a geotextile fabric attached to posts. The geotextile fabric shall be a woven or non-woven fabric as

specified herein. Posts shall be a minimum length of five feet rough or surfaced four-inch by four-inch wood, three-inch minimum diameter wood or steel at least 1.33 pounds per linear foot. When called for, wire reinforcement shall be poultry mesh, a minimum height of 36 inches, 20 gauge wire minimum, with a mesh spacing of one inch. As an alternative, Type A fence conforming to Section 966, FDOT Standard Specifications, may be used.

Staked Turbidity Barrier: In addition to the requirements for a temporary silt fence contained herein, the fabric used for staked turbidity barrier shall have a double stitched hem at the top of the fabric into which has been sewn a braided nylon cord with a minimum diameter of 1/8 inch running the full length of that section of fabric. Supports for staked turbidity barriers shall be a minimum length of three feet seasoned two-inch by four-inch wood, 2-1/2 inch minimum diameter wood, or steel at least 1.33 pounds per linear foot.

1.6 GEOTEXTILES

Filter Fabric: The geotextile fabric shall be a woven or non-woven fabric consisting of long-chain polymeric filaments or yarns such as polypropylene, polyethylene, polyester, polyamides, or polyvinyl chloride formed into a stable network such that the filaments or yarns retain their relative position to each other. The base plastic shall contain stabilizers and/or inhibitors to make the filaments resistant to deterioration from ultraviolet light, heat exposure, and commonly encountered chemicals. The edges of the fabric shall be selvaged or otherwise finished to prevent the outer yarn from pulling away from the fabric.

The fabric shall conform to the following physical requirements:

PROPERTIES TEST METHOD ACCEPTABLE VALUES

Seam Strength (min)	ASTM D 1683	120 lbs.
Mullen Burst Strength (min)	ASTM D 3786	200 psi
Puncture Strength	ASTM D 3787	60 lbs.(min)
Trapezoidal Tear Strength (min)	ASTM D 4533	50 lbs.
Grab Tensile Strength (min)	ASTM D 4632	120 lbs.
Elongation (max)	ASTM D 4632	25%

Filtration Efficiency (min)	VTM-51-79	75%
Slurry Flow Rate (min)	VTM-51-79	0.3 gpm/sf

Seams: The seams of the fabric shall be sewn with thread of a material meeting the chemical requirements for the fabric. The minimum seam strength shall comply with the property requirements contained herein.

Shipment and Storage: During shipment and periods of storage, the geotextile shall be protected from direct sunlight, ultra-violet rays, temperatures greater than 140 degrees Fahrenheit, mud, dirt, dust, and debris. Stockpiled materials shall be kept covered at all times.

1.7 EXECUTION

General: The installation of temporary erosion control features shall be coordinated with the construction of the permanent erosion control features to the extent necessary to assure effective and continuous control of erosion and water pollution throughout the life of the contract.

The Contractor shall take sufficient precautions to prevent pollution of streams, canals, lakes, reservoirs, and other water impoundments, with fuels, oils, bitumen's, calcium chloride, or other harmful materials. Also, he shall conduct and schedule his operations so as to avoid pollution or siltation of such streams, etc.

Except as necessary for construction, excavated material shall not be deposited in rivers, streams, canals, or impoundments, or in an position close enough thereto to be washed away by high water or runoff.

Where de-watering methods are used, the water shall be treated by one or more of the following methods prior to discharge off-site or into environmental areas: pumping into grassed swales or appropriate vegetated areas, sediment basins, or confined by an appropriate enclosure such as siltation curtains when other methods are not considered appropriate.

The Contractor shall not disturb lands or waters outside the limits of construction as staked, except as may be Found necessary and authorized by the Contracting officer.

The locations of and methods of operation in all detention areas, excavation and stockpile areas, and disposal areas shall meet the approval of the Contracting officer as being such that erosion during and after completion of the work will not likely result in detrimental conditions, siltation's, or water pollution.

Limitation of Exposure or Erodible Earth: The Contractor shall limit the surface areas of unprotected erodible earth exposed by clearing and grubbing, excavation, or filling operations and shall provide immediate permanent or temporary erosion or pollution control measures to prevent contamination of any river, stream, lake, tidal water, reservoir, canal, or other impoundment or to prevent detrimental effects on property outside the project and damage to the project. The limitation of area in which excavation and filling operations may be underway shall be commensurate with the contractor's capability and progress in keeping the finish grading, grassing, sodding, and other such permanent erosion control measures current in accordance with the accepted schedule.

Under no conditions shall the surface area or erodible earth exposed by clearing and grubbing operations or by excavation and filling operations exceed one-half acre without specific prior approval by the Contracting officer. This limitation applies separately to clearing and grubbing operations and excavation and filling operations.

The Contracting officer may increase or decrease the amount of surface area allowed to be exposed at any one time, on the basis of his analysis of conditions on the project.

Permanent erosion control features shall be incorporated into the project at the earliest practical time. Temporary erosion control features will be used to control erosion prior to the time it is practical to construct permanent control features or to provide immediate temporary control of erosion that develops during normal construction operations, but is not associated with permanent erosion control features on the project. In no case shall be exposure of erodible earth be for more than five days without erosion control features being implemented.

Temporary erosion control features may be authorized for use in controlling erosion in areas where stage construction or other conditions not under the control of the Contractor preclude completion of a section of work in a continuous manner and in areas where construction operations which must be performed subsequently will cause damage to permanent erosion control features constructed.

When the item of Topsoil or Muck Blanket is included in the contract, the rate of construction of these items may be limited by the availability of topsoil or muck from the normal grading operations. The existence of this condition will be considered as precluding completion of a section or roadway in a continuous manner, and use of temporary erosion control features will be used in areas so affected.

The Contractor shall schedule his operations such that the area of unprotected erodible earth exposed at any one time is not larger than the minimum area necessary for efficient construction operations, and the duration of exposed,

uncompleted construction to the elements shall be as short as practicable.

Clearing and grubbing shall be so scheduled and performed that grading operations can follow immediately thereafter, and grading operations shall be so scheduled and performed that permanent erosion control features can follow immediate thereafter if conditions on the project permit.

1.8 TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL (VEGETATION AND COVERINGS)

General: Temporary vegetative erosion control features shall be installed in accordance with Section 13. Temporary coverings shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

1.9 TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL (SILT FENCES)

Temporary Silt Fence: Temporary silt fence shall be erected at locations as shown on the plans or as approved by the Contracting officer. The filter fabric shall be reinforced with wire fence, when called for, and the post spacings shall not exceed ten feet. The wire reinforcement shall be installed so that the filter fabric is on the upstream side of the fence, and both the wire fence and the filter fabric are on the upstream side of the posts. Posts shall be uniformly installed with approximately 20 degrees inclination toward the potential silt load (upstream) area. The silt fence shall be maintained in an effective condition at all times while in use.

Filter fabric shall be a minimum of 45 inches wide and shall be secured to the post or fence by suitable staples, tie wire, or hog rings in such a manner as to prevent tearing of the fabric. The bottom of the filter fabric shall be entrenched into the ground a minimum of eight inches to prevent water from flowing under the fence. Filter fabric shall be spliced together only at support posts with a minimum of six-inch overlap and securely sealed.

Staked Turbidity Barrier: Staked turbidity barrier shall be securely fastened to wood or steel supports which are spaced at maximum intervals of six feet and driven a minimum of 12 inches into the ground. A minimum of three supports shall be used. The bottom of the fabric shall be entrenched into the existing ground a minimum of eight inches. The staked turbidity barrier shall be a minimum of 15 inches in height and shall not exceed 18 inches in height.

The support line sewn in the top hem of the filter fabric shall be used at each post location to secure the fabric to the post at an appropriate height.

Staked turbidity barriers shall be installed across ditch lines and at temporary locations as shown on the plans or approved by the Contracting officer where continuous construction activities change the natural contour and drainage runoff.

Posts in staked turbidity barriers shall be installed in the vertical position unless otherwise directed by the Contracting officer.

Floating Turbidity Barrier: This work shall consist of the installation and removal of floating turbidity barriers to contain silt and other deleterious materials that may occur as the result of dredging, filling, or other construction activities in waters of the State. The type barrier used will be installed in accordance with the details contained in the plans, or, when details are not shown, in accordance with the FDOT Standard Index No. 103, or as approved by the Contracting officer. Alternate methods may be approved provided that compliance with applicable permit conditions and State water quality standards are maintained.

1.10 INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

General: The Contractor shall, at his expense, provide routine maintenance of permanent and temporary erosion control features until the project is completed and accepted. The Contractor shall inspect all temporary erosion control measures immediately after each rainfall and at least daily during prolonged rainfall. Any deficiencies shall be immediately corrected by the Contractor.

Silt Fences and Turbidity Barriers: The Contractor shall make a daily review of the location of silt fences and turbidity barriers to ensure that the silt fence or turbidity barriers are properly located for effectiveness and contain no breaches. Where deficiencies exist, additional silt fences or turbidity barriers shall be installed as directed.

Sediment deposits shall be removed when the deposit reaches approximately one-half of the volume capacity of the temporary silt fence or turbidity barrier as directed. Any sediment deposits remaining in place after the temporary silt fence or turbidity barrier is no longer required shall be dressed to conform with the finished grade, prepared and finished as shown on the construction plans, or seeded in accordance with Section 13.

END OF SECTION 015719

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SECTION 017700 – CLOSEOUT PROCEDURES

PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.01 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION: (See Section 00700 - General Conditions, Section 9.8). Before requesting inspection for certification of Substantial Completion, complete the following:
- A. Change-over permanent locks and transmit keys to the Owner.
 - B. Complete start-up testing of systems, and instruction of the Owner's personnel. Remove temporary facilities from the site, along with construction tools, mock-ups, and similar elements.
 - C. Complete final clean up. Touch-up and repair and restore marred exposed finishes.
 - D. Submit record drawings (As-builts), maintenance manuals, damage or settlement survey, and similar record information.
 - E. Attain Occupancy permits.
- 1.02 INSPECTION PROCEDURES: When the Contractor considers the work substantially complete, he shall prepare and submit a comprehensive list of items to be completed and/or corrected to the Architect. The Contractor shall proceed to promptly complete and/or correct all items on the list.
- A. Upon receipt of Contractor's list and assurance by the Contractor that the list has been addressed/ completed, the Architect will make an inspection for final verification that the list provided is comprehensive and includes all remaining work items to be completed or corrections required OR inform the Contractor of work to be completed before an inspection will be conducted.
 - B. After receipt of the completion/punch list and prior to the architect issuing substantial completion, the architect shall require that every consultant who provided documents for the project (ie: electrical, HVAC, Plumbing, Architectural, Roof, telecomm, etc.) shall perform an onsite inspection of work completed under the scope of their responsibilities and provide a detailed final completion list of incomplete work or work requiring corrections.
 - C. This process will be the responsibility of the Architect to ensure this occurs and that the information gathered from those site visits is to be coordinated through the contractor, added to the contractor's final completion/punch list, and issued to the owner. This will ensure that all

required corrections are included in the final punch list prior to substantial completion being awarded.

- D. When the work is substantially complete, the Architect will prepare the Certificate of Substantial Completion which shall establish the date of Substantial Completion.
- E. Results of the completed inspection will form the basis of requirements for final acceptance, **including any items discovered at a later date considered necessary to be completed for final.**

1.03 FINAL ACCEPTANCE: (See Section 00700 - General Conditions Section 9.10). Before requesting inspection for certification of final acceptance and final payment, complete the following:

- A. Submit a copy of the final inspection list stating that each item has been completed or otherwise resolved for acceptance.
- B. Submit specific warranties, workmanship bonds, maintenance agreements, final certifications and similar documents.
- C. Refer to Section 01027 - Application for Payment - Final Payment Application.
- D. Provide the Architect with 'Final Statement of Compliance', for the Owner.

1.04 REINSPECTION PROCEDURE (if required): The Architect will reinspect the Work upon receipt of notice that the Work has been completed, except items whose completion has been delayed because of circumstances acceptable to the Architect.

- A. Prior to Final completion, A Final walk through/verification of completion/correction by the various design consultants shall occur. Final payment to the contractor shall not be released until the final completion /punch list is complete 100%.
- B. Upon completion of reinspection, the Architect will then prepare a certificate of final acceptance or advise the Contractor of work that is incomplete or of obligations that have not been fulfilled but are required for final acceptance. If necessary, reinspection will be repeated.

- 1.05 RECORD DRAWINGS: Maintain a clean, undamaged set of blue or black line white-prints of Contract Drawings and Shop Drawings. Mark-up these drawings to show the actual installation where installation varies from that shown originally. Mark whichever drawing is most capable of showing conditions accurately. Give particular attention to concealed elements that would be difficult to measure and record at a later date. Maintain and review monthly with the Owner and Architect.
- A. Organize record drawing sheets into manageable sets, bind with durable paper cover sheets, and print suitable titles, dates and other identification on the cover.
 - B. Maintain Record Documents in good order and in a clean, dry, legible condition, protected from deterioration and lost. Provide access to Project Record Documents for Architect's reference during normal working hours.
 - C. Upon completion of the Work, submit Record Drawings (red-line field as-builts) to the Architect for Owner's records.
 - D. As built documents are a requirement of final close out for the project. As built documents shall include all design revisions issued during the course of the project. Those revisions shall be marked on the documents in a way that provides clarity for the noted changes. It is at the sole discretion of the architect to determine what is and what is not adequate for as built documentation.
 - E. The contractor is expected to maintain as built documents throughout the course of the project work. Monthly review of the as built documents wherein the contractor shall show the architect what changes were accepted and have been noted as revisions to the project ON the as built documents each month.
 - F. Failure to maintain as built documentation during the course of the project may be grounds to hold progress payment.
 - G. Failure to provide adequate as built documentation shall be grounds to hold final payment pending receipt of acceptable as built documentation.
- 1.06 PROJECT RECORD SPECIFICATIONS: Maintain one copy of the Project Manual, including addenda. Mark-up to indicate the actual product installation where installation varies from that indicated in Specifications, addenda, and contract modifications. Give particular attention to substitutions, selection of options and similar information on elements that are concealed or cannot be readily discerned later by direct observation. Note related record drawing information and Product Data.
- A. Maintain on site, in a 3-ring binder or other organized method, executed RFI's, ASI's, RFP's, CO's and other project record items.
 - B. All record of revisions is to be incorporated into the Project As-Built drawings

- C. Upon completion of the Work, submit record Drawings and Specifications to the Architect for the Owner's records.

1.07 PROJECT AS-BUILT DRAWINGS: The Contractor shall, at his own expense, hire the Architect of Record to prepare as-built drawings. The Contractor shall provide to the Architect record drawings and record specifications. The Contractor is solely responsible for the content of the record drawings and the as-built documents.

A. Site As-built drawings shall comply with the following:

1. Show the actual locations of all components, including depth below grade, along with any changes and/or modifications to the Contract Drawings. Provide GPS coordinates for all below grade installations.
 - a. During the course of the project, various utilities are buried on site. The project as- built documentation for utilities shall include a layout for as-built conditions of all buried underground utility runs to within 3 feet of actual.
 - b. All above ground access points shall be detailed on site as built to within 1 foot of actual with GPS coordinates provided for each item.
 - c. Items to be recorded include but are not limited to water Valves, sewer manholes, storm water manholes, and sewer and storm water cleanouts, electronic junction boxes buried on site, electrical junction boxes buried on site, site transformers, and any other items as indicated on the project design documents.
 - d. All stub outs for utility tie ins shall be indicated on the as built plan.
 - e. All utilities shall be labeled every 50 feet on the as built so as to allow easy identification in the field while using electronic as built plans. All utility items listed in item 3 above shall also be labeled on the as built plans.
 - f. All dimensions and elevations, including invert elevations, shall be verified by field measurements.
2. The Contractor is cautioned to make all necessary measurements and elevations during installation to accurately locate all concealed items.

B. As-Built Survey: Contractor shall provide signed and sealed As-Built Survey of existing grades and structures as required by authorities having jurisdictions.

1.08 MAINTENANCE MANUALS: Organize maintenance data into sets of manageable size. Bind in individual heavy-duty 2-inch, 3-ring vinyl-covered

binders, with pocket folders for folded sheet information. Mark identification on front and spine of each binder. Include the following information:

Emergency instructions.	Spare parts list.
Copies of warranties.	Wiring diagrams.
Recommended "turn around" cycles.	Inspection procedures.
Shop Drawings and Product Data.	Fixture lamping schedule.

- 1.09 **OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS:** Arrange for the installer of equipment that requires regular maintenance to meet with the Owner's personnel to provide instruction in proper operation and maintenance. Acceptance of the owner training provided is at the sole discretion of the owner. Training provided must be comprehensive in nature and include all pertinent aspects of use and maintenance for the item(s) requiring training. Include a detailed review of the following:

Maintenance manuals.	Spare parts and materials.
Tools.	Lubricants.
Control sequences.	Hazards.
Warranties and bonds.	Maintenance agreements and similar continuing commitments.

As part of instruction for operating equipment, demonstrate the following procedures:

Start-up and shutdown.	Emergency operations.
Noise and vibration adjustments.	Safety procedures.

All operation and training sessions shall be recorded and provided to the Owner. The contractor may use their own personnel to film the training provided. Verify with Owner the appropriate format of recording that should be used.

- 1.10 **FINAL CLEANING:** Employ experienced workers for final cleaning. Clean each surface to the condition expected in a commercial building cleaning and maintenance program. Complete the following, as a minimum before requesting inspection for certification of Substantial Completion:
- A. Remove labels that are not permanent labels.
 - B. Clean transparent materials. Remove glazing compound. Replace chipped or broken glass.

- C. Clean exposed hard-surfaced finishes to a dust-free condition, free of stains, films and similar foreign substances. Restore reflective surfaces to their original reflective condition. Leave concrete floors broom clean.
- D. Vacuum carpeted surfaces.
- E. Wipe surfaces of mechanical and electrical equipment. Remove excess lubrication. Clean plumbing fixtures to a sanitary condition. Clean light fixtures and lamps.
- F. Clean the site of rubbish, litter and other foreign substances. Sweep paved areas; remove stains, spills and other foreign deposits. Rake grounds that are neither paved nor planted to a smooth even-textured surface.

1.11 REMOVAL OF PROTECTION: Remove temporary protection and facilities.

1.12 CLOSE OUT DOCUMENTATION:

- A. All close out documents shall be provided in hard copy and identical electronic copy.
- B. Contractor shall provide (2) hard copies for all documents and as built plans.
- C. Contractor shall provide (4) electronic copies identical to hard copies as listed above.
 - a. Contractor shall utilize "thumb drive" media of sufficient size to accommodate entire close out package including all as built documents being saved onto (1) thumb drive encompassing (1) full copy of all documentation on that (1) drive.
 - b. Each successive copy of electronic documents shall be identical and complete.
 - c. Folder structure on the Thumb drive shall be as follows:
 - i. 0 NAME OF PROJECT
 - ii. 1 SCOPE OF WORK
 - iii. 2 AS BUILT DRAWINGS
 - iv. 3 O&M MANUALS
 - v. 4 SUB WARRANTIES
 - vi. 5 CERTIFICATES & PERMITS
 - vii. 6 TEST REPORTS
 - viii. 7 SHOP DRAWINGS
 - ix. 8 DPO VENDOR LETTERS
 - x. 9 AIA WAIVERS G706 & G707
 - xi. 10 ATTIC STOCK
 - d. Subfolder structure on the Thumb drive under items 2, 3, 4 & 7 above shall be as follows:

- i. ARCHITECTURAL
 - ii. AUDIO VISUAL
 - iii. CIVIL
 - iv. FIRE PROTECTION
 - v. FURNISHINGS & EQUIPMENT
 - vi. KITCHEN
 - vii. LANDSCAPE
 - viii. MECHANICAL
 - ix. PLUMBING
 - x. STRUCTURAL
 - xi. TELECOMM
- e. Under the 'Scope of Work' folder, provide the Title sheet showing Project Information and all Architect & Engineer names and contact information. Provide a separate brief Narrative of the Project Scope, type of Structure, HVAC and other broad project information utilized. In this narrative, if this is a Renovation, provide a list of rooms that were altered during the construction process.
- D. In addition to close out documentation, all spare parts or extra parts required by specification shall be provided at final close out. The method for this to occur is negotiable but final verification including transmittal and owner/architect verification of receipt is a close out requirement.
- E. Contractor MAY NOT deliver close out documents in multiple phases or at multiple times or to multiple parties.
- a. Initial submittal of Close out documents shall be to the Architect for review and comment.
 - b. Upon Architect acceptance, the Contractor shall gather all hard copies and electronic copies for a full and complete documentation deliverable for the project close out documentation.
 - c. In addition to items listed in various parts of the specifications, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ALSO PROVIDE A COMPREHENSIVE SPREADSHEET THAT LISTS THE NAME AND CONTACT PERSON WITH PHONE NUMBER AND EMAIL FOR EACH SUBCONTRACTOR THAT PERFORMED WORK ON THE PROJECT. (see 'Subcontractor Contact List' attachment).
 - d. A Warranty spreadsheet shall also be included showing the term of any warranty provided by the subcontractor, the date the warranty started, and the end date the warranty will be completed on. (see 'Warranty Contact List' attachment).
 - e. The Warranty spreadsheet shall also list any manufacturers extended warranties that may exist for any item under a particular

subcontractor's scope. Include the same information listed in item d. above for manufacturer's warranties.

- F. Once the previous item 'E' is finalized and all Work is completed, including ALL punch out, all paperwork, all pay applications submitted with final and retainage applied for and any unspent funds returned, such that the job is closed out and 100% completed with no lingering issues yet to be resolved, then the Contractor shall gather a complete project close out deliverable including both hard copies and electronic copies, warranties, extra parts and any other close out required items, they are to notify the architect that they are ready to schedule the PROJECT CLOSE OUT MEETING.
- a. The closeout meeting will be held at Maintenance on 933 Baldwin Road, Lynn Haven, Florida. The Contractor is required to schedule the meeting in advance and a formal meeting request sent via email and accepted by all required attendees before the meeting is held.
 - b. A list of the attendees with signatures and contact numbers shall be created and all attendees shall be noted and shall sign in.
 - c. The project close out meeting shall consist of a meeting with all stakeholders including but not limited to the following:
 - i. BDS Facilities PM
 - ii. BDS Maintenance Supervisor
 - iii. BDS Administration for the Project facility
 - iv. Architect, other design consultants as directed by the architect
 - v. Contractor project management team and project executive
 - d. The project close out meeting agenda shall include a recap of the project scope, presentation of a completed and architect approved final punch list.
 - e. Contractor shall deliver close out documents with Transmittals to Facilities & Maintenance.
 - i. Each of the transmittals shall be signed by the Architect and the Contractor signifying they have reviewed and approved the close out documents and all close out requirements have been met before the documents are turned over to BDS.
 - ii. The maintenance transmittal shall be signed by the head of maintenance signifying the close out documents have been completed and have been received by Maintenance.
 - iii. The Facilities transmittal will be signed by the Facilities project manager signifying the close out documents have been completed and have been received by Facilities.

- iv. A copy of each transmittal will be provided to the head of maintenance, the contractor, the architect, and the original will be retained by the Facilities PM.
- v. The original transmittals will be held in perpetuity at the facilities offices as record of the formal close out being completed.
- f. Question and answers will be called for all participants. Any necessary follow up meetings for any lingering items associated with the project will be scheduled and coordination responsibility for each item will be assigned.
- g. Contractor will provide meeting minutes for the meeting including action items list and schedule for completion of any action items noted during the project close out meeting
- h. Please note in some instances final financial paperwork may be incomplete or the contract may remain open, but only with the approval of the Bay District Facilities' PM.

1.13 COMPLIANCE: Comply with regulations of authorities having jurisdiction and safety standards for cleaning. Remove waste materials from the site and dispose of in a lawful manner.

END OF SECTION 017700

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SECTION 017800 - WARRANTIES AND BONDS

PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.01 STANDARD PRODUCT WARRANTIES are preprinted written warranties published by individual manufacturers for particular products and are specifically endorsed by the manufacturer to the Owner. Note: All Standard Product Warranties are to be provided.
- 1.02 SPECIAL WARRANTIES are written warranties required by or incorporated in Contract Documents, to extend time limits provided by standard warranties or to provide greater rights for the Owner. Refer to the General Conditions for terms of the Contractor's special warranty of workmanship and materials.
- A. Requirements for warranties for products and installations that are specified to be warranted, are included in the individual Sections of Divisions-2 through -33.
- 1.03 DISCLAIMERS AND LIMITATIONS: Manufacturer's disclaimers and limitations on product warranties do not relieve the Contractor of the warranty on the Work that incorporates the products, nor does it relieve suppliers, manufacturers, and Subcontractors required to countersign special warranties with the Contractor.
- 1.04 RELATED DAMAGES AND LOSSES: When correcting warranted Work that has failed, remove and replace other Work that has been damaged as a result of such failure or that must be removed and replaced to provide access for correction of warranted Work.
- 1.05 REINSTATEMENT OF WARRANTY: When Work covered by a warranty has failed and been corrected, reinstate the warranty by written endorsement. The reinstated warranty shall be equal to the original warranty with an equitable adjustment for depreciation.
- 1.06 REPLACEMENT COST: On determination that Work covered by a warranty has failed, replace or rebuild the Work to an acceptable condition complying with requirements of Contract Documents. The Contractor is responsible for the cost of replacing or rebuilding defective Work regardless of whether the Owner has benefited from use of the Work through part of its useful service life.
- 1.07 OWNER'S RECOURSE: Written warranties made to the Owner are in addition to implied warranties, and shall not limit duties, obligations, rights and remedies otherwise available under the law, nor shall warranty periods be interpreted as limitations on time in which the Owner can enforce such other duties, obligations, rights, or remedies.
- A. Rejection of Warranties: The Owner reserves the right to reject warranties

and limit selections to products with warranties not in conflict with requirements of the Contract Documents. The Owner reserves the right to refuse to accept Work where a special warranty, or similar commitment is required, until evidence is presented that entities required to countersign commitments are willing to do so.

- 1.08 SUBMIT WRITTEN WARRANTIES to the Architect prior to the date certified for Substantial Completion. If the Architect's Certificate of Substantial Completion designates a commencement date for warranties other than the date of Substantial Completion, submit written warranties on the Architect's request.
- A. When a designated portion of the Work is completed and occupied or used, by separate agreement with the Contractor during the construction period, submit properly executed warranties to the Architect within fifteen days of completion of that designated portion of the Work.
 - B. When a special warranty is to be executed by the Contractor, or the Contractor and a subcontractor, supplier or manufacturer, prepare a written document that contains appropriate terms and identification, ready for execution by the required parties. Submit a draft to the Owner through the Architect for approval prior to final execution.
 - C. Refer to individual Sections of Divisions-2 through -33 for specific content, and particular requirements for submittal of special warranties.
 - D. Bind warranties and bonds in heavy-duty, commercial quality, durable 3-ring vinyl covered loose-leaf binders, thickness as necessary to accommodate contents, and sized to receive 8-1/2" by 11" paper.
 - E. Provide heavy paper dividers with celluloid covered tabs for each warranty. Mark the tab to identify the product or installation. Provide a typed description of the product or installation, including the name of the product, and the name, address and telephone number of the installer.
 - F. Identify each binder on the front and the spine with the typed or printed title "WARRANTIES AND BONDS", the Project title or name, and the name of the Contractor.
 - G. When operating and maintenance manuals are required for warranted construction, provide additional copies of each warranty, as necessary, for inclusion in each required manual.

END OF SECTION 017800

SECTION 15005 - MECHANICAL GENERAL

1 GENERAL

1.1 The work covered by this division consists of providing all labor, equipment and materials and performing all operations necessary for the installation of the mechanical work as herein called for and shown on the drawings.

1.2 Related Documents:

1.2.1 Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.

1.2.2 This is a Basic Mechanical Requirements Section. Provisions of this section apply to work of all Division 15 sections.

1.2.3 Review all other contract documents to be aware of conditions affecting work herein.

1.2.4 Definitions:

1.2.4.1 Provide: Furnish and install, complete and ready for intended use.

1.2.4.2 Furnish: Supply and deliver to project site, ready for subsequent requirements.

1.2.4.3 Install: Operations at project site, including unloading, unpacking, assembly, erection, placing, anchoring, applying, working to dimension, finishing, curing, protecting, cleaning, and similar requirements.

1.3 Verification of Owner's Data: Prior to commencing any work the Contractor shall satisfy himself as to the accuracy of all data as indicated in these plans and specifications and/or as provided by the Owner. Should the Contractor discover any inaccuracies, errors, or omissions in the data, he shall immediately notify the Architect/Engineer in order that proper adjustments can be anticipated and ordered. Commencement by the Contractor of any work shall be held as an acceptance of the data by him after which time the Contractor has no claim against the Owner resulting from alleged errors, omissions or inaccuracies of the said data.

1.4 Delivery and Storage of Materials: Materials delivered to site shall be inspected for damage, unloaded, and stored with a minimum of handling. All material shall be stored to provide protection from the weather and accidental damage.

- 1.5 Extent of work is indicated by the drawings, schedules, and the requirements of the specifications. Singular references shall not be constructed as requiring only one device if multiple devices are shown on the drawings or are required for proper system operation.
- 1.6 Field Measurements and Coordination:
- 1.6.1 The intent of the drawings and specifications is to obtain a complete and satisfactory installation. Separate divisional drawings and specifications shall not relieve the Contractor or subcontractors from full compliance of work of his trade indicated on any of the drawings or in any section of the specifications.
- 1.6.2 Verify all field dimensions and locations of equipment to insure close, neat fit with other trades' work. Make use of all contract documents and approved shop drawings to verify exact dimension and locations.
- 1.6.3 Coordinate work in this division with all other trades in proper sequence to insure that the total work is completed within contract time schedule and with a minimum cutting and patching.
- 1.6.4 Locate all apparatus symmetrical with architectural elements. Install to exact height and locations when shown on architectural drawings. When locations are shown only on mechanical drawings, be guided by architectural details and conditions existing at job and correlate this work with that of others.
- 1.6.5 Install work as required to fit structure, avoid obstructions, and retain clearance, headroom, openings and passageways. Cut no structural members without written approval.
- 1.6.6 Carefully examine any existing conditions, piping, and premises. Compare drawings with existing conditions. Report any observed discrepancies. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to properly coordinate the work and to identify problems in a timely manner. Written instructions will be issued to resolve discrepancies.
- 1.6.7 Because of the small scale of the drawings, it is not possible to indicate all offsets and fittings or to locate every accessory. Drawings are essentially diagrammatic. Study carefully the sizes and locations of structural members, wall and partition locations, trusses, and room dimensions and take actual measurements on the job. Locate piping, ductwork, equipment and accessories with sufficient space for installing and servicing. Contractor is responsible for accuracy of his measurements and for coordination with all trades. Contractor shall not order materials or perform work without such verification. No extra compensation will be allowed because field measurements vary from the dimensions on the drawings. If field measurements show that equipment or piping cannot be fitted, the

Architect/Engineer shall be consulted. Remove and relocate, without additional compensation, any item that is installed and is later found to encroach on space assigned to another use.

1.7 Guarantee:

1.7.1 The Contractor shall guarantee labor, materials and equipment for a period of **five (5) years** from Final Completion, or from Owner's occupancy at Substantial Completion, whichever is earlier. Contractor shall make good any defects and shall include all necessary adjustments to and replacement of defective items without expense to the Owner.

1.7.2 Owner reserves right to make emergency repairs as required to keep equipment in operation without voiding Contractor's Guarantee Bond nor relieving Contractor of his responsibilities during guarantee period.

1.8 Approval Submittals:

1.8.1 When approved, the submittal control log and submittals shall be an addition to the specifications herewith, and shall be of equal force in that no deviation will be permitted except with the approval of the Architect/Engineer.

1.8.2 Shop drawings, product literature, and other approval submittals will only be reviewed if they are submitted in full accordance with the General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification sections and the following.

- a. Submittals shall be properly organized in accordance with the approved submittal control log.
- b. Submittals shall not include items from more than one specification section in the same submittal package unless approved in the submittal control log.
- c. Submittals shall be properly identified by a cover sheet showing the project name, Architect and Engineer names, submittal control number, specification section, a list of products or item names with model numbers in the order they appear in the package, and spaces for approval stamps. A sample cover sheet is included at the end of this section.
- d. Submittals shall have been reviewed and approved by the General Contractor (or Prime Contractor). Evidence of this review and approval shall be an "Approved" stamp with a signature and date on the cover sheet.
- e. Submittals that include a series of fixtures or devices (such as plumbing fixtures or valves) shall be organized by the fixture number or valve type and be marked accordingly. Each fixture must include all items associated

with that fixture regardless of whether or not those items are used on other fixtures.

- f. The electrical design shown on the drawings supports the mechanical equipment basis of design specifications at the time of design. If mechanical equipment is submitted with different electrical requirements, it is the responsibility of the mechanical contractor to resolve all required electrical design changes (wire and conduit size, type of disconnect or overload protection, point(s) of connection, etc.) and clearly show the new electrical design on the mechanical submittal with a written statement that this change will be provided at no additional cost. Mechanical submittals made with no written reference to the electrical design will be presumed to work with the electrical design. Any corrections required will be at no additional cost.
- 1.8.3 If the shop drawings show variation from the requirements of contract because of standard shop practice or other reasons, the Contractor shall make specific mention of such variation in writing in his letter of transmittal and on the submittal cover sheet in order that, if acceptable, Contractor will not be relieved of the responsibility for executing the work in accordance with the contract.
 - 1.8.4 Review of shop drawings, product literature, catalog data, or schedules shall not relieve the Contractor from responsibility for deviations from contract drawings or specifications, unless he has in writing called to the attention of the Architect/Engineer each such deviation in writing at the time of submission, nor shall it relieve him from responsibility for errors of any sort in shop drawings, product literature, catalog data, or schedules. Any feature or function specified but not mentioned in the submittal shall be assumed to be included per the specification.
 - 1.8.5 Submit shop drawings as called for in other sections after award of the contract and before any material is ordered or fabricated. Shop drawings shall consist of plans, sections, elevations and details to scale (not smaller than 1/4" per foot), with dimensions clearly showing the installation. Direct copies of small scale project drawings issued to the Contractor are not acceptable. Drawings shall take into account equipment furnished under other sections and shall show space allotted for it. Include construction details and materials.
 - 1.9 Test Reports and Verification Submittals: Submit test reports, certifications and verification letters as called for in other sections. Contractor shall coordinate the required testing and documentation of system performance such that sufficient time exists to prepare the reports, submit the reports, review the reports and take corrective action within the scheduled contract time.

1.10 O&M Data Submittals: Submit Operation and Maintenance data as called for in other sections. When a copy of approval submittals is included in the O&M Manual, only the final "Approved" or "Approved as Noted" copy shall be used. Contractor shall organize these data in the O&M Manuals tabbed by specification number. Prepare O&M Manuals as required by Division 1 and as described herein.. Submit manuals at the Substantial Completion inspection.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 All materials shall be new or Owner-supplied reused as shown on the drawings, the best of their respective kinds, suitable for the conditions and duties imposed on them at the building and shall be of reputable manufacturers. The description, characteristics, and requirements of materials to be used shall be in accordance with qualifying conditions established in the following sections.

2.2 Equipment and Materials:

2.2.1 Shall be new and the most suitable grade for the purpose intended. Equipment furnished under this division shall be the product of a manufacturer regularly engaged in the manufacture of such items for a period of three years. Where practical, all of the components shall be products of a single manufacturer in order to provide proper coordination and responsibility. Where required, Contractor shall furnish proof of installation of similar units or equipment.

2.2.2 Each item of equipment shall bear a name plate showing the manufacturer's name, trade name, model number, serial number, ratings and other information necessary to fully identify it. This plate shall be permanently mounted in a prominent location and shall not be concealed, insulated or painted.

2.2.3 The label of the approving agency, such as UL, IBR, ASME, ARI, AMCA, by which a standard has been established for the particular item shall be in full view.

2.2.4 The equipment shall be essentially the standard product of a manufacturer regularly engaged in the production of such equipment and shall be a product of the manufacturer's latest design.

2.2.5 A service organization with personnel and spare parts shall be available within two hours for each type of equipment furnished.

2.2.6 Install in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations. Place in service by a factory trained representative where required.

2.2.7 Materials and equipment are specified herein by a single or by multiple manufacturers to indicate quality, material and type of construction desired. Manufacturer's products shown on the drawings have been used as basis for design; it shall be the Contractor's responsibility to ascertain that alternate manufacturer's products, or the particular products of named manufacturers, meet the detailed specifications and that size and arrangement of equipment are suitable for installation.

2.2.8 Model Numbers: Catalog numbers and model numbers indicated in the drawings and specifications are used as a guide in the selection of the equipment and are only listed for the contractor's convenience. The contractor shall determine the actual model numbers for ordering materials in accordance with the written description of each item and with the intent of the drawings and specifications.

2.3 Requests for Substitution:

2.3.1 Where a particular system, product or material is specified by name, consider it as standard basis for bidding, and base proposal on the particular system, product or material specified.

2.3.2 Requests by Contractor for substitution will be considered only when reasonable, timely, fully documented, and qualifying under one or more of the following circumstances.

- a. Required product cannot be supplied in time for compliance with Contract time requirements.
- b. Required product is not acceptable to governing authority, or determined to be non-compatible, or cannot be properly coordinated, warranted or insured, or has other recognized disability as certified by Contractor.
- c. Substantial cost advantage is offered Owner after deducting offsetting disadvantages including delays, additional compensation for redesign, investigation, evaluation and other necessary services and similar considerations.

2.3.3 All requests for substitution shall contain a "Comparison Schedule" and clearly and specifically indicate any and all differences or omissions between the product specified as the basis of design and the product proposed for substitution. Differences shall include but shall not be limited to data as follows for both the specified and substituted products:

- Principal of operation.
- Materials of construction or finishes.
- Thickness of gauge of materials.

Weight of item.
Deleted features or items.
Added features or items.
Changes in other work caused by the substitution.
Performance curves.

If the approved substitution contains differences or omissions not specifically called to the attention of the Architect/Engineer, the Owner reserves the right to require equal or similar features to be added to the substituted products (or to have the substituted products replaced) at the Contractor's expense.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 Workmanship: All materials and equipment shall be installed and completed in a first-class workmanlike manner and in accordance with the best modern methods and practice. Any materials installed which do not present an orderly and reasonably neat and/or workmanlike appearance, or do not allow adequate space for maintenance, shall be removed and replaced when so directed by the Architect/Engineer.

3.2 Coordination:

3.2.1 The Contractor shall be responsible for full coordination of the mechanical systems with shop drawings of the building construction so the proper openings and sleeves or supports are provided for piping, ductwork, or other equipment passing through slabs or walls.

3.2.2 Any additional steel supports required for the installation of any mechanical equipment, piping, or ductwork shall be furnished and installed under the section of the specifications requiring the additional supports.

3.2.3 It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to see that all equipment such as valves, dampers, filters and such other apparatus or equipment that may require maintenance and operation are made easily accessible, regardless of the diagrammatic location shown on the drawings.

3.2.4 All connections to fixtures and equipment shown on the drawings shall be considered diagrammatic unless otherwise indicated by detail. The actual connections shall be made to fully suit the requirements of each case and adequately provide for expansion and servicing.

3.2.5 The contractor shall protect equipment, material, and fixtures at all times. He shall replace all equipment, material, and fixtures which are damaged as a result of inadequate protection.

- 3.2.6 Prior to starting and during progress of work, examine work and materials installed by others as they apply to work in this division. Report conditions which will prevent satisfactory installation.
- 3.2.7 Start of work will be construed as acceptance of suitability of work of others.
- 3.3 Interruption of Service: Before any equipment is shut down for disconnecting or tie-ins, arrangements shall be made with the Architect/Engineer and this work shall be done at the time best suited to the Owner. This will typically be on weekends and/or holidays and/or after normal working hours. Services shall be restored the same day unless prior arrangements are made. All overtime or premium costs associated with this work shall be included in the base bid.
- 3.4 Phasing: Provide all required temporary valves, piping, ductwork, equipment and devices as required. Maintain temporary services to areas as required. Remove all temporary material and equipment on completion of work unless Engineer concurs that such material and equipment would be beneficial to the Owner on a permanent basis.
- 3.5 Cutting and Patching: Notify General Contractor to do all cutting and patching of all holes, chases, sleeves, and other openings required for installation of equipment furnished and installed under this section. Utilize experienced trades for cutting and patching. Obtain permission from Architect/Engineer before cutting any structural items.
- 3.6 Equipment Setting: Bolt equipment directly to concrete pads or vibration isolators as required, using hot-dipped galvanized anchor bolts, nuts and washers. Level equipment.
- 3.7 Painting: Touch-up factory finishes on equipment located inside and outside shall be done under Division 15. Obtain matched color coatings from the manufacturer and apply as directed. If corrosion is found during inspection on the surface of any equipment, clean, prime, and paint, as required.
- 3.8 Clean-up: Thoroughly clean all exposed parts of apparatus and equipment of cement, plaster, and other materials and remove all oil and grease spots. Repaint or touch up as required to look like new. During progress of work, contractor is to carefully clean up and leave premises and all portions of building free from debris and in a clean and safe condition.
- 3.9 Start-up and Operational Test: Start each item of equipment in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions; or where noted under equipment specification, start-up shall be done by a qualified representative of the manufacturer. Alignment, lubrication, safety, and operating control shall be included in start-up check.

- 3.10 Climate Control: Operate heating and cooling systems as required after initial startup to maintain temperature and humidity conditions to avoid freeze damage and warping or sagging of ceilings and carpet.
- 3.11 Record Drawings:
- 3.11.1 During the progress of the work the Contractor shall record on their field set of drawings the exact location, as installed, of all piping, ductwork, equipment, and other systems which are not installed exactly as shown on the contract drawings.
- 3.11.2 Upon completion of the work, record drawings shall be prepared as described in the General Conditions, Supplementary Conditions, and Division 1 sections.
- 3.12 Acceptance:
- 3.12.1 Punch List: Submit written confirmation that all punch lists have been checked and the required work completed.
- 3.12.2 Instructions: At completion of the work, provide a competent and experienced person who is thoroughly familiar with project, for one day to instruct permanent operating personnel in operation of equipment and control systems. This is in addition to any specific equipment operation and maintenance training.
- 3.12.3 Operation and Maintenance Manuals: Furnish four complete manuals bound in ring binders with Table of Contents, organized, and tabbed by specification section. Manuals shall contain:
- Detailed operating instructions and instructions for making minor adjustments.
 - Complete wiring and control diagrams.
 - Routine maintenance operations.
 - Manufacturer's catalog data, service instructions, and parts lists for each piece of operating equipment.
 - Copies of approved submittals.
 - Copies of all manufacturer's warranties.
 - Copies of test reports and verification submittals.
- 3.12.4 Record Drawings: Submit record drawings.
- 3.12.5 Acceptance will be made on the basis of tests and inspections of job. A representative of firm that performed test and balance work shall be in attendance to assist. Contractor shall furnish necessary mechanics to operate system, make any necessary adjustments and assist with final inspection.

PROJECT NAME
PROJECT NUMBER

**This is a sample cover sheet. Use
one for each shop drawing.**

ARCHITECT/ENGINEER: Watford Engineering, Inc.

CONTRACTOR: XYZ Construction

SUBCONTRACTOR: ABC Mechanical Contractor

SUPPLIER: Jones Supply Co.

MANUFACTURER: Various

DATE: 2/15/2005

SECTION: 15545/Hydronic Specialties

1. Vent valves - Hoffman No. 62

List each item separately

2. In-line air separators - Bell & Gossett RL-4

**Typical - list mfr name
& model number**

3. Diaphragm type compression tanks - Bell & Gossett B-200

4. Pump suction diffusers - Bell & Gossett ED-3

5. Triple duty valves - Bell & Gossett 3D-4S

6. Shot feeders - J. Woods No. 2

7. Pressure relief valves - Watts No. 6

8. Pressure reducing valves - Bell & Gossett No. 7

**General Contractor's
APPROVAL stamp must
be on submittal.**

END OF SECTION

SECTION 15020 - CODES AND STANDARDS

1 GENERAL

- 1.1 The work covered by this division consists of providing all labor, equipment and materials and performing all operations necessary for the installation of the mechanical work as herein called for and shown on the drawings.
- 1.2 This is a Basic Mechanical Requirements section. Provisions of this section apply to work of all Division 15 sections.

2 CODES

- 2.1 All work under Division 15 shall be constructed in accordance with the codes listed herein. The design has been based on the requirements of these codes; and while it is not the responsibility of the Contractor to verify that all work called for complies with these codes, he shall be responsible for calling to the Architect/Engineer's attention any drawings or specifications that are not in conformance with these or other codes prior to ordering equipment or installing work.
- 2.2 Comply with regulations and codes of utility suppliers.
- 2.3 Where no specific method or form of construction is called for in the contract documents, the Contractor shall comply with code requirements when carrying out such work.
- 2.4 Where code conflict exists, generally the most restrictive requirement applies. Comply with current code edition, unless noted.
- 2.5 Additional codes or standards applying to a specific part of the work may be included in that section.
- 2.6 The following codes govern the work:
- 1) Florida Building Code 8th Edition, 2023 Building
 - 2) Florida Building Code 8th Edition, 2023 Plumbing
 - 3) Florida Building Code 8th Edition, 2023 Mechanical
 - 4) Florida Building Code 8th Edition, 2023 Fuel Gas
 - 5) Florida Fire Prevention Code 8th Edition
 - 6) National Electric Code (NFPA 70-20).
 - 7) Life Safety Code (NFPA 101-21).
 - 8) Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilation Systems (NFPA 90A-15)
 - 9) Florida Building Code 8th Edition, 2023 Energy
 - 10) Florida Building Code 8th Edition, 2023 Accessibility

- 11) Florida Americans with Disabilities Accessibility Implementation Act (October 1, 1993) as described in Accessibility Requirements Manual, Department of Community Affairs (January 1, 1997).
- 12) Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG), January, 1994.
- 13) State Requirements for Education Facilities, SREF, 2014

3 STANDARDS

All mechanical materials, installation and systems shall meet the requirements of the following standards, including the latest addenda and amendments, to the extent referenced:

- 1) Underwriters' Laboratories (UL)
- 2) American National Standards Institution (ANSI)
- 3) American Society of Testing Materials (ASTM)
- 4) National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)
- 5) National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA)
- 6) Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Institute (ARI)
- 7) Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors' National Association (SMACNA)
- 8) American Society of Heating, Refrigeration, and Air Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE)
- 9) Air Movement and Control Association (AMCA)

END OF SECTION

SECTION 15105 - PIPES AND PIPE FITTINGS

1 GENERAL

1.1 Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.

1.2 This section is a Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section, and is part of each Division-15 section making reference to pipes and pipe fittings specified herein.

1.3 Extent of pipes and pipe fittings required by this section is indicated on drawings and/or specified in other Division-15 sections.

1.4 Codes and Standards:

1.4.1 Welding: Qualify welding procedures, welders and operators in accordance with ASME B31.1, or ASME B31.9, as applicable, for shop and project site welding of piping work.

1.4.2 Brazing: Certify brazing procedures, brazers, and operators in accordance with ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IX, for shop and job-site brazing of piping work.

1.5 Test Report and Verification Submittals:

Submit welding certification for all welding installers.

Submit brazing certification for all brazing installers.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 Piping Materials: Provide pipe and tube of type, joint type, grade, size and weight (wall thickness or Class) indicated for each service. Where type, grade or class is not indicated, provide proper selection as determined by Installer for installation requirements, and comply with governing regulations and industry standards.

2.2 Pipe/Tube Fittings: Provide factory-fabricated fittings of type, materials, grade, class and pressure rating indicated for each service and pipe size. Provide sizes and types matching pipe, tube, valve or equipment connection in each case. Where not otherwise indicated, comply with governing regulations and industry standards for selections, and with pipe manufacturer's recommendations where applicable.

2.3 Piping Materials/Products:

2.3.1 Soldering Materials:

2.3.1.1 Tin-Antimony (95-5) Solder: ASTM B-32, Grade 95TA.

2.3.1.2 Silver-Phosphorus Solder: ASTM B-32, Grade 96TS.

2.3.2 Pipe Thread Tape: Teflon tape.

2.3.3 Protective Coating: Koppers Bitumastic No. 505 or equal.

2.3.4 Gaskets for Flanged Joints: ANSI B16.21; full-faced for cast iron flanges; raised-face for steel flanges, unless otherwise noted.

2.3.5 Welding Materials: Comply with Section II, Part C, ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code for welding materials. Materials shall be determined by installer to comply with installation requirements.

2.3.6 Brazing Materials: Silver content of not less than 15%. Materials shall be determined by installer to comply with installation requirements.

2.4 Copper Tube and Fittings:

2.4.1 Copper Tube:

2.4.1.1 Copper Tube: ASTM B88; Type K or L as indicated for each service; hard-drawn temper unless specifically noted as annealed.

2.4.1.2 DWV Copper Tube: ASTM B306.

2.4.2 Fittings:

2.4.2.1 Wrought-Copper Solder-Joint Fittings: ANSI B16.22.

2.4.2.2 Copper Tube Unions: Provide standard products recommended by manufacturer for use in service indicated.

2.4.2.3 Wrought-Copper Solder-Joint Drainage Fittings: ANSI B16.29.

2.5 Steel Pipes and Pipe Fittings

2.5.1 Pipes:

2.5.1.1 Black Steel Pipe: ASTM A-53 or A-120, seamless.

2.5.1.2 Galvanized Steel Pipe: ASTM A-53 or A-120, seamless.

2.5.2 Pipe Fittings:

2.5.2.1 Threaded Cast Iron: ANSI B16.4.

2.5.2.2 Threaded Malleable Iron: ANSI B16.3; plain or galvanized as indicated.

2.5.2.3 Malleable Iron Threaded Unions: ANSI B16.39; selected by installer for proper piping fabrication and service requirements including style, end connections, and metal-to-metal seats (iron, bronze or brass); plain or galvanized as indicated.

2.5.2.4 Threaded Pipe Plugs: ANSI B16.14.

2.5.2.5 Flanged Cast Iron: ANSI B16.1, including bolting.

2.5.2.6 Steel Flanges/Fittings: ANSI B16.5, including bolting and gasketing.

2.5.2.7 Wrought-Steel Buttwelding Fittings: ANSI B16.9, except ANSI B16.28 for short radius elbows and returns, rated to match connected pipe.

2.5.2.8 Pipe Nipples: Fabricated from same pipe as used for connected pipe; except do not use less than schedule 80 pipe where length remaining unthreaded is less than 1 ½ inches, and where pipe size is less than 1 ½ inches, and do not thread nipples full length (no close-nipples).

2.6 Plastic Pipes and Fittings:

2.6.1 Pipes:

2.6.1.1 PVC DWV Pipe: ASTM D-2665, Schedule 40.

2.6.1.2 PVC Sewer Pipe: ASTM D-3034.

2.6.2 Fittings:

2.6.2.1 PVC Solvent Cement: ASTM D-2564.

2.6.2.2 PVC DWV Socket: ASTM D-2665.

2.6.2.3 PVC Sewer Socket: ASTM D-3034.

2.6.2.4 PVC Schedule 40 Socket: ASTM D-2466.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 Installation

3.1.1 General: Install pipes and pipe fittings in accordance with recognized industry practices which will achieve permanently-leak proof piping systems, capable of performing each indicated service without piping failure. Install each run with minimum joints and couplings, but with adequate and accessible unions for disassembly and maintenance or replacement of valves and equipment. Reduce sizes (where indicated) by use of reducing fittings, not bushings. Align piping accurately at connections, within 1/16" misalignment tolerance.

3.1.2 Comply with ANSI B31 Code for Pressure Piping.

3.1.3 Locate piping runs, except as otherwise indicated, vertically and horizontally (pitched to drain) and avoid diagonal runs wherever possible. Orient horizontal runs parallel with walls and column lines. Locate runs as shown or described by diagrams, details and notations or, if not otherwise indicated, run piping in shortest route which does not obstruct usable space or block access for servicing building and its equipment. Hold piping close to walls, overhead construction, columns and other structural and permanent-enclosure elements of building; limit clearance to 1/2" where furring is shown for enclosure or concealment of piping, but allow for insulation thickness, if any. Where possible, locate insulated piping for 1" clearance outside insulation.

3.1.4 Concealed Piping: Unless specifically noted as "Exposed" on the drawings, conceal piping from view in finished and occupied spaces, by locating in column enclosures, chases, in hollow wall construction or above suspended ceilings; do not encase horizontal runs in solid partitions, except as indicated.

3.1.5 Electrical Equipment Spaces: Do not run piping through transformer vaults and other electrical, communications, or data equipment spaces and enclosures unless shown. Install drip pan under piping that must run through electrical spaces.

3.1.5.1 Cut pipe from measurements taken at the site, not from drawings. Keep pipes free of contact with building construction and installed work.

3.2 Piping System Joints: Provide joints of the type indicated in each piping system.

3.2.1 Solder copper tube-and-fitting joints where indicated, in accordance with recognized industry practice. Cut tube ends squarely, ream to full inside diameter, and clean outside of tube ends and inside of fittings. Apply non-acid type solder flux to joint areas of both tubes and fittings. Insert tube full depth into fitting, and solder in manner which will draw solder full depth and circumference of joint. Wipe excess solder from joint before it hardens.

- 3.2.2 Thread pipe in accordance with ANSI B2.1; cut threads full and clean using sharp dies. Ream threaded ends to remove burrs and restore full inside diameter. Apply pipe joint compound, or pipe joint tape (Teflon) where recommended by pipe/fitting manufacturer, on male threads at each joint and tighten joint to leave not more than 3 threads exposed. Paint exposed threads to retard rusting.
- 3.2.3 Flanged Joints: Match flanges within piping system, and at connection with valves and equipment. Clean flange faces and install gaskets. Tighten bolts to provide uniform compression of gaskets. Bolts shall project 1/8" to 3/8" beyond nut face when tight.
- 3.2.4 Weld pipe joints in accordance with recognized industry practice and as follows. Be guided by ANSI B.31.
- 3.2.4.1 Weld pipe joints only when ambient temperature is above 0°F.
- 3.2.4.2 Bevel pipe ends at a 37.5° angle where possible, smooth rough cuts, and clean to remove slag, metal particles and dirt.
- 3.2.4.3 Use pipe clamps or tack-weld joints; 4 welds for pipe sizes to 10". All welds shall be open-butt.
- 3.2.4.4 Build up welds with root pass, followed by filler pass and then a cover pass. Eliminate valleys at center and edges of each weld. Weld by procedures which will ensure elimination of unsound or unfused metal, cracks, oxidation, blow-holes and non-metallic inclusions.
- 3.2.4.5 Do not weld-out piping system imperfections by tack-welding procedures; refabricate to comply with requirements.
- 3.2.4.6 At Installer's option, install forged branch-connection fittings wherever branch pipe is less than 3" and at least two pipe sizes smaller than main pipe indicated; or install regular "T" fitting. Weld-O-Let or equal.
- 3.2.4.7 All field welding and cutting using oxygen-acetylene methods within the building shall be performed in accordance with NFPA-51B (1994).
- 3.2.5 Plastic Pipe Joints: Comply with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations, and with applicable industry standards.
- 3.2.5.1 Solvent-cemented joints shall be made in accordance with ASTM D-2235 and ASTM F-402.
- 3.2.6 Braze copper tube-and-fitting joints where indicated, in accordance with ANSI B.31.

3.3 Piping Installation

3.3.1 Install piping to allow for expansion and contraction.

3.3.2 Isolate all copper tubing from steel and concrete by wrapping the pipe at the contact point, and for one inch on each side, with a continuous plastic sleeve. Isolate all copper tubing installed in block walls with a continuous plastic sleeve.

3.3.3 Underground Piping:

3.3.3.1 Provide plastic tape markers over all underground piping. Provide copper wire over all underground plastic piping. Locate markers 18" above piping.

3.3.3.2 Provide an 8 mil polyvinyl sleeve for the following underground (uninsulated) pipes: black steel pipe, galvanized steel pipe, copper tubing.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 15110 - VALVES

1 GENERAL

- 1.1 Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections, apply to the work of this section.
- 1.2 This section is a Division-15 Basic Materials and Methods section, and is part of each Division-15 section making reference to or requiring valves specified herein.
- 1.3 Extent of valves required by this section is indicated on drawings and/or specified in other Division-15 sections.
- 1.4 Quality Assurance:
 - 1.4.1 Valve Dimensions: For face-to-face and end-to-end dimensions of flanged or welding-end valve bodies, comply with ANSI B16.10.
 - 1.4.2 Valve Types: Provide valves of same type by same manufacturer.
 - 1.4.3 Valve Listing: For valves on fire protection piping, provide UL listing.
- 1.5 O&M Data Submittals: Submit a copy of approval submittals. Submit installation instructions, maintenance data and spare parts lists for each type of valve. Include this data in the O&M Manual.

2 PRODUCTS

- 2.1 General: Provide factory-fabricated valves recommended by manufacturer for use in service indicated. Provide valves of types and pressure ratings indicated; provide proper selection as determined by Installer to comply with specifications and installation requirements. Provide sizes as indicated, and connections which properly mate with pipe, tube, and equipment connections.
- 2.2 Acceptable Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide valves of one of the producers listed for each valve type. The model numbers are listed for contractor's convenience only. In the case of a model number discrepancy, the written description shall govern.
- 2.3 Gate Valves:
 - 2.3.1 Packing: Select valves designed for repacking under pressure when fully opened, equipped with non-asbestos packing suitable for intended service. Select valves designed so back seating protects packing and stem threads from fluid when valve is fully opened, and equipped with gland follower.

2.3.2 Comply with the following standards:

Cast Iron Valves: MSS SP-70. Cast Iron Gate Valves, Flanged and Threaded Ends.

Bronze Valves: MSS SP-80. Bronze Gate, Globe, Angle and Check Valves.

Steel Valves: ANSI B16.34. Steel Standard Class Valve Ratings.

2.3.3 Types of gate (GA) valves:

- 1 Threaded Ends 2" and Smaller (GA1): Class 125, bronze body, screwed bonnet, rising stem, solid wedge. Stockham B-100. Nibco T-111. Crane 428. Milwaukee 148.
- 2 Soldered Ends 2" and Smaller (GA2): Class 125, bronze body, screwed bonnet, non-rising stem, solid wedge. Stockham B-108 or B-109. Nibco S-111. Crane 1334. Milwaukee 149.
- 3 Flanged Ends 2½" and Larger (GA3): Class 125, iron body, bronze mounted, bolted bonnet, rising stem, OS&Y, solid wedge. Stockham G-623. Nibco F617-0. Crane 465½. Milwaukee F2885.
- 4 Threaded Ends 2" and Smaller (GA4): Class 150, bronze body, screwed bonnet, rising stem, solid wedge. Stockham B-122. Nibco T-131. Crane 431. Milwaukee 1150.
- 5 Soldered Ends 2" and Smaller (GA5): Class 150, bronze body, screwed bonnet, rising stem, solid wedge. Stockham B-124. Nibco S-134. Milwaukee 1169.
- 6 Threaded Ends 2" and Smaller (GA6): 175 WWP, bronze body, screwed bonnet, rising stem, OS&Y, solid wedge, UL-listed. Stockham B-133. Nibco T-104-0.
- 7 Flanged Ends 2½" and Larger (GA7): 175 WWP, iron body, bolted bonnet, rising stem, OS&Y, solid wedge, UL listed. Stockham G-634. Nibco F-607-0TS
- 8 Threaded Ends 2" and Smaller (GA8): Class 200, bronze body, union bonnet, rising stem, solid wedge, renewable seat. Stockham B-132. Nibco T-154-SS. Milwaukee 1174.
- 9 Flanged Ends 2½" and Larger (GA9): Class 250, iron body bronze mounted, bolted bonnet, rising stem, OS&Y, solid wedge. Stockham F-667. Nibco F-667-0. Crane 7½E. Milwaukee F-2894.

- 10 Threaded Ends 2" and Smaller (GA10): Class 300, bronze body, union bonnet, rising stem, solid wedge, renewable seat. Stockham B-145. Nibco T-174-SS. Crane 634E. Milwaukee 1184.
- 11 Flanged Ends 2½" and Larger (GA11): Class 300, cast steel body, bolted bonnet, rising stem, solid wedge, seal-welded seat rings. Provide trim to match use. Stockham 30-0F. Crane 33.
- 12 Flanged Ends 2½" and Larger (GA12): 300 WWP, iron body, bolted bonnet, bronze mounted, rising stem, OS&Y, solid wedge, UL-listed. Stockham F-670. Nibco F-697-0.

2.4 Ball Valves:

2.4.1 General: Select with port area equal to or greater than connecting pipe area, include seat ring designed to hold sealing material.

2.4.2 Construction: Ball valves shall be rated for 150 psi saturated steam and 600 psi non-shock cold water. Pressure containing parts shall be constructed of ASTM B-584 alloy 844, or ASTM B-124 alloy 377. Valves shall be furnished with blow-out proof bottom loaded stem constructed of ASTM B-371 alloy 694 or other approved low zinc material. Provide TFE packing, TFE thrust washer, chrome-plated ball and reinforced teflon seats. Valves 1" and smaller shall be full port design. Valves 1¼" and larger shall be conventional port design. Stem extensions shall be furnished for use in insulated piping where insulation exceeds ½" thickness.

2.4.3 Comply with the following standards:

MSS SP-72. Ball Valves with Flanged or Butt Welding Ends for General Service.
MSS SP-110. Ball Valves Threaded, Socket-Welding, Solder Joint, Grooved and Flared Ends.

2.4.4 Types of ball (BA) valves:

- 1 Threaded Ends 2" and Smaller (BA1): Bronze two-piece full port body with adjustable stem packing. Nibco T-585-70. Stockham S216-BR-R-T. Milwaukee BA125. Apollo 77-100.
- 2 Soldered Ends 2" and Smaller (BA2): Bronze three-piece full port body with adjustable stem packing. Nibco S-595-Y-66. Milwaukee BA350. Apollo 82-200.
- 3 Threaded Ends 1" and Smaller (BA3): Bronze two-piece full port body, UL listed (UL 842) for use with flammable liquids and LP gas. Nibco T-585-70-UL.

- 4 Threaded Ends 2" and Smaller (BA4): 175 WWP, bronze two-piece body, UL listed for fire protection service. Nibco KT-585-70-UL and KT-580-70-UL.
- 5 Threaded Ends 2" and Smaller (BA5): 400 WWP, bronze two-piece body, for fire protection service. Nibco KT-580.
- 6 Threaded Ends 2½" and Smaller (BA6): 300 WWP, bronze three-piece body, gear operator with handwheel, indicator flag, accepts tamper switch, for fire protection, UL listed. Nibco T-505-4 and G-505-4.
- 7 Flanged Ends 2½" and Larger (BA7): Class 150, carbon steel full bore two-piece body with adjustable stem packing. Nibco F515-CS series. Apollo 88-240.

2.5 Butterfly Valves:

2.5.1 General: Comply with MSS SP-67, Butterfly Valves. Provide butterfly valves designed for tight shut-off. Where used for terminal or equipment removal or repair, select lug type valves. Select wafer type valves for other applications. Provide gear operators on all butterfly valves 6" and larger.

2.5.2 Types of butterfly (BF) valves:

- 1 Wafer Type 3" and Larger (BF1): 200 CWP, cast-iron body, lever-operated, cadmium-plated ductile iron disc, Type 410 stainless steel stem, EPT seat. Stockham LG-512. Nibco WD 2110-3. Crane 42-FXB-TL. Milwaukee MW222E-8416.
- 2 Lug Type 3" and Larger (BF2): 200 CWP, cast-iron body, lever-operated, cadmium-plated ductile iron disc, Type 410 stainless steel stem, EPT seat. Stockham LG-712. Nibco LD 2110-3. Crane 44-FXB-TL. Milwaukee ML132B-8416.
- 3 Wafer Type 3" and Larger (BF3): 150/200 CWP, cast-iron body, gear-operated, cadmium-plated ductile iron disc, Type 410 stainless steel stem, EPT seat. Stockham LG-522 and LG-521. Nibco WD 2110-5. Crane 42-FXB-G. Milwaukee MW 122B-8115.
- 4 Lug Type 3" and Larger (BF4): 150/200 CWP, cast-iron body, gear-operated, cadmium-plated ductile iron disc, Type 410 stainless steel stem, EPT seat. Stockham LG-722 and LG-721. Nibco LD 2110-5. Crane 44-FXB-G. Milwaukee ML 132B-8115.
- 5 Wafer Type 4" and Larger (BF5): 175 WWP, cast-iron body, gear-

operated, nickel-plated ductile iron disc, Type 410 stainless steel stem, EPT seat, UL listed. Stockham LG-52U. Nibco WD 3510-8.

- 6 Lug Type 4" and Larger (BF6): 175 WWP, cast-iron body, gear-operated, nickel-plated ductile iron or aluminum bronze disc, Type 410 stainless steel stem, EPT seat, UL listed. Stockham LG-72U. Nibco LD 3510-8.
- 7 Grooved Type 4" and Larger (BF7): 175 WWP, cast-iron body, gear-operated, nickel-plated ductile iron or aluminum bronze disc, Type 410 stainless steel stem, EPT seat, UL listed. Stockham LG-82U. Nibco GD 1765-2.

2.6 Valve Features:

2.6.1 General: Provide valves with features indicated and, where not otherwise indicated, provide proper valve features as determined by Installer for installation requirements. Comply with ANSI B31.1

2.6.2 Valve features specified or required shall comply with the following:

- 1 Bypass: Comply with MSS SP-45, and except as otherwise indicated, provide manufacturer's standard bypass piping and valving. Provide for gate valves 8" and larger.
- 2 Drain: Comply with MSS SP-45, and provide threaded pipe plugs complying with applicable Division-15 pipe or tube section. Provide for gate valves 8" and larger.
- 3 Flanged: Provide valve flanges complying with ANSI B16.1 (cast iron), ANSI B16.5 (steel), or ANSI B16.24 (bronze).
- 4 Threaded: Provide valve ends complying with ANSI B2.1.
- 5 Solder-Joint: Provide valve ends complying with ANSI B16.18.
- 6 Trim: Fabricate pressure-containing components of valve, including stems (shafts) and seats from brass or bronze materials, of standard alloy recognized in valve manufacturing industry unless otherwise specified.
- 7 Non-Metallic Disc: Provide non-metallic material selected for service indicated in accordance with manufacturer's published literature.
- 8 Renewable Seat: Design seat of valve with removable disc, and assemble valve so disc can be replaced when worn.
- 9 Extended Stem: Increase stem length by 2" minimum, to accommodate

insulation applied over valve.

- 10 Mechanical Actuator: Provide factory-fabricated gears, gear enclosure, external chain attachment and chain designed to provide mechanical advantage in operating valve for all valves 4" and larger that are mounted more than 7'-0" above the floor, or are otherwise difficult to operate regardless of height.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 Installation:

- 3.1.1 General: Install valves where required for proper operation of piping and equipment, including valves in branch lines to isolate sections of piping. Locate valves so as to be accessible and so that separate support can be provided when necessary. Install valves with stems pointed up, in vertical position where possible, but in no case with stems pointed downward below horizontal plane.

- 3.1.2 Insulation: Where insulation is indicated, install extended-stem valves, arranged in proper manner to receive insulation.

- 3.1.3 Applications Subject to Corrosion: Do not install bronze valves and valve components in direct contact with steel, unless bronze and steel are separated by dielectric insulator.

- 3.1.4 Mechanical Actuators: Install mechanical actuators as recommended by valve manufacturer.

- 3.2 Selection of Valve Ends (Pipe Connections): Except as otherwise indicated, select and install valves with the following ends or types of pipe/tube connections:

- 3.2.1 Tube Size 2" and Smaller: Threaded valves.

- 3.2.2 Pipe Size 2" and Smaller: Threaded valves.

- 3.2.3 Pipe Size 2½" and Larger: Flanged valves.

- 3.3 Non-Metallic Disc: Limit selection and installation of valves with non-metallic disc to locations indicated and where foreign material in piping system can be expected to prevent tight shutoff of metal seated valves.

- 3.4 Renewable Seats: Select and install valves with renewable seats, except where otherwise indicated.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 15120 - PIPING SPECIALTIES

1 GENERAL

- 1.1 Drawings and general provisions of contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.
- 1.2 This section is a Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section, and is part of each Division-15 section making reference to or requiring piping specialties specified herein.

2 PRODUCTS

- 2.1 General: Provide factory-fabricated piping specialties recommended by manufacturer for use in service indicated. Provide piping specialties of types and pressure ratings indicated for each service, or if not indicated, provide proper selection as determined by Installer to comply with installation requirements. Provide sizes as indicated, and connections, which properly mate with pipe, tube, and equipment connections. Where more than one type is indicated, selection is Installer's option.
- 2.2 Escutcheons:
 - 2.2.1 General: Provide pipe escutcheons as specified herein with inside diameter closely fitting pipe outside diameter, or outside of pipe insulation where pipe is insulated. Select outside diameter of escutcheon to completely cover pipe penetration hole in floors, walls, or ceilings; and pipe sleeve extension, if any. Furnish pipe escutcheons with nickel or chrome finish for occupied areas, prime paint finish for unoccupied areas.
 - 2.2.2 Pipe Escutcheons for Moist Areas: For waterproof floors, and areas where water and condensation can be expected to accumulate, provide cast brass or sheet brass escutcheons, solid or split hinged.
 - 2.2.3 Pipe Escutcheons for Dry Areas: Provide sheet steel escutcheons, solid or split hinged.
- 2.3 Dielectric Unions: Provide standard products recommended by manufacturer for use in service indicated, which effectively isolate ferrous from non-ferrous piping (electrical conductance), prevent galvanic action and stop corrosion. .
- 2.4 Fabricated Piping Specialties:
 - 2.4.1 Drip Pans: Provide drip pans fabricated from corrosion-resistant sheet metal with watertight joints, and with edges turned up 2-1/2". Reinforce top, either by

structural angles or by rolling top over ¼" steel rod. Provide hole, gasket, and flange at low point for watertight joint and 1" drain line connection.

2.4.2 Pipe Sleeves: Provide pipe sleeves of one of the following:

2.4.2.1 Sheet-Metal: Fabricate from galvanized sheet metal; round tube closed with snaplock joint, welded spiral seams, or welded longitudinal joint. Fabricate from the following gages: 3" and smaller, 20 gage; 4" to 6" 16 gage; over 6", 14 gage.

2.4.2.2 Steel-Pipe: Fabricate from Schedule 40 galvanized steel pipe; remove burrs.

2.4.2.3 Iron-Pipe: Fabricate from cast-iron or ductile-iron pipe; remove burrs.

2.4.3 Sleeve Seals: Provide sleeve seals for sleeves located in foundation walls below grade, or in exterior walls, of one of the following:

2.4.3.1 Caulking and Sealant: Provide foam or caulking and sealant compatible with piping materials used.

2.5 Low Pressure Y-Type Pipeline Strainers:

2.5.1 General: Provide strainers full line size of connecting piping, with ends matching piping system materials. Provide Type 304 stainless steel screens.

2.5.1.1 Water Strainers: Select for 200 psi working pressure (water, oil or gas). Provide 20 mesh screens through 2" size and 1/16" perforations for 2½" size and larger.

2.5.2 Select from the following types:

2.5.2.1 Threaded Ends, 2" and Smaller: Cast-iron body, screwed screen retainer with centered blowdown fitted with pipe plug.

2.5.2.2 Threaded Ends, 2-1/2" and Larger: Cast-iron body, bolted screen retainer with off-center blowdown fitted with pipe plug.

2.5.2.3 Flanged Ends, 2-1/2" and Larger: Cast-iron body, bolted screen retainer with off-center blowdown fitted with pipe plug.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 Pipe Escutcheons: Install pipe escutcheons on each pipe penetration through floors, walls, partitions, and ceilings where penetration is exposed to view; and on exterior of building. Secure escutcheon to pipe or insulation so escutcheon covers penetration hole, and is flush with adjoining surface.

- 3.2 Dielectric Unions: Install at each piping joint between ferrous and non-ferrous piping. Comply with manufacturer's installation instructions.
- 3.3 Fire Barrier Penetration Seals: Provide pipe sleeve as required. Fill entire opening with sealing compound. Adhere to manufacturer's installation instructions. Refer to Division 7.
- 3.4 Drip Pans: Locate drip pans under piping passing over or within 3' horizontally of electrical equipment, and elsewhere as indicated. Hang from structure with rods and building attachments, weld rods to sides of drip pan. Brace to prevent sagging or swaying. Connect 1" drain line to drain connection, and run to nearest plumbing drain or elsewhere as indicated.
- 3.5 Pipe Sleeves: Install pipe sleeves of types indicated where piping passes through walls, floors, ceilings, and roofs. Do not install sleeves through structural members of work, except as detailed on drawings, or as reviewed by Architect/Engineer. Install sleeves accurately centered on pipe runs. Size sleeves so that piping and insulation (if any) will have free movement in sleeve, including allowance for thermal expansion; but not less than 2 pipe sizes larger than piping run. Where insulation includes vapor-barrier jacket, provide sleeve with sufficient clearance for installation. Install length of sleeve equal to thickness of construction penetrated, and finish flush to surface; except floor sleeves. Extend floor sleeves 1/4" above level floor finish, and 3/4" above floor finish sloped to drain. Provide temporary support of sleeves during placement of concrete and other work around sleeves, and provide temporary closure to prevent concrete and other materials from entering sleeves.
- 3.5.1 Install sleeves in fire-rated assemblies in accordance with the listing of the assembly and the fire barrier sealant.
- 3.5.2 Install sheet-metal sleeves at interior partitions and ceilings other than suspended ceilings. Fill annular space with caulking or fire barrier sealant as required.
- 3.5.3 Install steel-pipe sleeves at floor penetrations. Fill annular space with caulking or fire barrier sealant as required.
- 3.5.4 Install iron-pipe sleeves at all foundation wall penetrations and at exterior penetrations; both above and below grade. Fill annular space with caulking or mechanical sleeve seals.
- 3.6 Y-Type Strainers: Install Y-type strainers full size of pipeline, in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions. Install pipe nipple and shutoff valve in strainer blow down connection, full size of connection, except for strainers 3/4" and smaller installed ahead of control valves feeding individual

terminals. Where indicated, provide drain line from shutoff valve to plumbing drain, full size of blow down connection.

- 3.7 Locate Y-type strainers in supply line ahead of the following equipment, and elsewhere as indicated, if integral strainer is not included in equipment:

Temperature control valves.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 15135 - VIBRATION ISOLATION

1 GENERAL

- 1.1 Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.
- 1.2 This section is a Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section, and is part of each Division-15 section making reference to vibration isolation equipment.
- 1.3 Extent of vibration isolation required by this section is indicated on drawings and/or specified in other Division-15 sections.
- 1.4 Approval Submittals: When required by other Division-15 sections, submit product data sheets for each type of vibration isolation equipment including configuration and rating data. Submit with Division-15 section using vibration isolation, not as a separate submittal. Provide calculations showing supported weight, deflection, and isolator size and type for each item of supported equipment. Submit for:
- Equipment Mountings. Type EM.
Hangers. Type HA.
- 1.5 O&M Data Submittals: Submit a copy of approval submittals for each type of vibration isolation equipment. Include this data in O&M Manual.

2 PRODUCTS

- 2.1 General: Provide factory-fabricated products recommended by manufacturer for use in service indicated. Provide products of types and deflections indicated; provide proper selection as determined by Installer to comply with specifications and installation requirements. Provide sizes which properly fit with equipment. All metal parts installed outside shall be hot dipped galvanized after fabrication.
- 2.2 Acceptable Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide vibration isolation equipment of: Mason Industries, Keflex, Consolidated Kinetics, Vibration Mountings & Controls, Wheatley or approved equal. All vibration isolators shall be supplied by a single approved manufacturer.
- 2.3 Equipment Mountings:
- 2.3.1 Select mountings with the required deflection and fastening means. Provide steel rails or bases as required to compensate for equipment rigidity and

overhang.

2.3.2 Types of equipment mountings (EM):

- 1 Spring Mountings (EM1): Spring isolators shall be free-standing and laterally stable without any housing. All mounts shall have leveling bolts. Spring diameter shall be not less than 0.8 of the compressed height of the spring at rated load. Springs shall have a minimum additional travel to solid equal to 50% of the rated deflection. Springs shall be so designed that the ratio of horizontal stiffness to vertical stiffness is approximately one. Provide a nominal static deflection of at least 1.0". Basis of Design: Mason Industries SLFH.
- 2 Spring Mountings with Housings (EM2): Spring isolators shall consist of open, stable steel springs and include vertical travel limit stops to control extension when weight is removed. The housing of the spring unit shall serve as blocking during erection of equipment. Provide a nominal static deflection of at least 1.0". All mountings used outside shall be hot dipped galvanized. Basis of Design: Mason Industries SLR.
- 3 Spring Mountings with Housings (EM3): Spring isolators shall consist of open, stable steel springs with neoprene inserts to limit movement between upper and lower housing on start and stop. Provide a nominal static deflection of at least 1.0". Mountings shall be specifically designed for critical areas on light-weight floors. Basis of Design: Mason Industries C.
- 4 Neoprene Mountings (EM4): Double deflection neoprene-in-shear mountings shall have a minimum static deflection of 0.35". All metal surfaces shall be neoprene covered. The top and bottom surfaces shall be neoprene ribbed and bolt holes shall be provided in the base. Basis of design: Mason Industries ND.
- 5 Pads (EM5): Waffle or ribbed pattern neoprene pads shall be fabricated from 40-50 durometer neoprene. Provide rigid steel plate and mounting angles as required. Basis of design: Mason Industries Super W.

2.4 Hangers:

2.4.1 Select hangers with the required deflection. Provide all required hanger rods and fasteners.

2.4.2 Types of hangers (HA):

- 1 Hangers (HA1): Vibration hangers shall contain a steel spring set in a neoprene cup manufactured with a grommet to prevent short-circuiting of

the hanger rod. The cup shall contain a steel washer designed to properly distribute the load on the neoprene and prevent its extrusion. Spring diameters and hanger box lower-hole sizes shall be large enough to permit the hanger rod to swing through a 30-degree arc before contacting the hole and short circuiting the spring. Springs shall have a minimum additional travel to solid equal to 50% of the rated deflection. Basis of Design: Mason Industries 30.

- 2 Hangers (HA2): Vibration hangers shall contain a laterally stable steel spring and 0.3" deflection neoprene or fiberglass element in series. A neoprene neck shall be provided where the hanger rod passes through the steel box supporting the isolator mount to prevent metal to metal contact. Spring diameters and hanger box lower hole sizes shall be large enough to permit the hanger rod to swing through a 30 degree arc before contacting the hole and short circuiting the spring. Springs shall have a minimum additional travel to solid equal to 50% of the rated deflection. Basis of Design: Mason Industries 30N.
- 3 Hangers (HA3): Double deflection neoprene-in-sheer or EPDM hangers. Units shall be complete with projected neoprene bushing to prevent steel-to-steel contact between hanger box and hanger rod. Average static deflection shall be not less than 0.4 inches. Basis of Design: Mason Industries HD.

3 EXECUTION

- 3.1 Install vibration isolation devices for the duty indicated and for ease of inspection, adjustment, and proper operation. Install in accordance with the manufacturer's written instructions and coordinate with shop drawings of supported equipment.
- 3.2 All connections to fixtures and equipment shown on the drawings shall be considered diagrammatic unless otherwise indicated by detail. The actual connections shall be made to fully suit the requirements of each case and adequately provide for expansion and servicing.
- 3.3 Piping, ductwork and conduit shall not be suspended from one another or physically contact one another. Vibrating systems shall be kept free from non-vibrating systems.
- 3.4 Equipment Mountings:
 - 3.4.1 Unless otherwise shown or specified, all floor-mounted equipment shall be set on housekeeping equipment bases. Refer to Division-15 section "Supports, Anchors, and Seals".

- 3.4.2 No equipment unit shall bear directly on vibration isolators unless its own frame is suitably rigid to span between isolators, and such direct support is approved by the equipment manufacturer. All support frames shall be sufficiently stiff and rigid so as to prevent distortion and misalignment of components installed thereon.
- 3.4.3 Align equipment mountings for a free, plumb installation. Isolators that are binding, offset or fully compressed will not be accepted.
- 3.5 Hangers:
- 3.5.1 Position vibration isolation hangers so that hanger housing may rotate a full 360 degrees without contacting any object.
- 3.5.2 Install steel angles, channels, rods and fasteners to level equipment, piping or ductwork and to evenly distribute the supported weight.
- 3.6 Connections of Ducts: Ducts shall be connected to fan intakes and discharges by means of flexible connectors in accordance with Division-15 section "Ductwork Accessories" so that all vibrating equipment is fully isolated.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 15140 - METERS AND GAUGES

1 GENERAL

- 1.1 Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.
- 1.2 This section is a Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section, and is part of each Division-15 section making reference to or requiring meters and gauges specified herein.
- 1.3 Extent of meters and gauges required by this section is indicated on drawings and/or specified in other Division-15 sections.
- 1.4 UL Compliance: Comply with applicable UL standards pertaining to meters and gauges.
- 1.5 ANSI and ISA Compliance: Comply with applicable portions of ANSI and Instrument Society of America (ISA) standards pertaining to construction and installation of meters and gauges.
- 1.6 Approval Submittals:
- 1.6.1 Product Data: When required by other Division-15 sections, submit manufacturer's technical product data for each type of meter and gauge. Submit with Division-15 section using meters and gauges, not as a separate submittal. Include scale range, ratings, and calibrated performance curves, certified where indicated. Submit for:
- Thermometers
Pressure gauges
Gauge connector plugs
Automatic balancing valves
- 1.7 O&M Data Submittals: Submit a copy of approval submittals. Submit calibration curves and operating instructions for each type of meter or gauge. Include this data in O&M Manual.

2 PRODUCTS

- 2.1 Acceptable Manufacturers (Thermometers and Pressure Gauges): Subject to compliance with requirements, Ashcroft, Ernst Gauge Company, Weksler, Marshalltown Instruments, Terrice, Weiss Instruments, Wheatley, Fluidyne or approved equal.

2.2 Glass Thermometers:

2.2.1 General: Provide glass thermometers of materials, capacities, and ranges indicated, designed and constructed for use in service indicated.

2.2.2 Case: Die cast aluminum finished in baked epoxy enamel, glass front, spring secured, 9" long.

2.2.3 Adjustable Joint: Die cast aluminum, finished to match case, 180° adjustment in vertical plane, 360° adjustment in horizontal plane, with locking device.

2.2.4 Tube and Capillary: Mercury filled, magnifying lens, 1% scale range accuracy, shock mounted.

2.2.5 Scale: Satin faced, non-reflective aluminum, permanently etched markings.

2.2.6 Stem: Copper-plated steel or brass for separable socket, length to suit installation.

2.2.7 Range: Conform to the following:

Chilled Water: 30° - 180°F with 2°F scale divisions.

2.3 Thermometer Wells: Provide thermometer wells constructed of brass or stainless steel, pressure rated to match piping system design pressure. Provide 2" extension for insulated piping. Provide cap nut with chain fastened permanently to thermometer well. Same manufacturer as thermometers.

2.4 Pressure Gauges:

2.4.1 General: Provide pressure gauges of materials, capacities, and ranges indicated, designed and constructed for use in service indicated.

2.4.2 Type: General use, 1% accuracy, ANSI B40.1 grade A, phosphor bronze bourdon type, bottom connection.

2.4.3 Case: Drawn steel or brass, glass lens, 4-½" diameter.

2.4.4 Connector: Brass with ¼" male NPT.

2.4.5 Scale: White coated aluminum with black scale.

2.4.6 Range: Select so that highest possible pressure does not exceed 75% of full scale.

2.5 Pressure Gauge Cocks:

2.5.1 General: Provide ¼" ball valves for use as pressure gauge cocks.

2.5.2 Snubber: ¼" brass bushing with corrosion resistance porous metal disc, through which pressure fluid is filtered. Select disc material for fluid served and pressure rating.

2.6 Gauge Connector Plugs:

2.6.1 Provide temperature gauge connector plugs pressure rated for 500 psi and 200°F. Construct of brass and finish in nickel-plate, equip with ½" NPT fitting, with self-sealing valve core type neoprene gasketed orifice suitable for inserting 1/8" O.D. probe assembly from dial type insertion thermometer. Equip orifice with gasketed screw cap and chain. Provide extension, length equal to insulation thickness, for insulated piping. Pete's Plug or approved equal.

2.6.2 Provide pressure gauge connector plugs pressure rated for 500 psi and 200°F. construct of brass and finish in nickel-plate, equip with ½" NPT fitting, with self-sealing valve core type neoprene gasketed orifice suitable for inserting 1/8" O.D. probe assembly from dial type insertion pressure gauge. Equip orifice with gasketed screw cap and chain. Provide extension, length equal to insulation thickness, for insulated piping. Pete's Plug or approved equal.

2.7 Automatic Balancing Valves:

2.7.1 General: Provide as indicated, threaded automatic balancing valves equipped with optional valve kits to measure the flow rate. Valves shall utilize a stainless steel flow mechanism that is factory-set within 5% accuracy. The flow mechanism shall be removable with standard tools to change the flow rate setting. Provide threaded mini's for terminal unit coils and threaded high capacity for air handlers. Provide metal nameplate to indicate flow rate. Provide valves with pre-formed polyurethane insulation suitable for use on heating and cooling systems.

2.7.2 Acceptable Manufacturers: Griswold, Autoflow Products, Bell & Gossett.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 Installation Of Temperature Gauges:

3.1.1 General: Install temperature gauges in vertical upright position, and tilt so as to be easily read by observer standing on floor.

3.1.2 Locations: Install in the following locations, and elsewhere as indicated:

At inlet and outlet of each hydronic coil in air handling units.

3.1.3 Thermometer Wells: Install in piping tee where indicated, in vertical upright position. Thermometers shall have at least 75% of stem in moving fluid.

3.1.4 Temperature Gauge Connector Plugs: Install in piping tee where indicated, located on pipe at most readable position. Secure cap.

3.2 Installation of Pressure Gauges:

3.2.1 General: Install pressure gauges in piping tee with pressure gauge cock, located on pipe at most readable position.

3.2.2 Locations: Install in the following locations, and elsewhere as indicated:

3.2.2.1 At suction and discharge of each pump.

3.2.3 Pressure Gauge Cocks: Install in piping tee with snubber.

3.2.4 Pressure Gauge Connector Plugs: Install in piping tee where indicated, located on pipe at most readable position. Secure cap.

3.3 Automatic Balancing Valves: Install on piping in accordance with the manufacturer's printed instructions. Verify proper operation over full range of control valve and pump operation.

3.4 Adjusting And Cleaning:

3.4.1 Adjusting: Adjust faces of meters and gauges to proper angle for best visibility.

3.4.2 Cleaning: Clean windows of meters and gauges and factory-finished surfaces. Replace cracked or broken windows; repair any scratched or marred surfaces with manufacturer's touch-up paint.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 15150 - SUPPORTS, ANCHORS, AND SEALS

1 GENERAL

- 1.1 Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.
- 1.2 This section is a Division-15 Basic Materials and Methods section, and is a part of each Division-15 section making reference to or requiring supports, anchors, and seals specified herein.
- 1.3 Extent of supports, anchors, and seals required by this section is indicated on drawings and/or specified in other Division-15 sections.
- 1.4 Code Compliance: Comply with applicable codes pertaining to product materials and installation of supports, anchors, and seals.
- 1.5 MSS Standard Compliance:
 - 1.5.1 Provide pipe hangers and supports of which materials, design, and manufacture comply with ANSI/MSS SP-58.
 - 1.5.2 Select and apply pipe hangers and supports, complying with MSS SP-69.
 - 1.5.3 Fabricate and install pipe hangers and supports, complying with MSS SP-89.
 - 1.5.4 Terminology used in this section is defined in MSS SP-90.

2 PRODUCTS

- 2.1 Acceptable Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide supports and hangers by Grinnel, Michigan Hanger Company, B-Line Systems, or approved equal.
- 2.2 Horizontal-Piping Hangers and Supports: Except as otherwise indicated, provide factory-fabricated horizontal-piping hangers and supports complying with ANSI/MSS SP-58, of one of the following MSS types listed, selected by Installer to suit horizontal-piping systems, in accordance with MSS SP-69 and manufacturer's published product information. Use only one type by one manufacturer for each piping service. Select size of hangers and supports to exactly fit pipe size for bare piping, and to exactly fit around piping insulation with saddle or shield for insulated piping. Provide copper-plated hangers and supports for copper-piping systems.
 - 2.2.1 Adjustable Steel Clevises: MSS Type 1.

- 2.2.2 Steel Double Bolt Pipe Clamps: MSS Type 3.
- 2.2.3 Adjustable Steel Band Hangers: MSS Type 7.
- 2.2.4 Steel Pipe Clamps: MSS Type 4.
- 2.2.5 Pipe Stanchion Saddles: MSS Type 37, including steel pipe base support and cast-iron floor flange.
- 2.2.6 Single Pipe Rolls: MSS Type 41.
- 2.2.7 Adjustable Roller Hanger: MSS Type 43.
- 2.2.8 Pipe Roll Stands: MSS Type 44 or Type 47.
- 2.3 Vertical-Piping Clamps: Except as otherwise indicated, provide factory-fabricated vertical-piping clamps complying with ANSI/MSS SP-58, of one of the following MSS types listed, selected by Installer to suit vertical piping systems, in accordance with MSS SP-69 and manufacturer's published product information. Select size of vertical piping clamps to exactly fit pipe size of bare pipe. Provide copper-plated clamps for copper-piping systems.
 - 2.3.1 Two-Bolt Riser Clamps: MSS Type 8.
 - 2.3.2 Four-Bolt Riser Clamps: MSS Type 42.
- 2.4 Hanger-Rod Attachments: Except as otherwise indicated, provide factory-fabricated hanger-rod attachments complying with ANSI/MSS SP-58, of one of the following MSS types listed, selected by Installer to suit horizontal-piping hangers and building attachments, in accordance with MSS SP-69 and manufacturer's published product information. Use only one type by one manufacturer for each piping service. Select size of hanger-rod attachments to suit hanger rods. Provide copper-plated hanger-rod attachments for copper-piping systems.
 - 2.4.1 Steel Turnbuckles: MSS Type 13.
 - 2.4.2 Malleable Iron Sockets: MSS Type 16.
- 2.5 Building Attachments: Except as otherwise indicated, provide factory-fabricated building attachments complying with ANSI/MSS SP-58, of one of the following MSS types listed, selected by Installer to suit building substrate conditions, in accordance with MSS SP-69 and manufacturer's published product information. Select size of building attachments to suit hanger rods.

- 2.5.1 Center Beam Clamps: MSS Type 21.
- 2.5.2 C-Clamps: MSS Type 23.
- 2.5.3 Malleable Beam Clamps: MSS Type 30.
- 2.5.4 Side Beam Brackets: MSS Type 34.
- 2.5.5 Concrete Inserts: MSS Type 18.
- 2.6 Saddles and Shields: Except as otherwise indicated, provide saddles or shields under piping hangers and supports, factory-fabricated, for all insulated piping. Size saddles and shields for exact fit to mate with pipe insulation.
 - 2.6.1 Protection Shields: MSS Type 40; of length recommended by manufacturer to prevent crushing of insulation.
 - 2.6.2 Protection Saddles: MSS Type 39; use with rollers, fill interior voids with segments of insulation matching adjoining insulation.
- 2.7 Miscellaneous Materials:
 - 2.7.1 Metal Framing: Provide products complying with NEMA STD ML 1.
 - 2.7.2 Steel Plates, Shapes and Bars: Provide products complying with ANSI/ASTM A 36.
 - 2.7.3 Cement Grout: Portland cement (ANSI/ASTM C 150, Type I or Type III) and clean uniformly graded, natural sand (ANSI/ASTM C 404, Size No. 2). Mix at a ratio of 1.0 part cement to 3.0 parts sand, by volume, with minimum amount of water required for placement and hydration.
 - 2.7.4 Heavy-Duty Steel Trapezes: Fabricate from steel shapes or continuous channel struts selected for loads required; weld steel in accordance with AWS standards.
- 3 EXECUTION
 - 3.1 Preparation
 - 3.1.1 Proceed with installation of hangers, supports and anchors only after required building structural work has been completed in areas where the work is to be installed. Correct inadequacies including (but not limited to) proper placement of inserts, anchors and other building structural attachments.

- 3.1.2 Prior to installation of hangers, supports, anchors and associated work, Installer shall meet at project site with Contractor, installer of each component of associated work, and installers of other work requiring coordination with work of this section for purpose of reviewing material selections and procedures to be followed in performing the work in compliance with requirements specified.
- 3.2 Installation of Building Attachments:
- 3.2.1 In areas of work requiring attachments to existing concrete, use self drilling rod inserts, Phillips Drill Co., "Red-Head" or equal.
- 3.3 Installation of Hangers and Supports:
- 3.3.1 General: Install hangers, supports, clamps and attachments to support piping properly from building structure; comply with MSS SP-69. Arrange for grouping of parallel runs of horizontal piping to be supported together on trapeze type hangers where possible. Install supports with maximum spacings complying with MSS SP-69 or as listed herein, whichever is most limiting. Where piping of various sizes is to be supported together by trapeze hangers, space hangers for smallest pipe size or install intermediate supports for smaller diameter pipe. Do not use wire or perforated metal to support piping, and do not support piping from other piping.
- 3.3.1.1 Horizontal steel pipe and copper tube 1-1/4" diameter and smaller: support on 6 foot centers.
- 3.3.1.2 Horizontal steel pipe and copper tube 1-1/2" diameter and larger: support on 10 foot centers.
- 3.3.1.3 Vertical steel pipe and copper tube: support at each floor.
- 3.3.2 Install hangers and supports complete with necessary inserts, bolts, rods, nuts, washers and other accessories.
- 3.3.3 Paint all black steel hangers with black enamel. Galvanized steel and copper clad hangers do not require paint.
- 3.3.4 Prevent electrolysis in support of copper tubing by use of hangers and supports which are copper plated, or by other recognized industry methods.
- 3.3.5 Provision for Movement:
- 3.3.5.1 Install hangers and supports to allow controlled movement of piping systems and to permit freedom of movement between pipe anchors, and to facilitate action of expansion joints, expansion loops, expansion bends and similar units.

- 3.3.5.2 Load Distribution: Install hangers and supports so that piping live and dead loading and stresses from movement will not be transmitted to connected equipment.
- 3.3.5.3 Pipe Slopes: Install hangers and supports to provide indicated pipe slopes, and so that maximum pipe deflections allowed by ANSI B31 are not exceeded.
- 3.3.6 Insulated Piping: Comply with the following installation requirements.
 - 3.3.6.1 Shields: Where low-compressive-strength insulation or vapor barriers are indicated, install coated protective shields.
 - 3.3.6.2 Clamps: Attach clamps, including spacers (if any), to piping with clamps projecting through insulation; do not exceed pipe stresses allowed by ANSI B31.
- 3.4 Installation of Anchors:
 - 3.4.1 Install anchors at proper locations to prevent stresses from exceeding those permitted by ANSI B31, and to prevent transfer of loading and stresses to connected equipment.
 - 3.4.2 Fabricate and install anchors by welding steel shapes, plates and bars to piping and to structure. Comply with ANSI B31 and with AWS standards.
 - 3.4.3 Anchor Spacings: Where not otherwise indicated, install anchors at ends of principal pipe-runs, at intermediate points in pipe-runs between expansion loops and elbows. Make provisions for preset of anchors as required to accommodate both expansion and contraction of piping.
 - 3.4.4 Where expansion compensators are indicated, install anchors in accordance with expansion unit manufacturer's written instructions to limit movement of piping and forces to maximums recommended by manufacturer for each unit.
- 3.5 Equipment Bases:
 - 3.5.1 Provide concrete housekeeping bases for all floor mounted equipment furnished as part of the work of Division 15 and required by other sections. Size bases to extend minimum of 4" beyond equipment base in any direction; and 4" above finished floor elevation. Construct of reinforced concrete, roughen floor slab beneath base for bond, and provide steel rod anchors between floor and base. Locate anchor bolts using equipment manufacturer's templates. Chamfer top and edge corners.

- 3.5.2 Provide structural steel stands to support equipment not floor mounted or hung from structure. Construct of structural steel members or steel pipe and fittings. Provide factory-fabricated tank saddles for tanks mounted on steel stands. Prime and paint with black enamel.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 15160 - MECHANICAL IDENTIFICATION

1 GENERAL

- 1.1 Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.
- 1.2 This section is a Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section, and is part of each Division-15 section making reference to or requiring identification devices specified herein.
- 1.3 Extent of mechanical identification work required by this section is indicated on drawings and/or specified in other Division-15 sections.
- 1.4 Refer to Division-16 sections for identification requirements of electrical work; not work of this section. Refer to other Division-15 sections for identification requirements for controls; not work of this section.
- 1.5 Codes and Standards: Comply with ANSI A13.1 for lettering size, length of color field, colors, and viewing angles of identification devices.

2 PRODUCTS

- 2.1 General: Provide manufacturer's standard products of categories and types required for each application as referenced in other Division-15 sections. Where more than single type is specified for application, selection is Installer's option, but provide single selection for each product category.
- 2.2 Painted Identification Materials
 - 2.2.1 Stencils: Standard fiberboard stencils, prepared for required applications with letter sizes generally complying with recommendations of ANSI A13.1 for piping and similar applications, but not less than 1-¹/₄" high letters for ductwork and not less than ³/₄" high letters for access door signs and similar operational instructions.
 - 2.2.2 Stencil Paint: Standard exterior type stenciling enamel; black, except as otherwise indicated; either brushing grade or pressurized spray-can form and grade.
 - 2.2.3 Identification Paint: Standard identification enamel.
- 2.3 Plastic Pipe Markers

2.3.1 Pressure-Sensitive Type: Provide manufacturer's standard pre-printed, permanent adhesive, color-coded, pressure-sensitive vinyl pipe markers.

2.3.1.1 Lettering: Manufacturer's standard pre-printed nomenclature which best describes piping system in each instance, as selected by Architect/Engineer in cases of variance with name as shown or specified.

2.3.1.2 Arrows: Print each pipe marker with arrows indicating direction of flow, either integrally with piping system service lettering (to accommodate both directions), or as separate unit of plastic.

2.4 Valve Tags:

2.4.1 Brass Valve Tags: Provide 19-gage polished brass valve tags with stamp-engraved piping system abbreviation in 1/4" high letters and sequenced valve numbers 1/2" high, and with 5/32" hole for fastener. Provide 1-1/2" diameter tags, except as otherwise indicated.

2.4.2 Plastic Laminate Valve Tags: Provide manufacturer's standard 3/32" thick engraved plastic laminate valve tags, with piping system abbreviation in 1/4" high letters and sequenced valve numbers 1/2" high, and with 5/32" hole for fastener. Provide 1-1/2" square black tags with white lettering, except as otherwise indicated.

2.5 Engraved Plastic-Laminate Signs:

2.5.1 General: Provide engraving stock melamine plastic laminate, in the sizes and thicknesses indicated, engraved with engraver's standard letter style a minimum of 3/4" tall and wording indicated, punched for mechanical fastening except where adhesive mounting is necessary because of substrate.

2.5.2 Thickness: 1/16" for units up to 20 sq. in. or 8" length; 1/8" for larger units.

2.5.3 Fasteners: Self-tapping stainless steel screws, except contact-type permanent adhesive where screws cannot or should not penetrate the substrate.

2.6 Stamped Nameplates: Provide equipment manufacturer's standard stamped nameplates for motors, AHUs, pumps, etc.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 Coordination: Where identification is to be applied to surfaces which require insulation, painting or other covering or finish, including valve tags in finished mechanical spaces, install identification after completion of covering and painting. Install identification prior to installation of acoustical ceilings and similar removable concealment.

3.2 Ductwork Identification:

- 3.2.1 General: Identify air supply, return, exhaust, intake and relief ductwork with stenciled signs and arrows, showing ductwork service and direction of flow, in black or white.
- 3.2.2 Location: In each space where ductwork is exposed, or concealed only by removable ceiling system, locate signs near points where ductwork originates or continues into concealed enclosures, and at 50' spacings along exposed runs.
- 3.2.3 Access Doors: Provide stenciled signs on each access door in ductwork and housings, indicating purpose of access (to what equipment) and other maintenance and operating instructions, and appropriate and procedural information.

3.3 Piping System Identification:

- 3.3.1 General: Install pipe markers of one of the following types on each system indicated to receive identification, and include arrows to show normal direction of flow:
 - 3.3.1.1 Plastic pipe markers.
 - 3.3.1.2 Stenciled markers, black or white for best contrast.
- 3.3.2 Locate pipe markers as follows wherever piping is exposed to view in occupied spaces, machine rooms, accessible maintenance spaces and exterior non-concealed locations.
 - 3.3.2.1 Near each valve and control device.
 - 3.3.2.2 Near each branch, excluding short take-offs for fixtures and terminal units; mark each pipe at branch, where there could be question of flow pattern.
 - 3.3.2.3 Near locations where pipes pass through walls, floors, ceilings, or enter non-accessible enclosures.
 - 3.3.2.4 At access doors, manholes and similar access points which permit view of concealed piping.
 - 3.3.2.5 Near major equipment items and other points of origination and termination.
 - 3.3.2.6 Spaced intermediately at maximum spacing of 50' along each piping run, except reduce spacing to 25' in congested areas of piping and equipment.

- 3.3.2.7 On piping above removable acoustical ceilings, except omit intermediately spaced markers.
- 3.4 Valve Identification: Provide coded valve tag on every valve, cock and control device in each piping system; exclude check valves, valves within factory-fabricated equipment units, plumbing fixture faucets, convenience and lawn-watering hose bibs, and shut-off valves at plumbing fixtures, HVAC terminal devices and similar rough-in connections of end-use fixtures and units. Coordinate code with operating instructions.
- 3.5 Valve Charts: Provide framed, glass covered valve charts in each mechanical room. Identify coded valve number, valve function, and valve location for each valve.
- 3.6 Mechanical Equipment Identification: Install engraved plastic laminate sign on a vertical surface on or near each major item of mechanical equipment and each operational device. Label shall indicate type of system and area served. Provide signs for the following general categories of equipment and operational devices:
- 3.6.1 Main control and operating valves, including safety devices.
 - 3.6.2 Meters, gauges, thermometers and similar units.
 - 3.6.3 Fuel-burning units including boilers, furnaces, and heaters.
 - 3.6.4 Pumps, compressors, chillers, condensers, and similar equipment.
 - 3.6.5 Heat exchangers, coils, evaporators, cooling towers, heat recovery units and similar equipment.
 - 3.6.6 Fans, blowers, primary balancing dampers and VAV boxes.
 - 3.6.7 HVAC air handlers and fan coil units.
 - 3.6.8 Air conditioning indoor and outdoor units.
- 3.7 Stamped Nameplates: Equipment manufacturers to provide standard stamped nameplates on all major equipment items such as motors, pumps, AHUs, etc. Where motors are hidden from view (within equipment casing, or otherwise not easily accessible, etc.), the equipment supplier shall furnish a duplicate motor data nameplate to be affixed to the equipment casing in an easily visible location, unless data is already included on the equipment nameplate.]
- 3.8 Adjusting and Cleaning:

- 3.8.1 Adjusting: Relocate any mechanical identification device which has become visually blocked by work of this division or other divisions.
- 3.8.2 Cleaning: Clean face of identification devices, and glass frames of valve charts.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 15180 -TESTING, CLEANING, AND STERILIZATION OF PIPING SYSTEMS

1 GENERAL

- 1.1 Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.
- 1.2 This section is a Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section, and is part of each Division-15 section making reference to or requiring the testing and other procedures specified herein.
- 1.3 Notify the Architect/Engineer when system tests are ready to be witnessed at least 24 hours prior to the test.
- 1.4 All materials, test equipment, and devices required for cleaning, testing, sterilizing or purging shall be provided by the Contractor.

2 PRESSURE TESTS

- 2.1 General: Provide temporary equipment for testing, including pump and gauges. Test piping systems before insulation is installed wherever feasible, and remove control devices before testing. Test each natural section of each piping system independently but do not use piping system valves to isolate sections where test pressure exceeds valve pressure rating. Fill each section with indicated medium and pressurize for indicated pressure and time.
- 2.2 Required test period is four hours.
- 2.3 No piping, fixtures, or equipment shall be concealed or covered until they have been tested. The contractor shall apply each test and ensure that it is satisfactory for the period specified before calling the Architect/Engineer to observe the test. Test shall be repeated upon request to the satisfaction of those making the inspection.
- 2.4 Observe each test section for leakage at the end of the test period. Test fails if leakage is observed or if pressure drop exceeds 5% of the test pressure.
- 2.5 Check of systems during application of test pressures should include visual check for water leakage and soap bubble or similar check for air and nitrogen leakage.
- 2.6 During heating and cooling cycles, linear expansion shall be checked at all elbows and expansion joints for proper clearance.

- 2.7 Repair piping systems sections which fail required piping test. Disassemble and re-install using new materials to extent required to overcome leakage. Do not use chemicals, stop-leak compounds, mastics, or other temporary repair methods.
- 2.8 Pressure Test Requirements:
- 2.8.1 Chilled and Hot Water: Perform hydrostatic test at 150% of the normal operating pressure, but not less than 100 psig.
- 2.8.2 Domestic Water: Perform hydrostatic test on all piping within the building at twice the normal static pressure at service point, but not less than 100 psig. Once tested, flush out piping and leave under pressure of the supply main or 40 psig for the balance of the construction period.
- 2.8.3 Gas: Test with air or nitrogen at 150% of normal working pressure, but not less than 25 psig. The test and check for leaks shall be in accordance with NFPA-54.

3 CLEANING AND STERILIZATION

- 3.1 General: Clean exterior surfaces of installed piping systems of superfluous materials, and prepare for application of specified coatings (if any). Flush out piping systems with clean water or blowdown with air before proceeding with required tests. Inspect each run of each system for completion of joints, supports and accessory items.
- 3.2 Flush and drain all water systems at least three times. Reverse flush systems from smallest piping to largest piping. Replace startup strainers with operating strainers.
- 3.3 Blowdown all gas, air and vacuum systems with air or nitrogen (at a rate of flow exceeding design) at least three times or until no residue shows at each outlet. Reverse blowdown systems from smallest piping to largest piping.
- 3.4 Sterilization of Domestic Water Systems:
- 3.4.1 Prerequisites: All new hot and cold water piping installed, all fixtures connected, system flushed out, and system filled with water.
- 3.4.2 The shut off valve at the point of connection shall be closed, all fixture outlets opened slightly, and a sterilizing solution shall be introduced at a manifold connection installed by the Contractor the point of connection.
- 3.4.3 The solution shall contain 50 parts per million of available chlorine. The chlorinating material shall be either liquid chlorine or calcium hypochlorite. The

solution shall be allowed to stand in the system for at least eight hours after which the entire system shall be flushed.

- 3.4.4 After final flushing, all aerators shall be removed, cleaned, and reinstalled. After final flush the residual chlorine shall not exceed 0.2 parts per million.
- 3.4.5 The Architect/Engineer shall be notified 24 hours prior to the procedure so that it can be witnessed.
- 3.4.6 Provide sampling and certified report by an independent testing lab. Provide written Health Department approval of disinfection samples.
- 3.5 Chilled and Hot Water Pipe Cleaning: After completion of all work and operational check out of the HVAC installations and prior to acceptance of the project by the Owner, the following shall be accomplished. The completed piping systems shall be thoroughly flushed (reversed flushing) as needed to remove all dirt, debris, and any foreign matter that may have been trapped in the piping systems during construction. After flushing of systems is complete, the Contractor shall clean all main strainers in the existing central plant and all strainers at air handlers and terminal units within the building. A second cleaning of all strainers will be required if requested by the Engineer. Contractor shall furnish and install all valves and piping stub outs in the piping systems as needed to accommodate this flushing operation. Install the valves and stub outs at a location and in a manner that will allow them to remain in place for future flushing operations. The flushing and strainer cleaning operations shall be witnessed and approved by the Engineer and Owner's representative. The Contractor shall maintain the campus closed loop chilled and hot water system treatment for the duration of the project.

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SECTION 15190 - EXCAVATION & BACKFILL

1 GENERAL

- 1.1 Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.
- 1.2 This section is a Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section, and is part of each Division-15 section making reference to or requiring excavation and backfill specified herein.
- 1.3 Existing Utilities: Underground utilities shown were taken from old drawings. The exact location of these utilities and irrigation branches and abandoned services are not known. Use extreme caution when excavating.
- 1.4 Refer to other Division-15 sections and/or drawings for specific requirements of the particular piping system being installed. Where another Division-15 section or the drawings conflict with requirements of this section, the other Division-15 section or the drawings shall take precedence over the general requirements herein.
- 1.5 OSHA: Contractor employee worker protection for all trenching and excavation operations shall comply with 29 CFR 1926.650 Subpart P and all current OSHA requirements.
- 1.6 Trench Safety Act: Contractor shall comply with all requirements of Florida Statutes Chapter 553, including the requirement to provide a separate line item to identify the cost to comply on a per lineal foot of trench and per square foot of shoring.

2 PRODUCTS

- 2.1 Sand: Clean, hard, uncoated grains free from organic matter or other deleterious substances. Sand for backfill shall be of a grade equal to mortar sand.
- 2.2 Gravel: Clean, well graded hard stone or gravel, free from organic material. Size range to be from No. 4 screen retentions to 1".
- 2.3 Earth: Fill free of clay, muck, stones, wood, roots or rubbish.
- 2.4 Identification Tape: Polyethylene 6 inches wide, 0.004 inches thick, continuously printed with "CAUTION" in large letters and type of pipe below.
- 2.5 Copper Identification Wire: 14-gauge.

3 EXECUTION

- 3.1 Ditching and Excavation: Shall be performed by hand wherever there is a possibility of encountering obstacles or any existing utility lines of any nature whatsoever. Where clear and unobstructed areas are to be excavated, appropriate machine excavation methods may be employed. Avoid use of machine excavators within the limits of the building lines.
- 3.2 Bedding: Excavate to bottom grade of pipe to be installed, and shape bed of undisturbed earth to contour of pipe for a width of at least 50% of pipe diameter. If earth conditions necessitate excavation below grade of the pipe, such as due to the presence of clay, muck, or roots, subcut and bring bed up to proper elevation with clean, new sand (as described in paragraph 2.1), deposited in 6" layers and tamped. Notify Architect/Engineer if subcut exceeds 12", or if bed is of an unstable nature. In this case a 6" minimum layer of gravel will be required before sand bedding begins. Submit cost proposal if the earth conditions require subcut in excess of 12" or if gravel is required to achieve proper bedding.
- 3.3 Placing: Pipe shall be carefully handled into place. Avoid knocking loose soil from the banks of the trench into the pipe bed. Rig heavier sections with nylon slings in lieu of wire rope to avoid crushing or chipping. Pipe which is handled with insulation in place, coated pipe, and jacketed pipe shall have special handling slings as required to prevent damage to the material.
- 3.4 Backfilling: Deposit clean new sand (as described in paragraph 2.1) to 6" above the pipe and tamp. Then deposit sand or earth carefully in 6" layers, maintaining adequate side support, especially on nonferrous piping materials. Compact fill in 6" layers, using mechanical means, up to the top elevation of the pipe, and in 12" layers to rough or finish grade as required. Fine grade and restore surface to original condition.
- 3.5 Special: Excavations shall be installed and maintained in satisfactory condition during the progress of the work. Subsurface structures are to be constructed in adequately sized excavations. De-watering equipment shall be installed and properly maintained where required. Shoring shall be employed in the event of unstable soil condition, and in all cases where required by OSHA regulations and necessary to protect materials and personnel from injury.
- 3.6 Identification: Install identification tape directly above all underground piping, one tape for each pipe where multiple pipes are installed. Depth of tape shall be at least 6 inches below finished grade and 24" above buried pipe. Install copper wire above non-metallic pipes.

- 3.7 Depth of Cover: Minimum cover for underground piping is two feet unless indicated otherwise.
- 3.8 Existing Pavement: Where new piping passes below existing streets, driveways, parking lots, or other paved areas, the pavement shall be saw cut. Backfill shall be compacted to 95% density and the pavement shall be patched to match existing pavement. Provide compaction tests and reports as required.
- 3.9 Landscape Restoration:
- 3.9.1 Lawn or Unpaved Areas: The soil shall be replaced according to the original profile. Compact the top 6" of subgrade and each 6" layer of backfill or fill material at 85% maximum density for cohesive soils and 90% relative density for cohesionless soils.
- If additional soil is required, the Contractor shall supply weed free topsoil of a type to match existing topsoil.
- 3.9.2 Grass: Fine grade and solid sod with the type of grass to match the existing species and cultivar.
- 3.9.3 Landscape Maintenance: Contractor shall be responsible for watering and other grounds maintenance in the area of construction until the project is accepted.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 15205 - INSULATION FOR PLUMBING EQUIPMENT AND PIPING

1 GENERAL

1.1 Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.

1.2 Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods Sections apply to work of this section.

1.3 Approval Submittals:

1.3.1 Product Data: Submit a producer's data sheets and installation instructions on each insulation system including insulation, coverings, adhesives, sealers, protective finishes, and other material recommended by the manufacturer for applications indicated. Submit for:

Fiberglass pipe insulation
Flexible unicellular piping insulation

1.4 O&M Data Submittals: Submit a copy of all approval submittals. Include in O&M Manual.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 Acceptable Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide insulation products by Armstrong, Johns Manville, Knauf, Owens Corning, Pittsburgh Corning, U.S. Rubber, or approved equal. All products shall be asbestos-free.

2.2 Flame/Smoke Ratings: Provide composite mechanical insulation (insulation, jackets, coverings, sealers, mastics, and adhesive) with a flame-spread rating of 25 or less, and a smoke-developed rating of 50 or less, as tested by ANSI/ASTM E84.

2.3 Pipe Insulation Materials:

2.3.1 Fiberglass Pipe Insulation: ASTM C547, Class 1 unless otherwise indicated. (Preformed sleeving with white all-service jacket, suitable for temperatures up to 450°F)

2.3.2 Cellular Glass Pipe Insulation: ASTM C552, Type II, Class 1. (Uncovered.)

2.3.3 Flexible Unicellular Pipe Insulation: ASTM C534, Type I. (Tubular, suitable for use to 200°F.)

- 2.3.4 Staples, Bands, Wires, and Cement: As recommended by the insulation manufacturer for applications indicated.
- 2.3.5 Adhesives, Sealers, Protective Finishes: Products recommended by the insulation manufacturer for the application indicated.
- 2.3.6 Jackets: ASTM C921, Type I (vapor barrier) for piping below ambient temperature, Type II (vapor permeable) for piping above ambient temperature. Type I may be used for all piping at Installer's option.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 General:

- 3.1.1 Install thermal insulation products in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions, and in compliance with recognized industry practices to ensure that insulation serves intended purpose.
- 3.1.2 Install insulation materials with smooth and even surfaces and on clean and dry surfaces. Redo poorly fitted joints. Do not use mastic or joint sealer as filler for gapping joints and excessive voids resulting from poor workmanship.
- 3.1.3 Maintain integrity of vapor-barrier on insulation and protect it to prevent puncture and other damage. Label all insulation "ASBESTOS FREE".
- 3.1.4 Do not apply insulation to surfaces while they are hot or wet.
- 3.1.5 Do not install insulation until systems have been checked and found free of leaks. Surfaces shall be clean and dry before attempting to apply insulation. A professional insulator with adequate experience and ability shall install insulation.
- 3.1.6 Do not install insulation on pipe systems until acceptance tests have been completed except for flexible unicellular insulation. Do not install insulation until the building is "dried-in".

3.2 Fiberglass Pipe Insulation:

- 3.2.1 Insulate the following piping systems (indoor locations):
 - 3.2.1.1 Domestic hot water, 141°-180° F: up to 1-1/4" pipe - 1½" thick, over 1-1/4" pipe 2" thick.
 - 3.2.1.2 Domestic hot water, 105°-140° F: up to 3" pipe - 1½" thick, over 3" pipe - 2" thick.

- 3.2.2 Apply insulation to pipe with all side and end joints butted tightly. Seal longitudinal lap by pressurizing with plastic sealing tool. Apply 3 inch wide self sealing butt strips to joints between insulation sections. Insulate all fittings, flanges, valves and strainers with premolded insulation. Apply coat of insulating cement to fittings and wrap with glass cloth overlapping each wrap 1" and adjacent pipe 2". Finish with heavy coat of general purpose mastic. Premolded PVC covers may also be used, but no flexible inserts are allowed.
- 3.2.3 Provide hanger or pipe support shields of 16 gauge (minimum) galvanized steel over the insulation which extends halfway up the pipe insulation cover and at least 6" on each side of the hanger.
- 3.2.4 Omit insulation on exposed plumbing fixture runouts from faces of wall or floor to fixture; on unions, flanges, strainer blowoffs, flexible connections and expansion joints.
- 3.3 Flexible Unicellular Pipe Insulation:
 - 3.3.1 Insulate the following piping systems:
 - 3.3.1.1 Horizontal above-grade waste piping receiving condensate from air conditioning units to points of connection receiving waste from 4 or more fixtures - 1/2" thick.
 - 3.3.2 Apply insulation in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and instructions. Mitre cut insulation to fit pipe fittings. Use approved cement to seal all joints and ends in the insulation.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 15210 - INSULATION FOR HVAC EQUIPMENT AND PIPING

1 GENERAL

- 1.1 Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.
- 1.2 Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods Sections apply to work of this section.
- 1.3 Approval Submittals:
 - 1.3.1 Product Data: Submit producer's data sheets and installation instructions on each insulation system including insulation, coverings, adhesives, sealers, protective finishes, and other material recommended by the manufacturer for applications indicated. Submit for:
 - Fiberglass pipe insulation
 - Cellular glass pipe above ground insulation
 - Flexible unicellular piping insulation
- 1.4 O&M Data Submittals: Submit a copy of all approval submittals. Include in O&M Manual.

2 PRODUCTS

- 2.1 Acceptable Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide insulation products by Armstrong, Johns Manville, Knauf, Owens Corning, Pittsburgh Corning, U.S. Rubber, or approved equal. All products shall be asbestos-free.
- 2.2 Flame/Smoke Ratings: Provide composite mechanical insulation (insulation, jackets, coverings, sealers, mastics, and adhesive) with a flame-spread rating of 25 or less, and a smoke-developed rating of 50 or less, as tested by ANSI/ASTM E84.
- 2.3 Pipe Insulation Materials:
 - 2.3.1 Fiberglass Pipe Insulation: ASTM C547, Class 1 unless otherwise indicated. (Preformed sleeving with white all-service jacket, suitable for temperatures up to 450°F)
 - 2.3.2 Cellular Glass Pipe Insulation: ASTM C552, Type II, Class 1. (Uncovered.)

- 2.3.3 Flexible Unicellular Pipe Insulation: ASTM C534, Type I. (Tubular, suitable for use to 200°F.)
- 2.3.4 Staples, Bands, Wires, and Cement: As recommended by the insulation manufacturer for applications indicated.
- 2.3.5 Adhesives, Sealers, Protective Finishes: Products recommended by the insulation manufacturer for the application indicated.
- 2.3.6 Bedding Compound for CHW Systems: Provide products to completely cover the piping or equipment being insulated. Products shall be low odor type. Foster 30-45 or Foster 95-50.
- 2.3.7 Jackets: ASTM C921, Type I (vapor barrier) for piping below ambient temperature, Type II (vapor permeable) for piping above ambient temperature. Type I may be used for all piping at Installer's option.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 General:

- 3.1.1 Install thermal insulation products in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions, and in compliance with recognized industry practices to ensure that insulation serves intended purpose.
- 3.1.2 Install insulation materials with smooth and even surfaces and on clean and dry surfaces. Redo poorly fitted joints. Do not use mastic or joint sealer as filler for gapping joints and excessive voids resulting from poor workmanship.
- 3.1.3 Maintain integrity of vapor-barrier on insulation and protect it to prevent puncture and other damage. Label all insulation "ASBESTOS FREE".
- 3.1.4 Do not apply insulation to surfaces while they are hot or wet.
- 3.1.5 Do not install insulation until systems have been checked and found free of leaks. Surfaces shall be clean and dry before attempting to apply insulation. A professional insulator with adequate experience and ability shall install insulation.
- 3.1.6 Do not install insulation on pipe systems until acceptance tests have been completed except for flexible unicellular insulation. Do not install insulation until the building is "dried-in".

3.2 Fiberglass Pipe Insulation:

- 3.2.1 Insulate the following piping systems (indoor locations):

- 3.2.1.1 Heating hot water: up to 2" pipe - 1½" thick, over 2" pipe 2" thick.
- 3.2.2 Apply insulation to pipe with all side and end joints butted tightly. Seal longitudinal lap by pressurizing with plastic sealing tool. Apply 3 inch wide self sealing butt strips to joints between insulation sections. Insulate all fittings, flanges, valves and strainers with premolded insulation. Apply coat of insulating cement to fittings and wrap with glass cloth overlapping each wrap 1" and adjacent pipe 2". Finish with heavy coat of general purpose mastic. Premolded PVC covers may also be used, but no flexible inserts are allowed.
- 3.2.3 Provide hanger or pipe support shields of 16 gauge (minimum) galvanized steel over the insulation which extends halfway up the pipe insulation cover and at least 6" on each side of the hanger.
- 3.2.4 Omit insulation on unions, flanges, strainer blowoffs, flexible connections and expansion joints.
- 3.3 Cellular Glass Pipe Insulation (Above Ground):
 - 3.3.1 Insulate the following piping systems:
 - 3.3.1.1 Chilled water: smaller than 6" pipe - 1½" thick, 6" and larger pipe - 2" thick.
 - 3.3.1.2 Heating hot water: smaller than 6" pipe - 1½" thick, 6" and larger pipe - 2" thick.
 - 3.3.2 Indoor Concealed Locations: Cut insulation in sections at fittings and carefully fit to the pipe and fittings. No stovepipe or single miter insulation is allowed. Apply cellular glass bedding compound to the pipe surface to achieve 100% coverage (chilled water piping only). Apply vapor barrier mastic to all edges of the cellular insulation and between joints in the insulation. Wire the cellular glass in place with stainless steel wire 9 inches on center. Provide hanger or pipe support shields of 16 gauge (minimum) galvanized steel over or embedded in the insulation which extend halfway up the pipe insulation cover and at least 4" on each side of the hanger. Insulate anchors adequately to prevent moisture condensation problems. Finish cellular glass insulation in concealed locations by applying a white fire rated jacket with self sealing lap. Finish elbows and fittings with weather barrier sealant reinforced with white glass fabric.
 - 3.3.3 Outdoor Locations: Cut insulation in sections at fittings and carefully fit to the pipe and fittings. No stovepipe or single miter insulation is allowed. Apply cellular glass bedding compound to the pipe surface to achieve 100% coverage (chilled water piping only). Apply vapor barrier mastic to all edges of the cellular insulation and between joints in the insulation. Wire the cellular

glass in place with stainless steel wire 9 inches on center. Provide hanger or pipe support shields of 16 gauge (minimum) galvanized steel over or embedded in the insulation which extend halfway up the pipe insulation cover and at least 4" on each side of the hanger. Insulate anchors adequately to prevent moisture condensation problems. Finish cellular glass by applying a heavy coat of weather barrier sealant reinforced with white glass fabric to the exterior of the cellular glass. Cover straight piping with 0.016" thickness smooth aluminum jacket fastened with aluminum bands on not over 12" centers. Use factory-made 0.014" aluminum covers for fittings and valves. Provide removable end caps for strainers. Metal jacketing shall be applied with the longitudinal seam positioned to shed water.

3.3.4 Indoor Exposed and Mechanical Rooms: Cut insulation in sections at fittings and carefully fit to the pipe and fittings. No stovepipe or single miter insulation is allowed. Apply cellular glass bedding compound to the pipe surface to achieve 100% coverage (chilled water piping only). Apply vapor barrier mastic to all edges of the cellular insulation and between joints in the insulation. Wire the cellular glass in place with stainless steel wire 9 inches on center. Provide hanger or pipe support shields of 16 gauge (minimum) galvanized steel over or embedded in the insulation which extend halfway up the pipe insulation cover and at least 4" on each side of the hanger. Insulate anchors adequately to prevent moisture condensation problems. Finish cellular glass by applying a heavy coat of weather barrier sealant reinforced with white glass fabric to the exterior of the cellular glass. Cover straight piping with smooth, gloss finished, heavy gauge, white PVC jacket. Use matching factory-made PVC covers for fittings and valves. Provide removable end caps for strainers. Jacketing shall be applied with the longitudinal seam positioned to shed water.

3.4 Flexible Unicellular Pipe Insulation:

3.4.1 Insulate the following piping systems:

3.4.1.1 Condensate drains from air conditioning units - 1/2" thick.

3.4.1.2 Refrigerant piping - 3/4" thick.

3.4.2 Apply insulation in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and instructions. Mitre cut insulation to fit pipe fittings. Use approved cement to seal all joints and ends in the insulation.

3.4.3 Insulation outside the building shall be protected by a smooth 0.016" thickness aluminum jacket secured with aluminum bands on 12" centers.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 15230 - EXTERIOR INSULATION FOR DUCTWORK

1 GENERAL

1.1 Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.

1.2 Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods sections apply to work of this section.

1.3 Approval Submittals:

1.3.1 Product Data: Submit producer's data sheets and installation instructions on each insulation system including insulation, coverings, adhesives, sealers, protective finishes, and other material recommended by the manufacturer for applications indicated. Submit for:

Rigid Insulation
Flexible duct insulation

1.4 O&M Data Submittals: Submit a copy of all approval submittals. Include in O&M Manual.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 Acceptable Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide insulation products by Knauf, Owens-Corning, Johns Manville, Certaineed.

2.2 Flame/Smoke Ratings: Provide composite mechanical insulation (insulation, coverings, sealers, mastic, and adhesive) with a flame spread rating of 25 or less, and a smoke-developed rating of 50 or less as tested by ANSI/ASTM 84.

2.3 Rigid Fiberglass Insulation Board: ASTM C611, Class 1 (non load bearing). Boards shall be 3 pcf density with UL rated aluminum foil vapor barrier (FSK).

2.4 Flexible Fiberglass Insulation: ASTM C553, Type I, Class B-3 (temperature less than 350°F). Duct wrap shall be 1 pcf density with UL rated aluminum foil vapor barrier (FSK).

2.5 General Purpose Mastic: Benjamin Foster 35-00 Series, Insulcoustic VIAC Mastic, Childers CP-10, or approved equal. The final selection of this product for the specific application indicated is the responsibility of the insulation supplier. The insulation system must meet the specified application.

2.6 Vapor Barrier Sealant: Benjamin Foster 30-35, Insulcoustic IC-501, 3M EC-1378, Childers CP-30, or approved equal. Provide "Low Odor" type. The final selection of this product for the specific application indicated is the responsibility of the insulation supplier. The insulation system must meet the specified application.

2.7 Adhesive: Benjamin Foster 85-20, Insulcoustic IC-205, 3M EC-35, Childers CP-82, Childers CP-89, or approved equal. The final selection of this product for the specific application indicated is the responsibility of the insulation supplier. The insulation system must meet the specified application.

2.8 Fiber-Glas Mesh: 10x10 Mesh. Foster Mastafab or equal.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 Installation of Rigid Insulation: Insulate all supply, return and outdoor air ductwork exposed in mechanical rooms, mezzanines, fan lofts or in any finished spaces with 1½" thick rigid fiberglass insulation with vapor barrier.

3.1.1 Clean and dry ductwork prior to insulating. Butt insulation firmly together to ensure complete and tight fit over surfaces to be covered. Install insulation materials with smooth and even surfaces. Maintain integrity of aluminum vapor barrier wherever possible. Extend insulation without interruption through walls, floors and similar ductwork penetrations except where otherwise indicated.

3.1.2 Install with facing to the outside with a maximum of 25% compression. Butt all insulation joints firmly together. Longitudinal seam of the vapor retarder must be overlapped a minimum of 2". Staples shall be outward clinch and placed approximately 6" on center. All penetrations, joints, seams, and damage to the facing shall be sealed with glass fabric and mastic prior to system startup. For rectangular ducts over 24" wide, secure the insulation to the bottom of the duct with mechanical fasteners spaced on 12" centers to reduce sag. Do not overcompress the insulation with the retainer. Larger ducts shall be secured with fasteners on 12-inch centers and 3 inches from all edges.

3.1.3 Apply open mesh glass fabric embedded in vapor barrier mastic. Then apply a second coat of general purpose mastic with aluminum grey color. This finish shall be complete over all rigid insulation.

3.2 Installation of Flexible Insulation: Insulate all supply, return and outdoor air ductwork concealed above ceilings, in chases, or elsewhere, and the backs of all ceiling supply outlets with 2" thick fiberglass blanket insulation with vapor barrier.

- 3.2.1 Insulate round elbows and fittings with wrap such that thickness is equal to adjoining duct covering. Clean and dry ductwork prior to insulating.
- 3.2.2 Adhere insulation to duct with 50 percent coverage using approved insulation adhesive applied in 6-inch wide swaths with 6-inch spaces between swaths. Additionally secure insulation with perforated pins and Tuff-Bond or by self-sticking pins with a 3/8" self-tapping screw. Space on 12-inch centers and 3 inches from all edges. Ducts up through 24" wide only require one row of pins. Ducts over 24" wide shall have pins spaced as described herein.
- 3.2.3 Lap all joints 2 inches and seal joints with 4-inch wide strips of open mesh glass fabric embedded in two coats of general purpose mastic.
- 3.2.4 Seal all punctures and breaks in aluminum vapor barrier with open mesh glass fabric and vapor barrier sealant.
- 3.3 Installation of Insulation on Ductwork Outside of the Building Envelope:
 - 3.3.1 Install 3" thick rigid insulation. Provide weatherproof finish.
 - 3.3.2 Pitch the upper surface of the duct insulation to drain by installing a 6" wide insulation board (or equal) down the center of the duct prior to applying the insulation.
 - 3.3.3 Clean and dry ductwork prior to insulating. Butt insulation firmly together to ensure complete and tight fit over surfaces to be covered. Install insulation materials with smooth and even surfaces. Maintain integrity of aluminum vapor barrier wherever possible. Extend insulation without interruption through walls, floors and similar ductwork penetrations except where otherwise indicated.
 - 3.3.4 Adhere insulation to duct with 50 percent coverage using approved insulation adhesive applied in 6-inch wide swaths with 6-inch spaces between swaths. Additionally secure insulation with perforated pins and Tuff-Bond or by self-sticking pins with a 3/8" self-tapping screw. Space on 12-inch centers and 3 inches from all edges. Ducts up through 24" wide only require one row of pins. Ducts over 24" wide shall have pins spaced as described herein.
 - 3.3.5 Apply open mesh glass fabric embedded in vapor barrier mastic. Then apply a second heavy coat of general purpose mastic with aluminum grey color.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 15405 - POTABLE WATER SYSTEM

1 GENERAL

1.1 Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.

1.2 Division-15 Basic Mechanical Requirements and Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods sections apply to work of this section.

1.3 Extent of potable water systems work, is indicated on drawings and schedules, and by requirements of this section.

1.4 Refer to other Division-15 sections for site water distribution system; not work of this section unless noted.

1.5 Refer to appropriate Division-2 sections for exterior potable water system; not work of this section unless noted.

1.6 Insulation for potable water piping is specified in other Division-15 sections, and is included as work of this section. Insulation requirements include:

Domestic hot water piping

1.7 Excavation and backfill required in conjunction with water piping is specified in other Division-15 sections, and is included as work of this section.

1.8 Code Compliance: Comply with applicable portions of Standard Plumbing Code pertaining to selection and installation of plumbing materials and products. Comply with local utility requirements.

1.9 Approval Submittals:

1.9.1 Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical product data and installation instructions for:

Valves
Relief valves
Trap primers
Access doors

1.10 Test Reports and Verification Submittals:

1.10.1 Disinfection: Submit report by Health Department.

1.11 O&M Data Submittals: Submit a copy of all approval submittals. Submit maintenance data and parts lists for valves, trap primers. Include these data in O&M manual.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 General: Provide piping materials and factory-fabricated piping products of sizes, types, pressure ratings, temperature ratings, and capacities as indicated. Where not indicated, provide proper selection as determined by Installer to comply with installation requirements. Provide materials and products complying with Standard Plumbing Code where applicable. Provide sizes and types matching pipe materials used in potable water systems. Where more than one type of materials or products is indicated, selection is Installer's option.

2.2 Acceptable Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products of one of the following listed for each item.

2.3 Identification: Provide identification complying with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Mechanical Identification". Provide manufacturer's standard permanent, bright-colored, continuous-printed plastic tape, intended for direct burial service; not less than 6" wide x 4 mils thick. Provide blue tape with black printing reading "CAUTION WATER LINE BURIED BELOW".

2.4 Pipes and Fittings: Provide pipes and pipe fittings complying with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Pipes and Pipe Fittings", in accordance with the following listing:

2.4.1 Interior Water Piping:

2.4.1.1 Above Grade: Copper tube; Type L, hard-drawn temper; wrought-copper fittings, solder-joints.

2.4.1.2 Below Grade: Copper tube; Type L, soft-annealed temper; no joints below floor.

2.4.2 Solder joints shall be made with 95-5 solder.

2.5 Piping Specialties: Provide piping specialties complying with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Piping Specialties".

2.6 Supports and Anchors: Provide supports and anchors complying with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Supports and Anchors".

2.7 Interior Valves: Provide valves complying with Division-15 Basic Mechanical

Materials and Methods section "Valves", in accordance with the following listing:

- 2.7.1 Sectional and Shutoff Valves: GA1, GA2, GA3, BA1, BA2.
- 2.7.2 Drain Valves: GA1, GA2, BA1, BA2.
- 2.7.3 Throttling Valves: GL1, GL2, BA1, BA2.
- 2.7.4 Check Valves: CK1, CK2, CK3.
- 2.8 Meters and Gauges: Provide meters and gauges complying with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Meters and Gauges", in accordance with the following listing:
 - Thermometers
 - Pressure gauges
 - Calibrated balancing cocks
- 2.9 Combined Pressure-Temperature Relief Valves: Provide relief valves as indicated, of size and capacity as selected by Installer for proper relieving capacity, in accordance with ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code. Provide bronze body, test lever and thermostat complying with ANSI Z21.22 listing requirements for temperature discharge capacity. Provide temperature relief at 210°F, and pressure relief at 150 psi. Watts, Cash, Zurn, or approved equal.
- 2.10 Trap Primers: Provide adjustable brass trap primers and distribution units to seal floor drains indicated on drawings. Trap primer valves shall be automatic, self contained type. Trap primer valves shall be the type that can be installed anywhere on cold water piping. Distribution units shall supply 1-4 floor drains. Trap primer valves shall comply with ASSE 1018.
- 2.11 Access Doors: Provide access doors to service all valves and other devices as required in accordance with Division-15 Basic Materials and Methods Section "Access Doors".
- 3 EXECUTION
 - 3.1 General: Examine areas and conditions under which potable water systems are to be installed. Do not proceed with work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in manner acceptable to Installer.
 - 3.2 Install mechanical identification in accordance with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Mechanical Identification". Install underground plastic pipe markers during backfill, 6"-8" below grade.

- 3.3 Install water distribution piping in accordance with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Pipes and Pipe Fittings".
 - 3.3.1 Install piping with 1/32" per foot (1/4%) downward slope towards drain point.
 - 3.3.2 Locate groups of pipes parallel to each other, spaced to permit applying full insulation and servicing of valves.
- 3.4 Install exterior water piping in compliance with local governing regulations. Water piping shall be installed with a minimum of 30 inches of cover unless otherwise indicated.
- 3.5 Install piping specialties in accordance with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Piping Specialties".
- 3.6 Install supports and anchors in accordance with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Supports and Anchors".
- 3.7 Install valves in accordance with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Valves".
 - 3.7.1 Sectional Valves: Install on each branch and riser, close to main, where branch or riser serves two or more plumbing fixtures or equipment connections, and elsewhere as indicated.
 - 3.7.2 Shutoff Valves: Install on inlet of each plumbing equipment item, and on inlet of each plumbing fixture, and elsewhere as indicated.
 - 3.7.3 Drain Valves: Install on each plumbing equipment item located to completely drain equipment for service or repair. Install at base of each riser, at base of each rise or drop in piping system, and elsewhere where indicated or required to completely drain potable water system.
 - 3.7.4 Check Valves: Install where indicated.
 - 3.7.5 Calibrated Balancing Cocks: Install in each hot water recirculating loop, and elsewhere as indicated.
- 3.8 Install meters and gauges in accordance with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Meters and Gauges".
- 3.9 Install relief valves on each water heater, and where indicated in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Pipe full size outside or to floor drain. Cut the end of the pipe at a 45° angle and terminate 6 inches above the floor or grade.

- 3.10 Install trap primers as indicated, and in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions. Provide access panels to all trap primers unless accessible through a lay-in ceiling or inside mechanical room.
- 3.11 Locate and coordinate installation of access doors for all valves and devices in accordance with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Access Doors".
- 3.12 Piping Tests: Test, clean, and sterilize potable water piping in accordance with testing requirements of Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Testing, Cleaning, and Sterilization of Piping Systems".

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 15410 - SOIL, WASTE AND VENT SYSTEM

1 GENERAL

- 1.1 Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.
- 1.2 Division-15 Basic Mechanical Requirements and Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods sections apply to work of this section.
- 1.3 Extent of soil waste and vent systems work is indicated on drawings and schedules, and by requirements of this section.
 - 1.3.1 Horizontal above grade waste pipes receiving condensate from air conditioning equipment to point of connection receiving waste from 4 or more fixtures.
- 1.4 Excavation and backfill required in conjunction with soil, waste and vent piping is specified in other Division-15 sections and is included as work of this section.
- 1.5 Refer to Division-7 section "Flashing and Sheet Metal" for flashings required in conjunction with soil and waste systems; not work of this section.
- 1.6 Code Compliance: Comply with applicable portions of Standard Plumbing Code pertaining to plumbing materials, construction and installation of products. Comply with local utility requirements.
- 1.7 Approval Submittals:
 - 1.7.1 Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical product data for:
 - Cleanouts
 - Floor drains
- 1.8 O&M Data Submittals: Submit a copy of all approval submittals.

2 PRODUCTS

- 2.1 General: Provide piping materials and factory-fabricated piping products of sizes, types, pressure ratings, and capacities as indicated. Where not indicated, provide proper selection as determined by Installer to comply with installation requirements. Provide sizes and types matching piping and equipment connections; provide fittings of materials which match pipe materials used in soil and waste systems. Where more than one type of materials or products is indicated, selection is Installer's option.

Underground-Type Plastic Line Marker: Manufacturer's standard permanent, bright-colored, continuous-printed plastic tape, intended for direct-burial service; not less than 6" wide x 4 mils thick. Provide green tape with black printing reading "CAUTION SEWER LINE BURIED BELOW".

- 2.2 Acceptable Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products of one of the following listed for each item.
- 2.3 Pipes and Fittings: Provide pipes and pipe fittings complying with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Pipes and Pipe Fittings", in accordance with the following listing:
- 2.3.1 Above Ground Soil, Waste, and Vent Piping:
- 2.3.1.1 Polyvinyl chloride plastic pipe (PVC); Type DWV; PVC plastic type DWV socket-type fitting, solvent cement joints. Do not use in fire-rated assemblies or return air plenums.
- 2.3.2 Underground Building Drain Piping (within 5 feet of the building):
- 2.3.2.1 Pipe Size 6" and Smaller: Polyvinyl chloride sewer pipe (PVC); Type DWV; PVC plastic type DWV socket-type.
- 2.4 Pipe Specialties: Provide piping specialties complying with Division-15 Basic Materials and Methods section "Piping Specialties".
- 2.5 Supports and Anchors: Provide supports and anchors complying with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Supports and Anchors".
- 2.6 Cleanouts: Provide factory-fabricated drainage piping products of size and type indicated. Where not indicated, provide proper selection as determined by Installer to comply with installation requirements and governing regulations. Josam, Jay R. Smith, Wade, Zurn.
- 2.6.1 Cleanout Plugs: Cast-bronze or brass, threads complying with ANSI B2.1 countersunk head.
- 2.6.2 Cleanout for PVC Systems:
- 2.6.2.1 Floor Cleanouts: Cast-iron body with adjustable head, brass plug, and scoriated nick-brass cover. Furnish with carpet flange for carpeted floors. Furnish with recessed cover for tile floors. Furnish with clamping ring for floors with membrane. Wade W-6030 hub outlet for push-on.
- 2.6.2.2 Cleanouts in Piping: PVC cleanout adaptor with threaded PVC plug.

2.7 Floor Drains: Provide floor drains of size as indicated on drawings; and type, including features, as specified herein. Josam, Jay R. Smith, Wade, Zurn.

2.7.1 Floor Drains: Refer for plans

3 EXECUTION

3.1 Examine substrates and conditions under which soil and waste systems are to be installed. Do not proceed with work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 Piping Installation:

3.2.1 Install above grade soil and waste piping in accordance with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Pipes and Pipe Fittings", and with Standard Plumbing Code.

3.2.2 Install underground soil and waste pipes as indicated and in accordance with Florida Building Code. Lay underground piping beginning at low point of systems, true to grades and alignment indicated with unbroken continuity of invert. Place bell ends of piping facing upstream. Install required gaskets in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations for use of lubricants, cements, and other special installation requirements. Clean interior of piping of dirt and other superfluous material as work progresses. Maintain swab or drag in line and pull past each joint as it is completed. Place plugs in ends of uncompleted piping at end of day or whenever work stops.

3.2.3 Install building soil and vent piping pitched to drain at minimum slope of 1/4" per foot (2%) for piping smaller than 3", and 1/8" per foot (1%) for piping 3" and larger.

3.3 Install piping specialties in accordance with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Piping Specialties".

3.4 Install supports and anchors in accordance with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Supports and Anchors".

3.5 Installation of Cleanouts: Install in above ground piping and building drain piping as indicated, as required by Florida Building Code; and at each change in direction of piping greater than 45°; at minimum intervals of 50' for piping 4" and smaller and 100' for larger piping; and at base of each vertical soil or waste stack. Install floor and wall cleanout covers for concealed piping, select type to match adjacent building finish.

3.5.1 Size: Cleanouts shall be full size up to 4". Piping over 4" shall have a reducing fitting to accommodate a 4" cleanout unless indicated otherwise on drawings.

- 3.5.2 Install cleanouts to allow adequate clearance for rodding.
- 3.5.3 Protect all finished surfaces of cleanouts with a suitable adhesive covering until construction is completed.
- 3.6 Installation of Floor Drains: Install floor drains in accordance with manufacturer's written instructions and in locations indicated.
 - 3.6.1 Coordinate flashing work with work of waterproofing and adjoining substrate work.
 - 3.6.2 Install floor drains at low points of surface areas to be drained, or as indicated. Set tops of drains flush with finished floor.
 - 3.6.3 Install drain flashing collar or flange so that no leakage occurs between drain and adjoining flooring. Maintain integrity of waterproof membranes, where penetrated.
 - 3.6.4 Position drains so that they are accessible and easy to maintain.
- 3.7 Connection of Trap Primers: Connect trap primers as indicated, and in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions. Pitch piping towards drain trap, minimum of 1/8" per foot (1%). Adjust trap primer for proper flow.
- 3.8 Piping Runouts to Fixtures: Provide soil and waste piping runouts to plumbing fixtures and drains, with approved trap, of sizes indicated, but in no case smaller than required by Standard Plumbing Code.
- 3.9 Test, clean, flush, and inspect soil and waste piping in accordance with requirements of Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Testing, Cleaning and Sterilization of Piping Systems".

END OF SECTION

SECTION 15440 - GAS SYSTEM

1 GENERAL

1.1 Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specifications sections, apply to work of this section.

1.2 Division-15 Basic Mechanical Requirements and Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods sections apply to work of this section.

1.3 Extent of gas systems work, is indicated on drawings and schedules, and by requirements of this section.

1.4 Codes and Standards

1.4.1 NFPA Compliance: Fabricate and install gas systems in accordance with NFPA 54 "National Fuel Gas Code".

1.4.2 Utility Compliance: Fabricate and install gas systems in accordance with local gas utility company requirements and standards.

1.5 Approval Submittals:

1.5.1 Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical product data and installation instructions as follows:

Gas cocks and/or ball valves
Gas vents

1.6 O&M Data Submittals: Submit a copy of approval submittals. Submit maintenance data and parts lists for gas cocks, gas vents. Include these data in O&M manual.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 General: Provide piping materials and factory-fabricated piping products of sizes, types, pressure ratings, and capacities as indicated. Where not indicated, provide proper selection as determined by Installer to comply with installation requirements. Provide materials and products complying with NFPA 54 where applicable. Base pressure rating on gas piping system maximum design pressures. Provide sizes and types matching piping and equipment connections; provide fittings of materials which match pipe materials used in gas systems. Where more than one type of materials or products are indicated, selection is Installer's option.

- 2.2 Identification: Provide identification complying with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Mechanical Identification".
- 2.3 Pipes and Fittings: Provide pipes and pipe fittings complying with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Pipes and Pipe Fittings", in accordance with the following listing:
 - 2.3.1 Building Distribution Piping:
 - 2.3.1.1 Pipe Size 2" and Smaller: Black steel pipe; Schedule 40; malleable-iron threaded fittings.
 - 2.3.1.2 Pipe Sizes 2" and Smaller: Gas piping within each laboratory shall be Type L hard drawn copper with silver solder brazed joints.
 - 2.3.1.3 Pipe Size 2½" and Larger: Black steel pipe; Schedule 40; wrought-steel buttwelding fittings.
- 2.4 Piping Specialties: Provide piping specialties complying with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Piping Specialties".
- 2.5 Sealants: Provide UL-listed or AGA approved sealants for gas piping.
- 2.6 Supports and Anchors: Provide supports and anchors complying with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Supports and Anchors".
- 2.7 Valves: Provide valves complying with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Valves" and in accordance with the following listing.
 - 2.7.1 Gas Cocks 2" and Smaller: UL-listed, AGA approved, 150 psi non-shock WOG, full port, bronze straightway cock, flat or square head, threaded ends.
 - 2.7.2 Wrenches: Provide operating wrenches for all gas cocks serving boilers.
 - 2.7.3 Acceptable Manufacturers for gas cocks: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products of one of the following: Resun R1430 and R1431, Milliken 200M and 201M or approved equal.

3 EXECUTION

- 3.1 Examine areas and conditions under which gas systems materials and products are to be installed. Do not proceed with work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in manner acceptable to Installer. Coordinate with gas supplier prior to starting work.
- 3.2 Install mechanical identification in accordance with Division-15 Basic

Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Mechanical Identification".

- 3.3 Install gas piping in accordance with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Pipes and Pipe Fittings".
 - 3.3.1 Use sealants on metal gas piping threads which are chemically resistant to gas. Use sealants sparingly, and apply to only male threads of metal joints.
 - 3.3.2 Remove cutting and threading burrs before assembling piping.
 - 3.3.3 Do not install defective piping or fittings. Do not use pipe with threads which are chipped, stripped or damaged. Do not use bushings in the gas system.
 - 3.3.4 Plug each gas outlet, including valves, with threaded plug or cap immediately after installation and retain until continuing piping, or equipment connections are completed.
 - 3.3.5 Ground gas piping electrically and continuously within project, and bond tightly to grounding connection.
 - 3.3.6 Install drip-legs in gas piping where indicated, and where required by code or gas company requirements.
 - 3.3.7 Install "Tee" fitting with bottom outlet plugged or capped, at bottom of pipe risers.
 - 3.3.8 Use dielectric unions where dissimilar metals are joined together.
 - 3.3.9 Install piping with 1/64" per foot (1/8%) downward slope in direction of flow.
 - 3.3.10 Install piping parallel to other piping, but maintain minimum of 12" clearance between gas piping and steam or hydronic piping above 200°F.
- 3.4 Install piping specialties in accordance with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Piping Specialties".
- 3.5 Install supports and anchors in accordance with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Supports and Anchors".
- 3.6 Installation of Valves:
 - 3.6.1 Gas Cocks: Provide at connection to gas train for each gas-fired equipment item; and on risers and branches where indicated.
 - 3.6.2 Locate gas cocks where easily accessible, and where they will be protected from possible injury.

- 3.7 Equipment Connections: Connect gas piping to each gas-fired equipment item, with drip leg and shutoff gas cock. Comply with equipment manufacturer's instructions.
- 3.8 Gas Vent Installation:
- 3.8.1 Install gas vents for all draft gas-fired appliances in accordance with NFPA 54 and the manufacturer's instructions. Provide all flashing and related materials.
- 3.8.2 Gas vents shall terminate at least 3 feet above the roof and 2 feet higher than any portion of a building within a horizontal distance of 10 feet.
- 3.8.3 Minimum vertical gas vent length is 5 feet.
- 3.8.4 Slope horizontal gas vent connectors upward at least ¼ inch per foot.
- 3.9 Piping Tests: Inspect, test, and purge gas systems in accordance with NFPA 54, local utility requirements, and Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Testing, Cleaning and Sterilization of Piping Systems".

END OF SECTION

SECTION 15502 - CHILLED WATER PREINSULATED PIPING SYSTEM

1 GENERAL

- 1.1 Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification Sections, apply to work of this section.
- 1.2 Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods sections apply to work of this section.
- 1.3 Extent of underground preinsulated piping system work, is indicated on drawings and by requirements of this section.
- 1.4 Verify all existing conditions prior to bidding. The Contractor shall include in his price for the underground preinsulated conduit sufficient elbows, offsets, and pipe to provide for unforeseen conditions. The drawings do not show the exact location or inverts of all existing utilities, conditions, etc. However, the contractor's bid shall include sufficient labor and material costs to allow for these conditions without causing additional cost for the Owner or delays in the project schedule.
- 1.5 Refer to other Division-15 sections for field-applied insulation, manholes, valves, hydronic specialties, and expansion compensation.
- 1.6 Codes and Standards: Fabricate and install piping in accordance with ASME B31.9 "Building Services Piping".
- 1.7 Approval Submittals:
 - 1.7.1 Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical product data and installation instructions for systems, including: carrier pipe, conduit, insulation, materials and products.
 - 1.7.2 Shop Drawings: Submit scaled layout drawings of underground preinsulated piping system including, but not necessarily limited to, pipe sizes, location, offsets, connections, elevations, and slopes of horizontal runs, wall and floor penetrations, and connections. Indicate interface and spatial relationship between piping and manholes. Coordinate with all other site utilities and all existing conditions. Field verify final location of pipe prior to submittal of layout drawings and fabrication. Shop drawings shall indicate the existing conditions. Probe or excavate as required.
- 1.8 O&M Data Submittals: Submit a copy of approval submittals for conduit and piping materials and products. Include this data in O&M manual.

2 PRODUCTS

- 2.1 General: Provide factory-fabricated conduit, piping and insulation products of sizes, types, pressure ratings, temperature ratings, and capacities as indicated. Where not indicated, provide proper selection as determined by manufacturer to comply with installation requirements. Provide materials and products complying with ASME B31.9 Code for Building Services Piping where applicable, base pressure rating on piping systems maximum design pressures. Provide fittings and materials which match pipe materials used in piping systems.
- 2.2 Carrier Pipe and Fittings: Provide pipes and pipe fittings complying with Division 15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Pipes and Pipe Fittings".
- 2.2.1 Chilled Water Piping: Black steel pipe; Schedule 40; ERW, wrought-steel buttwelding fittings, welded joints.
- 2.3 Outer Conduit:
- 2.3.1 Conduit: Conduit shall be PVC Class 12454-B conforming to ASTM 1784 Type 1 Grade 1.
- 2.3.2 Expansion Loops and Ells: Furnish prefabricated ell, loops, and tees where shown and required. Fabricate of same material as conduit.
- 2.3.3 End Seals and Glands: Provide factory-fabricated bulkhead steel plate.
- 2.3.4 Anchors: Provide prefabricated plate anchors.
- 2.3.5 Pipe Support Guides: Provide standard manufacturer's full round guides.
- 2.3.6 Plugs: Provide air vent plugs and drain plugs.
- 2.4 Insulation:
- 2.4.1 Chilled Water Pipe Insulation: 2" thick polyurethane foam with minimum $K = 0.13$ and a density of 2 lb/ft^3 .
- 2.5 Acceptable Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide conduit systems of one of the following: Ricwil, Rovanco, Perma Pipe, Thermacore.

3 EXECUTION

- 3.1 Inspection: Examine areas and conditions under which products are to be

installed. Do not proceed with work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in manner acceptable to Installer.

- 3.1.1 Expansion loops and ells: Provide sufficient loops for a flexible piping system in accordance with ASME Code for pressure piping and the manufacturers recommendation.
- 3.1.2 Anchors: Provide anchors where shown on the plans or as determined by the manufacturers recommendations.
- 3.1.3 End seals and glands: Terminate ends of conduits inside building walls and manholes with end seals. Provide gland seals mounted on a steel plate where there is not an anchor within 5 feet of the terminal end.
- 3.1.4 Leak plates and watersheds: Provide an effective moisture barrier in building floors and walls. Provide watersheds at all floors.
- 3.2 Testing: Carrier pipe shall be pressure tested hydrostatically in accordance with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Testing, Cleaning and Sterilization of Piping Systems" after welding and prior to conduit closure. All conduit closures shall be field tested with air before backfilling. The Contractor shall provide all necessary equipment for the testing.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 15505 - CHILLED AND HEATING WATER SYSTEMS

1 GENERAL

1.1 Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.

1.2 Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods sections apply to work of this section.

1.3 Refer to other Division-15 sections for insulation of hydronic piping; not work of this section.

1.4 Refer to other Division-15 sections for hydronic specialties; not work of this section.

1.5 Refer to other Division-15 sections for testing, adjusting, and balancing of hydronic piping systems; not work of this section.

1.6 Codes and Standards: Fabricate and install hydronic piping in accordance with ASME B31.9 "Building Services Piping."

1.7 Approval Submittals:

1.7.1 Product Data: Submit manufacturer's product data for:

Valves
Meters and Gauges
Vibration Control
Access doors

1.7.2 Shop Drawings: Submit scaled layout drawings of piping systems in mechanical rooms and manholes including, but not necessarily limited to, pipe sizes, location, offsets, connections, elevations, and hydronic specialties. Indicate interface and spatial relationship between piping and equipment. Coordinate with all other trades work and existing conditions. Field verify final location of pipe prior to submittal of layout drawings and fabrication.

1.8 Test Reports and Verification Submittals:

1.8.1 Submit welder's certificates.

1.8.2 Submit water treatment test report.

1.9 O&M Manual Submittals: Submit a copy of approval submittals. Include this

data in O&M manual.

2 PRODUCTS

- 2.1 General: Provide piping materials and factory-fabricated piping products of sizes, types, pressure ratings, temperature ratings, and capacities as indicated. Where not indicated, provide proper selection as determined by Installer to comply with installation requirements. Provide materials and products complying with ASME B31.9 Code for Building Services Piping where applicable, base pressure rating on hydronic piping systems maximum design pressures. Provide sizes and types matching piping and equipment connections; provide fittings of materials which match pipe materials used in hydronic piping systems. Where more than one type of materials or products are indicated, selection is Installer's option.
- 2.2 Basic Identification: Provide identification complying with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Mechanical Identification."
- 2.3 Basic Pipes and Pipe Fittings: Provide pipes and pipe fittings complying with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Pipes and Pipe Fittings", in accordance with the following listing:
- 2.3.1 Pipe Size 2" and Smaller: Black steel pipe; Schedule 40; Class 125 cast-iron fittings with threaded joints.
- 2.3.2 Tube Size 3" and Smaller: Copper tube; Type L, hard-drawn temper; wrought-copper fittings with soldered joints.
- 2.3.3 Pipe Size 2½" and Larger: Black steel pipe; Schedule 40; wrought-steel buttwelding fittings with welded joints.
- 2.4 Basic Piping Specialties: Provide piping specialties complying with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Piping Specialties."
- 2.5 Basic Supports and Anchors: Provide supports and anchors complying with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Supports and Anchors."
- 2.6 Basic Valves: Provide valves complying with Division-15 Basic Materials and Methods section "Valves" and the following list:
- 2.6.1 Standard Service Sectional Valves: Type GA1, GA3, BF1, BF2, BF3, BF4.
- 2.6.2 Standard Service Shutoff Valves: Type GA1, GA3, BA1, BF2, BF4.
- 2.6.3 Standard Service Check Valves: Type CK1, CK3.

- 2.6.4 Standard Service Drain Valves: Type GA1, BA1.
- 2.6.5 Standard Service Terminal Runout Valves (Steel Runouts): Type GA1, GA3, BA1.
- 2.6.6 Standard Service Terminal Runout Valves (Copper Runouts): Type GA2, BA2.
- 2.6.7 High Pressure Service Sectional Valves: Type GA4, GA9.
- 2.6.8 High Pressure Service Shutoff Valves: Type GA4, GA9, BA1.
- 2.6.9 High Pressure Service Check Valves: Type CK6, CK7.
- 2.6.10 High Pressure Service Drain Valves: Type GA4, BA1.
- 2.6.11 High Pressure Service Runout Valves (Steel Runouts): GA4, GA9.
- 2.6.12 High Pressure Service Runout Valves (Copper Runouts): GA5.
- 2.7 Basic Meters and Gauges: Provide meters and gauges complying with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Meters and Gauges", in accordance with the following listing:
 - 2.7.1 Temperature gauges and fittings.
 - 2.7.2 Pressure gauges and fittings.
 - 2.7.3 Flow measuring meters.
- 2.8 Access Doors: Provide access doors to service all valves and other devices as required in accordance with Division-15 Basic Materials and Methods Section "Access Doors".
- 3 EXECUTION
 - 3.1 General: Examine areas and conditions under which hydronic piping systems materials and products are to be installed. Do not proceed with work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in manner acceptable to Installer.
 - 3.2 Installation of Hydronic Piping:
 - 3.2.1 General: Install hydronic piping in accordance with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Pipes and Pipe Fittings".

- 3.2.2 Install eccentric reducers where pipe is reduced in size in direction of flow, with tops of both pipes and reducer flush. Do not use bushings.
- 3.2.3 Install piping with 1/32" per foot (1/4%) upward slope in direction of flow, or as indicated on the drawings. The intent is to install piping sloped to drains at low points in the system for a drainable system.
- 3.2.4 Connect branch-feed piping to mains at horizontal center line of mains, connect run-out piping to branches at horizontal center line of branches.
- 3.2.5 Locate groups of pipes parallel to each other, spaced to permit applying full insulation and servicing of valves.
- 3.3 Install piping specialties in accordance with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Piping Specialties".
- 3.4 Install supports and anchors in accordance with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Supports and Anchors".
- 3.5 Install valves in accordance with Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Valves".
 - 3.5.1 Sectional Valves: Install on each branch and riser, close to main, where branch or riser serves 2 or more hydronic terminals or equipment connections, and elsewhere as indicated.
 - 3.5.2 Shutoff Valves: Install on inlet and outlet of each mechanical equipment item, and on inlet and outlet of each hydronic terminal, and elsewhere as indicated.
 - 3.5.3 Drain Valves: Install on each mechanical equipment item located to completely drain equipment for service or repair. Install at base of each riser, at base of each rise or drop in piping system, and elsewhere where indicated or required to completely drain hydronic piping system.
 - 3.5.4 Check Valves: Install on discharge side of each pump, and elsewhere as indicated.
- 3.6 Install meters and gauges in accordance with Division-15 Basic Materials and Methods section "Meters and Gauges".
- 3.7 Equipment Connections:
 - 3.7.1 General: Connect hydronic piping system to mechanical equipment as indicated on the drawings, and comply with equipment manufacturer's instructions where not otherwise indicated. Install shutoff valve and union on supply and return and a drain valve on the drain connection. Connections between dissimilar metals shall be made with dielectric devices.

- 3.7.2 Hydronic Terminals: Install hydronic terminals with shutoff valves, unions and related devices as shown on the drawings. Install manual air vent valve on element in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. Locate valves and balancing cocks for ease of maintenance. Where indicated, install automatic temperature control valve with unions on return line between coil and shutoff valve.
- 3.8 Provide sufficient swing joints, expansion loops and devices necessary for a flexible piping system. Install drain valves at all low points of each system to enable complete drainage, and air vents at all high points in the piping system to enable complete air venting.
- 3.9 Pipe drains from pump glands, relief valves, strainers, etc., to spill over an open sight drain, floor drain or other acceptable discharge point, and terminate with a plain end (unthreaded pipe) 6" above the drain. Rigidly support all drains.
- 3.10 Testing, Cleaning, Flushing, and Inspecting: Test, clean, flush, and inspect hydronic piping systems in accordance with requirements of Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods section "Testing, Cleaning, and Sterilization of Piping Systems."
- 3.11 Chemical Treatment: Refill hydronic piping systems. New piping shall be flushed, cleaned and pre-treated as recommended by owner's water treatment vendor. The chemical treatment in the campus central plant shall be maintained by the contractor for the duration of this project.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 15610 - CUSTOM AIR HANDLING UNITS

1 GENERAL

- 1.1 Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.
- 1.2 Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods sections apply to work of this section.
- 1.3 OWNER FURNISHED EQUIPMENT: This section includes owner furnished air handling units, the contractor is responsible for receipt of the equipment on site, handling, and installation.
- 1.4 Extent of air handling unit work is indicated on drawings, and schedules, and by requirements of this section.
- 1.5 Refer to other Division-15 sections for field-applied insulation to air handling units.
- 1.6 Refer to other Division-15 sections for condensate, hot and chilled water piping required in conjunction with air handling units.
- 1.7 Refer to other Division-15 Sections for HVAC equipment to be included as part of the penthouse units or air handling units such as DDC Controls, Variable Frequency Drives, and Hydronic Specialties.
- 1.8 Refer to Division-16 sections for the following work; not work of this section.
 - 1.8.1 Power supply wiring from power source to power connection on unit. Include starters, disconnects, and required electrical devices, except where specified as furnished, or factory installed by manufacturer.
- 1.9 Codes and Standards:
 - 1.9.1 AMCA Compliance: Test and rate air handling units in accordance with AMCA standards.
 - 1.9.2 ARI Compliance: Test and rate air handling units in accordance with ARI 430 "Standard for Central-Station Air Handling Units", and ARI 410 for coils, display certification symbol on units of certified models.
 - 1.9.3 NFPA Compliance: Provide air handling unit internal insulation, adhesives, and coatings having flame spread rating not over 25 and smoke developed rating no higher than 50; and complying with NFPA 90A "Standard for the

Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems.”

- 1.9.4 UL and NEMA Compliance: Provide electrical components required as part of air handling units, which have been listed and labeled by UL and comply with NEMA Standards.
- 1.9.5 NEC Compliance: Comply with National Electrical Code (NFPA 70) as applicable to installation and electrical connections of ancillary electrical components of air handling units.
- 1.10 Approval Submittals:
 - 1.10.1 Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical product data as follows showing dimensions, weights, capacities, certified ratings, fan performance with operating point clearly indicated, motor electrical characteristics, gauges and finishes of materials, and installation instructions. Submit assembly-type drawings showing unit dimensions, weight loadings, required clearances, construction details, and field connection details.

Air handling unit components including casings, fans, coils and all related equipment.

Vibration Isolation

- 1.10.2 Shop Drawings: Submit shop drawings showing the actual installation of each air handling unit, in plan and section. Show coil access, filter access, motor access, controls access and access to any other components requiring service. Show coordination with all related structural components of the building and show all unit supports. Show relationship to drains and other equipment. Show every electrical device and control panel with code-required service clearance clearly marked.

Units mounted in mechanical rooms.

- 1.11 O&M Data Submittals:
 - 1.11.1 Wiring Diagrams: Submit manufacturer's electrical requirements for power supply wiring to air handling units. Submit manufacturer's ladder-type wiring diagrams for interlock and control wiring. Clearly differentiate between portions of wiring that are factory-installed and portions to be field installed.
 - 1.11.2 Maintenance Data: Submit a copy of approval submittals. Submit maintenance instructions, including instructions for lubrication, filter replacement, motor and drive replacement, and spare parts lists. Include these data and wiring diagrams in O&M manuals.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 Acceptable Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide air handling units of one of the following:

Daikin Vision
York Solution
Trane

2.2 General:

2.2.1 Factory fabricated air handling units shall be constructed of solid steel, formed outer panels secured to an integral steel frame or to a bolted steel frame. Outer panels shall be removable without affecting the structural integrity of the units. All units shall come complete with a structural steel base around the entire perimeter. Construction shall result in a leakage rate of less than 1% of rated flow at maximum operating pressure.

2.2.2 Multiple sectioned units shall be as a single factory assembled piece (except where shipping limitations prevent) demounted into modular sections in the field by Contractor. Units shall be furnished with sufficient gasket and bolts for reassembly in the field by Contractor.

2.2.3 All units shall be UL or ETL listed.

2.2.4 All coil connections, access doors and drains shall be coordinated with field piping and electrical connections.

2.2.5 Unit exterior dimensions shall be the size as shown on the drawings.

2.3 Testing:

2.3.1 The unit manufacturer shall provide a factory leak test on all units at 8 inches static pressure. Cabinet leakage shall not exceed leak class 6 per ASHRAE 111 at 8 inches w.g. Specified air leakage shall be obtained without the use of caulk at normally removed access panels. Total estimated air leakage shall be reported for each unit in CFM, as a percentage of supply air, and as an ASHRAE 111 Leakage Class.

2.3.2 Fan shall be factory balanced to limit vibration at operating speed to the values shown in the following table. Measure vibration in all three planes. AHU manufacturer shall provide vibration test results.

2.4 Unit Base / Framework::

2.4.1 Unit base frame shall be structural steel cross members. The base shall include "Double Bottom" insulate floor. Base frames shall be fitted with lifting lugs at the corners of the unit or section (if demounted). Floor panels shall be double-wall construction and designed to support a 250 lb load during maintenance activities and shall deflect no more than 0.0042" per inch of panel span (L/240).

2.5 Exterior Casing:

- 2.5.1 The air handling unit casing shall be 2" thick double wall construction of the "no-through-metal" design. The casing structure shall incorporate insulating thermal breaks as required so that, when fully assembled, there exists no path of continuous unbroken metal to metal conduction from inner to outer surfaces. Provide required structural frame and casing to withstand 8" static pressure. Panels shall be gasketed and secured to the frame with screws. Outer panels shall be constructed from 18 gauge G-90 galvanized steel. Provide support system for architectural finish panels. Architectural finish panels are not a part of Division-15 work. The exterior panels shall be coated with a painting system designed for long term corrosion.

The paint shall meet or exceed the following criteria:

(ASTM B-117) salt spray resistance 5% fog at 95 degrees F. Passes 750 hr.

(ASTM D-2247) humidity resistance 100% salt at 95 degrees F. Passes 1,000 hr.

- 2.6 Unit Casing Insulation: Insulation shall not be disturbed if panels are removed. Insulation shall be secured to the entire panel with mechanical and adhesive over the entire panel surface. Entire unit to be insulated with 2" thick insulation. The insulation shall have an effective thermal the resistance value of R13, minimum. Insulation shall fill panels and external structural frame members completely in all direction such that no voids exist. Panel insulation shall comply with NFPA 90A.
- 2.7 Liners: The units shall be double wall construction and include a 20 gauge solid galvanized liner (unless otherwise noted) in the entire unit except for supply fan section. The liner in the supply fan section shall be perforated galvanized steel construction. Insulation facing perforated inner wall shall be covered by a Mylar or Tedlar film with spacers to preserve the acoustical properties of the assembly.
- 2.8 Condensate Pan: Condensate drain pan shall be 16 gauge Type 304 stainless steel. All pans shall be insulated "Double Bottom" construction with welded corners. The drain shall be sloped in two planes for complete drainage with no standing water in the unit. Drain connections shall be standard 1¼" NPT connection. Drain pans shall be provided under all cooling unit sections.
- 2.9 Access Doors: The unit shall be equipped with 2" double wall insulated, hinged access doors of the same construction as the interior and exterior wall panels. Doors shall be located upstream and downstream of all coils and in all filter, access plenum and fan sections and access to major components. The fan section door shall be large enough to allow the removal of the fan wheel and motor without disassembly of the unit casing. The door frame shall incorporate a built in thermal break barrier along with a gasket around the entire perimeter of the door. The door shall be hinged using a minimum of three heavy duty butt hinges. There shall be two heavy duty Ventlok (260/310) handles (or equal) per door. Provide an ETL, UL 1995, and CAL-OSHA approved tool operated safety latch on all fan section access doors. Operating tool shall be chained to each unit with tamper resistant fasteners within reach of the safety latch. All doors to have windows where shown. All doors to be 60" high when sufficient unit height is available, or maximum height allowed by the unit height.

- 2.10 Fans: Provide direct drive fans of type and class as specified on the schedule. Fan shafts shall be solid steel, coated with a rust-inhibiting coating, and properly designed so that fan shaft does not pass through first critical speed as unit comes up to rated RPM. All fans shall be statically and dynamically tested by the manufacturer for vibration and alignment as an assembly at the operating RPM to meet design specifications. Fans controlled by variable frequency drives shall be statically and dynamically tested for vibration and alignment at speeds between 25% and 100% of design RPM. If fans are not factory-tested for vibration and alignment, the contractor shall be responsible for cost and labor associated with field balancing and certified vibration performance. Fan wheels shall be keyed to fan shafts to prevent slipping.
- 2.11 Motors: Provide high efficiency motor. Provide motors suitable for inverter use.
- 2.11.1 Variable Frequency Drives shall be furnished by the Digital Controls Contractor.
- 2.12 Coils:
- 2.12.1 Coil sections shall be double wall with 304 stainless steel inner liner.
- 2.12.2 All coil assemblies shall be tested under water at 315 psig and performance shall be certified under ARI Standard 410. Coils exceeding the range of ARI standard rating conditions shall be as noted on a coil computer printout.
- 2.12.3 Type WC (water coils) shall be constructed of seamless copper tubing mechanically expanded into fin collars. Fins shall be the die formed plate type. Headers shall be seamless copper with die formed tube holes. Connections shall be male pipe thread (MPT) Schedule 40 red brass.
- Vents and drains (1/8)" shall be provided for complete coil drainage. Coils shall be suitable for 250 psig working pressure. Intermediate tube supports shall be supplied on coils over 44" fin length with an additional support every 42" multiple thereafter. Coils shall have 5/8" o.d. x .035" wall copper tubes, .010" aluminum fins and 16 gauge Type 304 stainless steel casing. Coil tracks and supports shall be fabricated of Type stainless steel.
- 2.12.4 Provide multiple sections of coils split vertically and horizontally as required for coil removal. Safe off all spaces between coils to prevent air from bypassing coils.
- 2.12.5 Provide intermediate stainless steel drain pans beneath each section of cooling coil above bottom section. Provide a drain tube from each intermediate pan down to the base drain pan. Intermediate drain pans shall extend a minimum of 8" past the downstream face of coil.
- 2.12.6 Insulate all piping within the AHU in accordance with Division-15 section "Insulation for HVAC Equipment and Piping". Repair all cracks in insulation or covering at site after unit has been set. Piping and hydronic devices as well as piping insulation for all units shall be completed in the field.
- 2.13 Filter Boxes: Provide boxes to accommodate filters of the type indicated on the schedule. Factory fabricated filter sections shall be of the same construction and finish as the units. Side service filter sections shall include hinged access

- doors. Internal safing shall be provided by the manufacturer as required to prevent air bypass around the filters.
- 2.13.1 Filter Gauge: Each filter bank shall be furnished with one (1) Magnehelic filter gauge (Dwyer Series 2000).
- 2.14 Ducted connection: Provide ductwork connection of sizes shown on the drawings.
- 2.15 Lighting: Provide vapor-proof light fixtures in all accessible sections. Factory mounted and wired to an external service switch.
- 2.16 UVC Lights General: Provide factory mounted and wired UVC light system. UVC Light system shall be wired to a switched junction box on the front of the unit at the factory. Provide door interlocking safety switch to turn off light when access door is opened.
- 2.16.1 UVC Lights: Provide factory assembled emitter and fixture consisting of housing, power source, reflector, Emitter sockets, and emitter. The housing shall be constructed of 304 stainless steel with heavy gage reflector, specular finished aluminum alloy with approximately 85% reflectance at 254 nm wavelength. Provide 1/2" conduit openings on each end to facilitate coupling and wiring fixture to fixture. The power source shall be a Class P2, electronic, rapid start type with a power factor greater than 0.95 and a power conversion of greater than 75%. The power supply shall include RF and EMI suppression and be designed to maximize photon production, irradiance, and reliability in cold or moving airstreams of 35-170F, 100% RH and up to 2000 FPM velocity. The fixture shall be 115V/60 hz. Emitter sockets shall be medium bi-pin, double click safety, twist lock type, constructed of UVC-resistant polycarbonate. Emitter tubes shall be very high output, hot cathode, T5 diameter, medium bi-pin type that produces broadband UVC of 250-260 nm at 2000 FPM velocity and air temperatures of 35-170F. It shall produce no ozone or other secondary contaminants. The unit shall be tested by an independent test laboratory in accordance with IES Lighting Handbook, 1981 and verified through independent testing to provide output per 1" arc length of not less than 10 uW/cm² at 1 meter in a 400 FPM airstream at 45F. Units shall comply with UL Standard 1995 for use in HVAC equipment and carry the UL and ULC labels.
- 2.16.2 UVC Equipment Warranty: Provide equipment parts and labor warranty covering the complete UVC assembly including the fixtures, bulbs, and power supply for a period of three years from the date of start-up. The warranty does not cover normal emitter effectiveness loss due to aging.
- 2.17 Drains: Provide a capped washdown drain in each coil section.
- 2.18 Vibration Isolation: Provide Type EM5 Vibration Isolation.
- 3 EXECUTION
- 3.1 Examine areas and conditions under which air handling units are to be installed. Do not proceed with work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in manner acceptable to Installer.

- 3.2 General: Install air handling units where indicated, in accordance with equipment manufacturer's published installation instructions, and with recognized industry practices, to ensure that units comply with requirements and serve intended purposes. The work of this section includes all equipment necessary for a complete, packaged system, including work and equipment specified in other Division-15 sections.
- 3.3 Coordination: Coordinate with other work, including architectural panels, ductwork, floor construction and piping, as necessary to interface installation of air handling units with other work.
- 3.4 Access: Provide access space around air handling units for service as indicated, but in no case less than that recommended by manufacturer.
- 3.5 Support:
- 3.5.1 Install floor-mounted air handling units on reinforced concrete housekeeping pads of sufficient height to properly trap condensate, but in no case less than 4".
- 3.6 Electrical Wiring: Install electrical devices furnished by manufacturer but not specified to be factory-mounted. Furnish copy of manufacturer's wiring diagram submittal to electrical Installer. Verify that electrical wiring installation is in accordance with manufacturer's submittal and installation requirements of Division-16 sections. Do not proceed with equipment start-up until wiring installation is acceptable to equipment installer.
- 3.7 Piping Connections: Refer to Division-15 HVAC sections. Provide piping, valves, accessories, gauges and supports as indicated. Eliminate strain on coil headers. Provide trapped, insulated, DWV copper condensate drain piping full size from the drain connection as shown and extend independently to disposal point as part of this section's work. Provide individual trap from each drain.
- 3.8 Duct Connections: Refer to Division-15 Air Distribution sections. Provide ductwork, accessories, and flexible connections as indicated.
- 3.9 Vibration Isolation: Install in accordance with requirements of Division-15 Vibration Isolation.
- 3.10 Brush out fins on all coils.
- 3.11 Testing: Upon completion of installation, start-up and operate equipment to demonstrate capability and compliance with requirements. Install final, fixed sheave package. Field correct malfunctioning units, then retest to demonstrate compliance.
- 3.12 Provide one spare set of belts for each belt-driven fan, obtain receipt from Owner that belts have been received
- 3.13 Install new filters (prefilters and final filters as applicable) at final completion.

Provide two spare sets of filters to owner at final completion

END OF SECTION 237323

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SECTION 15715 - DUCTLESS SPLIT SYSTEM AIR CONDITIONING UNITS

1 GENERAL

- 1.1 Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.
- 1.2 Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods sections apply to work of this section.
- 1.3 Refer to other Division-15 sections for testing, adjusting, and balancing of units; not work of this section.
- 1.4 Approval Submittals:
 - 1.4.1 Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical product data, including dimensions, ratings, electrical characteristics, weight, capacities, materials of construction, and installation instructions. Submit assembly-type drawings showing all piping and electrical connections and all mounting requirements. Show methods of fastening and assembly of components. Provide wiring diagrams.
 - 1.5 O&M Data Submittals: Submit manufacturer's maintenance data including parts lists. Include these data, product data, and a copy of approval submittals in O&M manual.

2 PRODUCTS

- 2.1 Quality Assurance:
 - 2.1.1 Test and rate split system air conditioning units in accordance with ARI Standard 210, 240 or 360 as applicable, and provide certified rating seal.
 - 2.1.2 Construct refrigeration system of split system air conditioning units in accordance with ASHRAE 15 (ANSI B 9.1) "Safety Code for Mechanical Refrigeration".
 - 2.1.3 Provide split system air conditioning units with an SEER that meets the Florida Energy Efficiency Code and the schedule on the drawings.
 - 2.1.4 Provide split system air conditioning units that are designed, manufactured, and tested in accordance with UL or ETL requirements.
 - 2.1.5 Acceptable Manufacturers: Submit to compliance with requirements, provide units by Sanyo, Toshiba, Mitsubishi, or approved equal.

2.2 General:

2.2.1 Casings: Construct of painted mill galvanized steel (or aluminum) formed panels rigidly reinforced and braced. Each unit shall be provided with removable panels to permit the unit (including fans and compressors) to be properly maintained and serviced.

2.3 Condensing Unit:

2.3.1 Condenser Fans and Drives: Fan shall be of rustproof construction, hot dipped galvanized steel, stainless steel or aluminum. Unit shall have weather protected totally enclosed motor. Provide a close fretwork galvanized steel or non-ferrous fan guard. Motors shall be the permanently lubricated type, resiliently mounted.

2.3.2 Condenser Coil: Construct of non-ferrous tubes and aluminum fins. Provide inlet guard to protect condenser fins.

2.3.3 Compressor: Shall be scroll or hermetic design with vibration isolation. Compressor shall not produce objectionable noise or vibration inside the building. Compressors shall have five (5) year warranty.

2.3.4 Service Valves: Provide for high and low pressure readings.

2.4 Evaporator Unit:

2.4.1 Interior of unit shall be thermally and acoustically insulated with 1 inch fiberglass duct liner insulation. Provide removable panels to permit the unit to be properly serviced and maintained.

2.4.2 The evaporator section shall include centrifugal fan, two-speed fan motor, and direct drive. Provide cooling coil, snap out washable filters, refrigerant drier, controls and other necessary devices for a completely automatic unit. Coils shall have copper tubes and aluminum fins. Provide automatic oscillating louver action to facilitate air distribution.

2.5 Controls:

2.5.1 All safety and operational controls shall be factory wired.

2.5.2 Provide remote microprocessor-based controls with room thermostat, timer and fan speed switch.

2.6 Refrigerant Piping:

2.6.1 Copper tubing 3/4" and smaller: Type ACR, soft annealed temper; cast copper-alloy fittings for flared copper tubes; flared joints.

2.6.2 Brazing material: Silver solder bearing at least 15% silver; Sil Fos.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 Installation: Install in accordance with producer's printed instructions.

3.2 Refrigerant Piping: Comply with ANSI B31.5, "Refrigerant Piping," (extend lower pressure limits below 15 psig), and ASHRAE 15 (ANSI B9.1). Make all joints carefully and neatly. Clean pipe and fittings before fluxing. Remove burrs. Braze by the sweat method using Sil Fos.

3.3 Testing: After job erection, pressure test for leaks at 150 psig using a nominal amount of a suitable tracer refrigerant and dry nitrogen or a suitable refrigerant. Perform leak tests with an electronic halide leak detector having a sensitivity of at least 1/2 ounce R-12 per year. Refrigeration piping will not be accepted unless it is gas tight.

3.4 Evacuation: After completing the successful pressure test, multiple-evacuate the system. Leave the compressor isolation valves shut and connect the vacuum pump to both the high and low sides. Evacuate the system to an absolute pressure of 1,500 microns. Then break vacuum to 2 psig with dry nitrogen. Repeat this process. Install the proper biflow drier in the liquid line and evacuate the system to 500 microns. Leave vacuum pump running for at least two hours without interruption. Break vacuum with the refrigerant to be used and raise pressure to 2 psig. Do not operate compressors during the evacuation procedure.

3.5 Charging: After completing the successful evacuation procedure, charge refrigerant directly to the system from the original containers through a filter drier. Charge to the manufacturer's stated conditions of pressure for required temperature. Weigh the refrigerant added and record on the startup report.

3.6 Cleaning: Clean tar and all other soil from housing exterior. Leave ready for Division 7, Caulking Work. Caulk around pipe sleeves.

3.7 Condensate Drain: Pipe trapped copper condensate drain to outside the building or to a point of disposal as shown on the drawings. Pipe shall be full size of unit outlet. Refer to Division-15 section "Insulation" for pipe insulation.

3.8 Startup: Check entire assembly for correctness of installation, alignment, and control sequencing. Start all component parts in proper sequence. Make all adjustments required to insure proper smooth quiet operation.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 15810 - FANS

1 GENERAL

1.1 Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.

1.2 Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods sections apply to work of this section.

1.3 Extent of fan work required by this section as indicated on drawings and schedules, and by requirements of this section.

1.4 Coordination:

1.4.1 Refer to Division-7 sections for installation of prefabricated roof curbs; not work of this section. Furnishing prefabricated roof curbs is part of this section's work.

1.4.2 Refer to Division-15 section "Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing" for balancing of fans.

1.4.3 Refer to Division-15 HVAC control systems sections for control work required in conjunction with fans.

1.4.4 Refer to Division-16 sections for power supply wiring from power source to power connection on fans. Division-16 work will include starters, disconnects, and required electrical devices, except where specified as furnished, or factory-installed, by manufacturer.

1.5 Codes and Standards:

1.5.1 AMCA Compliance: Provide fans which have been tested and rated in accordance with AMCA standards, and bear AMCA Certified Ratings Seal.

1.5.2 UL Compliance: Provide fans which are listed by UL and have UL label affixed.

1.6 Approval Submittals:

1.6.1 Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical data for fans, including specifications, capacity ratings, dimensions, weights, materials, accessories furnished, and installation instructions. Submit assembly-type drawings showing unit dimensions, construction details, methods of assembly of components, and field connection details.

1.6.1.1 Fans

1.6.1.2 Vibration Control

1.7 O&M Data Submittals: Submit maintenance data and parts list for each type of fan, accessory, and control. Include these data, a copy of approved submittals, and wiring diagrams in O&M Manual.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 General: Except as otherwise indicated, provide standard prefabricated fans of type and size indicated, modified as necessary to comply with requirements, and as required for complete installation. Provide accessories as listed in the schedule on the drawings and as described herein. Motors shall be high efficiency per Division-15 section "Motors".

2.2 Acceptable Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements provide fans manufactured by Acme, Greenheck, Loren Cook, Penn, Carnes, or approved equal unless otherwise noted herein.

2.3 Centrifugal Roof Exhausters:

2.3.1 Housing: Provide heavy gauge aluminum hood, housing, and base with a galvanized steel frame.

2.3.2 Fan Wheels: Provide aluminum air foil type, statically and dynamically balanced.

2.3.3 Drive: Provide direct or belt drive as scheduled with pre-lubricated, ball bearing, continuous duty type motors. Provide vibration isolation equipment for the entire drive.

2.3.4 Round Hood Fans: Where indicated provide fans with motors mounted in a separate compartment out of the air stream.

2.4 In-Line Centrifugal Fans:

2.4.1 Housing: Provide round aluminum or square weather tight housing constructed of steel and painted inside and out with an epoxy finish. Provide venturi type inlet.

2.4.2 Fan Wheels: Provide aluminum air foil type, backward curved, statically and dynamically balanced.

2.4.3 Drive: Provide direct or belt drive as scheduled with pre-lubricated, ball

bearing, continuous duty type motors. Provide vibration isolation equipment for the entire drive.

2.4.4 Isolation and Support: Provide spring type vibration isolators and fan support brackets.

2.5 Vibration Isolation: Mount fans on vibration isolators in accordance with the requirements of Division-15 section "Vibration Isolation" and the following list.

2.5.1 Hangers: Type HA3.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 General: Except as otherwise indicated or specified, install fans in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions and recognized industry practices to insure that fans serve their intended function.

3.2 Coordinate fan work with work of roofing, walls, and ceilings as necessary for proper interfacing. Framing of openings, caulking, and curb installation is not work of this section.

3.3 Ductwork: Refer to Division-15 section "Ductwork". Connect ducts to fans in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions. Provide flexible connections in ductwork at fans.

3.4 Install fans on vibration isolation equipment as required. Set level and plumb.

3.5 Roof Curbs: Furnish roof curbs to roofing Installer for Installation.

3.6 Electrical Wiring: Install electrical devices furnished by manufacturer but not specified to be factory-mounted. Furnish copy of manufacturer's wiring diagram submittal to electrical Installer. Verify that electrical wiring installation is in accordance with manufacturer's submittal and installation requirements of Division-16 sections. Verify proper rotation direction of fan wheels. Do not proceed with equipment start-up until wiring installation is acceptable to equipment installer.

3.7 Remove shipping bolts and temporary supports within fans. Adjust dampers for free operation.

3.8 Testing: After installation of fans has been completed, test each fan to demonstrate proper operation of units at performance requirements specified. When possible, field correct malfunctioning units, then retest to demonstrate compliance. Replace units which cannot be satisfactorily corrected.

3.9 Cleaning: Clean factory-finished surfaces. Remove all tar and soil. Repair any marred or scratched surfaces with manufacturer's touch-up paint.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 15840 - HVAC METAL DUCTWORK

1 GENERAL

- 1.1 Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.
- 1.2 Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods Sections apply to work of this section.
- 1.3 Extent of HVAC metal ductwork is indicated on drawings and in schedules, and by requirements of this section.
- 1.4 Refer to other Division-15 sections for exterior insulation of metal ductwork.
- 1.5 Refer to other Division-15 sections for ductwork accessories.
- 1.6 Codes and Standards:
 - 1.6.1 SMACNA Standards: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards, Metal and Flexible" 1985 Edition for fabrication and installation of metal ductwork, unless otherwise noted.
 - 1.6.2 NFPA 90A Compliance: Comply with NFPA 90A "Standard for the Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems".
 - 1.6.3 NFPA 96 Compliance: Comply with NFPA 96 "Standard for Installation of Equipment for Removal of Smoke and Grease-Laden Vapors from Commercial Cooking Equipment".
- 1.7 Approval Submittals:
 - 1.7.1 Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical product data and installation instructions for the following.
 - Factory-fabricated ductwork
 - Sealants
 - Flexible duct
 - Spin-in fittings
 - 1.7.2 Shop Drawings: Submit scaled layout drawings of HVAC metal ductwork and fittings including, but not limited to, duct sizes, locations, elevations, and slopes of horizontal runs, wall and floor penetrations, and connections. Show interface and spatial relationship between ductwork and proximate equipment. Show modifications of indicated requirements, made to conform to local shop practice, and how those modifications ensure that free area, materials, and rigidity are not reduced.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 Ductwork Materials:

2.1.1 Exposed Ductwork Materials: Where ductwork is indicated to be exposed to view in occupied spaces, provide materials which are free from visual imperfections including pitting, seam marks, roller marks, stains and discolorations, and other imperfections, including those which would impair painting.

2.1.2 Galvanized Sheet Metal: Except as otherwise indicated, fabricate ductwork from galvanized sheet steel complying with ASTM A 527, lockforming quality; with G 90 zinc coating in accordance with ASTM A 525; and mill phosphatized for exposed locations. Stamp gauge and manufacturer's identification on each sheet. Break sheets so that identification is exposed.

2.2 Miscellaneous Ductwork Materials:

2.2.1 General: Provide miscellaneous materials and products of types and sizes indicated and, where not otherwise indicated, provide type and size required to comply with ductwork system requirements including proper connection of ductwork and equipment.

2.2.2 Duct Sealant: Provide non-hardening, non-migrating mastic or liquid elastic sealant, type applicable for fabrication/installation detail, as compounded and recommended by manufacturer specifically for sealing joints and seams in ductwork.

2.2.3 Ductwork Support Materials: Except as otherwise indicated, provide hot-dipped galvanized steel fasteners, anchors, rods, straps, trim and angles for support of ductwork.

2.2.4 Flexible Ducts: Provide flexible ductwork with an R-value of R-6 unless the ductwork is in a ceiling return plenum. The use of flexible ductwork for connection of supply air and return air devices is acceptable only where shown on the drawings.

2.2.4.1 Construction: Provide reinforced metalized polyester jacket that is tear and puncture resistant, air tight inner core with no fiberglass erosion in the air stream and an encapsulated wire helix. Flexible ductwork shall have a recommended operating pressure of 6" w.g. for sizes 4" through 12" diameter and 4" w.g. for sizes 14" through 20" diameter. All diameters shall be suitable for a negative operating pressure of 0.75" w.g. Flexible ductwork shall meet the requirements of UL-181, the Florida Energy Code, FBC, NFPA 90A and NFPA 90B.

2.2.4.2 Acceptable Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide R-6 flexible ductwork by: Atco 36, Flexmaster 8M-R6 or Thermaflex M-KE R6.

2.2.5 Fittings: Provide radius type fittings fabricated of multiple sections with maximum 15° change of direction per section. Unless specifically detailed otherwise, use 45° laterals and 45° elbows for branch takeoff connections. Where 90° branches are indicated, provide conical type tees.

2.3 Fabrication:

2.3.1 Shop fabricate ductwork in 4, 8, 10 or 12-ft lengths, unless otherwise indicated or required to complete runs. Preassemble work in shop to greatest extent possible, so as to minimize field assembly of systems. Disassemble systems only to extent necessary for shipping and handling. Match-mark sections for reassembly and coordinated installation.

2.3.2 Shop fabricate ductwork of gauges and reinforcement complying with SMACNA "HVAC Duct Construction Standards", except provide sealant at all joints. Supply duct from air conditioning units and all return and exhaust duct shall be minimum 2" pressure class unless otherwise noted.

2.3.3 Fabricate duct fittings to match adjoining ducts, and to comply with duct requirements as applicable to fittings. Except as otherwise indicated, fabricate elbows with center-line radius equal to 1½ times associated duct width; and fabricate to include turning vanes in elbows where shorter radius is necessary. Limit angular tapers to 30° for contracting tapers and 20° for expanding tapers.

2.3.4 Fabricate ductwork with accessories installed during fabrication to the greatest extent possible. Refer to Division-15 section "Ductwork Accessories" for accessory requirements.

2.4 Factory-Fabricated Low Pressure Ductwork (Maximum 2" W.G.):

2.4.1 Material: Galvanized sheet steel complying with ASTM A 527, lockforming quality, with ASTM A 525, G90 zinc coating, mill phosphatized.

2.4.2 Gauge: 28-gauge minimum for round ducts and fittings, 4" through 8" diameter. 26-gauge minimum 9" through 14", 24-gauge minimum 15" through 26".

2.4.3 Elbows: One piece construction for 90° and 45° elbows 14" and smaller. Provide multiple gore construction for larger diameters with standing seam circumferential joint.

2.4.4 Divided Flow Fittings: 90° tees, constructed with saddle tap spot welded and bonded to duct fitting body.

2.4.5 Acceptable Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide factory-fabricated ductwork by Semco Mfg., Inc. or United Sheet Metal Div., United McGill Corp, or approved equal.

2.5 Factory-Fabricated High Pressure Ductwork (3" W.G. and Higher):

2.5.1 Round Ductwork: Construct of galvanized sheet steel complying with ASTM A 527 by the following methods and in minimum gauges listed.

<u>Diameter</u>	<u>Minimum Gauge</u>	<u>Method of Manufacture</u>
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3" to 14"	26	Spiral Lockseam
15" to 26"	24	Spiral Lockseam
27" to 36"	22	Spiral Lockseam
37" to 50"	20	Spiral Lockseam
51" to 60"	18	Spiral Lockseam
Over 60"	16	Longitudinal Seam

Provide locked seams for spiral duct; fusion-welded butt seam for longitudinal seam duct.

Fittings and Couplings: Construct of minimum gauges listed. Provide continuous welds along seams.

Diameter Minimum Gauge

3" to 36"	20
38" to 50"	18
Over 50"	16

2.5.2 Flat-Oval Ductwork: Construct of galvanized sheet steel complying with ASTM A 527, of spiral lockseam construction, in minimum gauges listed.

Maximum Width Minimum Gauge

Under 25"	24
25" to 48"	22
49" to 70"	20
Over 70"	18

Fittings and Couplings: Construct of minimum gauges listed. Provide continuous weld along seams.

Maximum Width Minimum Gauge

Under 37"	20
37" to 50"	18
Over 50"	16

2.5.3 Internally Insulated Duct and Fittings: Construct with outer pressure shell, 1" thick insulation layer, and perforated inner liner. Construct shell and liner of galvanized sheet steel complying with ASTM A 527, of spiral lockseam construction, use longitudinal seam for over 59", in minimum gauges listed.

<u>Nominal Duct Diameter</u>	<u>Outer Shell</u>	<u>Inner Liner</u>
3" to 12"	26 ga.	24 ga.
13" to 24"	24 ga.	24 ga.
25" to 34"	22 ga.	24 ga.
35" to 48"	20 ga.	24 ga.
49" to 58"	18 ga.	24 ga.
Over 59"	16 ga.	20 ga.

Fittings and Couplings: Construct of minimum gauges listed. Provide continuous weld along seams of outer shell.

<u>Nominal Duct Diameter</u>	<u>Outer Shell</u>	<u>Inner Liner</u>
3" to 34"	20 ga.	20 ga.
36" to 48"	18 ga.	20 ga.
Over 48"	16 ga.	20 ga.

Inner Liner for Straight Duct: Perforate with 3/32" holes for 22% open area. Provide metal spacers welded in position to maintain spacing and concentricity. Provide a plastic film between the perforated liner and insulation to act as a vapor barrier.

Inner Liner for Fittings: Solid sheet metal. Provide metal spacers welded in position to maintain spacing and concentricity.

- 2.5.4 Optional Ducts and Fittings: At Installer's option, provided that certified tests by Manufacturer show that rigidity and performance is equivalent to SMACNA standard gauge ductwork, provide ducts and fittings as follows:

Ducts: Construct of Manufacturer's standard gauge, with spiral lock seam and intermediate standing rib.

Fittings: Construct by fabricating with spot welding and bonding with neoprene-base cement in lieu of continuous weld seams.

- 2.5.5 Acceptable Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide factory-fabricated ductwork Semco Mfg., Inc. or United Sheet Metal Div., United McGill Corp., or approved equal.

3 EXECUTION

- 3.1 General: Examine areas and conditions under which HVAC metal ductwork is to be installed. Do not proceed with work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in manner acceptable to Installer.

3.2 Installation Of Metal Ductwork:

- 3.2.1 General: Assemble and install ductwork in accordance with recognized industry practices which will achieve air-tight (5% leakage for systems rated 3" and under; 1% for systems rated over 3") and noiseless (no objectionable noise) systems, capable of performing each indicated service. Install each run with minimum number of joints. Align ductwork accurately at connections, within 1/8" misalignment tolerance and with internal surfaces smooth. Support ducts rigidly with suitable ties, braces, hangers and anchors of type which will hold ducts true-to-shape and to prevent buckling. Support vertical ducts at every floor.

- 3.2.2 Supports: Install concrete inserts for support of ductwork in coordination with

- formwork, as required to avoid delays in work. Install self-drilling screw anchors in prestressed concrete or existing work.
- 3.2.3 Field Fabrication: Complete fabrication of work at project as necessary to match shop-fabricated work and accommodate installation requirements. Seal joints in round or oval ductwork with hard cast or shrink bands, and sheet metal screws, or by welding.
- 3.2.4 Routing: Locate ductwork runs, except as otherwise indicated, vertically and horizontally. Avoid diagonal runs wherever possible. Locate runs as indicated by diagrams, details and notations or, if not otherwise indicated, run ductwork in shortest route which does not obstruct useable space or block access for servicing building and its equipment. Hold ducts close to walls, overhead construction, columns, and other structural and permanent enclosure elements of building. Limit clearance to 1/2" where furring is shown for enclosure or concealment of ducts, but allow for insulation thickness, if any. Where possible, locate insulated ductwork for 1" clearance outside of insulation. In finished and occupied spaces, conceal ductwork from view by locating in mechanical shafts, hollow wall construction or above suspended ceilings, unless specifically noted as "Exposed". Do not encase horizontal runs in solid partitions, except as specifically shown. Coordinate layout with suspended ceiling and lighting layouts and similar finished work.
- 3.2.5 Electrical Equipment Spaces: Do not route ductwork through transformer vaults or other electrical equipment spaces and enclosures.
- 3.2.6 Penetrations: Where ducts pass through interior partitions and exterior walls, and are exposed to view, conceal space between construction opening and duct or duct insulation with sheet metal flanges of same gauge as duct. Overlap opening on 4 sides by at least 1 1/2". Fasten to duct and substrate. Where ducts pass through fire-rated floors, walls, or partitions, provide firestopping between duct and substrate.
- 3.2.7 Coordination: Coordinate duct installations with installation of accessories, dampers, coil frames, equipment, controls and other associated work of ductwork system.
- 3.2.8 Installation: Install metal ductwork in accordance with SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards. Fan discharge outlet ducts shall be installed correctly with regard to "system effect" per AMCA Publication 201.
- 3.3 Installation of Flexible Ducts:
- 3.3.1 Maximum Length: For any duct run using flexible ductwork, do not exceed 5'-0" extended length. Flexible duct shall only be allowed as detailed on the drawings.
- 3.3.2 Installation: Install in accordance with Section III of SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards, Metal and Flexible". Support flexible ducts to eliminate pinching and kinking which would restrict flow.

- 3.3.3 Low Pressure Ductwork: Peel back insulation and slide the inner core over the spin-in or diffuser neck, seal with duct sealant and install Panduit strap tightly. Slide insulation back over the inner core and install another Panduit strap over the insulation outer jacket. Tape is not acceptable.
- 3.3.4 Seal all exposed edges of fiberglass insulation with glassfab and mastic.
- 3.4 Leakage Tests: After each new duct system is completed, test for duct leakage in accordance with Sections 3 and 5 of the SMACNA HVAC Air Duct Leakage Test Manual. Test pressure shall be equal to pressure class of duct, less 0.5" static pressure. Repair leaks and repeat tests until total leakage is less than 5% of system design air flow for low pressure systems and less than 1% for systems rated over 3".
- 3.5 Equipment Connections: Connect metal ductwork to equipment as indicated, provide flexible connection for each ductwork connection to equipment mounted on vibration isolators, and/or equipment containing rotating machinery. Provide access doors as indicated.
- 3.6 Clean ductwork internally free of dust and debris. Clean external surfaces of foreign substances which might cause corrosive deterioration of metal or, where ductwork is to be painted, might interfere with painting or cause paint deterioration. Keep ducts closed with poly during construction to prevent contamination by construction dust and debris.
- 3.7 Balancing: Refer to Division-15 section "Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing" for air distribution balancing of metal ductwork; not work of this section. Seal any leaks in ductwork that become apparent in balancing process.
- 3.8 System Adjustment: Adjust the system to provide functional operation to the extent possible, and leave ready for Testing and Balancing work. It is not the intent of this section to provide final testing and balancing, but to leave the system operational with a minimum of noise.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 15855 - DUCTWORK ACCESSORIES

1 GENERAL

- 1.1 Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.
- 1.2 Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods sections apply to work of this section.
- 1.3 Extent of ductwork accessories work is indicated on drawings and in schedules, and by requirements of this section.
- 1.4 Refer to other Division-15 sections for testing, adjusting, and balancing of ductwork accessories; not work of this section.
- 1.5 Codes and Standards:
- 1.5.1 SMACNA Compliance: Comply with applicable portions of both SMACNA "HVAC Duct Construction Standards, Metal and Flexible" and "Fire, Smoke and Radiation Damper Installation Guide for HVAC Systems".
- 1.5.2 UL Compliance: Construct, test, and label fire dampers in accordance with UL Standard 555 "Fire Dampers and Ceiling Dampers".
- 1.5.3 NFPA Compliance: Comply with applicable provisions of NFPA 90A "Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems" pertaining to installation of ductwork accessories.
- 1.6 Approval Submittals:
- 1.6.1 Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical product data for each type of ductwork accessory, including dimensions, capacities, and materials of construction; and installation instructions as follows:
- Low pressure manual dampers
 - Fire dampers
 - Duct access doors
 - Flexible connections
- 1.6.2 O&M Data Submittals: Submit manufacturer's maintenance data including parts lists for fire dampers. Include this data, product data, and a copy of approval submittals in O&M manual.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 Dampers:

2.1.1 Low Pressure Manual Dampers: Provide 16 gauge dampers of single-blade type (12" maximum blade width) or multiblade type. Damper blades to be gang-operated from a single shaft with nylon or ball bearings on each end. Provide indexed locking quadrant. Parallel or opposed blade style is acceptable. Provide 2" standoff on locking quadrant for externally insulated duct.

2.1.2 Acceptable Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide dampers by Air Balance, American Warming & Ventilating, Arrow Louver and Damper, Greenheck, Penn Ventilator Co., or Ruskin Mfg. Co.

2.2 Fire Dampers:

2.2.1 Fire Dampers: Provide curtain type fire dampers, UL classified and labeled per UL 555, of types and sizes indicated. Construct casings and blades of galvanized steel. Damper shall not restrict duct free area when open. Dampers shall be rated for dynamic closure under flow and pressure. Provide sleeves and mounting angles. Provide fusible link rated at 160 to 165° F unless otherwise indicated. Provide damper with positive lock in closed position. All dampers shall be spring activated. Basis of design:

1-1/2 HR: Ruskin IBD2 - Style B for rectangular, Style CR for round, Style CO for oval.

1-1/2 HR: Ruskin IBDT for transfer grilles in narrow partitions.

3 HR: Ruskin IBD23 - Style B for rectangular, Style CR for round, Style CO for oval.

2.2.2 Acceptable Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide fire dampers by Air Balance, Inc., American Warning & Ventilating, Arrow Louver and Damper, Penn Ventilator Co., or Ruskin Mfg. Co.

2.3 Turning Vanes: Provide manufactured or fabricated single wall turning vanes and vane runners, constructed in accordance with SMACNA "HVAC Duct Construction Standards".

2.4 Duct Access Doors:

2.4.1 General: Provide duct access doors of size indicated, or as required for duty indicated.

- 2.4.2 Construction: Construct of same or greater gauge as ductwork served. Provide insulated doors for insulated ductwork. Provide flush frames for uninsulated ductwork, extended frames for externally insulated duct. Provide one side hinged, other side with one handle-type latch for doors 12" high and smaller, 2 handle-type latches for larger doors.
- 2.4.3 Acceptable Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide access doors by Air Balance, Inc., Duro Dyne Corp., Ruskin Mfg. Co., or Ventfabrics, Inc.
- 2.5 Flexible Connections:
- 2.5.1 General: Provide flexible duct connections wherever ductwork connects to vibration isolated equipment. Construct flexible connections of neoprene-coated flameproof fabric crimped into duct flanges for attachment to duct and equipment. Make airtight joint. Provide adequate joint flexibility to allow for thermal, axial, transverse, and torsional movement, and also capable of absorbing vibrations of connected equipment.
- 2.5.2 Acceptable Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following: Duro Dyne Corp., Flexaust (The) Co., or Ventfabrics, Inc.

3 EXECUTION

- 3.1 Examine areas and conditions under which ductwork accessories will be installed. Do not proceed with work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in manner acceptable to Installer.
- 3.2 Installation of Ductwork Accessories:
- 3.2.1 Install ductwork accessories in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions, with applicable portions of details of construction as shown in SMACNA standards, and in accordance with recognized industry practices to ensure that products serve intended function.
- 3.2.2 Install balancing dampers at all main ducts adjacent to units in return air, outside air and where indicated.
- 3.2.3 Install turning vanes in square or rectangular 90° elbows in supply, return, and exhaust air systems, and elsewhere as indicated.
- 3.2.4 Install access doors to open against system air pressure, with latches operable from either side, except outside only where duct is too small for person to enter. Install at fire dampers, smoke dampers, motorized dampers, and the

- entering side of airflow measuring stations. Opening size shall be per NFPA 90A for servicing fire and smoke dampers. Provide label with 1-1/2" letters to indicate location of fire protection devices.
- 3.2.5 Install flexible connections in ductwork such that the clear length of the connector is approximately two inches. Provide thrust restraints as required. Flexible material shall not be so slack as to take a definite concave or convex shape during fan operation.
- 3.2.6 Coordinate with other work, including ductwork, as necessary to interface installation of ductwork accessories properly with other work.
- 3.2.7 Install fire dampers within fire walls and floors at locations shown on the mechanical drawings. Install in strict accordance with the manufacturer's printed instructions, NFPA 90A, and UL 555. Basis of design installation is detailed on the drawings.
- 3.3 Operate installed ductwork accessories to demonstrate compliance with requirements. Test for air leakage while system is operating. Repair or replace faulty accessories as required to obtain proper operation and leakproof performance.
- 3.4 Adjusting And Cleaning:
- 3.4.1 Adjusting: Adjust ductwork accessories for proper settings. Install fusible links in fire dampers and adjust for proper action.
- 3.4.2 Final positioning of manual dampers is specified in Division-15 section "Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing". However, the system shall be left functional with all dampers open or throttled.
- 3.4.3 Cleaning: Clean factory-finished surfaces. Repair any marred or scratched surfaces with manufacturer's touch-up paint.
- 3.4.4 Furnish extra fusible links to Owner, one link for every 10 installed of each temperature range; obtain receipt.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 15860 - GRILLES, REGISTERS AND CEILING DIFFUSERS

1 GENERAL

- 1.1 Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.
- 1.2 Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods sections apply to work of this section.
- 1.3 Extent of air outlets and inlets work is indicated by drawings and schedules, and by requirements of this section.
- 1.4 Refer to other Division-15 sections for ductwork and duct accessories required in conjunction with air outlets and inlets and for balancing of air outlets and inlets; not work of this section.
- 1.5 Codes and Standards:
 - 1.5.1 ADC Compliance: Test and rate air outlets and inlets in certified laboratories under requirements of ADC 1062 "Certification, Rating and Test Manual". Provide air outlets and inlets bearing ADC Certified Rating Seal.
 - 1.5.2 NFPA Compliance: Install air outlets and inlets in accordance with NFPA 90A "Standard for the Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems".
- 1.6 Approval Submittals:
 - 1.6.1 Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical product data for air outlets and inlets indicating construction, finish, and mounting details.
 - 1.6.2 Performance Data: For each type of air outlet and inlet furnished, provide aspiration ability, temperature and velocity traverses, throw and drop, and noise criteria ratings. Indicate selections and data as required.
- 1.7 O&M Data Submittals: Submit cleaning instructions for finishes and spare parts lists. Include this data and a copy of approval submittals in O&M manual.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 General:

- 2.1.1 Except as otherwise indicated, provide manufacturer's standard grilles, registers, and ceiling diffusers where shown and of size, shape, capacity and type indicated on the drawings. Grilles, registers, and diffusers shall be

constructed of materials and components as indicated on the drawings, and as required for complete installation.

2.1.2 Manufacturers not listed in the following specification will not be considered for approval unless accepted by addendum prior to bid.

2.1.3 Performance: Provide grilles, registers and ceiling diffusers that have, as minimum, temperature and velocity traverses, throw and drop, and noise criteria ratings for each size device equal to the basis of design.

2.1.4 Ceiling and Wall Compatibility: Provide grilles, registers and diffusers with border styles that are compatible with adjacent wall and ceiling systems, and that are specifically manufactured to fit into ceiling module or wall with accurate fit and adequate support. Refer to general construction drawings and specifications for types of ceiling systems and walls which will contain each type of ceiling diffuser, grille, or register.

2.1.5 Appearance: All grilles and registers shall be aluminum construction and all diffusers shall be steel or aluminum construction, unless otherwise noted, with uniform matching appearance for each type of outlet. Ceiling mounted grilles and registers shall be set to be sight tight from the predominant exposure.

2.1.6 Finish: All ceiling mounted grilles, registers, and diffusers shall be finished with baked white enamel. Wall and door mounted grilles and registers shall be finished with clear anodized finish .

2.2 Acceptable Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by Titus, Price, Tuttle and Bailey, or Metal Aire.

2.3 Square Ceiling Diffusers: Provide square face, 360 degree pattern diffusers with one-piece stamped cones, no corner joints, round necks. Provide lay-in panel as required. Provide trim ring for diffusers in hard ceilings to allow opening to be used for access.

2.4 Return Grilles Registers: Provide return grilles with one set of 45 degree fixed louvers, parallel to the long dimension. Provide mounting frame for all wall and plaster ceiling installations.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 Coordinate installation with ceiling and light fixture installation. Locate ceiling outlets as indicated on architectural Reflected Ceiling Plans. Unless otherwise indicated, locate ceiling outlets in the center of acoustical ceiling modules with sides parallel to the grid.

3.2 Install air outlets and inlets in accordance with manufacturer's written

instructions and in accordance with recognized industry practices to insure that products serve intended functions.

- 3.3 Coordinate with other work, including ductwork and duct accessories, as necessary to interface installation of air outlets and inlets with other work.
- 3.4 Set air volumes to values shown on the drawings so that the system is functional. Leave ready for test and balance contractor.
- 3.5 Furnish to Owner three operating keys for each type of outlet and inlet that require them; obtain receipt.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 15887 - AIR CLEANING EQUIPMENT

1 GENERAL

- 1.1 Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.
- 1.2 Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods sections apply to work of this section.
- 1.3 Extent of air cleaning work required by this section is indicated on drawings and schedules, and by requirements of this section.
- 1.4 Refer to Division-15 air handling units section for filter boxes associated with air handling units; not work of this section.
- 1.5 Refer to Division-15 duct accessories section for duct access door work required in conjunction with air filters; not work of this section.
- 1.6 Refer to Division-16 sections for power supply wiring from power source to power connection on air filter units. Include starters, disconnects, and required electrical devices, except where specified as furnished, or factory-installed by manufacturer.
- 1.7 Control wiring specified as work of Division 15 for Automatic Temperature Controls is work of that section.
- 1.8 Codes and Standards:
 - 1.8.1 NFPA Compliance: Comply with applicable portions of NFPA 90A pertaining to installation of air filters.
 - 1.8.2 UL Compliance: Comply with UL Standards pertaining to safety and performance of air filter units.
 - 1.8.3 ASHRAE Compliance: Comply with provisions of ASHRAE Standard 52 for method of testing, and for recording and calculating air flow rates.
- 1.9 Approval Submittals:
 - 1.9.1 Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical product data including dimensions, weights, required clearances and access, flow capacity including initial and final pressure drop at rated air flow, efficiency and test method, fire classification, and installation instructions.

BiPolar Ionization

- 1.9.2 Shop Drawings: Submit manufacturer's assembly-type shop drawings indicating dimensions, materials, and methods of assembly of components.

BiPolar Ionization

- 1.10 Test Reports and Verification Submittals:

- 1.10.1 Submit HEPA filter test reports.

- 1.11 O&M Data Submittals:

- 1.11.1 Maintenance Data: Submit maintenance data and spare parts lists for each type of filter and rack required. Include this data, product data and a copy of approval submittals in O&M manual.

- 1.11.2 Wiring Diagrams: Submit manufacturer's electrical requirements for power supply wiring to air filter units. Submit manufacturer's ladder-type wiring diagram for control wiring. Clearly differentiate between portions of wiring that are factory-installed and portions to be field-installed. Include in O&M manual.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 BIPOLAR IONIZATION SYSTEM

- 2.1.1 The Air Purification System shall be a product of an established manufacturer within the USA.

- 2.1.2 A qualified representative from the manufacturer shall be available to inspect the installation of the air purification system to ensure installation in accordance with manufacturer's recommendation.

- 2.1.3 Technologies that do not address gas disassociation such as UV Lights, Powered Particulate Filters and/or polarized media filters shall not be considered. Uni-polar ion generators shall not be acceptable. "Plasma" particulate filters shall not be acceptable.

- 2.1.4 Projects designed using ASHRAE Standard 62, IAQ Procedure shall require the manufacturer to provide Indoor Air Quality calculations using the formulas within ASHRAE Standard 62.1-2007 to validate acceptable indoor air quality at the quantity of outside air scheduled with the technology submitted. The manufacturer shall provide independent test data on a previous installation performed within the last two years and in a similar application, that proves compliance to ASHRAE 62 and the accuracy of the calculations.

- 2.1.5 The Air Purification System have been tested by UL or Intertek/ETL to prove conformance to UL 867-2007 including the ozone chamber testing and peak ozone test for electronic devices. Manufacturers that achieved UL 867 prior to December 21, 2007 and have not been tested in accordance with the newest UL 867 standard with the ozone amendment shall not be acceptable. All manufacturers shall submit their independent UL 867 test data with ozone results to the engineer during the submittal process. All manufacturers shall submit a copy with their quotation. Contractors shall not accept any proposal without the proper ozone testing documentation.
- 2.1.6 The maximum allowable ozone concentration per the UL 867-2007 chamber test shall be 0.007 PPM. The maximum peak ozone concentration per the UL 867-2007 peak test as measured 2 inches away from the electronic air cleaner's output shall be no more than 0.0042 PPM. Manufacturers with ozone output exceeding these ozone values shall not be acceptable.
- 2.1.7 Equipment shall be warranted by the manufacturer against defects in material and workmanship for a period of twelve months after shipment or eighteen months from owner acceptance, whichever occurs first. Labor to replace equipment under warranty shall be provided by the owner or installing contractor.

2.1.8 General

The air purification system(s) shall be of the size, type, arrangement and capacity indicated and required by the unit furnished and shall be of the manufacturer specified.

Basis of Design: Global Plasma Solutions

Approved equals by Airgenics, Active Air Solutions, and Plasma Air subject to specification compliance. All other Suppliers of comparable products requesting prior approval shall:

Submit for prior approval in accordance with the requirements of Mechanical General.

In addition, manufacturers submitting for prior approval for Bi-Polar Ionization must as part of the prior approval request provide their ASHRAE 62.1-2007 calculations that prove conformance to the ASHRAE Standard with the reduction of outside air to the scheduled values. A letter on the manufacturer's letterhead requesting prior approval must accompany the request for prior approval stating their calculations are ASHRAE compliant. A third party validation study performed on a previous installation of the same application shall also be included.

Submit independent test data from ETL or UL showing ozone levels produced

during the UL 867 ozone chamber test. Manufacturers without this test data shall not be acceptable.

2.1.9 Bi-Polar Ionization Design & Performance Criteria: Each piece of air handling equipment, so designated on the plans, details, equipment schedules and/or specifications shall contain a Plasma Generator with Bi-polar Ionization output as described here within.

2.1.10 The Bi-polar Ionization system shall be capable of:

Effectively killing microorganisms downstream of the bi-polar ionization equipment (mold, bacteria, virus, etc.).

Controlling gas phase contaminants generated from human occupants, building structure and furnishings.

Capable of reducing static space charges.

Increasing the interior ion levels, both positive and negative, to a minimum of 800 ions/cm³ measured 5 feet from the floor.

2.1.11 The bi-polar ionization system shall operate in a manner such that equal amounts of positive and negative ions are produced. Uni-polar ion devices shall not be acceptable.

Air exchange rates may vary through the full operating range of a constant volume or VAV system. The quantity of air exchange shall not be increased due to requirements of the air purification system.

Velocity Profile: The air purification device shall not have maximum velocity profile.

2.1.12 Humidity: Plasma Generators shall not require preheat protection when the relative humidity of the entering air exceeds 85%. Relative humidity from 0 - 100%, condensing, shall not cause damage, deterioration or dangerous conditions within the air purification system. Air purification system shall be capable of wash down duty.

2.1.13 Equipment Requirements:

Electrode Specifications (Bi-polar Ionization):

Each Plasma Generator with Bi-polar Ionization output shall include the required number of electrodes and power generators sized to the air handling equipment capacity. A minimum of one electrode pair per 2400 CFM of air flow shall be provided. Bi-polar ionization tubes manufactured of glass and steel mesh shall

not be acceptable due to replacement requirements, maintenance, performance output reduction over time, ozone production and corrosion.

Electrodes shall be energized when the main unit disconnect is turned on and the fan is operating. Internal circuitry shall be provided to sense air flow across the electrode output. Ionization systems requiring the use of a mechanical air pressure switch to cycle the electrodes only when the fan is operating shall not be acceptable due to high failure rates and pressure sensitivity.

2.1.14 Air Handler Mounted Units: Plasma Generator(s) shall be supplied and installed. The mechanical contractor shall mount the Plasma Generator and coordinate with Division 16 to wire it to power (120V/1 phase) as instructed by the Air Purification Manufacturer's instructions. Each unit shall be designed with a stainless steel casing, integral illuminated on/off switch, two 2.5mm DC power jacks, high voltage output indication light and dry contacts to prove ion output is operating properly. The dry contacts shall close to prove the ion generator is working properly and may be daisy chained in series such that only one dry contact per AHU is required to interface to the BAS or the optional DDC controller. Dry contacts proving power has been applied in lieu of the ion output is actually operating, are not acceptable.

2.1.15 Ionization Requirements: Plasma Generators with Bi-polar ionization output shall be capable of controlling gas phase contaminants and shall be provided for all equipment listed above. The Bi-polar ionization system shall consist of Bi-Polar Plasma Generator and power supply. The Bi-polar system shall be installed where indicated on the plans or specified to be installed. The device shall be capable of being powered by DC power or 24VAC or 110VAC to 240VAC without the use of an external transformer. Ionization systems requiring isolation transformers shall not be acceptable.

Ionization Output: The ionization output shall be controlled such that an equal number of positive and negative ions are produced. Imbalanced levels shall not be acceptable.

Ionization output from each electrode shall be a minimum of 15 million ions/cc when tested at 2" from the ionization generator.

All manufacturers shall provide documentation by an independent NELEC accredited laboratory that proves the product has minimum kill rates for the following pathogens given the allotted time and in a space condition:

MRSA - >96% in 30 minutes or less
E.coli - > 99% in 15 minutes or less
TB - > 69% in 60 minutes or less

Manufacturers not providing the equivalent space kill rates shall not be acceptable. All manufactures requesting prior approval shall provide to the engineer independent test data from a NELEC accredited independent lab confirming kill rates and time meeting the minimum requirements stated in section 2.2 B, points 6A, 6B and 6C. Products tested only on Petri dishes to prove kill rates shall not be acceptable.

2.1.16 Ozone Generation: The operation of the electrodes or Bi-polar ionization units shall conform to UL 867-2007 with respect to ozone generation. There shall be no ozone generation during any operating condition, with or without airflow.

2.1.17 Electrical Requirements: Wiring, conduit and junction boxes shall be installed within housing plenums in accordance with NEC NFPA 70. Plasma Generator shall accept an electrical service of 24 VAC or 100 VAC to 240VAC, 1 phase, 50/60 Hz.

2.1.18 The contractor shall coordinate electrical requirements with air purification manufacturer during submittals.

2.1.19 Control Requirements:

All Plasma Generators shall have internal short circuit protection, overload protection, and automatic fault reset.

Integral airflow sensing shall modulate the Plasma output as the air flow varies or stops.

A mechanical air flow switch shall not be acceptable as a means to activate the Plasma device due to high failure rates and possible pressure reversal.

The installing contractor shall mount and wire the Plasma device within the air handling unit specified or as shown on the plans. The contractor shall follow all manufacturer IOM instructions during installation.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 General: Comply with installation requirements as specified elsewhere in these specifications pertaining to air filters housing/casings, and associated supporting devices.

3.2 AIR PURIFICATION SYSTEM

3.2.1 General: The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining all air systems until the owner accepts the building (Owner Acceptance).

3.2.2 Assembly & Erection: Plasma Generator With Bi-Polar Ionization

All equipment shall be assembled and installed in a workman like manner to the satisfaction of the owner, architect, and engineer.

Any material damaged by handling, water or moisture shall be replaced, by the mechanical contractor, at no cost to the owner.

All equipment shall be protected from dust and damage on a daily basis throughout construction.

- 3.2.3 Testing: Provide the manufacturers recommended electrical tests.
- 3.2.4 Commissioning & Training: A manufacturer's authorized representative shall provide start-up supervision and training of owner's personnel in the proper operation and maintenance of all equipment.
- 3.3 Install electrical devices furnished by manufacturer but not specified to be factory-mounted. Furnish copy of manufacturer's wiring diagram submittal to electrical installer. Verify that electrical wiring installation is in accordance with manufacturer's submittal and installation requirements of Division-21 sections. Do not proceed with equipment start-up until wiring installation is acceptable to equipment installer.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 15890 - AIR TERMINAL UNITS

1 GENERAL

- 1.1 Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.
- 1.2 Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods sections apply to work of this section.
- 1.3 Extent of air terminals work required by this section is indicated on drawings and schedules, and by requirements of this section.
- 1.4 Refer to other Division-15 sections for external insulation of air terminals; not work of this section.
- 1.5 Refer to other Division-15 sections for testing, adjusting and balancing of air terminals; not work of this section.
- 1.6 Refer to other Division-15 sections for temperature controls which are to be furnished by others but installed as work of this section.
- 1.7 Refer to Division-16 sections for the following work; not work of this section. Power supply wiring from power source to power connection on air terminals. Include starters, disconnects, and required electrical devices, except where specified as furnished, or factory-installed, by manufacturer.
- 1.8 Codes and Standards:
 - 1.8.1 ADC Compliance: Provide air terminals which have been tested and rated in accordance with ADC standards.
 - 1.8.2 NFPA Compliance: Construct air terminals using acoustical and thermal insulations complying with NFPA 90A "Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems".
- 1.9 Approval Submittals:
 - 1.9.1 Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical product data, including performance data for each size and type of air terminal furnished; schedule showing drawing designation, room location, number furnished, model number, size, and accessories furnished; and installation and start-up instructions. Submit manufacturer's assembly-type drawings indicating dimensions, weight loadings, required clearances, and methods of assembly of components.

Shutoff single duct VAV boxes

1.10 O&M Data Submittals:

1.10.1 Wiring Diagrams: Submit ladder-type wiring diagrams for electric power and control components, clearly indicating required field electrical connections. Include in O&M manual.

1.10.2 Maintenance Data: Submit maintenance data and parts list for each type of air terminal; including "trouble-shooting" maintenance guide. Include this data and a copy of approval submittals in O&M manual.

2 PRODUCTS

2.1 Acceptable Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide air terminals of one of the following (unless otherwise noted): Trane, Price, Titus, Enviro-Tec, or approved equal.

2.2 General: Provide factory-fabricated and tested air terminals as indicated, selected with performance characteristics which match or exceed those indicated on schedule.

2.3 Shutoff Single Duct: Provide pressure independent single duct, shut-off variable volume terminal units with the following characteristics, features and accessories and as indicated on drawings and schedule.

2.3.1 Casings: The unit casing shall be 24 gauge galvanized steel, internally lined with fiberglass insulation which complies with UL 181 and NFPA 90A. All exposed insulation edges shall be coated with NFPA 90A approved sealant to prevent erosion. Casing shall be sealed to hold leakage to 2% at 3.0" w.g.

2.3.2 Air Dampers: Damper shall be heavy gauge metal, with shaft rotating in self-lubricating nylon or equal bearings. Shaft shall be marked on the end to indicate the damper blade position. Unit shall be designed for field conversion from normally open to normally closed, or vice versa, without relocating the actuator, changing parts or adding relays. The damper shall seal against a closed-cell foam gasket, to limit close-off leakage to 10 cfm at 3.0" w.g. The damper shall not unseat at 6.0" w.g.

2.3.3 Provide hanger brackets for attachment of supports.

2.3.4 Access: Provide removable panels in casings to permit access to air dampers and other parts requiring service, adjustment, or maintenance.

2.3.5 Controls: Units shall have pressure independent DDC controls by the DDC

contractor. All settings shall be field adjustable.

The unit inlet shall be equipped with a flow sensor with amplifying pressure pickup points connected to central averaging chambers. The sensor shall maintain control accuracy with the same size inlet duct in any configuration. The flow sensor shall have a minimum of three sensor points.

Direct digital controls shall be contained in a metal enclosure with access panel sealed from air flow and mounted on the side of the terminal unit. All controls, including DDC controls and actuator shall be field mounted.

Where reheat is required, the thermostat shall provide an adjustable dead band in the control sequence for maximum energy savings.

Mount electrical components in control box with removable cover. Provide single point electrical connection with 24v controls transformer with disconnect at the primary voltage specified on the drawings.

The damper shall move in a smooth, steady progression without dead spots.

DDC controls shall be provided by the EMCS specified in other Division 15-sections and field mounted to the unit.

- 2.3.6 Heating Water Reheat Coils: Provide factory mounted heating coils constructed of copper tubes and aluminum fins with galvanized steel casing and the number of rows specified. .

3 EXECUTION

- 3.1 Examine areas and conditions under which air terminals are to be installed. Do not proceed with work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in manner acceptable to Installer.
- 3.2 General: Install air terminals as indicated, and in accordance with manufacturer's installation instructions.
- 3.3 Location: Install each unit level and accurately in position indicated in relation to other work; and maintain sufficient clearance for normal service and maintenance, but in no case less than that recommended by manufacturer.
- 3.4 Duct Connections: Connect ductwork to air terminals in accordance with Division-15 ductwork sections.
- 3.5 Upon completion of installation and prior to initial operation, test and demonstrate that air terminals, and duct connections to air terminals, are leak-tight.

- 3.6 Repair or replace air terminals and duct connections as required to eliminate leaks, and retest to demonstrate compliance. Leave operational and ready for Testing and Balancing work.
- 3.7 Clean exposed factory-finished surfaces. Repair any marred or scratched surfaces with manufacturers touch-up paint.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 15930 - DIRECT DIGITAL CONTROLS

1 GENERAL

- 1.1 Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections, apply to work of this section.
- 1.2 Division-15 Basic Mechanical Materials and Methods sections apply to work of this section.
- 1.3 Extent of Energy Management Control and DDC Systems (EMCS/DDC) work required by this section is indicated on drawings and input/output schedules, and by requirements of this section.
- 1.4 Refer to other Division-15 sections for installation of instrument wells, valve bodies and dampers in mechanical systems; not work of this section.
- 1.5 Refer to Division-16 sections for the following work; not work of this section. Power supply wiring for power source to power connection on controls and/or EMCS panels. Include starters, disconnects, and required electrical devices, except where specified as furnished, or factory-installed, by manufacturer.
- 1.6 Provide the following electrical work as work of this section, complying with requirements of Division-16 sections: Control wiring between field-installed controls, equipment, indicating devices, and EMCS/DDC panels.
- 1.7 Codes and Standards:
 - 1.7.1 Electrical Standards: Provide electrical products which have been tested, listed and labeled by UL and comply with NEMA standards.
 - 1.7.2 NEMA Compliance: Comply with NEMA standards pertaining to components and devices for electric control systems.
 - 1.7.3 NFPA Compliance: Comply with NFPA 90A "Standard for the Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems" where applicable to controls and control sequences.
 - 1.7.4 Federal Communication Commission (FCC) as required.
- 1.8 Approval Submittals:
 - 1.8.1 Product Data: Submit manufacturer's technical product data for each EMCS/DDC panel and control device furnished, indicating dimensions, capacities, performance characteristics, electrical characteristics, finishes of

materials. Include installation instructions and start-up instructions. Provide technical specification data for each component and software module.

1.8.2 Shop Drawings: Submit shop drawings for the EMCS/DDC containing the following information:

1.8.2.1 Schematic flow diagram of system showing heat pump units, outside air units, and control devices.

1.8.2.2 Label each control device with setting or adjustable range of control.

1.8.2.3 Indicate all required electrical wiring. Clearly differentiate between portions of wiring that are factory-installed and portions to be field-installed. The point-to-point wiring diagram shall show all interconnections.

1.8.2.4 Provide details of faces of EMCS/DDC panels, including controls instruments and labeling.

1.8.2.5 Include written description of sequence of operation.

1.8.2.6 Provide a scaled floor plan drawing showing location of all conduit, control cabling, junction boxes, control devices, and surge suppression devices.

1.8.2.7 Provide a typical graphic for each piece of equipment as it will appear on the digital controls interface.

1.9 Test Reports and Verification Submittals:

1.9.1 Submit system verification letter from manufacturers representative stating that all HVAC controls have been checked, calibrated, started up and verified for proper operation. State that the Owner training has been completed and provide a roster of attendees.

1.10 O&M Data Submittals:

1.10.1 Maintenance Data: Submit maintenance instructions and spare parts lists for each type of control device. Include that type data, and a copy of all approval submittals in O&M Manual.

1.10.2 System Manual: In addition to the maintenance data requirements, provide an EMCS/DDC Owner's Manual in a separate binder specifically for this project. This manual shall provide a description of the information flow to and from panels and devices and shall describe the overall communications network. The manual shall also include operating instructions, block diagrams, schematics, schedules, and system descriptions. Instruct Owner's personnel with this manual during the required training periods.

- 1.10.3 Software: Submit a copy of all software.
- 1.10.4 Service: Submit name, address, and telephone number of company that will provide service and training for the system.
- 1.10.5 As-Built Drawings: Provide a scaled floor plan drawing showing location of all conduit, control cabling, junction boxes, control devices, and surge suppression devices.

2 PRODUCTS

- 2.1 Acceptable Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide EMCS/DDC control systems of one of the following:

Trane

- 2.2 General: Provide EMCS/DDC control products in sizes and capacities indicated, consisting of valves, dampers, sensors, controllers and other components as required for complete installation. Except as otherwise indicated, provide manufacturer's standard control system components as indicated by published product information, designed and constructed as recommended by manufacturer. Provide an EMCS/DDC controls system with the following functional and construction features as indicated. Communications between System Controllers and sub-networks of Custom Application Controllers and/or Application Specific Controllers shall utilize BACnet MSTP (RS485) communications.
 - 2.2.1 Each System Controller shall perform communications to a network of Custom Application and Application Specific Controllers using BACnet/MSTP (RS485) as prescribed by the BACnet standard. Each System Controller shall function as a BACnet Router to each unit controller providing a unique BACnet Device ID for all controllers within the system.
 - 2.2.2 The Controls Contractor shall provide all communication media, connectors, repeaters and network switches routers necessary for the high speed Ethernet communications network.
 - 2.2.3 All values within the system (i.e. schedules, datalogs, points, software variables, custom program variables) shall be readable and controllable (where appropriate) by any System Controller or BACnet Workstation on the communications network via BACnet.

- 2.3 Quality Assurance:

- 2.3.1 Provide equipment of firms regularly engaged in manufacture of EMCS/DDC

equipment, of types required, whose products have been in satisfactory use in similar service for not less than three years. Provide evidence that software has been in use satisfactorily for at least one year.

2.3.2 Contractor shall have at least three years experience in the installation and servicing of EMCS/DDC equipment similar to that being installed. Contractor shall have an office within 100 miles of the project and shall maintain a remote terminal capable of communication with the EMCS/DDC during the year warranty period.

2.4 Pressure Independent Control Valves: Provide factory-fabricated pressure independent electric control valves with constant differential pressure across the control valve for 100% valve authority. The valve shall accurately control the flow with an operating pressure differential range of 4 to 60 psi. Provide pressure regulation with EDPM diaphragm, stainless steel spring, and pressure control disc. Pressure control seats shall be brass construction with vulcanized EPDM. The valve shall be adjustable to indicate percentage of valve flow range, utilizing an adjustment collar and lock mechanism. Where type or body material is not indicated, provided selection as determined by manufacturer for installation requirements and pressure class, based on maximum pressure and temperature rating of piping system. Provide valve size in accordance with scheduled or specified maximum pressure drop across control valve. Except as otherwise indicated, provide valves which mate and match material of connecting piping. Equip control valves with control valve motors with proper shutoff ratings for each individual application.

2.4.1 Acceptable Manufacturers: Danfoss, Belimo, Griswold, Bell & Gossett, Flow Design Inc.

2.5 Standard Control Valves: Provide factory-fabricated electric control valves of type, body material and pressure class indicated. Where type or body material is not indicated, provided selection as determined by manufacturer for installation requirements and pressure class, based on maximum pressure and temperature rating of piping system. Provide valve size in accordance with scheduled or specified maximum pressure drop across control valve. Except as otherwise indicated, provide valves which mate and match material of connecting piping. Equip control valves with control valve motors with proper shutoff ratings for each individual application.

2.5.1 Water Service Valves: Equal percentage characteristics with rangeability of 50 to 1, and maximum full flow pressure drop of 10 feet head unless otherwise indicated. Two-way valves shall be suitable for dead-end service.

2.5.2 Single-Seated Valves: Cage type trim, providing seating and guiding surfaces for plug on "top and bottom" guided plugs.

- 2.5.3 Double-Seated Valves: Balanced plug-type, with cage type trim providing seating and guiding surfaces for plugs on “top and bottom” guided plugs.
- 2.5.4 Valve Trim and Stems: Polished stainless steel.
- 2.5.5 Packing: Spring-loaded Teflon, self-adjusting.
- 2.6 Dampers: Refer to Division-15 Section “Ductwork Accessories” for dampers. Actuators are work of this section.
- 2.7 Actuator Motors: Size each motor to operate dampers or valves with sufficient reserve power to provide smooth modulating action or two position action as specified.
- 2.7.1 Provide permanent split-capacitor or shaded pole type motors with gear trains completely oil-immersed and sealed. Equip spring-return motors, where indicated on drawings or in operational sequence, with integral spiral-spring mechanism. Furnish entire mechanism in housing designed for easy removal for service or adjustment of limit switches, auxiliary switches, or feedback potentiometer.
- 2.7.2 Equip motors for outdoor locations and for outside air intakes with “O-ring” gaskets designed to make motors completely weatherproof, and equip with internal heaters to permit normal operation at 10°F.
- 2.7.3 Furnish non-spring return motors for dampers larger than 25 sq. ft. and for valves larger than 2½”. Size for running torque rating of 150 inch-pounds and breakaway torque rating of 300 inch-pounds. Size spring-return motors for running torque rating of 150 inch-pounds and breakaway torque rating of 150 inch-pounds.
- 2.8 EMCS/DDC Associated Components:
- 2.8.1 Provide field-programmable microprocessor-based, stand-alone EMCS/DDC panels as specified herein. The EMCS/DDC panel manufacturer shall be responsible for the complete engineering of the panel. The panel shall be UL listed and housed in a key locked metal cabinet. Parts shall be plug in (modular) for easy repair or expansion. Power input shall be 24V or 120 V. Relays and contacts shall be rated at 24 VA at 24 VAC or 125 VA at 120 and 230 VAC, as required.
1. The System Controller shall have sufficient memory to support its operating system, database, and programming requirements.
 2. The controller shall provide a USB communications port for connection to a PC

3. The operating system of the Controller shall manage the input and output communications signals to allow distributed controllers to share real and virtual point information and allow central monitoring and alarms.
4. All System Controllers shall have a real time clock.
5. Data shall be shared between networked System Controllers.
6. The System Controller shall continually check the status of its processor and memory circuits. If an abnormal operation is detected, the controller shall:
 - a. Assume a predetermined failure mode.
 - b. Generate an alarm notification.
 - c. Create a retrievable file of the state of all applicable memory locations at the time of the failure.
 - d. Automatically reset the System Controller to return to a normal operating mode.
7. Environment. Controller hardware shall be suitable for the anticipated ambient conditions. Controller used in conditioned ambient shall be mounted in an enclosure, and shall be rated for operation at -40 F to 122 F.
8. Clock Synchronization.
 - a. All System Controllers shall be able to synchronize with a NTP server for automatic time synchronization.
 - b. All System Controllers shall be able to accept a BACnet time synchronization command for automatic time synchronization.
 - c. All System Controllers shall automatically adjust for daylight savings time if applicable.
9. Serviceability
 - a. Provide diagnostic LEDs for power, communications, and processor.
 - b. The System Controller shall have a display on the main board that indicates the current operating mode of the controller.
 - c. All wiring connections shall be made to field removable, modular terminal connectors.
 - d. The System controller shall utilize standard DIN mounting methods for installation and replacement.
10. Memory. The System Controller shall maintain all BIOS and programming information indefinitely without power to the System controller
11. Immunity to power and noise. Controller shall be able to operate at 90% to 110% of nominal voltage rating and shall perform an orderly shut-down below 80% nominal voltage
12. BACnet Test Labs (BTL) Listing. Each System Controller shall be listed as a Building Controller (B-BC) by the BACnet Test Labs.

2.9 EMCS/DDC Functions: Furnish the following applications software for building and energy management. All software applications shall reside and run in the system controllers. Editing of applications shall occur at the operator interface.

1. Scheduling. Provide the capability to schedule each object or group of objects in the system. Each of these schedules shall include the capability for start, stop, optimal start, optimal stop, and night economizer actions. Each schedule may consist of up to [10] events. When a group of objects are scheduled together, provide the capability to define advances and delays for each member. Each schedule shall consist of the following:
 - a. Weekly Schedule. Provide separate schedules for each day of the week.
 - b. Exception Schedules. Provide the ability for the operator to designate any day of the year as an exception schedule. This exception schedule shall override the standard schedule for that day. Exception schedules may be defined up to a year in advance. Once an exception schedule is executed it will be discarded and replaced by the standard schedule for that day of the week.
 - c. Holiday Schedules. Provide the capability for the operator to define up to 99 special or holiday schedules. These schedules may be placed on the scheduling calendar and will be repeated each year. The operator shall be able to define the length of each holiday period.
 - d. Optimal Start. The scheduling application outlined above shall support an optimal start algorithm. This shall calculate the thermal characteristics of a zone and start the equipment prior to occupancy to achieve the desired space temperature at the specified occupancy time. The algorithm shall calculate separate sets of heating and cooling rates for zones that have been unoccupied for less than and greater than 24 hours. Provide the ability to modify the start algorithm based on outdoor air temperature. Provide an early start limit in minutes to prevent the system from starting before an operator determined time limit.
2. Trend Log Application
 - a. Trend log data shall be sampled and stored on the System Controller panel and shall be capable of being archived to a BACnet Workstation for longer term storage.
 - 1) Trend logs shall include interval, start-time, and stop-time.
 - 2) Trend log intervals shall be configurable as frequently as 1 minute and as infrequently as 1 year.
 - b. Automated Trend Logs.
 - 1) The system controller shall automatically create trend logs for defined key measurements for each controlled HVAC device and HVAC application.
 - 2) The automatic trend logs shall monitor these parameters for a minimum of 7 days at 15 minute intervals. The automatic trend logs shall be user adjustable.
3. Alarm/Event Log
 - a. Any object in the system shall be configurable to generate an alarm when transitioning in and out of a normal or fault state.

- b. Any object in the system shall allow the alarm limits, warning limits, states, and reactions to be configured for each object in the system.
- c. An alarm/event shall be capable of triggering any of the following actions:
 - 1) Route the alarm/event to one or more alarm log. The alarm message shall include the name of the alarm location, the device that generated the alarm, and the alarm message itself.
 - 2) Route an e-mail message to an operator(s)
 - 3) Log a data point(s) for a period of time
 - 4) Run a custom control program
4. Point Control. User shall have the option to set the update interval, minimum on/off time, event notification, custom programming on change of events.
5. Timed Override. A standard application shall be utilized to enable/disable temperature control when a user selects on/cancel at the zone sensor, operator interface, or the local operator display. The amount of time that the override takes precedence will be selectable from the operator interface.
6. Anti-Short Cycling. All binary output points shall be protected from short cycling

2.10 Operator Interface:

1. Operator Interface
 - a. The operator interface shall be accessible via a web browser.
 - b. The operator interface shall support the following Internet web browsers:
 - 1) Internet Explorer 8.0+
 - c. The operator interface shall support the following mobile web browsers:
 - 1) iOS (iPad/iPhone) V4.0+
 - 2) Android (Phone) V2.3+
2. Mobile App Operator Interface
 - a. Mobile App Operator Interface shall support the following Operating systems
 - 1) Apple iOS 5
 - 2) Apple iOS 6
 - 3) Android V2.3
 - 4) Android V4.0
 - 5) Android V4.1
 - b. The operator interface shall support system access on a mobile device via a mobile app to:
 - 1) Alarm log
 - 2) System Status
 - 3) Equipment status
 - 4) Space Status

- 5) Standard Equipment graphics
- c. The operator interface shall support actions on a mobile device via a mobile app to:
 - 1) Override set points
 - 2) Override occupancy
 - 3) Acknowledge Alarms
 - 4) Comment on Alarms
- d. System Security
 - 1) Each operator shall be required to login to the system with a user name and password in order to view, edit, add, or delete data.
 - 2) User Profiles shall restrict the user to only the objects, applications, and system functions as assigned by the system administrator.
 - 3) Each operator shall be allowed to change their user password
 - 4) The System Administrator shall be able to manage the security for all other users
 - 5) The system shall include pre-defined "roles" that allow a system administrator to quickly assign permissions to a user.
 - 6) User logon/logoff attempts shall be recorded.
 - 7) The system shall protect itself from unauthorized use by automatically logging off following the last keystroke. The delay time shall be user definable.
 - 8) All system security data shall be stored in an encrypted format.
- e. Database
 - 1) Database Save. A system operator with the proper password clearance shall be able to archive the database on the designated operator interface PC.
 - 2) Database Restore. The system operator shall also be able to clear a panel database and manually initiate a download of a specified database to any panel in the system.
- f. On-Line Help and Training
 - 1) Provide a context sensitive, on line help system to assist the operator in operation and configuration of the system.
 - 2) On-line help shall be available for all system functions and shall provide the relevant data for each particular screen.
- g. System Diagnostics
 - 1) The system shall automatically monitor the operation of all network connections, building management panels, and controllers.
 - 2) The failure of any device shall be annunciated to the operators.
- h. Equipment & Application Pages
 - 1) The operator interface shall include standard pages for all equipment and applications. These pages shall allow an operator to obtain information relevant to the operation of the equipment and/or application, including:
 - a) Animated Equipment Graphics for each major piece of equipment and floor plan in the System. This includes:

- (1) Each Outside Air Unit (OAU) and Split System Heat Pump Unit (AHU/HP). These graphics shall show all points dynamically as specified in the points list.
 - (2) Animation capabilities shall include the ability to show a sequence of images reflecting the position of analog outputs, such as valve or damper positions. Graphics shall be capable of launching other web pages.
 - b) Alarms relevant to the equipment or application without requiring a user to navigate to an alarm page and perform a filter.
 - c) Historical Data (As defined in Automatic Trend Log section below) for the equipment or application without requiring a user to navigate to a data log page and perform a filter.
- i. System Graphics. Operator interface shall be graphically based and shall include at least one graphic per piece of equipment or occupied zone, graphics for each chilled water and hot water system, and graphics that summarize conditions on each floor of each building included in this contract. Indicate thermal comfort on floor plan summary graphics using colors to represent zone temperature relative to zone set point.
 - 1) Functionality. Graphics shall allow operator to monitor system status, to view a summary of the most important data for each controlled zone or piece of equipment, to use point and-click navigation between zones or equipment, and to edit set points and other specified parameters.
 - 2) Graphic imagery – graphics shall use 3D images for all standard and custom graphics. The only allowable exceptions will be photo images, maps, schematic drawings, and selected floor plans.
 - 3) Animation. Graphics shall be able to animate by displaying different Image lies for changed object status.
 - 4) Alarm Indication. Indicate areas or equipment in an alarm condition using color or other visual indicator.
 - 5) Format. Graphics shall be saved in an industry-standard format such as BMP, JPEG, PNG, or GIF. Web-based system graphics shall be viewable on browsers compatible with World Wide Web Consortium browser standards. Web graphic format shall require no plug-in (such as HTML and JavaScript) or shall only require widely available no-cost plug-ins (such as Active-X and Macromedia Flash).
- j. Custom Graphics
 - 1) The operator interface shall be capable of displaying custom graphics in order to convey the status of the facility to its operators.
 - 2) Graphical Navigation. The operator interface shall provide dynamic color graphics of building areas, systems and equipment.

- 3) Graphical Data Visualization. The operator interface shall support dynamic points including analog and binary values, dynamic text, static text, and animation files.
- 4) Custom background images. Custom background images shall be created with the use of commonly available graphics packages such as Adobe Photoshop. The graphics generation package shall create and modify graphics that are saved in industry standard formats such as GIF and JPEG.
- k. Graphics Library. Furnish a library of standard HVAC equipment such as chillers, air handlers, terminals, fan coils, unit ventilators, rooftop units, and VAV boxes, in 3-dimensional graphic depictions. The library shall be furnished in a file format compatible with the graphics generation package program.
- l. Manual Control and Override.
 - 1) Point Control. Provide a method for a user to view, override, and edit if applicable, the status of any object and property in the system. The point status shall be available by menu, on graphics or through custom programs.
 - 2) Temporary Overrides. The user shall be able to perform a temporary override wherever an override is allowed, automatically removing the override after a specified period of time.
 - 3) Override Owners. The system shall convey to the user the owner of each override for all priorities that an override exists.
 - 4) Provide a specific icon to show timed override or operator override, when a point, unit controller or application has been overridden manually.
- m. Engineering Units
 - 1) Allow for selection of the desired engineering units (i.e. Inch pound or SI) in the system.
 - 2) Unit selection shall be able to be customized by locality to select the desired units for each measurement.
 - 3) Engineering units on this project shall be IP.
3. Scheduling. A user shall be able to perform the following tasks utilizing the operator interface:
 - a. Create a new schedule, defining the default values, events and membership.
 - b. Create exceptions to a schedule for any given day.
 - c. Apply an exception that spans a single day or multiple days.
 - d. View a schedule by day, week and month.
 - e. Exception schedules and holidays shall be shown clearly on the calendar.
 - f. Modify the schedule events, members and exceptions.
4. Trend Logs
 - a. Trend Logs Definition.

- 1) The operator interface shall allow a user with the appropriate security permissions to define a trend log for any data in the system.
- 2) The operator interface shall allow a user to define any trend log options as described in the Application and Control Software section.
- b. Trend Log Viewer.
 - 1) The operator interface shall allow Trend Log data to be viewed and printed.
 - 2) The operator interface shall allow a user to view trend log data in text-based (time –stamp/value).
 - 3) The operator shall be able to view the data collected by a trend log in a graphical chart in the operator interface.
 - 4) Trend log viewing capabilities shall include the ability to show a minimum of 5 points on a chart.
 - 5) Each data point trend line shall be displayed as a unique color.
 - 6) The operator shall be able to specify the duration of historical data to view by scrolling and zooming.
 - 7) The system shall provide a graphical trace display of the associated time stamp and value for any selected point along the x-axis.
- c. Export Trend Logs.
 - 1) The operator interface shall allow a user to export trend log data in CSV or PDF format for use by other industry standard word processing and spreadsheet packages.
5. Alarm/Event Notification
 - a. An operator shall be notified of new alarms/events as they occur while navigating through any part of the system via an alarm icon.
 - b. Alarm/Event Log. The operator shall be able to view all logged system alarms/events from any operator interface.
 - 1) The operator shall be able to sort and filter alarms from events. Alarms shall be sorted in a minimum of 4 categories based on severity.
 - 2) Alarm/event messages shall use full language, easily recognized descriptors.
 - 3) An operator with the proper security level may acknowledge and clear alarms/events.
 - 4) All alarms/events that have not been cleared by the operator shall be stored by the building controller.
 - 5) The alarm/event log shall include a comment field for each alarm/event that allows a user to add specific comments associated with any alarm.
 - c. Alarm Processing.
 - 1) The operator shall be able to configure any object in the system to generate an alarm when transitioning in and out of a normal state.
 - 2) The operator shall be able to configure the alarm limits, warning limits, states, and reactions for each object in the system.

6. Reports and Logs.
 - a. The operator interface shall provide a reporting package that allows the operator to select reports.
 - b. The operator interface shall provide the ability to schedule reports to run at specified intervals of time.
 - c. The operator interface shall allow a user to export reports and logs from the building controller in a format that is readily accessible by other standard software applications including spreadsheets and word processing. Acceptable formats include:
 - 1) CSV, HTML, XML, PDF
 - d. Reports and logs shall be readily printed to the system printer.
 - e. Provide a means to list and access the last 10 reports viewed by the user.
 - f. The following standard reports shall be available without requiring a user to manually configure the report:
 - 1) All Points in Alarm Report: Provide an on demand report showing all current alarms.
 - 2) All Points in Override Report: Provide an on demand report showing all overrides in effect.
 - 3) Commissioning Report: Provide a one-time report that lists all equipment with the unit configuration and present operation.
 - 4) Points report: Provide a report that lists the current value of all points
 7. Custom Application Programming. Provide the tools to create, modify, and debug custom application programming. The operator shall be able to create, edit, and download custom programs at the same time that all other system applications are operating. The system shall be fully operable while custom routines are edited, compiled, and downloaded.
 8. Custom Graphic Editor. Provide the tools to create, modify, and debug custom graphics. The operator shall be able to create, edit, and download custom graphics at the same time that all other system applications are operating. The system shall be fully operable while custom graphics are edited, compiled, and downloaded.
- 2.11 Associated Hardware: Provide actuators, relays, and other interface devices as required to execute the indicated control functions.
- 2.12 EMCS/DDC Input Devices:
- 2.12.1 Temperature Sensors: Provide nickel resistance temperature detector (RTD) type sensors for duct, well or room mounting as required by duty indicated. Accuracy: plus or minus 0.5°F.
- 2.12.2 Temperature Transmitters: Provide 3 or 4 wire resistance temperature detector (RTD) type transmitters for duct, well or room mounting as required by duty indicated. Provide metal enclosure sealed against moisture.

Accuracy: plus or minus 0.25°F. Install wells to accommodate sensors. Wells must be of sufficient size to allow insertion of an electronic probe with the sensor for calibration. Accutech AI-1000 or approved equal.

2.12.3 Differential and Static Pressure Sensors (Air): Provide 0-6" w.g. adjustable in 2" w.g. span pressure sensors with $\pm 0.5\%$ full scale accuracy. Provide zero and span adjustments. Provide over-pressure protection to 10 psig positive or negative.

2.12.4 Differential Pressure Switches (Air): Provide 0.05 to 5" w.g. differential pressure switches with adjustable setpoint and SPDT contact rated for duty indicated. Provide over-pressure protection to 1 psig positive or negative.

2.12.5 Airflow Measuring Stations: Provide airflow measuring station consisting of multiple hermetically sealed bead in glass thermistor probes capable of reading airflow with an accuracy of $\pm 2\%$ of reading. Ebron GTx116-p+ or engineer approved equal.

2.12.6 Humidity Sensors: Relative-humidity sensing element shall use non-saturating sensing elements capable of withstanding a saturated condition without permanently affecting calibration or sustaining damage. Sensing elements shall have an accuracy of plus or minus 5 percent of full scale within the range of 20 to 80 percent relative humidity. A 2-wire, loop-powered transmitter located at the sensing elements shall be provided to convert the sensing elements output to a linear 4-to-20 mA_{dc} output corresponding to the required humidity measurement. The transmitter shall be a 2-wire, loop-powered device. The output error shall not exceed 0.1 percent of calibrated measurement. The transmitter shall include offset and span adjustments.

2.13 Guarantee:

2.13.1 All components, parts, and assemblies shall be guaranteed against defects in material and workmanship for a period of one year after acceptance. Expressed warranties are conditionally based on the requirement that the items covered within the guarantee are used and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Guarantee commences at time of acceptance and continues for one year. Acceptance shall not occur until the Owner's operators are able to use the EMCS/DDC and receive reliable information from inputs and outputs.

2.13.2 The first year guarantee shall, as part of the base bid for the EMCS/DDC, include full service and maintenance of the EMCS/DDC. This service and maintenance shall include all necessary repair, reprogramming, calibration, cleaning, minimum (4) quarterly inspections, call back service, etc. This first year service, maintenance and guarantee shall be included in the base bid of the EMCS/DDC.

3 EXECUTION

3.1 Examine areas and conditions under which EMCS/DDC work is to be installed. Do not proceed with work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in manner acceptable to installer.

3.2 Installation of EMCS/DDC:

3.2.1 General: Install systems and materials in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, shop drawings, and details on drawings. Install electrical components and use electrical products complying with requirements of applicable Division-16 sections of these specifications. Mount panels at convenient locations and heights.

3.2.2 Control Wiring: The term "control wiring" is defined to include wire, conduit and miscellaneous materials as required for mounting and connecting electric control devices. Install all control wiring in conduit. All low voltage control wiring inside walls and mechanical rooms shall be installed in conduit. Control wiring above ceiling may be installed per the owner's standard (color, routing, etc) for low voltage cabling systems.

3.2.3 Wiring System: Install complete control wiring system for the EMCS/DDC. Conceal wiring, except in mechanical rooms and areas where other conduit and piping are exposed. Provide multi-conductor instrument harness (bundle) in place of single conductors where number of conductors can be run along common path. Fasten flexible conductors bridging cabinets and doors, neatly along hinge side, and protect against abrasion. Tie and support conductors neatly.

3.2.4 Install control wiring in accordance with the National Electric Code and Division 26 requirements.

3.2.5 Number-code or color-code conductors, excluding those used for local individual room controls, appropriately for future identification and servicing of control system. Tag all sensor wiring to identify zone number and room number where sensor is located.

3.2.6 Label all sensors, valves, dampers, safety devices and controllers with engraved tags matching the shop drawings.

3.3 Programming of EMCS/DDC:

3.3.1 The Contractor shall obtain operational schedules for the controlled equipment from the Engineer. Submittal data relevant to operational schedules shall be forwarded from the Contractor to the Engineer. Upon receipt of approval, the

Contractor shall proceed with installation, setup, calibration and check out of the various control and monitoring systems.

Having completed component and system installation, the Contractor shall submit a written request to the Engineer to inspect and approve their satisfactory operation.

3.3.2 The EMCS/DDC shall perform all functions on the equipment as described in the input/output schedule, sequence of operations, and control diagrams on the drawings. This, in conjunction with the specifications, defines the scope and extent of the project with regard to the required number of panels, control point relays, and devices. Field verify voltages at point-of-interface and provide relays as required.

3.3.3 Channel numbers may be reassigned by the Contractor during shop drawing submittal.

3.3.4 Model numbers, horsepower, voltages, and other information equipment where listed on the drawings are for Contractor's convenience. Verify all information in the field as necessary for preparation of shop drawings.

3.4 Functional Requirements of EMCS/DDC:

3.4.1 Provide all necessary relays, sensors, wiring and contacts to achieve proper operation.

3.4.2 Connect EMCS/DDC panels to remote panels where shown.

3.5 Adjusting and Cleaning:

3.5.1 Startup: Startup, test, and adjust the EMCS/DDC in presence of manufacturer's authorized representative. Demonstrate compliance with requirements. Replace damaged or malfunctioning controls and equipment.

3.5.2 Cleaning: Clean factory-finished surfaces. Repair any marred or scratched surfaces with manufacturer's touch-up paint.

3.5.3 Final Adjustment: After completion of installation, adjust the program, relays, interface devices, and similar equipment provided as work of this section for optimum operation.

3.6 Owner's Instructions:

3.6.1 During system startup and at such time acceptable performance of the EMCS/DDC hardware and software has been established, the Contractor shall provide on-site operator instruction. This instruction shall be performed during

normal working hours and shall be conducted by a competent representative of the Contractor familiar with the system's software, hardware and accessories. The Contractor shall maintain a roster of all attendees at all training sessions.

- 3.6.2 At a time mutually agreed upon during system training as stated above, the Contractor shall give up to 4 hours (as needed) of instruction to the Owner's designated personnel on the operation of all equipment within the EMCS/DDC and describe its intended use with respect to the programmed functions specified.
- 3.6.3 Operator orientation of the EMCS/DDC shall include, but not be limited to, the overall operational program, equipment functions both individually and as part of the total integrated system, commands, advisories, and appropriate operator intervention required in responding to the EMCS/DDC operation.
- 3.6.4 Provide at least 14-day notice to Owner and Engineer of training dates.
- 3.7 System Verification: The manufacturer's authorized representative shall state in writing to the Engineer that the EMCS/DDC system is operating properly, final adjustments and calibrations are complete, and Owner training has been accomplished. END OF SECTION

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SECTION 15970 - START-UP REQUIREMENTS FOR HEATING, VENTILATING, & AIR CONDITIONING (HVAC) SYSTEMS

1 GENERAL

1.1 Intent: It is the intent of this section to require that the startup requirements and report noted herein be performed prior to starting TAB work on each system. Work can be phased with permission of the Engineer.

1.2 Coordination:

1.2.1 The Contractor shall furnish to the TAB Contractor a complete set of plans, specifications, addenda, shop drawings, equipment performance data sheets, change orders, etc. as requested by the TAB Contractor.

1.2.2 The Contractor shall participate in a TAB coordination meeting to discuss interface requirements with the TAB Contractor and to establish a schedule for TAB work prior to start of TAB work.

1.3 Test Reports and Verification Submittals:

1.3.1 Submit Startup Report as described herein for each system. Attach Factory Startup Report for equipment as required by other Division-15 sections.

2 PRODUCTS: None

3 EXECUTION:

3.1 The TAB work shall not commence until the Engineer has received written notice from the Contractor that HVAC systems are 100% complete and are fully operational. Submit Startup Report as described herein.

3.2 The Contractor shall place all HVAC systems and equipment into complete operation during each working day of TAB work.

3.3 The Contractor shall provide access to HVAC systems and equipment by supplying ladders and/or scaffolding, and opening access panels and equipment room doors.

3.4 The TAB Contractor will provide to the Contractor TAB punch lists of non-complying HVAC work as they are discovered. The Contractor shall replace or repair non-complying work as soon as possible in order not to delay completion of TAB work.

3.5 If the TAB Contractor is prevented from completing his work in a timely and continuous manner (according to the established TAB schedule) due to non-

operable and/or incomplete HVAC systems, any additional fees for TAB work shall be the responsibility of the Contractor and shall be affected by change order reducing the Contract Amount.

- 3.6 The contract will not be closed out until all HVAC systems have been successfully TABed by the independent TAB contractor.
- 3.7 Airside Systems: The Contractor shall provide the following information to the Engineer to substantiate proper start-up and preliminary adjustments of air handler units, belt driven fans, and duct systems.
 - 3.7.1 Verify that air grilles (supply, return, exhaust, transfer, outdoor, etc.) are installed and connected to the duct system.
 - 3.7.2 Verify that duct systems are clean of debris.
 - 3.7.3 Verify that ducts attached with flexible connectors are aligned within 1/2" and have a uniform gap between ducts of 1"-1.5". Flexible connectors shall not leak and shall be insulated.
 - 3.7.4 Verify that filters are clean and filter spacers are installed.
 - 3.7.5 Verify that balancing dampers at grilles and branch ducts are operational and are fully opened.
 - 3.7.6 Verify that fire and smoke dampers are correctly installed and are fully opened.
 - 3.7.7 Verify that fan discharges are appropriate for the outlet ductwork with regards to the "system effect" per AMCA Publication 201. Inappropriate fan discharges will not be accepted.
 - 3.7.8 Verify proper fan rotation.
 - 3.7.9 Verify proper belt drive alignment.
 - 3.7.10 Verify fan motor overload elements are correctly sized.
 - 3.7.11 Adjust fan sheave until CFM is at or above design CFM. Provide additional sheaves and belts as required. Verify that motor is not overloaded.
 - 3.7.12 Verify that HVAC control systems are fully operational.
- 3.8 Hydronic Systems: The Contractor shall provide the following information to the Engineer to substantiate proper start-up and preliminary adjustments of HVAC pumps and piping systems.

- 3.8.1 Verify that the hydronic systems are properly flushed, filled, vented, purged and chemically treated and that all leaks are repaired. Verify proper air venting.
- 3.8.2 Verify that the correct strainer screens are clean and installed.
- 3.8.3 Verify that all balancing valves and circuit setters are fully opened.
- 3.8.4 Verify that test ports, pressure gauges and thermometers are properly installed and are accessible at coils. Extensions to allow for pipe insulation are required. Pressure gauges at pumps must utilize pump taps in order for head measurements to correlate with the pump performance curves.
- 3.8.5 Provide flow meter data (IN WC and GPM), pump performance chart with flow data plotted, actual motor volts/amps, rated motor volts/amps and motor overload element capacity.
- 3.8.6 Verify that HVAC control systems for coils are fully operational.
- 3.9 VAV Systems: The Contractor shall provide the following information to the Engineer to substantiate the proper start-up and preliminary adjustments of variable air volume boxes and control systems.
 - 3.9.1 Verify that the inlet duct to the box is straight for a minimum of three (3) inlet duct diameters.
 - 3.9.2 Set the box thermostat to 85°F. Verify that the box modulates to minimum cooling, and the heating activates.
 - 3.9.3 Set the box thermostat to 55°F. Verify that the reverse operation occurs and the box modulates to maximum cooling.
 - 3.9.4 Set box thermostat to 75°F. Deadband shall not exceed 4°F.
 - 3.9.5 Set minimum and maximum CFM based on manufacturer's calibration curves.
 - 3.9.6 Verify that the static pressure probe is located 75% of the distance down the longest duct run. Mark the location of the probe on the as-builts and notify the TAB Contractor of same.
 - 3.9.7 Verify that the static pressure control properly modulates the AHU fan's .variable frequency drive. Set static pressure controller to maintain 1 in. w.g. as the initial setting.

- 3.9.8 Verify that the supply air temperature controller properly modulates the chilled water control valve. Set controller to maintain scheduled setpoint. Verify that all heating coil control valves are properly modulated.
- 3.10 Startup Report: The Contractor shall submit the startup information required by this section to the Engineer in a typed report organized as outlined herein. The Startup Report is required to meet the written notice described herein prior to starting TAB work. TAB work will not start until the Startup Report has been submitted and approved.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 15980 - OWNER TESTING AND BALANCING OF MECHANICAL SYSTEMS

All Test and Balance work shall be performed under a separate contract prepared by the Owner. The Contractor for this project shall coordinate with the Test and Balance contractor selected by the Owner. This coordination shall be processed through the engineer. This coordination shall include, but not be limited to informing the Test and Balance contractor when all mechanical systems are installed and working properly, repairing or replacing all defects in the HVAC systems, replacing defective equipment and calibration of equipment as necessary where pointed out by the Test and Balance contractor. Work shall also include changing of motor sheaves as directed by the Test and Balance contractor to obtain proper air quantities.

The Contractor shall install all specified gauges, balancing valves, dampers, and other work required by the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall change all dirty filters where directed by the Test and Balance contractor.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 15995 - HVAC SYSTEMS COMMISSIONING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. Commissioning. Commissioning is a systematic process of ensuring that all building systems perform interactively according to the design intent and the owner's operational needs. Ideally, this is achieved by beginning in the design phase and documenting design intent and continuing through construction, acceptance and the warranty period with actual verification of performance. The commissioning process shall encompass and coordinate the traditionally separate functions of system documentation, equipment startup, control system calibration, testing and balancing, performance testing and training.

Commissioning during the construction, acceptance, and warranty phase is intended to achieve the following specific objectives according to the Contract Documents:

- 1) Verify that applicable equipment and systems are installed according to the manufacturer's recommendations and to industry accepted minimum standards and that they receive adequate operational checkout by installing contractors.
 - 2) Verify and document proper functional performance of equipment and systems.
 - 3) Verify on-going proper performance persistence of systems under changing conditions throughout the first year of operation.
- B. The commissioning process does not take away from or reduce the responsibility of the system designers or installing contractors to provide a finished and fully functioning product.
- C. Abbreviations. The following are common abbreviations used in the *Specifications* and in the *Commissioning Plan*.

A/E- Architect and/or design engineers FT- Functional performance test

CA- Commissioning authority GC- General Contractor (prime)

CC- Controls contractor MC- Mechanical contractor

Cx- Commissioning PC- Prefunctional checklist

Cx Plan- Commissioning Plan PM- Project manager (of the document Owner)

EC- Electrical contractor Subs-Subcontractors to General

TAB- Test and balance contractor

1.2 COORDINATION

- A. Commissioning Team. The members of the commissioning team consist of the Commissioning Authority (CA), the owner's Project Manager (PM), the General Contractor (GC or Contractor), the Mechanical Engineer (ME), the Mechanical Contractor (MC), the Electrical Contractor (EC), the TAB representative (TAB), the Controls Contractor (CC), any other installing subcontractors or suppliers of equipment. If known, the Owner's building or plant operator/engineer is also a member of the commissioning team.
- B. Management. For this project, the CA is hired directly by the Owner and reports directly to the Owner with copy to the A/E on all correspondence and reports. The CA directs and coordinates the commissioning activities and reports to the A/E and the Owner's Project Manager (PM). All members work together to fulfill their contracted responsibilities and meet the objectives of the Contract Documents. The CA's responsibilities are the same regardless of who hired the CA.
- C. Scheduling. The CA will work with the GC according to established protocols to schedule the commissioning activities. The CA will provide sufficient notice to the GC for scheduling commissioning activities. The GC will integrate all commissioning activities into the master schedule. All parties will address scheduling problems and make necessary notifications in a timely manner in order to expedite the commissioning process.

The CA will provide the initial schedule (or possibly just sequence) of primary commissioning events at the Commissioning Kick-Off Meeting. As construction progresses more detailed schedules are developed by the CA if needed based on the duration and complexity of the project.

1.3 COMMISSIONING PROCESS

- A. Commissioning Process. The following narrative provides a brief overview of the typical commissioning tasks during construction and the general order in which they occur.
 1. Commissioning during construction begins with a kickoff meeting conducted by the CA where the commissioning process is reviewed with the commissioning team members.
 2. Additional meetings, if required throughout construction, will be scheduled by the CA with necessary parties attending, to plan, scope, coordinate, schedule future activities and resolve problems.
 3. Equipment documentation is submitted to the CA during normal submittals for use in developing and finalizing project-specific Cx documentation.
 4. The CA reviews the commissioned equipment submittals for compliance

with contract requirements as well as for aspects related to commissioning and owner maintenance.

5. The CA develops prefunctional checklists to be completed for systems and equipment to be commissioned during the equipment startup and check-out process. These checklists are intended to augment, not replace, the manufacturer's standard start-up / checkout documentation which should also be completed as recommended by the manufacturer or required by other specification sections.
6. The CA and the Subs work together to execute and document the prefunctional checklists and perform startup and initial checkout. In general the CA will complete the installation checks portion of the prefunctional checklists while the CA and the Subs complete the equipment start-up / checkout portions together as assigned in the forms . The CA documents that the checklists and startup were completed according to the approved plans.
7. The CA develops specific equipment and system functional performance test procedures.
8. The Controls Contractor sets up trending of system points and automated delivery of the trend reports as directed by CA. This data, if available prior to manual functional testing, is utilized to judge the readiness of systems to be tested.
9. The CA with the assistance of the TAB Contractor completes the Test, Adjust, Balance Verification (TAB-V) process. This must be successfully completed prior to beginning functional testing for each specific system.
10. The manual functional test procedures are executed by the Subs, under the direction of, and documented by the CA.
11. Items of non-compliance in material, installation or setup are corrected at the Sub's expense and the system retested.
12. Commissioning is substantially completed before Final Completion is granted to GC.

Warranty Period

1. For the duration of the Warranty Period the CA monitors the performance of the commissioned systems using the cloud-based Cx-PMOR system (BES Plus Tech Performance Plus). Any items identified by this monitoring shall be resolved through the Contract Warranty Process.

1.4 RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. The responsibilities of various parties in the commissioning process are provided in this section. It is noted that the services for the Project Manager, Architect, HVAC mechanical and electrical designers/engineers, and Commissioning Authority are not provided for in this contract. That is, the

Contractor is not responsible for providing their services as they are contracted separately with the Owner. Their responsibilities are listed here to clarify the commissioning process.

B. All Parties

1. Attend pre-commissioning meeting and normal construction period meetings, as deemed necessary by the CA, PM, and General Contractor to participate in the Cx Process.
2. Each company / organization identified as being a member of the Cx Team shall designate an employee who is involved and familiar with the project to be the point-of-contact (POC) for the Cx process.
3. The identified POC shall regularly review the on-line Issue Log at the BES Plus Tech website project portal and the report documents which are emailed to the Cx Team.
4. The POC shall respond to any and all issues assigned to the company / organization that they are representing in the Cx Process within five (5) working days of the date the issue is added to the Log. Failure by a construction team member to effectively participate in the Cx Process, as judged by the Owner, can be considered cause for holding a construction progress payment.

C. Architect / Engineer (or A/E)

Construction and Acceptance Phase

1. Attend the commissioning kickoff meeting and selected commissioning team meetings as required by the commissioning process.
2. Perform normal submittal review, construction observation, as-built drawing preparation, O&M manual preparation, etc., as contracted.
3. Provide any design narrative documentation requested by the CA.
4. Coordinate resolution of system deficiencies identified during commissioning, according to the contract documents.
5. Prepare and submit final as-built design intent documentation for inclusion in the O&M manuals. Review and approve the O&M manuals.

Warranty Period

1. Coordinate resolution of design non-conformance and design deficiencies identified during warranty-period commissioning.

D. Mechanical and Electrical Designers / Engineers (ME, EE – of the A/E)

Construction and Acceptance Phase

1. Perform normal submittal review, construction observation, as-built drawing preparation, etc., as per scope of contract with Owner. One site observation should be completed just prior to system startup.

2. Provide any design narrative and sequences documentation requested by the CA. The designers shall assist (along with the contractors) in clarifying the operation and control of commissioned equipment in areas where the specifications, control drawings or equipment documentation is not sufficient for writing detailed testing procedures.
3. Attend commissioning kickoff meeting and other selected commissioning team meetings if requested by the CA or PM.
4. Participate / assist in the resolution of system deficiencies identified during commissioning, according to the contract documents – particularly as it relates to design intent.
5. Review and approve the O&M manuals.

Warranty Period

1. Participate in the resolution of non-compliance, non-conformance and design deficiencies identified during warranty-period.

E. Commissioning Authority (CA)

The CA is not responsible for design concept, design criteria, compliance with codes, design or general construction scheduling, cost estimating, or construction management. The CA may assist with problem-solving non-conformance or deficiencies, but ultimately that responsibility resides with the general contractor and the A/E. The primary role of the CA is to develop and coordinate the execution of a testing plan, observe and document performance—that systems are functioning in accordance with the documented design intent and in accordance with the Contract Documents. At the direction and discretion of the CA, the Contractors will provide tools or the use of tools to start, check-out and functionally test equipment and systems.

Construction and Acceptance Phase

1. Coordinates and directs the commissioning activities in a logical, sequential and efficient manner using consistent protocols and forms, centralized documentation, clear and regular communications and consultations with all necessary parties, frequently updated timelines and schedules and technical expertise.
2. Coordinate the commissioning work and, with the GC, ensure that commissioning activities are being scheduled into the master schedule.
3. Plan and conduct a commissioning kickoff meeting and other commissioning meetings as required by the project.
4. Request and review additional information required to perform commissioning tasks, including O&M materials, contractor start-up and checkout procedures.
5. Before startup, gather and review the current control sequences and interlocks and work with contractors and design engineers until sufficient

clarity has been obtained, in writing, to be able to write detailed testing procedures.

6. During the process of preparing functional test procedures, review normal Contractor submittals applicable to systems being commissioned for compliance with commissioning needs, concurrent with the A/E reviews.
7. Write and distribute prefunctional tests and checklists.
8. Perform site visits, as necessary, to observe construction progress. Review construction meeting minutes for revisions / substitutions relating to the commissioning process. Assist in resolving any discrepancies.
9. Document equipment installation meets contract requirements by completion of the installation checks portion of the prefunctional checklists. Work together with Subs to complete the equipment start-up and check-out portion of the checklists. Approve prefunctional tests and checklist completion by reviewing prefunctional checklist reports and by selected site observation and spot checking.
10. Approve systems startup by reviewing start-up reports and by selected site observation.
11. Approve air and water systems balancing by spot testing, by reviewing completed reports and by selected site observation (TAB Verification process).
12. With necessary assistance from installing contractors and design professionals, write the functional performance test procedures for equipment and systems. This may include energy management control system trending, stand-alone datalogger monitoring and manual functional testing.
13. Analyze any functional performance trend logs and monitoring data to verify performance as well as to confirm the readiness of systems for manual functional performance testing.
14. Coordinate, witness and approve manual functional performance tests performed by installing contractors. Coordinate retesting as necessary until satisfactory performance is achieved.
15. Maintain a master deficiency and resolution log (aka 'Issues Log') and a separate testing record.
16. Provide a final commissioning report (as described in this section).

Warranty Period

1. Configure and maintain the cloud-based Cx-PMOR performance monitoring system throughout the Warranty Period to identify performance and operational issues. Issues shall be documented using On-Going Issues Log and shall be corrected by way of the Contract Warranty Process.
2. Verify completion and effectiveness of required deficiency corrections for

issues discovered during Warranty Period.

F. Owner's Project Manager (PM)

Construction and Acceptance Phase

1. Manage the contract of the CA, A/E, and of the GC.
2. Arrange for facility operating and maintenance personnel to attend various field commissioning activities and field training sessions according to the Contract Documents.
3. Provide final approval for the completion of the commissioning work.

Warranty Period

1. Ensure that any seasonal or deferred testing and any deficiency issues are addressed.

G. General Contractor (GC)

Construction and Acceptance Phase

1. Facilitate the coordination of the commissioning work by the CA, and with the CA ensure that commissioning activities are being scheduled into the master schedule.
2. Include the cost of facilitating the commissioning process in the total contract price (*do NOT include the cost of the Commissioning Authority as they are under contract to the Owner*).
3. Furnish a copy of all construction documents, addenda, change orders and approved submittals and shop drawings related to commissioned equipment to the CA.
4. In each purchase order or subcontract written, include requirements for submittal data, O&M data, commissioning tasks and training.
5. Ensure that all Subs execute their commissioning responsibilities according to the Contract Documents and schedule.
6. A representative shall attend a commissioning kickoff meeting and other necessary meetings scheduled by the CA to facilitate the Cx process. Coordinate and require the attendance of required subcontractors at all Cx meetings as requested by the CA.
7. Coordinate the training of owner personnel in accordance to Contract Documents.
8. Prepare O&M manuals, according to the Contract Documents, including clarifying and updating the design sequences of operation to as-built conditions.

Warranty Period

1. Coordinate with and ensure that subcontractors complete deficiency corrections for issues discovered during Warranty Period.
- H. Equipment Suppliers
1. Provide all requested submittal data, including detailed start-up procedures and specific responsibilities of the Owner to keep warranties in force.
 2. Assist in equipment testing per agreements with Subs and as required by individual equipment specification sections.
 3. Include all special tools and instruments (only available from vendor, specific to a piece of equipment) required for testing equipment according to these Contract Documents in the base bid price to the Contractor, except for stand-alone data logging equipment that may be used by the CA.
 4. Through the contractors they supply products to, analyze specified products and verify that the designer has specified the newest most updated equipment reasonable for this project's scope and budget.
 5. Provide information requested by CA regarding equipment sequence of operation and testing procedures.
 6. Review test procedures for equipment installed by factory representatives.
- I. Mechanical, Controls and TAB Contractors. The commissioning responsibilities applicable to each of the mechanical, controls and TAB contractors of Division 15 are as follows (all references apply to commissioned equipment only):

Construction and Acceptance Phases

1. Include the cost of facilitating commissioning in the subcontract price (*do NOT include the cost of the Commissioning Authority as they are under contract to Owner*).
2. In each purchase order or subcontract written, include requirements for submittal data, commissioning documentation, O&M data and training requirements.
3. Attend a commissioning kickoff meeting and other meetings as deemed necessary by the CA and PM to facilitate the Cx process.
4. Contractors shall provide the CA with normal cut sheets and shop drawing submittals of commissioned equipment in print and digital PDF format.
5. Provide additional requested documentation, prior to normal O&M manual submittals, to the CA for development of start-up and functional testing procedures.
 - a. Typically this will include detailed manufacturer installation and start-up, operating, troubleshooting and maintenance procedures, full details of any owner-contracted tests, fan and pump curves, full

- factory testing reports, if any, and full warranty information, including all responsibilities of the Owner to keep the warranty in force clearly identified. In addition, the installation, start-up and checkout materials that are actually shipped inside the equipment and the actual field checkout sheet forms to be used by the factory or field technicians shall be submitted to the Commissioning Agent.
- b. The Commissioning Agent may request further documentation necessary for the commissioning process.
 - c. This data request may be made prior to normal submittals.
6. Provide a copy of the O&M manuals and submittals of commissioned equipment, through normal channels, to the CA for review and use. O&M manuals shall be provided in print and digital PDF format.
 7. Contractors shall assist (along with the design engineers) in clarifying the operation and control of commissioned equipment in areas where the specifications, control drawings or equipment documentation is not sufficient for writing detailed testing procedures.
 8. Provide limited assistance to the CA in preparing the specific functional performance test procedures for the *Commissioning Plan – Construction Phase*.
 10. Perform and clearly document all completed startup and system operational checkout procedures recommended by equipment manufacturers, providing a completed copy to the CA.
 11. Address current A/E punch list items before functional testing. Air and water TAB shall be completed with discrepancies and problems remedied before manual functional testing of the respective air- or water-related systems.
 12. Provide skilled technicians to execute starting of equipment and to execute the functional performance tests. Ensure that the technicians are available and present during the agreed upon schedules and for sufficient duration to complete the necessary tests, adjustments and problem- solving.
 13. Provide skilled technicians to perform manual functional performance testing under the direction of the CA for specified equipment in the *Commissioning Plan* and Section 15995. Assist the CA in interpreting the monitoring data, as necessary.
 14. Correct deficiencies (differences between specified and observed performance) as interpreted by the CA, PM and A/E and retest the equipment.
 15. Prepare O&M manuals according to the Contract Documents, including clarifying and updating the original sequences of operation to as-built conditions.

16. As specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents maintain as-built red-line drawings during construction for all drawings and final CAD as-builts for contractor-generated coordination drawings. Update after completion of commissioning (excluding deferred testing).
17. Provide training of the Owner's operating staff using expert qualified personnel, as specified in the Contract Documents.
18. Coordinate with equipment manufacturers to determine specific requirements to maintain the validity of the warranty.

Warranty Period

1. If specified, execute seasonal or deferred manual functional performance testing, witnessed by the CA, according to the specifications.
 2. Provide assistance to the CA as required to configure the Cx-PMOR performance monitoring system.
 3. Correct deficiencies according to the contract warranty process and make necessary adjustments to O&M manuals and as-built drawings for applicable issues identified in any seasonal testing or through the Cx-PMOR system.
- J. Mechanical Contractor. The responsibilities of the HVAC mechanical contractor, during construction and acceptance phases in addition to those listed above are:
1. Provide startup for all HVAC equipment, except for the building automation control system.
 2. Assist and cooperate with the TAB contractor, Controls Contractor, and Commissioning Authority by:
 - a. Putting all HVAC equipment and systems into operation and continuing the operation during each working day of TAB and commissioning, as required.
 - b. Including cost of sheaves and belts that may be required by TAB.
 3. Providing and installing test ports with threaded caps in ducts, plenums, and equipment casings as indicated below:
 - a. At all locations where TAB Contractor makes temperature, pressure, or velocity measurements. Mechanical Contractor shall coordinate location and quantity of these test ports with TAB Contractor.
 - b. Within six inches of all control system sensors.
 - c. Test ports shall be factory fabricated, airtight, and non-corrosive test ports with screw cap and gasket equal to Ventlok type 699. For duct which is externally insulated provide equal to Ventlok type 699-2 which are 2-5/8" long such that the end of the port clears the insulation.
 4. Provide and install a P/T (pressure and temperature) test port at all

locations indicated on the Construction Documents AND at all water sensors (temperature or pressure) which are an analog input point to the control system.

- a. Shall be located within six inches of the control system sensor.
 - b. Installed on insulated piping shall be 'extended' ports with sufficient length such that the end of the port clears the insulation.
 - c. Shall be provided with a rubber retaining strap on the threaded cap.
5. List and clearly identify on the as-built drawings the locations of all air-flow stations.
 6. Prepare a preliminary schedule for Division 15 pipe and duct system testing, flushing and cleaning, equipment start-up and TAB start and completion for use by the CA. Update the schedule as appropriate.
 7. Be responsible to notify the PM or CA, ahead of time, when commissioning activities not yet performed or not yet scheduled will delay construction. Be proactive in seeing that commissioning processes are executed and that the CA has the scheduling information needed to efficiently plan and execute the commissioning process.
- K. Controls Contractor. The commissioning responsibilities of the controls contractor, during construction and acceptance phases in addition to those listed above are:
1. Sequences of Operation Submittals. The Controls Contractor's submittals of control drawings shall include complete detailed sequences of operation for each piece of equipment, regardless of the completeness and clarity of the sequences in the specifications. It is the responsibility of the Controls Contractor to submit formal request for information to the Design Engineer if they feel they do not have sufficient information for a complete controls submittal or if they have reason to believe the control system if implemented as designed would result in an incomplete or functionally deficient system.

Submittals shall be provided to the CA in print and digital PDF format, they shall include:
 - a. An overview narrative of the system (1 or 2 paragraphs) generally describing its purpose, components and function.
 - b. All interactions and interlocks with other systems.
 - c. Detailed delineation of control between any packaged controls and the building automation system, listing what points the BAS monitors only and what BAS points are control points and are adjustable.
 - d. Written sequences of control for packaged controlled equipment. (Equipment manufacturers' stock sequences may be included, but will generally require additional narrative).

- e. Start-up sequences.
 - f. Warm-up mode sequences.
 - g. Normal operating mode sequences.
 - h. Unoccupied mode sequences.
 - i. Shutdown sequences.
 - j. Capacity control sequences and equipment staging.
 - k. Temperature and pressure control: setbacks, setups, resets, etc.
 - l. Detailed sequences for all control strategies, e.g., economizer control, optimum start/stop, staging, optimization, demand limiting, etc.
 - m. Effects of power or equipment failure with all standby component functions.
 - n. Sequences for all alarms and emergency shut downs.
 - o. Seasonal operational differences and recommendations.
 - p. Organized by equipment / system the Contractor shall provide list of control system points to be trended and delivered to the Cx-PMOR system via automated email reporting. List shall include a general point name, point type, and interval of trend value sampling.
 - q. Initial and recommended values for all adjustable settings, setpoints and parameters that are typically set or adjusted by operating staff; and any other control settings or fixed values, delays, etc. that will be useful during testing and operating the equipment.
 - r. Equipment or system operating schedules, if known. At minimum provide description of each schedule that will be set up and what equipment / system is proposed to be connected to each schedule.
 - s. To facilitate referencing in testing procedures, all sequences shall be written in small statements, each with a number for reference. For a given system, numbers will not repeat for different sequence sections, unless the sections are numbered.
2. Control Drawings Submittal
- Submittals shall be provided to the CA in print and digital PDF format, they shall include:
- a. The control drawings shall have a key to all abbreviations.
 - b. The control drawings shall contain graphic schematic depictions of the systems and each component.
 - c. The schematics will include the system and component layout of any equipment that the control system monitors, enables or controls, even if the equipment is primarily controlled by packaged or integral

controls.

- d. Provide a full points list with at least the following included for each point:
 - 1) Controlled system
 - 2) Point abbreviation
 - 3) Point description
 - 4) Display unit
 - 5) Control point or setpoint (Yes / No)
 - 6) Monitoring point (Yes / No)
 - 7) Intermediate point (Yes / No)
 - 8) Calculated point (Yes / No) Key:

Point Description: DB temp, airflow, etc.

Control or Setpoint: Point that controls equipment and can have its setpoint changed (OSA, SAT, etc.)

Intermediate Point: Point whose value is used to make a calculation which then controls equipment (space temperatures that are averaged to a virtual point to control reset).

Monitoring Point: Point that does not control or contribute to the control of equipment, but is used for operation, maintenance, or performance verification.

Calculated Point: "Virtual" point generated from calculations of other point values.

The Controls Contractor shall keep the CA informed of all changes to this list during programming and setup.

3. An updated as-built version of the control drawings and sequences of operation shall be included in the final controls O&M manual submittal.
4. Assist and cooperate with the TAB contractor in the following manner:
 - a. Meet with the TAB contractor prior to beginning TAB to determine the capabilities of the control system toward completing TAB. Provide the TAB any needed unique instruments for setting terminal unit boxes and instruct TAB in their use (software to be installed on TAB contractor PC, handheld control system interface for use around the building during TAB, etc.).
 - b. For a given area, have all required control system checks, calibrations, and startup of the system completed and approved by the CA prior to TAB.
 - c. Provide a qualified technician to operate the controls to assist the TAB contractor in performing TAB, or provide sufficient training for TAB to operate the system without assistance.

5. Assist and cooperate with the CA in the following manner:
 - a. Provide a skilled technician who is familiar with this building and the installed control system components to execute the manual functional testing of the controls system as directed by the CA.
 - b. Set up and execute all control system trend logs specified in the Commissioning Plan or as requested by the CA.
 - c. The controls contractor shall prepare a written plan indicating in a step-by- step manner, the procedures that will be followed to test, checkout and adjust the control system prior to functional performance testing, according to the process in Section 15995. At minimum, the plan shall include for each type of equipment controlled by the automatic controls:
 - 1) System name.
 - 2) List of devices.
 - 3) Step-by-step procedures for testing each controller after installation, including:
 - Process of verifying proper hardware and wiring installation.
 - Process of downloading programs to local controllers and verifying that they are addressed correctly.
 - Process of performing operational checks of each controlled component.
 - Plan and process for calibrating valve and damper actuators and all sensors.
 - A description of the expected field adjustments for transmitters, controllers and control actuators should control responses fall outside of expected values.
 - 4) A copy of the log and field checkout sheets that will document the process. This log must include a place for initial and final read values during calibration of each point and clearly indicate when a sensor or controller has “passed” and is operating within the contract parameters.
 - 5) A description of the instrumentation required for testing.
 - d. Indicate what tests on what systems should be completed prior to TAB using the control system for TAB work. Coordinate with the CA and TAB contractor for this determination.
6. Complete the ‘Sensor & Device Readiness’ checklists on the Cx website to indicate the completion of internal checks and the readiness to schedule sensor and device checkout with the CA.
7. Complete the ‘Functional Test Readiness’ test form on the Cx website to indicate the completion of the control system programming and graphics in the readiness to schedule functional testing with the CA.

8. Beyond the control points necessary to execute all documented control sequences, provide monitoring, control and virtual points as required to implement the full sequence of control as specified in the Contract Documents.
9. List and clearly identify on the as-built duct and piping drawings the locations of all static and differential pressure sensors (air, water and building pressure).
10. System Data Trending & Reporting Detailed Requirements. The Controls Contractor for this project shall provide automated data reporting through the building automation system which shall deliver system operating data and utility consumption data (*if available*) daily to the Cx-PMOR system via trend reports which are automatically emailed to the Cx-PMOR system. The complete cost for the Controls Contractor to set up ALL required trending and reporting shall be included in the project contract cost.
 - a. Trend reports shall be emailed to the Cx-PMOR server on a daily basis between 12am and 6am.
 - b. The duration of each trend report shall include at least the entire previous day's (e.g. midnight to midnight) data. Optionally, the report could be required to include the previous three days' data so that 1-2 days of missing reports could be made up by the subsequent report. The reports shall NEVER include more than a maximum five days data. The CA shall provide direction as to the desired duration.
 - c. All required system operating data trends shall report the instantaneous value of the data point being trended at 15-minute intervals unless specifically directed otherwise by the CA. The trend sampling interval for each data point must be consistent, e.g. data cannot start at a five-minute interval and then change to a fifteen-minute interval.
 - d. All utility consumption data (kWh, ton-hr, btu, etc.) trends shall report the accumulated consumption across the interval period (e.g. electrical consumption, kWh, total for the 15-minute period) and shall not report total accumulating consumption. Demand shall be calculated as a virtual point by the Cx-PMOR analysis system. If this is not possible then the instantaneous 15-min demand shall be reported and the consumption shall be calculated as a virtual point by the Cx-PMOR system.
 - e. The Contractor shall submit their proposed trending file format to the CA for approval prior to implementing for all requested trend points (CSV or XLS files are preferred format however PDF may also be acceptable). Once approved and set up the trend file formatting shall NOT change from one report to the next. If trend formatting changes due to software upgrade then the Contractor shall be

- required to compensate CA for any changes required to the PMOR system configuration to accept the new data formatting.
- f. The following data point naming convention shall be utilized for all trend reports and for the subject line of emails delivering the automated report:
 - < building name >.< system name >.<point name>
 - i. All data point names must be unique from other points in the same project.
 - g. Minimum Required Monitoring Points:
 - i. The final list of points to be monitored will be furnished by CA to the Controls Contractor after the building automation system submittal has been reviewed.
 - ii. A formal trend request document will be provided to the Controls Contractor with the monitored points list and this same document shall be completed and returned to the CA as proof that set-up has been completed.
- L. TAB Contractor. The duties of the TAB contractor, in addition to those listed in (A) are:
- 1. Prior to starting TAB, submit to the PM the qualifications of the site technician for the project, including the name of the contractors and facility managers of recent projects the technician on which was lead. The Owner will approve the site technician's qualifications for this project.
 - 2. Submit the outline of the TAB plan and approach for each system and component to the CA, PM and the controls contractor six weeks prior to starting the TAB. This plan will be developed after the TAB has some familiarity with the control system.
 - 3. The submitted plan will include: *(as applicable to specific systems included in project)*
 - a. Certification that the TAB contractor has reviewed the construction documents and the systems with the design engineers and contractors to sufficiently understand the design intent for each system.
 - b. An explanation of the intended use of the building control system. The controls contractor will comment on feasibility of the plan.
 - c. All field checkout sheets and logs to be used that list each piece of equipment to be tested, adjusted and balanced with the data cells to be gathered for each.
 - d. Discussion of what notations and markings will be made on the duct and piping drawings during the process.
 - e. Final test report forms to be used.
 - f. Detailed step-by-step procedures for TAB work for each system and

issue: terminal flow calibration (for each terminal type), diffuser proportioning, branch / submain proportioning, total flow calculations, rechecking, diversity issues, expected problems and solutions, etc. Criteria for using air flow straighteners or relocating flow stations and sensors will be discussed. Provide the analogous explanations for the water side.

- g. List of all air flow, water flow, sound level, system capacity and efficiency measurements to be performed and a description of specific test procedures, parameters, formulas to be used.
- h. Details of how *total* flow will be determined (Air: sum of terminal flows via BAS calibrated readings or via hood readings of all terminals, supply (SA) and return air (RA) pitot traverse, SA or RA flow stations. Water: pump curves, circuit setter, flow station, ultrasonic, etc.).
- i. The identification and types of measurement instruments to be used and their most recent calibration date.
- j. Specific procedures that will ensure that both air and water side are operating at the lowest possible pressures and provide methods to verify this.
- k. Confirmation that TAB understands the outside air ventilation criteria under all conditions.
- l. Details of whether and how minimum outside air cfm will be verified and set, and for what level (total building, zone, etc.).
- m. Details of how building static and exhaust fan / relief damper capacity will be checked.
- n. Proposed selection points for sound measurements and sound measurement methods.
- o. Details of methods for making any specified coil or other system plant capacity measurements.
- p. Details of any TAB work to be done in phases (by floor, etc.), or of areas to be built out later.
- q. Details regarding specified deferred or seasonal TAB work.
- r. Details of any specified false loading of systems to complete TAB work.
- s. Details of all exhaust fan balancing and capacity verifications, including any required room pressure differentials.
- t. Plan for hand-written field technician logs of discrepancies, deficient or uncompleted work by others, contract interpretation requests and lists of completed tests (scope and frequency).
- u. Plan for formal progress reports (scope and frequency).

- v. Plan for formal deficiency reports (scope, frequency and distribution).
4. A running log of events and issues shall be kept by the TAB field technicians. Submit hand-written reports of discrepancies, deficient or uncompleted work by others, contract interpretation requests and lists of completed tests to the CA and PM at least twice a week.
5. The TAB Contractor shall permanently mark and identify the location points of the duct test ports with computer generated (DYMO type) labels. If the ducts have exterior insulation, these markings shall be made on the exterior side of the duct insulation. All test port locations shall be labeled corresponding to final TAB report.
6. Communicate in writing to the controls contractor all setpoint and parameter changes made or problems and discrepancies identified during TAB which affect the control system setup and operation.
7. Provide a draft TAB report within two weeks of completion. A copy will be provided to the CA. The report will contain a full explanation of the methodology, assumptions and the results in a clear format with designations of all uncommon abbreviations and column headings. The report should follow the latest and most rigorous reporting recommendations by AABC, NEBB or ASHRAE Standard 111.
8. Provide the CA with any requested data, gathered, but not shown on the draft reports.
9. Provide a final TAB report for the CA with details, as in the draft.
10. Conduct functional performance tests and checks (a.k.a. 'Tab Verification Process) on the original TAB as specified for TAB in the *Commissioning Plan – Construction Phase*. Tab Verification shall consist of repeating measurements made during the original TAB procedures and comparing results against that of the submitted TAB report as well as the design parameters. Sampling rate (if applicable) and acceptance criteria shall be as defined in the *Commissioning Plan*.

1.5 DEFINITIONS

Acceptance Phase - phase of construction after startup and initial checkout when functional performance tests, O&M documentation review and training occurs.

Approval - acceptance that a piece of equipment or system has been properly installed and is functioning in the tested modes according to the Contract Documents.

Architect / Engineer (A/E) - the prime consultant (architect) and sub-consultants who comprise the design team, generally the HVAC mechanical designer/engineer and the electrical designer/engineer.

Basis of Design (BOD)- The basis of design is the documentation of the primary

thought processes and assumptions behind design decisions that were made to meet the design intent. The basis of design describes the systems, components, conditions and methods chosen to meet the intent. Some reiterating of the design intent may be included. The document records concepts, calculations, decisions, and product selections used to meet the OPR and to satisfy applicable regulatory requirements, standards, and guidelines. The document includes both narrative descriptions and lists of individual items that support the design process.

Commissioning authority (CA) - an independent agent, not otherwise associated with the A/E team members or the Contractor. The CA directs and coordinates the day-to-day commissioning activities. The CA does not take an oversight role like the GC. Regardless of to whom the CA is contracted, the CA shall report directly to the Owner's Project Manager (PM) with copy to the party holding their Commissioning Contract.

Commissioning Plan - an overall plan, developed before or after bidding, that provides the structure, schedule and coordination planning for the commissioning process.

Contract Documents - the documents binding on parties involved in the construction of this project (drawings, specifications, change orders, amendments, contracts, *Cx Plan*, etc.).

Contractor - the general contractor or authorized representative.

Control system - the central building energy management control system. Cx-PMOR –see PMOR

Datalogging - monitoring flows, currents, status, pressures, etc. of equipment using stand-alone dataloggers separate from the control system.

Deferred Functional Tests - FTs that are performed later, after substantial completion, due to partial occupancy, equipment, seasonal requirements, design or other site conditions that disallow the test from being performed.

Deficiency - a condition in the installation or function of a component, piece of equipment or system that is not in compliance with the Contract Documents (that is, does not perform properly or is not complying with the design intent).

Design Intent - a dynamic document that provides the explanation of the ideas, concepts and criteria that are considered to be very important to the owner. It is initially the outcome of the programming and conceptual design phases.

Design Narrative or Design Documentation - sections of either the Design Intent or Basis of Design.

Factory Testing - testing of equipment on-site or at the factory by factory personnel with an Owner's representative present.

Functional Performance Test (FT) - test of the dynamic function and operation of

equipment and systems using manual (direct observation) or monitoring methods. Functional testing is the dynamic testing of systems (rather than just components) under full operation (e.g., the chiller pump is tested interactively with the chiller functions to see if the pump ramps up and down to maintain the differential pressure set point). Systems are tested under various modes, such as during low cooling or heating loads, high loads, component failures, unoccupied, varying outside air temperatures, fire alarm, power failure, etc. The systems are run through all the control system's sequences of operation and components are verified to be responding as the sequences state. Traditional air or water test and balancing (TAB) is not functional testing, in the commissioning sense of the word. TAB's primary work is setting up the system flows and pressures as specified, while functional testing is verifying that which has already been set up. The commissioning authority develops the functional test procedures in a sequential written form, coordinates, oversees and documents the actual testing, which is usually performed by the installing contractor or vendor. FTs are performed after prefunctional checklists and startup are complete.

General Contractor (GC) - the prime contractor for this project. Generally refers to all the GC's subcontractors as well. Also referred to as the Contractor, in some contexts.

Indirect Indicators - indicators of a response or condition, such as a reading from a control system screen reporting a damper to be 100% closed.

Manual Test - using hand-held instruments, immediate control system readouts or direct observation to verify performance (contrasted to analyzing monitored data taken over time to make the "observation").

Monitoring - the recording of parameters (flow, current, status, pressure, etc.) of equipment operation using dataloggers or the trending capabilities of control systems.

Non-Compliance - see Deficiency. Non-Conformance - see Deficiency.

Over-written Value - writing over a sensor value in the control system to see the response of a system (e.g., changing the outside air temperature value from 50F to 75F to verify economizer operation). See also "Simulated Signal."

Owner-Contracted Tests - tests paid for by the Owner outside the GC's contract and for which the CA does not oversee. These tests will not be repeated during functional tests if properly documented.

Owner's Project Requirements (OPR) - A document that details the functional requirements of a project and the expectations of how it will be used and operated. These include Project goals, measurable performance criteria, cost considerations, benchmarks, success criteria, and supporting information.

- Phased Commissioning - commissioning that is completed in phases (by floors, for example) due to the size of the structure or other scheduling issues, in order minimize the total construction time.
- Performance Monitoring, Optimization, and Reporting (PMOR) – cloud based SaaS (Software as a Service) which provides automated building operating data acquisition, analysis, archival, and reporting by utilizing data provided from the building automation system to continually analyze and improve the overall performance of the building and its underlying mechanical and electrical systems.
- Project Manager (PM) - the contracting and managing authority for the owner over the design and/or construction of the project, a staff position.
- Sampling. - functionally testing only a fraction of the total number of identical or near identical pieces of equipment. Refer to Section 15995, Part 3.6, F for details.
- Seasonal Performance Tests - FT that are deferred until the system(s) will experience conditions closer to their design conditions.
- Simulated Condition - condition that is created for the purpose of testing the response of a system (e.g., applying a hair blower to a space sensor to see the response in a VAV box).
- Simulated Signal - disconnecting a sensor and using a signal generator to send an amperage, resistance or pressure to the transducer and DDC system to simulate a sensor value.
- Specifications - the construction specifications of the Contract Documents.
- Startup - the initial starting or activating of dynamic equipment, including executing prefunctional checklists.
- Subs - the subcontractors to the GC who provide and install building components and systems.
- Test Procedures - the step-by-step process which must be executed to fulfill the test requirements. The test procedures are developed by the CA.
- Test Requirements - requirements specifying what modes and functions, etc. shall be tested. The test requirements are not the detailed test procedures.
- Trending - monitoring using the building control system.
- Vendor - supplier of equipment.
- Warranty Period - warranty period for entire project, including equipment components. Warranty begins at Substantial Completion and extends for at least one year, unless specifically noted otherwise in the Contract Documents and accepted submittals.

1.6 SYSTEMS TO BE COMMISSIONED

- A. The following systems or equipment will be commissioned in this project.

Equipment and Systems

New Central Station Air Handling Units

New VAV Air Terminal Units with hot water heating coils

New Exhaust Fans

All new (or modifications to existing) chilled and heating water piping and accessories

All new (or modifications to existing) ductwork systems

All new (or modifications to existing) Building Automation System (BAS) components

Testing, Adjusting and Balancing Work (scope as specified in the Contract)

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 TEST EQUIPMENT

- A. All standard testing equipment required to perform startup and initial checkout and required functional performance testing shall be provided by the Division contractor for the equipment being tested. For example, the mechanical contractor of Division 15 shall ultimately be responsible for all standard testing equipment for the HVAC system and controls system in Division 15, except for equipment specific to and used by TAB in their commissioning responsibilities. Two-way radios, when required, shall be provided by the Division Contractor.
- B. Special equipment, tools and instruments (only available from vendor, specific to a piece of equipment) required for testing equipment, according to these Contract Documents shall be included in the base bid price to the Contractor and left on site, for the CA to use during functional testing, seasonal testing, and deferred testing. The equipment, tools, and instruments will be returned to the vendor / Subs after successful conclusion of the commissioning effort.
- C. If requested, the controls contractor shall provide the CA with temporary software license to be loaded on the CA's computer, and any necessary network connection cables, for accessing the direct digital control system field panels for system testing. If available, the controls contractor shall provide a palm device with attachments, software, and cables, to check set point values of terminal device controllers. The controls contractor shall provide the CA with remote access method and username / password for remote connection to direct digital control system. All of the software, cables, and other items provided to the CA will be returned at the successful conclusion of the commissioning effort.
- D. All testing equipment shall be of sufficient quality and accuracy to test and/or measure system performance with the tolerances specified in the *Specifications*. If not otherwise noted, the following minimum requirements shall apply: Temperature sensors and digital thermometers shall have a certified calibration within the past year to an accuracy of 0.5F and a resolution of + or - 0.1F. Humidity sensors shall have a certified calibration within the past 6 months and a resolution of +/- 1%. Pressure sensors shall have an accuracy of + or - 2.0% of the value range being measured (not full range of meter) and have been calibrated within the last year. All equipment shall be calibrated according to the manufacturer's recommended intervals and when dropped or damaged. Calibration tags shall be affixed or certificates readily available.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 MEETINGS

- A. Cx Kick-off Meeting. The CA will schedule, plan and conduct a meeting with the entire commissioning team in attendance. Information gathered from this meeting will allow the CA to complete the *Commissioning Plan* to its “final” version, which will also be distributed to all parties.
- B. Miscellaneous Meetings. Other meetings will be planned and conducted by the CA as construction progresses. These meetings will cover coordination, deficiency resolution and planning issues with particular Subs. The CA will plan these meetings and will minimize unnecessary time being spent by Subs. For large projects, these meetings may be held monthly, until the final stages of construction when they may be held as frequently as one per week.

3.2 REPORTING

- A. The CA may provide regular reports to the A/E and PM, depending on the management structure, with increasing frequency as construction and commissioning progresses. Standard forms may be provided and referenced in the *Commissioning Plan*.
- B. The CA will regularly communicate with all members of the commissioning team (typically by means of email), keeping them apprised of commissioning progress and scheduling changes through memos, progress reports, etc.
- C. Testing or review approvals and non-conformance and deficiency reports are made regularly with the review and testing as described in later sections.

3.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. The CA will provide appropriate contractors with a specific request for the type of submittal documentation the CA requires to facilitate the commissioning work. These requests will be integrated into the normal submittal process and protocol of the construction team. At minimum, the submittal will include the manufacturer and model number, the manufacturer’s printed installation and detailed start-up procedures, full sequences of operation, O&M data, performance data, any performance test procedures, control drawings and details of owner contracted tests. In addition, the installation and checkout materials that are actually shipped inside the equipment and the actual field checkout sheet forms to be used by the factory or field technicians shall be submitted to the Commissioning authority. All documentation requested by the CA will be included by the Subs in their O&M manual contributions. *All submittal items required by the CA are required to be submitted both in printed format and in digital PDF format on a CD-ROM (or transmitted via email) for the CA’s use.*

- B. The Commissioning authority will review submittals related to the commissioned equipment for conformance to the Contract Documents as it relates to the commissioning process, to the functional performance of the equipment and adequacy for developing test procedures. This review is intended primarily to aid in the development of functional testing procedures and only secondarily to verify compliance with equipment specifications. The Commissioning authority will notify the PM or A/E as requested, of items missing or areas that are not in conformance with Contract Documents and which may require resubmission.
- C. The CA may request additional design narrative from the A/E and Controls Contractor, depending on the completeness of the design intent documentation and sequences provided with the Contract Specifications and Drawings.
- D. These submittals to the CA do not constitute compliance for O&M manual documentation. The O&M manuals are the responsibility of the Contractor.

3.4 START-UP, PREFUNCTIONAL CHECKLISTS AND INITIAL CHECKOUT

- A. The following procedures apply to all equipment to be commissioned, according to Section 1.7, Systems to be Commissioned. Some systems that are not comprised so much of actual dynamic machinery and thus may have very simplified PCs and startup.
- B. General. Prefunctional checklists are important to ensure that the equipment and systems are hooked up and operational. It ensures that functional performance testing (in-depth system checkout) may proceed without unnecessary delays. Each piece of equipment receives full prefunctional checkout. No sampling strategies are used. The prefunctional testing for a given system must be successfully completed prior to formal functional performance testing of equipment or subsystems of the given system.
- C. Start-up and Initial Checkout Plan. The CA shall assist the commissioning team members responsible for startup of any equipment in developing detailed start-up plans for all equipment. The primary role of the CA in this process is to ensure that there is written documentation that each of the manufacturer-recommended procedures have been completed. Parties responsible for prefunctional checklists and startup are identified in the commissioning scoping meeting and in the checklist forms. Parties responsible for executing functional performance tests are identified in the testing requirements outlined in the Commissioning Plan – Construction Phase.
 - 1. These checklists indicate required procedures to be executed as part of startup and initial checkout of the systems and the party responsible for their execution.
 - 2. These checklists and tests are provided by the CA to the Contractor. The CA will complete the installation checks portion of the checklists while the Subs will assist the CA in completing the equipment start-up and check-out portions. Most forms will have more than one trade responsible for its

execution.

3. The CA may utilize some or all of a manufacturer's start-up documentation.

D. Sensor and Actuator Calibration.

All field-installed temperature, relative humidity, CO, CO₂ and pressure sensors and gages, and all actuators (dampers and valves) on all equipment shall be calibrated using the methods described below. Alternate methods may be used, if approved by the Owner before-hand. All test instruments shall have had a certified calibration within the last 12 months. Sensors installed *in* the unit at the factory with calibration certification provided need not be field calibrated.

All procedures used shall be fully documented on contractor provided checklists or other suitable forms, clearly referencing the procedures followed and written documentation of initial, intermediate and final results.

Sensor Calibration Methods

All Sensors. Verify that all sensor locations are appropriate and away from causes of erratic operation. Verify that sensors with shielded cable, are grounded only at one end. For sensor pairs that are used to determine a temperature or pressure difference, make sure they are reading within 0.2°F of each other for temperature and within a tolerance equal to 2% of the reading, of each other, for pressure. Tolerances for critical applications may be tighter.

Sensors Without Transmitters--Standard Application. Make a reading with a calibrated test instrument within 6 inches of the site sensor. Verify that the sensor reading (via the permanent thermostat, gage or building automation system (BAS)) is within the tolerances in the table below of the instrument-measured value. If not, install offset in BAS, calibrate or replace sensor.

Sensors With Transmitters--Standard Application. Disconnect sensor. Connect a signal generator in place of sensor. Connect ammeter in series between transmitter and BAS control panel. Using manufacturer's resistance-temperature data, simulate minimum desired temperature. Adjust transmitter potentiometer zero until 4 mA is read by the ammeter. Repeat for the maximum temperature matching 20 mA to the potentiometer span or maximum and verify at the BAS. Record all values and recalibrate controller as necessary to conform with specified control ramps, reset schedules, proportional relationship, reset relationship and P/I reaction. Reconnect sensor. Make a reading with a calibrated test instrument within 6 inches of the site sensor. Verify that the sensor reading (via the permanent thermostat, gage or building automation system (BAS)) is within the tolerances in the table below of the instrument-measured value. If not, replace sensor and repeat. For pressure sensors, perform a similar process with a suitable signal generator.

Critical Applications. For critical applications (process, manufacturing, etc.) more rigorous calibration techniques may be required for selected sensors. Describe any such methods used on an attached sheet.

Valve and Damper Stroke Setup and Check EMS Readout. For all valve and damper actuator positions checked, verify the actual position against the BAS readout.

Set pumps or fans to normal operating mode. Command valve or damper closed, visually verify that valve or damper is closed and adjust output zero signal as required. Command valve or damper open, verify position is full open and adjust output signal as required. Command valve or damper to a few intermediate positions. If actual valve or damper position doesn't reasonably correspond, replace actuator.

Closure for heating coil valves (NO): Set heating setpoint 20°F above room temperature. Observe valve open. Remove control power from the valve and verify that the valve stem and actuator position do not change. Restore to normal. Set heating setpoint to 20°F below room temperature. Observe the valve close. Restore to normal.

Closure for cooling coil valves (NC): Set cooling setpoint 20°F above room temperature. Observe the valve close. Remove control power from the valve and verify that the valve stem and actuator position do not change. Restore to normal. Set cooling setpoint to 20°F below room temperature. Observe valve open. Restore to normal.

E. Execution of Prefunctional Checklists and Startup.

1. Four weeks prior to startup, the Subs and vendors schedule startup and checkout with the General Contractor who will notify the CA. The performance of the prefunctional checklists, startup and checkout are directed and executed by the CA with the assistance of the Sub or vendor as required. The CA will primarily complete the installation checks portion of the checklists while the Subs will assist with the equipment start-up and check-out portion. When checking off prefunctional checklists, signatures may be required of other Subs for verification of completion of their work.
2. The Controls Contractor shall complete the "Sensor & Device Readiness" prefunctional checklists on the Cx website in the Forms / Checklist section prior to scheduling the field testing of the control system sensors and devices with the CA. This can be accomplished on a system-by-system basis as construction and check-out progresses.
3. Only individuals that have direct knowledge and witnessed that a line item task on the prefunctional checklist was actually performed shall initial or check that item off. It is not acceptable for witnessing supervisors to fill out these forms.

F. Deficiencies, Non-Conformance and Approval in Checklists and Startup.

1. The CA shall clearly list any outstanding items of the initial start-up and prefunctional procedures that were not completed successfully, at the

bottom of the procedures form or on an attached sheet.

2. The CA shall work with the Subs and vendors to correct and retest deficiencies or uncompleted items. The CA will involve the General Contractor and others as necessary. The installing Subs or vendors shall correct all areas that are deficient or incomplete in the checklists and tests in a timely manner, and shall notify the CA as soon as outstanding items have been corrected and resubmit an updated start-up report and a Statement of Correction on the original non-compliance report. When satisfactorily completed, the CA recommends approval of the execution of the checklists and startup of each system to the General Contractor using a standard form.
3. Cost of Installation Reinspections / Checklist Execution
 - a. At the discretion of the CA, A/E, and the Owner, the cost for the CA to re-inspect a documented deficiency that is incorrectly indicated as resolved shall be at the expense of the party responsible for the correction of the deficiency.
 - b. For a deficiency identified during the course of the commissioning process the CA will provide the reinspection / retesting once at no "charge" to the GC for their time. However, the CA's time for a second reinspection or retest will be charged to the GC, who may choose to recover costs from the responsible Sub.

3.5 Cx PERFORMANCE MONITORING, OPTIMIZATION & REPORTING (Cx-PMOR)

A. Objectives and Scope.

1. This project will utilize a cloud-based SaaS (Software as a Service) commissioning, performance monitoring, optimization, and reporting (Cx-PMOR) system which is provided under the CA contracted scope of work. The system shall be utilized during three distinctive phases of the project: construction, acceptance, and warranty phase.

B. Construction Phase - System Readiness:

1. The Cx-PMOR system will be utilized prior to Functional Performance Testing in order to gauge the readiness of the systems to be tested.
2. At least 10 days prior to the scheduled start of functional testing the BAS shall have delivered two weeks of operating data to the Cx-PMOR system. If the building automation system communication capabilities are not complete sufficiently to enable the BAS to email trend reports then the Controls Contractor shall manually generate two weeks trend data to a report. This manual report shall be the SAME EXACT REPORT FORMAT as was prior approved and will be used for the permanent reporting (specified elsewhere herein). This manual report shall either be emailed to the CA or shall be emailed to the project's specific Cx-PMOR email account.
3. Following receipt of two weeks of operating data (either automatically or

manual) the CA shall review the data utilizing the Cx-PMOR system to assess the readiness of the specific system to begin on-site functional testing.

4. The CA shall notify the project team of the any deficiencies identified by the trend data analysis that would need to be addressed prior to beginning functional testing.

C. Acceptance Phase – Post Functional Test Monitoring:

1. The Cx-PMOR system shall be utilized following on-site Functional Testing to assess dynamic operation stability and to ensure the systems operate properly under varying load conditions and occupancy modes. This is a limited length testing and is intended to be conducted for a short period (approximately two weeks) prior the completion of the formal functional testing.
2. Any deficiencies identified during this monitoring period shall be added to the project Commissioning Issue Log to be addressed by the Contractor as construction deficiencies. Some deficiencies identified by this monitoring may required supplemental on-site functional testing to be performed at the cost of the Contractor.

D. Warranty Phase – Monitoring:

1. The Cx-PMOR system will be utilized during the first year following substantial completion to monitor the performance of the building and the individual systems.
2. Any operational deficiency identified by the system will be documented using the system's online Issue Log and the deficiency will be resolved through the contract's Project Warranty process.
3. At eleven months following substantial completion the CA shall provide a comprehensive review of the system operation using the Cx-PMOR system to analyze the data provided from the BAS. An updated Warranty Phase Issue Log shall be generated and the Contractor shall resolve all issues determined by the team to be subject to Warranty requirements.
4. At the Owner's option, and additional cost, the services of the CA and the Cx-PMOR system may be utilized after the expiration of the Warranty Phase as an On-Going Commissioning process.

3.6 TEST, ADJUST, BALANCE (TAB) VERIFICATION (TAB-V)

- A. TAB Agency shall provide labor and instruments to complete TAB Verification process with the Commissioning Agent. TAB Verification (TAB-V) shall be conducted to verify the contents of the Engineer-of-Record reviewed TAB Report. The verification shall include the following sampling rates and strategies:

1. Supply Air Flow: a sample 20% of the total supply air outlets shall be

- tested, acceptable tolerance shall be +/- 10% between the measured airflow and the design airflow. If more than 25% of the sample requires correction at the time of testing then another 10% of the total quantity of supply air outlets shall be tested.
2. Exhaust Air Balance: ALL exhaust air devices on the project shall be verified to have airflows balanced to +/- 10% of the design airflow.
 3. Outside Air Flow Measurement Station Calibration: All outside air diffusers / outlets / branch ducts shall be verified to be within +/- 10% of design airflow. ALL outside air flow measurement stations shall be calibrated by the TAB Agency (with assistance of Controls Contractor). ALL flow measurement station calibrations shall be verified, +/- 10% between the measured total airflow and the airflow indicated by the DDC system.
 4. Chilled Water Flow Balance: ALL (new and existing) chilled water cooling coils on the project shall be verified, acceptable tolerance shall be +/- 10% between the measured chilled water flow and the design water flow.
 5. Heating Water Flow Balance: a sample 20% of the heating coil water flows shall be tested, acceptable tolerance shall be +/- 10% between the measured waterflow and the design waterflow. If more than 25% of the sample requires correction at the time of testing then another 10% of the total quantity of heating coils shall be tested.
 6. *The TAB Agency may be responsible to pay for the additional trip(s) required of the Cx Professional for additional testing due to test failures on a time and material basis.*

3.7 FUNCTIONAL PERFORMANCE TESTING

- A. This sub-section applies to all commissioning functional testing.
- B. The general list of equipment to be commissioned is found in Section 15995, Part 1.7.
- C. The parties responsible to execute each test are listed with each test in the *Commissioning Plan – Construction Phase*.
- D. Objectives and Scope. The objective of functional performance testing is to demonstrate that each system is operating according to the documented design intent and Contract Documents. Functional testing facilitates bringing the systems from a state of substantial completion to full dynamic operation. Additionally, during the testing process, areas of deficient performance are identified and corrected, improving the operation and functioning of the systems.

In general, each system should be operated through all modes of operation (seasonal, occupied, unoccupied, warm-up, cool-down, part- and full-load) where there is a specified system response. Verifying each sequence in the sequences of operation is required. Proper responses to such modes and conditions as power failure, freeze condition, low oil pressure, no flow,

equipment failure, etc. shall also be tested. Specific modes required in this project are given in the *Commissioning Plan – Construction Phase*.

- E. Development of Test Procedures. Before test procedures are written, the CA shall obtain all requested documentation and a current list of change orders affecting equipment or systems, including an updated points list, program code, control sequences and parameters. The CA shall develop specific test procedures and forms to verify and document proper operation of each piece of equipment and system. Each Sub or vendor responsible to execute a test, shall provide limited assistance to the CA in developing the procedures review (answering questions about equipment, operation, sequences, etc.). Prior to execution, the CA shall provide a copy of the test procedures to the Sub(s) who shall review the tests for feasibility, safety, equipment and warranty protection. The CA may submit the tests to the PM or A/E for review, if requested.

The CA shall review owner-contracted, factory testing or required owner acceptance tests which the CA is not responsible to oversee, including documentation format, and shall determine what further testing or format changes may be required to comply with the *Specifications*. Redundancy of testing shall be minimized.

The purpose of any given specific test is to verify and document compliance with the stated criteria of acceptance given on the test form.

The test procedure forms developed by the CA may include (but not be limited to) the following information:

1. System and equipment or component name(s)
2. Equipment location and ID number
3. Unique test ID number, and reference to unique prefunctional checklist and start-up documentation ID numbers for the piece of equipment
4. Date
5. Project name
6. Participating parties
7. A copy of the specific sequence of operations or other specified parameters being verified
8. Formulas used in any calculations
9. Required pre-test field measurements
10. Instructions for setting up the test.
11. Special cautions, alarm limits, etc.
12. Specific step-by-step procedures to execute the test, in a clear, sequential and repeatable format
13. Acceptance criteria of proper performance with a Yes / No check box to allow for clearly marking whether or not proper performance of each part

of the test was achieved.

14. A section for comments
15. Signatures and date block for the CA

F. Test Methods.

1. Functional performance testing and verification may be achieved by manual testing (persons manipulate the equipment and observe performance) or by monitoring the performance and analyzing the results using the control system's trend log capabilities or by stand-alone dataloggers. The CA will determine which method is most appropriate for tests that do not have a method specified.
2. Simulated Conditions. Simulating conditions (not by an overwritten value) shall be allowed, though timing the testing to experience actual conditions is encouraged wherever practical.
3. Overwritten Values. Overwriting sensor values to simulate a condition, such as overwriting the outside air temperature reading in a control system to be something other than it really is, shall be allowed, but shall be used with caution and avoided when possible. Such testing methods often can only test a part of a system, as the interactions and responses of other systems will be erroneous or not applicable. Simulating a condition is preferable. e.g., for the above case, by heating the outside air sensor with a hair blower rather than overwriting the value or by altering the appropriate set point to see the desired response. Before simulating conditions or overwriting values, sensors, transducers and devices shall have been calibrated.
4. Simulated Signals. Using a signal generator which creates a simulated signal to test and calibrate transducers and DDC constants is generally recommended over using the sensor to act as the signal generator via simulated conditions or overwritten values.
5. Altering Setpoints. Rather than overwriting sensor values, and when simulating conditions is difficult, altering setpoints to test a sequence is acceptable. For example, to see the AC compressor lockout work at an outside air temperature below 55F, when the outside air temperature is above 55F, temporarily change the lockout setpoint to be 2F above the current outside air temperature.
6. Indirect Indicators. Relying on indirect indicators for responses or performance shall be allowed only after visually and directly verifying and documenting, over the range of the tested parameters, that the indirect readings through the control system represent actual conditions and responses. Much of this verification is completed during prefunctional testing.
7. Setup. Each function and test shall be performed under conditions that simulate actual conditions as close as is practically possible. The Sub

executing the test shall provide all necessary materials, system modifications, etc. to produce the necessary flows, pressures, temperatures, etc. necessary to execute the test according to the specified conditions. At completion of the test, the Sub shall return all affected building equipment and systems, due to these temporary modifications, to their pre-test condition.

8. Sampling. Multiple identical pieces of non-life-safety or otherwise non-critical equipment may be functionally tested using a sampling strategy. Significant application differences and significant sequence of operation differences in otherwise identical equipment invalidates their common identity. A small size or capacity difference, alone, does not constitute a difference. The specific recommended sampling rates are specified in the *Commissioning Plan – Construction Phase*. It is noted that no sampling by Subs is allowed in prefunctional checklist execution.

A common sampling strategy referenced in the *Specifications* as the “xx% Sampling—yy% Failure Rule” is defined by the following example.

xx = the percent of the group of identical equipment to be included in each sample.

yy = the percent of the sample that if failing, will require another sample to be tested.

The example below describes a 20% Sampling—10% Failure Rule.

- a. Randomly test at least 20% (xx) of each group of identical equipment. In no case test less than three units in each group. This 20%, or three, constitute the “first sample.”
- b. If 10% (yy) of the units in the first sample fail the functional performance tests, test another 20% of the group (the second sample).
- c. If 10% of the units in the second sample fail, test all remaining units in the whole group.
- d. If at any point, frequent failures are occurring and testing is becoming more troubleshooting than verification, the CA may stop the testing and require the responsible Sub to perform and document a checkout of the remaining units, prior to continuing with functionally testing the remaining units.

The above Sampling – Failure procedures may be modified by the CA at his discretion with agreement by the PM based upon specific reasons for a test failure versus affect of specific test on the system performance as a whole.

- G. Coordination and Scheduling. The Subs shall provide sufficient notice to the CA regarding their completion schedule for the prefunctional checklists and startup of all equipment and systems. The CA will schedule functional tests

through the GC and affected Subs. The CA shall direct, witness and document the functional testing of all equipment and systems. The Subs shall execute the tests.

In general, functional testing is conducted after equipment startup and checkout has been satisfactorily completed. The control system is sufficiently tested and approved by the CA before it is used for TAB or to verify performance of other components or systems. The air balancing and water balancing is completed and debugged before functional testing of air-related or water-related equipment or systems. Testing proceeds from components to subsystems to systems. When the proper performance of all interacting individual systems has been achieved, the interface or coordinated responses between systems is checked.

- H. System Readiness: The Controls Contractor shall complete the "Functional Test Readiness" sheets under the Forms / Tests section on the Cx website prior to scheduling functional testing of the HVAC systems with the CA. This can be accomplished on a system-by-system basis as other prerequisites to testing execution are completed.
- I. Test Equipment. Refer to Section 15995, Part 2 for test equipment requirements.
- J. Problem Solving. The CA will recommend solutions to problems found, however the burden of responsibility to solve, correct and retest problems is with the GC, Subs and A/E.

3.8 DOCUMENTATION, NON-CONFORMANCE AND APPROVAL OF TESTS

- A. Documentation. The CA shall witness and document the results of all functional performance tests using the specific procedural forms developed for that purpose. Prior to testing, these forms are provided to the PM for review and approval and to the Subs for review. The CA will include the filled out forms in an Appendix to the Commissioning Summary Report.
- B. Non-Conformance.
 - 1. The CA will record the results of the functional test on the procedure or test form. All deficiencies or non-conformance issues shall be noted and reported to the PM and A/E through the use of an Issues Log.
 - 2. Corrections of minor deficiencies identified may be made during the tests at the discretion of the CA. In such cases the deficiency and resolution will be documented on the procedure form.
 - 3. Every effort will be made to expedite the testing process and minimize unnecessary delays, while not compromising the integrity of the procedures. However, the CA will not be pressured into overlooking deficient work or loosening acceptance criteria to satisfy scheduling or cost issues, unless there is an overriding reason to do so at the request of the

PM.

4. As tests progress and a deficiency is identified, the CA discusses the issue with the executing contractor.
 - a. When there is no dispute on the deficiency and the Sub accepts responsibility to correct it:
 - 1) The CA documents the deficiency on the Cx Issue Log and the Sub's response and intentions and they go on to another test or sequence. Once the Sub corrects the deficiency they notify the CA who will retest or check as required to determine the deficiency has been corrected and will update the status of the deficiency on the Cx Issue Log.
 - b. If there is a dispute about a deficiency, regarding whether it is a deficiency or who is responsible:
 - 1) The deficiency shall be documented on the Cx Issue Log with the Sub's response and a copy given to the GC and to the Sub representative assumed to be responsible.
 - 2) Resolutions are made at the lowest management level possible. Other parties are brought into the discussions as needed. Final interpretive authority is with the A/E. Final acceptance authority is with the Project Manager.
 - 3) The CA documents the resolution process using the Cx Issue Log.
 - 4) Once the interpretation and resolution have been decided, the appropriate party corrects the deficiency and notifies the CA. The CA reschedules the test and the test is repeated until satisfactory performance is achieved.
5. Cost of Retesting.
 - a. At the discretion of the CA, A/E, and the Owner, the cost for the *Sub* to retest a functional test, if they are responsible for the deficiency, shall be theirs. If they are not responsible, any cost recovery for retesting costs shall be negotiated with the GC.
 - b. For a deficiency identified, not related to any start-up or initial checkout fault, the following shall apply: The CA and PM will direct the retesting of the equipment once at no "charge" to the GC for their time. However, the CA's time for a second retest will be charged to the GC, who may choose to recover costs from the responsible Sub.
 - c. The time for the CA to direct any retesting required because a specific start-up or checkout item, reported to have been successfully completed, but determined during functional testing to be faulty, will be backcharged to the GC, who may choose to recover costs from the party responsible for executing the faulty prefunctional test.

- d. Refer to the sampling section of Section 15995, Part 3.6 for requirements for testing and retesting identical equipment.
 6. The Contractor shall respond in writing to the CA and PM at least as often as commissioning meetings are being scheduled concerning the status of each apparent outstanding discrepancy identified during commissioning. Discussion shall cover explanations of any disagreements and proposals for their resolution.
 7. Any required retesting by any contractor shall not be considered a justified reason for a claim of delay or for a time extension by the prime contractor.
- C. Failure Due to Manufacturer Defect. If 10%, or three, whichever is greater, of identical pieces (size alone does not constitute a difference) of equipment fail to perform to the Contract Documents (mechanically or substantively) due to manufacturing defect, not allowing it to meet its submitted performance spec, all identical units may be considered unacceptable by the PM or A/E. In such case, the Contractor shall provide the Owner with the following:
- a. Within one week of notification from the A/E or PM, the Contractor or manufacturer's representative shall examine all other identical units making a record of the findings. The findings shall be provided to the A/E and PM within two weeks of the original notice.
 - b. Within two weeks of the original notification, the Contractor or manufacturer shall provide a signed and dated, written explanation of the problem, cause of failures, etc. and all proposed solutions which shall include full equipment submittals. The proposed solutions shall not significantly exceed the specification requirements of the original installation.
 - c. The A/E and PM will determine whether a replacement of all identical units or a repair is acceptable.
 - d. Two examples of the proposed solution will be installed by the Contractor and they will be allowed to test the installations for up to one week, after which the PM will decide whether to accept the solution.
 - e. Upon acceptance, the Contractor and/or manufacturer shall replace or repair all identical items, at their expense and extend the warranty accordingly, if the original equipment warranty had begun. The replacement/repair work shall proceed with reasonable speed beginning within one week from when parts can be obtained.
- D. Approval. The CA notes each satisfactorily demonstrated function on the test form. Formal approval of the functional test is made later after review by the CA and by the PM, if necessary. The CA recommends acceptance of each test to the PM.

3.9 TRAINING OF OWNER PERSONNEL

- A. The General (Prime) Contractor shall be responsible for training coordination and scheduling and ultimately to ensure that training is completed, refer to other

project specification sections for detailed requirements. For this project the CA will not be involved in preparing, approving, or executing training content nor scheduling of training.

3.10 WRITTEN WORK PRODUCTS

- A. The commissioning process generates a number of written work products described in various parts of the *Specifications*. The *Commissioning Plan—Construction Phase*, lists all the formal written work products, describes briefly their contents, who is responsible to create them, their due dates, who receives and approves them and the location of the specification to create them. In summary, the written products are:

Product	Developed By
1. Cx Meeting minutes	CA
2. Commissioning schedules	CA with GC
3. Equipment documentation submittals	Subs
4. Sequence clarifications	Subs and A/E as needed
5. Prefunctional Checklists	CA and Subs as needed
6. Final TAB report	TAB
7. Issues Log (deficiencies)	CA
8. Commissioning Progress Record	CA
9. Functional test forms	CA
10. Filled out functional tests	CA and Subs as needed
11. O&M manuals	Subs
12. Overall training plan	Subs
13. Specific training agendas	Subs
14. Final commissioning issue log report(s)	CA

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SECTION 15995 - HVAC SYSTEMS COMMISSIONING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. Commissioning. Commissioning is a systematic process of ensuring that all building systems perform interactively according to the design intent and the owner's operational needs. Ideally, this is achieved by beginning in the design phase and documenting design intent and continuing through construction, acceptance and the warranty period with actual verification of performance. The commissioning process shall encompass and coordinate the traditionally separate functions of system documentation, equipment startup, control system calibration, testing and balancing, performance testing and training.

Commissioning during the construction, acceptance, and warranty phase is intended to achieve the following specific objectives according to the Contract Documents:

- 1) Verify that applicable equipment and systems are installed according to the manufacturer's recommendations and to industry accepted minimum standards and that they receive adequate operational checkout by installing contractors.
 - 2) Verify and document proper functional performance of equipment and systems.
 - 3) Verify on-going proper performance persistence of systems under changing conditions throughout the first year of operation.
- B. The commissioning process does not take away from or reduce the responsibility of the system designers or installing contractors to provide a finished and fully functioning product.
- C. Abbreviations. The following are common abbreviations used in the *Specifications* and in the *Commissioning Plan*.

A/E- Architect and/or design engineers	FT- Functional performance test
CA- Commissioning authority	GC- General Contractor (prime)
CC- Controls contractor	MC- Mechanical contractor
Cx- Commissioning	PC- Prefunctional checklist
Cx Plan- Commissioning Plan document	PM- Project manager (of the Owner)
EC- Electrical contractor	Subs-Subcontractors to General

TAB- Test and balance contractor

1.2 COORDINATION

- A. Commissioning Team. The members of the commissioning team consist of the Commissioning Authority (CA), the owner's Project Manager (PM), the General Contractor (GC or Contractor), the Mechanical Engineer (ME), the Mechanical Contractor (MC), the Electrical Contractor (EC), the TAB representative (TAB), the Controls Contractor (CC), any other installing subcontractors or suppliers of equipment. If known, the Owner's building or plant operator/engineer is also a member of the commissioning team.
- B. Management. For this project, the CA is hired directly by the Owner and reports directly to the Owner with copy to the A/E on all correspondence and reports. The CA directs and coordinates the commissioning activities and reports to the A/E and the Owner's Project Manager (PM). All members work together to fulfill their contracted responsibilities and meet the objectives of the Contract Documents. The CA's responsibilities are the same regardless of who hired the CA.
- C. Scheduling. The CA will work with the GC according to established protocols to schedule the commissioning activities. The CA will provide sufficient notice to the GC for scheduling commissioning activities. The GC will integrate all commissioning activities into the master schedule. All parties will address scheduling problems and make necessary notifications in a timely manner in order to expedite the commissioning process.

The CA will provide the initial schedule (or possibly just sequence) of primary commissioning events at the Commissioning Kick-Off Meeting. As construction progresses more detailed schedules are developed by the CA if needed based on the duration and complexity of the project.

1.3 COMMISSIONING PROCESS

- A. Commissioning Process. The following narrative provides a brief overview of the typical commissioning tasks during construction and the general order in which they occur.
 - 1. Commissioning during construction begins with a kickoff meeting conducted by the CA where the commissioning process is reviewed with the commissioning team members.
 - 2. Additional meetings, if required throughout construction, will be scheduled by the CA with necessary parties attending, to plan, scope, coordinate, schedule future activities and resolve problems.
 - 3. Equipment documentation is submitted to the CA during normal submittals for use in developing and finalizing project-specific Cx documentation.
 - 4. The CA reviews the commissioned equipment submittals for compliance

with contract requirements as well as for aspects related to commissioning and owner maintenance.

5. The CA develops prefunctional checklists to be completed for systems and equipment to be commissioned during the equipment startup and check-out process. These checklists are intended to augment, not replace, the manufacturer's standard start-up / checkout documentation which should also be completed as recommended by the manufacturer or required by other specification sections.
6. The CA and the Subs work together to execute and document the prefunctional checklists and perform startup and initial checkout. In general the CA will complete the installation checks portion of the prefunctional checklists while the CA and the Subs complete the equipment start-up / checkout portions together as assigned in the forms . The CA documents that the checklists and startup were completed according to the approved plans.
7. The CA develops specific equipment and system functional performance test procedures.
8. The Controls Contractor sets up trending of system points and automated delivery of the trend reports as directed by CA. This data, if available prior to manual functional testing, is utilized to judge the readiness of systems to be tested.
9. The CA with the assistance of the TAB Contractor completes the Test, Adjust, Balance Verification (TAB-V) process. This must be successfully completed prior to beginning functional testing for each specific system.
10. The manual functional test procedures are executed by the Subs, under the direction of, and documented by the CA.
11. Items of non-compliance in material, installation or setup are corrected at the Sub's expense and the system retested.
12. Commissioning is substantially completed before Final Completion is granted to GC.

Warranty Period

1. For the duration of the Warranty Period the CA monitors the performance of the commissioned systems using the cloud-based Cx-PMOR system (BES Plus Tech Performance Plus). Any items identified by this monitoring shall be resolved through the Contract Warranty Process.

1.4 RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. The responsibilities of various parties in the commissioning process are provided in this section. It is noted that the services for the Project Manager, Architect, HVAC mechanical and electrical designers/engineers, and Commissioning Authority are not provided for in this contract. That is, the

Contractor is not responsible for providing their services as they are contracted separately with the Owner. Their responsibilities are listed here to clarify the commissioning process.

B. All Parties

1. Attend pre-commissioning meeting and normal construction period meetings, as deemed necessary by the CA, PM, and General Contractor to participate in the Cx Process.
2. Each company / organization identified as being a member of the Cx Team shall designate an employee who is involved and familiar with the project to be the point-of-contact (POC) for the Cx process.
3. The identified POC shall regularly review the on-line Issue Log at the BES Plus Tech website project portal and the report documents which are emailed to the Cx Team.
4. The POC shall respond to any and all issues assigned to the company / organization that they are representing in the Cx Process within five (5) working days of the date the issue is added to the Log. Failure by a construction team member to effectively participate in the Cx Process, as judged by the Owner, can be considered cause for holding a construction progress payment.

C. Architect / Engineer (or A/E)

Construction and Acceptance Phase

1. Attend the commissioning kickoff meeting and selected commissioning team meetings as required by the commissioning process.
2. Perform normal submittal review, construction observation, as-built drawing preparation, O&M manual preparation, etc., as contracted.
3. Provide any design narrative documentation requested by the CA.
4. Coordinate resolution of system deficiencies identified during commissioning, according to the contract documents.
5. Prepare and submit final as-built design intent documentation for inclusion in the O&M manuals. Review and approve the O&M manuals.

Warranty Period

1. Coordinate resolution of design non-conformance and design deficiencies identified during warranty-period commissioning.

D. Mechanical and Electrical Designers / Engineers (ME, EE – of the A/E)

Construction and Acceptance Phase

1. Perform normal submittal review, construction observation, as-built drawing preparation, etc., as per scope of contract with Owner. One site observation should be completed just prior to system startup.

2. Provide any design narrative and sequences documentation requested by the CA. The designers shall assist (along with the contractors) in clarifying the operation and control of commissioned equipment in areas where the specifications, control drawings or equipment documentation is not sufficient for writing detailed testing procedures.
3. Attend commissioning kickoff meeting and other selected commissioning team meetings if requested by the CA or PM.
4. Participate / assist in the resolution of system deficiencies identified during commissioning, according to the contract documents – particularly as it relates to design intent.
5. Review and approve the O&M manuals.

Warranty Period

1. Participate in the resolution of non-compliance, non-conformance and design deficiencies identified during warranty-period.

E. Commissioning Authority (CA)

The CA is not responsible for design concept, design criteria, compliance with codes, design or general construction scheduling, cost estimating, or construction management. The CA may assist with problem-solving non-conformance or deficiencies, but ultimately that responsibility resides with the general contractor and the A/E. The primary role of the CA is to develop and coordinate the execution of a testing plan, observe and document performance—that systems are functioning in accordance with the documented design intent and in accordance with the Contract Documents. At the direction and discretion of the CA, the Contractors will provide tools or the use of tools to start, check-out and functionally test equipment and systems.

Construction and Acceptance Phase

1. Coordinates and directs the commissioning activities in a logical, sequential and efficient manner using consistent protocols and forms, centralized documentation, clear and regular communications and consultations with all necessary parties, frequently updated timelines and schedules and technical expertise.
2. Coordinate the commissioning work and, with the GC, ensure that commissioning activities are being scheduled into the master schedule.
3. Plan and conduct a commissioning kickoff meeting and other commissioning meetings as required by the project.
4. Request and review additional information required to perform commissioning tasks, including O&M materials, contractor start-up and checkout procedures.
5. Before startup, gather and review the current control sequences and interlocks and work with contractors and design engineers until sufficient

clarity has been obtained, in writing, to be able to write detailed testing procedures.

6. During the process of preparing functional test procedures, review normal Contractor submittals applicable to systems being commissioned for compliance with commissioning needs, concurrent with the A/E reviews.
7. Write and distribute prefunctional tests and checklists.
8. Perform site visits, as necessary, to observe construction progress. Review construction meeting minutes for revisions / substitutions relating to the commissioning process. Assist in resolving any discrepancies.
9. Document equipment installation meets contract requirements by completion of the installation checks portion of the prefunctional checklists. Work together with Subs to complete the equipment start-up and check-out portion of the checklists. Approve prefunctional tests and checklist completion by reviewing prefunctional checklist reports and by selected site observation and spot checking.
10. Approve systems startup by reviewing start-up reports and by selected site observation.
11. Approve air and water systems balancing by spot testing, by reviewing completed reports and by selected site observation (TAB Verification process).
12. With necessary assistance from installing contractors and design professionals, write the functional performance test procedures for equipment and systems. This may include energy management control system trending, stand-alone datalogger monitoring and manual functional testing.
13. Analyze any functional performance trend logs and monitoring data to verify performance as well as to confirm the readiness of systems for manual functional performance testing.
14. Coordinate, witness and approve manual functional performance tests performed by installing contractors. Coordinate retesting as necessary until satisfactory performance is achieved.
15. Maintain a master deficiency and resolution log (aka 'Issues Log') and a separate testing record.
16. Provide a final commissioning report (as described in this section).

Warranty Period

1. Configure and maintain the cloud-based Cx-PMOR performance monitoring system throughout the Warranty Period to identify performance and operational issues. Issues shall be documented using On-Going Issues Log and shall be corrected by way of the Contract Warranty Process.
2. Verify completion and effectiveness of required deficiency corrections for

issues discovered during Warranty Period.

F. Owner's Project Manager (PM)

Construction and Acceptance Phase

1. Manage the contract of the CA, A/E, and of the GC.
2. Arrange for facility operating and maintenance personnel to attend various field commissioning activities and field training sessions according to the Contract Documents.
3. Provide final approval for the completion of the commissioning work.

Warranty Period

1. Ensure that any seasonal or deferred testing and any deficiency issues are addressed.

G. General Contractor (GC)

Construction and Acceptance Phase

1. Facilitate the coordination of the commissioning work by the CA, and with the CA ensure that commissioning activities are being scheduled into the master schedule.
2. Include the cost of facilitating the commissioning process in the total contract price (*do NOT include the cost of the Commissioning Authority as they are under contract to the Owner*).
3. Furnish a copy of all construction documents, addenda, change orders and approved submittals and shop drawings related to commissioned equipment to the CA.
4. In each purchase order or subcontract written, include requirements for submittal data, O&M data, commissioning tasks and training.
5. Ensure that all Subs execute their commissioning responsibilities according to the Contract Documents and schedule.
6. A representative shall attend a commissioning kickoff meeting and other necessary meetings scheduled by the CA to facilitate the Cx process. Coordinate and require the attendance of required subcontractors at all Cx meetings as requested by the CA.
7. Coordinate the training of owner personnel in accordance to Contract Documents.
8. Prepare O&M manuals, according to the Contract Documents, including clarifying and updating the design sequences of operation to as-built conditions.

Warranty Period

1. Coordinate with and ensure that subcontractors complete deficiency corrections for issues discovered during Warranty Period.
- H. Equipment Suppliers
1. Provide all requested submittal data, including detailed start-up procedures and specific responsibilities of the Owner to keep warranties in force.
 2. Assist in equipment testing per agreements with Subs and as required by individual equipment specification sections.
 3. Include all special tools and instruments (only available from vendor, specific to a piece of equipment) required for testing equipment according to these Contract Documents in the base bid price to the Contractor, except for stand-alone data logging equipment that may be used by the CA.
 4. Through the contractors they supply products to, analyze specified products and verify that the designer has specified the newest most updated equipment reasonable for this project's scope and budget.
 5. Provide information requested by CA regarding equipment sequence of operation and testing procedures.
 6. Review test procedures for equipment installed by factory representatives.
- I. Mechanical, Controls and TAB Contractors. The commissioning responsibilities applicable to each of the mechanical, controls and TAB contractors of Division 15 are as follows (all references apply to commissioned equipment only):

Construction and Acceptance Phases

1. Include the cost of facilitating commissioning in the subcontract price (*do NOT include the cost of the Commissioning Authority as they are under contract to Owner*).
2. In each purchase order or subcontract written, include requirements for submittal data, commissioning documentation, O&M data and training requirements.
3. Attend a commissioning kickoff meeting and other meetings as deemed necessary by the CA and PM to facilitate the Cx process.
4. Contractors shall provide the CA with normal cut sheets and shop drawing submittals of commissioned equipment in print and digital PDF format.
5. Provide additional requested documentation, prior to normal O&M manual submittals, to the CA for development of start-up and functional testing procedures.
 - a. Typically this will include detailed manufacturer installation and start-up, operating, troubleshooting and maintenance procedures, full details of any owner-contracted tests, fan and pump curves, full

- factory testing reports, if any, and full warranty information, including all responsibilities of the Owner to keep the warranty in force clearly identified. In addition, the installation, start-up and checkout materials that are actually shipped inside the equipment and the actual field checkout sheet forms to be used by the factory or field technicians shall be submitted to the Commissioning Agent.
- b. The Commissioning Agent may request further documentation necessary for the commissioning process.
 - c. This data request may be made prior to normal submittals.
6. Provide a copy of the O&M manuals and submittals of commissioned equipment, through normal channels, to the CA for review and use. O&M manuals shall be provided in print and digital PDF format.
 7. Contractors shall assist (along with the design engineers) in clarifying the operation and control of commissioned equipment in areas where the specifications, control drawings or equipment documentation is not sufficient for writing detailed testing procedures.
 8. Provide limited assistance to the CA in preparing the specific functional performance test procedures for the *Commissioning Plan – Construction Phase*.
 10. Perform and clearly document all completed startup and system operational checkout procedures recommended by equipment manufacturers, providing a completed copy to the CA.
 11. Address current A/E punch list items before functional testing. Air and water TAB shall be completed with discrepancies and problems remedied before manual functional testing of the respective air- or water-related systems.
 12. Provide skilled technicians to execute starting of equipment and to execute the functional performance tests. Ensure that the technicians are available and present during the agreed upon schedules and for sufficient duration to complete the necessary tests, adjustments and problem- solving.
 13. Provide skilled technicians to perform manual functional performance testing under the direction of the CA for specified equipment in the *Commissioning Plan* and Section 15995. Assist the CA in interpreting the monitoring data, as necessary.
 14. Correct deficiencies (differences between specified and observed performance) as interpreted by the CA, PM and A/E and retest the equipment.
 15. Prepare O&M manuals according to the Contract Documents, including clarifying and updating the original sequences of operation to as-built conditions.

16. As specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents maintain as-built red-line drawings during construction for all drawings and final CAD as-builts for contractor-generated coordination drawings. Update after completion of commissioning (excluding deferred testing).
17. Provide training of the Owner's operating staff using expert qualified personnel, as specified in the Contract Documents.
18. Coordinate with equipment manufacturers to determine specific requirements to maintain the validity of the warranty.

Warranty Period

1. If specified, execute seasonal or deferred manual functional performance testing, witnessed by the CA, according to the specifications.
 2. Provide assistance to the CA as required to configure the Cx-PMOR performance monitoring system.
 3. Correct deficiencies according to the contract warranty process and make necessary adjustments to O&M manuals and as-built drawings for applicable issues identified in any seasonal testing or through the Cx-PMOR system.
- J. Mechanical Contractor. The responsibilities of the HVAC mechanical contractor, during construction and acceptance phases in addition to those listed above are:
1. Provide startup for all HVAC equipment, except for the building automation control system.
 2. Assist and cooperate with the TAB contractor, Controls Contractor, and Commissioning Authority by:
 - a. Putting all HVAC equipment and systems into operation and continuing the operation during each working day of TAB and commissioning, as required.
 - b. Including cost of sheaves and belts that may be required by TAB.
 3. Providing and installing test ports with threaded caps in ducts, plenums, and equipment casings as indicated below:
 - a. At all locations where TAB Contractor makes temperature, pressure, or velocity measurements. Mechanical Contractor shall coordinate location and quantity of these test ports with TAB Contractor.
 - b. Within six inches of all control system sensors.
 - c. Test ports shall be factory fabricated, airtight, and non-corrosive test ports with screw cap and gasket equal to Ventlok type 699. For duct which is externally insulated provide equal to Ventlok type 699-2 which are 2-5/8" long such that the end of the port clears the insulation.
 4. Provide and install a P/T (pressure and temperature) test port at all

locations indicated on the Construction Documents AND at all water sensors (temperature or pressure) which are an analog input point to the control system.

- a. Shall be located within six inches of the control system sensor.
 - b. Installed on insulated piping shall be 'extended' ports with sufficient length such that the end of the port clears the insulation.
 - c. Shall be provided with a rubber retaining strap on the threaded cap.
5. List and clearly identify on the as-built drawings the locations of all air-flow stations.
 6. Prepare a preliminary schedule for Division 15 pipe and duct system testing, flushing and cleaning, equipment start-up and TAB start and completion for use by the CA. Update the schedule as appropriate.
 7. Be responsible to notify the PM or CA, ahead of time, when commissioning activities not yet performed or not yet scheduled will delay construction. Be proactive in seeing that commissioning processes are executed and that the CA has the scheduling information needed to efficiently plan and execute the commissioning process.
- K. Controls Contractor. The commissioning responsibilities of the controls contractor, during construction and acceptance phases in addition to those listed above are:
1. Sequences of Operation Submittals. The Controls Contractor's submittals of control drawings shall include complete detailed sequences of operation for each piece of equipment, regardless of the completeness and clarity of the sequences in the specifications. It is the responsibility of the Controls Contractor to submit formal request for information to the Design Engineer if they feel they do not have sufficient information for a complete controls submittal or if they have reason to believe the control system if implemented as designed would result in an incomplete or functionally deficient system.
- Submittals shall be provided to the CA in print and digital PDF format, they shall include:
- a. An overview narrative of the system (1 or 2 paragraphs) generally describing its purpose, components and function.
 - b. All interactions and interlocks with other systems.
 - c. Detailed delineation of control between any packaged controls and the building automation system, listing what points the BAS monitors only and what BAS points are control points and are adjustable.
 - d. Written sequences of control for packaged controlled equipment. (Equipment manufacturers' stock sequences may be included, but will generally require additional narrative).

- e. Start-up sequences.
 - f. Warm-up mode sequences.
 - g. Normal operating mode sequences.
 - h. Unoccupied mode sequences.
 - i. Shutdown sequences.
 - j. Capacity control sequences and equipment staging.
 - k. Temperature and pressure control: setbacks, setups, resets, etc.
 - l. Detailed sequences for all control strategies, e.g., economizer control, optimum start/stop, staging, optimization, demand limiting, etc.
 - m. Effects of power or equipment failure with all standby component functions.
 - n. Sequences for all alarms and emergency shut downs.
 - o. Seasonal operational differences and recommendations.
 - p. Organized by equipment / system the Contractor shall provide list of control system points to be trended and delivered to the Cx-PMOR system via automated email reporting. List shall include a general point name, point type, and interval of trend value sampling.
 - q. Initial and recommended values for all adjustable settings, setpoints and parameters that are typically set or adjusted by operating staff; and any other control settings or fixed values, delays, etc. that will be useful during testing and operating the equipment.
 - r. Equipment or system operating schedules, if known. At minimum provide description of each schedule that will be set up and what equipment / system is proposed to be connected to each schedule.
 - s. To facilitate referencing in testing procedures, all sequences shall be written in small statements, each with a number for reference. For a given system, numbers will not repeat for different sequence sections, unless the sections are numbered.
2. Control Drawings Submittal
- Submittals shall be provided to the CA in print and digital PDF format, they shall include:
- a. The control drawings shall have a key to all abbreviations.
 - b. The control drawings shall contain graphic schematic depictions of the systems and each component.
 - c. The schematics will include the system and component layout of any equipment that the control system monitors, enables or controls, even if the equipment is primarily controlled by packaged or integral

controls.

- d. Provide a full points list with at least the following included for each point:
 - 1) Controlled system
 - 2) Point abbreviation
 - 3) Point description
 - 4) Display unit
 - 5) Control point or setpoint (Yes / No)
 - 6) Monitoring point (Yes / No)
 - 7) Intermediate point (Yes / No)
 - 8) Calculated point (Yes / No) Key:

Point Description: DB temp, airflow, etc.

Control or Setpoint: Point that controls equipment and can have its setpoint changed (OSA, SAT, etc.)

Intermediate Point: Point whose value is used to make a calculation which then controls equipment (space temperatures that are averaged to a virtual point to control reset).

Monitoring Point: Point that does not control or contribute to the control of equipment, but is used for operation, maintenance, or performance verification.

Calculated Point: "Virtual" point generated from calculations of other point values.

The Controls Contractor shall keep the CA informed of all changes to this list during programming and setup.

3. An updated as-built version of the control drawings and sequences of operation shall be included in the final controls O&M manual submittal.
4. Assist and cooperate with the TAB contractor in the following manner:
 - a. Meet with the TAB contractor prior to beginning TAB to determine the capabilities of the control system toward completing TAB. Provide the TAB any needed unique instruments for setting terminal unit boxes and instruct TAB in their use (software to be installed on TAB contractor PC, handheld control system interface for use around the building during TAB, etc.).
 - b. For a given area, have all required control system checks, calibrations, and startup of the system completed and approved by the CA prior to TAB.
 - c. Provide a qualified technician to operate the controls to assist the TAB contractor in performing TAB, or provide sufficient training for TAB to operate the system without assistance.

5. Assist and cooperate with the CA in the following manner:
 - a. Provide a skilled technician who is familiar with this building and the installed control system components to execute the manual functional testing of the controls system as directed by the CA.
 - b. Set up and execute all control system trend logs specified in the Commissioning Plan or as requested by the CA.
 - c. The controls contractor shall prepare a written plan indicating in a step-by- step manner, the procedures that will be followed to test, checkout and adjust the control system prior to functional performance testing, according to the process in Section 15995. At minimum, the plan shall include for each type of equipment controlled by the automatic controls:
 - 1) System name.
 - 2) List of devices.
 - 3) Step-by-step procedures for testing each controller after installation, including:
 - Process of verifying proper hardware and wiring installation.
 - Process of downloading programs to local controllers and verifying that they are addressed correctly.
 - Process of performing operational checks of each controlled component.
 - Plan and process for calibrating valve and damper actuators and all sensors.
 - A description of the expected field adjustments for transmitters, controllers and control actuators should control responses fall outside of expected values.
 - 4) A copy of the log and field checkout sheets that will document the process. This log must include a place for initial and final read values during calibration of each point and clearly indicate when a sensor or controller has “passed” and is operating within the contract parameters.
 - 5) A description of the instrumentation required for testing.
 - d. Indicate what tests on what systems should be completed prior to TAB using the control system for TAB work. Coordinate with the CA and TAB contractor for this determination.
6. Complete the ‘Sensor & Device Readiness’ checklists on the Cx website to indicate the completion of internal checks and the readiness to schedule sensor and device checkout with the CA.
7. Complete the ‘Functional Test Readiness’ test form on the Cx website to indicate the completion of the control system programming and graphics in the readiness to schedule functional testing with the CA.

8. Beyond the control points necessary to execute all documented control sequences, provide monitoring, control and virtual points as required to implement the full sequence of control as specified in the Contract Documents.
9. List and clearly identify on the as-built duct and piping drawings the locations of all static and differential pressure sensors (air, water and building pressure).
10. System Data Trending & Reporting Detailed Requirements. The Controls Contractor for this project shall provide automated data reporting through the building automation system which shall deliver system operating data and utility consumption data (*if available*) daily to the Cx-PMOR system via trend reports which are automatically emailed to the Cx-PMOR system. The complete cost for the Controls Contractor to set up ALL required trending and reporting shall be included in the project contract cost.
 - a. Trend reports shall be emailed to the Cx-PMOR server on a daily basis between 12am and 6am.
 - b. The duration of each trend report shall include at least the entire previous day's (e.g. midnight to midnight) data. Optionally, the report could be required to include the previous three days' data so that 1-2 days of missing reports could be made up by the subsequent report. The reports shall NEVER include more than a maximum five days data. The CA shall provide direction as to the desired duration.
 - c. All required system operating data trends shall report the instantaneous value of the data point being trended at 15-minute intervals unless specifically directed otherwise by the CA. The trend sampling interval for each data point must be consistent, e.g. data cannot start at a five-minute interval and then change to a fifteen-minute interval.
 - d. All utility consumption data (kWh, ton-hr, btu, etc.) trends shall report the accumulated consumption across the interval period (e.g. electrical consumption, kWh, total for the 15-minute period) and shall not report total accumulating consumption. Demand shall be calculated as a virtual point by the Cx-PMOR analysis system. If this is not possible then the instantaneous 15-min demand shall be reported and the consumption shall be calculated as a virtual point by the Cx-PMOR system.
 - e. The Contractor shall submit their proposed trending file format to the CA for approval prior to implementing for all requested trend points (CSV or XLS files are preferred format however PDF may also be acceptable). Once approved and set up the trend file formatting shall NOT change from one report to the next. If trend formatting changes due to software upgrade then the Contractor shall be

- required to compensate CA for any changes required to the PMOR system configuration to accept the new data formatting.
- f. The following data point naming convention shall be utilized for all trend reports and for the subject line of emails delivering the automated report:
 - < building name >.< system name >.<point name>
 - i. All data point names must be unique from other points in the same project.
 - g. Minimum Required Monitoring Points:
 - i. The final list of points to be monitored will be furnished by CA to the Controls Contractor after the building automation system submittal has been reviewed.
 - ii. A formal trend request document will be provided to the Controls Contractor with the monitored points list and this same document shall be completed and returned to the CA as proof that set-up has been completed.
- L. TAB Contractor. The duties of the TAB contractor, in addition to those listed in (A) are:
- 1. Prior to starting TAB, submit to the PM the qualifications of the site technician for the project, including the name of the contractors and facility managers of recent projects the technician on which was lead. The Owner will approve the site technician's qualifications for this project.
 - 2. Submit the outline of the TAB plan and approach for each system and component to the CA, PM and the controls contractor six weeks prior to starting the TAB. This plan will be developed after the TAB has some familiarity with the control system.
 - 3. The submitted plan will include: *(as applicable to specific systems included in project)*
 - a. Certification that the TAB contractor has reviewed the construction documents and the systems with the design engineers and contractors to sufficiently understand the design intent for each system.
 - b. An explanation of the intended use of the building control system. The controls contractor will comment on feasibility of the plan.
 - c. All field checkout sheets and logs to be used that list each piece of equipment to be tested, adjusted and balanced with the data cells to be gathered for each.
 - d. Discussion of what notations and markings will be made on the duct and piping drawings during the process.
 - e. Final test report forms to be used.
 - f. Detailed step-by-step procedures for TAB work for each system and

issue: terminal flow calibration (for each terminal type), diffuser proportioning, branch / submain proportioning, total flow calculations, rechecking, diversity issues, expected problems and solutions, etc. Criteria for using air flow straighteners or relocating flow stations and sensors will be discussed. Provide the analogous explanations for the water side.

- g. List of all air flow, water flow, sound level, system capacity and efficiency measurements to be performed and a description of specific test procedures, parameters, formulas to be used.
- h. Details of how *total* flow will be determined (Air: sum of terminal flows via BAS calibrated readings or via hood readings of all terminals, supply (SA) and return air (RA) pitot traverse, SA or RA flow stations. Water: pump curves, circuit setter, flow station, ultrasonic, etc.).
- i. The identification and types of measurement instruments to be used and their most recent calibration date.
- j. Specific procedures that will ensure that both air and water side are operating at the lowest possible pressures and provide methods to verify this.
- k. Confirmation that TAB understands the outside air ventilation criteria under all conditions.
- l. Details of whether and how minimum outside air cfm will be verified and set, and for what level (total building, zone, etc.).
- m. Details of how building static and exhaust fan / relief damper capacity will be checked.
- n. Proposed selection points for sound measurements and sound measurement methods.
- o. Details of methods for making any specified coil or other system plant capacity measurements.
- p. Details of any TAB work to be done in phases (by floor, etc.), or of areas to be built out later.
- q. Details regarding specified deferred or seasonal TAB work.
- r. Details of any specified false loading of systems to complete TAB work.
- s. Details of all exhaust fan balancing and capacity verifications, including any required room pressure differentials.
- t. Plan for hand-written field technician logs of discrepancies, deficient or uncompleted work by others, contract interpretation requests and lists of completed tests (scope and frequency).
- u. Plan for formal progress reports (scope and frequency).

- v. Plan for formal deficiency reports (scope, frequency and distribution).
4. A running log of events and issues shall be kept by the TAB field technicians. Submit hand-written reports of discrepancies, deficient or uncompleted work by others, contract interpretation requests and lists of completed tests to the CA and PM at least twice a week.
5. The TAB Contractor shall permanently mark and identify the location points of the duct test ports with computer generated (DYMO type) labels. If the ducts have exterior insulation, these markings shall be made on the exterior side of the duct insulation. All test port locations shall be labeled corresponding to final TAB report.
6. Communicate in writing to the controls contractor all setpoint and parameter changes made or problems and discrepancies identified during TAB which affect the control system setup and operation.
7. Provide a draft TAB report within two weeks of completion. A copy will be provided to the CA. The report will contain a full explanation of the methodology, assumptions and the results in a clear format with designations of all uncommon abbreviations and column headings. The report should follow the latest and most rigorous reporting recommendations by AABC, NEBB or ASHRAE Standard 111.
8. Provide the CA with any requested data, gathered, but not shown on the draft reports.
9. Provide a final TAB report for the CA with details, as in the draft.
10. Conduct functional performance tests and checks (a.k.a. 'Tab Verification Process) on the original TAB as specified for TAB in the *Commissioning Plan – Construction Phase*. Tab Verification shall consist of repeating measurements made during the original TAB procedures and comparing results against that of the submitted TAB report as well as the design parameters. Sampling rate (if applicable) and acceptance criteria shall be as defined in the *Commissioning Plan*.

1.5 DEFINITIONS

Acceptance Phase - phase of construction after startup and initial checkout when functional performance tests, O&M documentation review and training occurs.

Approval - acceptance that a piece of equipment or system has been properly installed and is functioning in the tested modes according to the Contract Documents.

Architect / Engineer (A/E) - the prime consultant (architect) and sub-consultants who comprise the design team, generally the HVAC mechanical designer/engineer and the electrical designer/engineer.

Basis of Design (BOD)- The basis of design is the documentation of the primary

thought processes and assumptions behind design decisions that were made to meet the design intent. The basis of design describes the systems, components, conditions and methods chosen to meet the intent. Some reiterating of the design intent may be included. The document records concepts, calculations, decisions, and product selections used to meet the OPR and to satisfy applicable regulatory requirements, standards, and guidelines. The document includes both narrative descriptions and lists of individual items that support the design process.

Commissioning authority (CA) - an independent agent, not otherwise associated with the A/E team members or the Contractor. The CA directs and coordinates the day-to-day commissioning activities. The CA does not take an oversight role like the GC. Regardless of to whom the CA is contracted, the CA shall report directly to the Owner's Project Manager (PM) with copy to the party holding their Commissioning Contract.

Commissioning Plan - an overall plan, developed before or after bidding, that provides the structure, schedule and coordination planning for the commissioning process.

Contract Documents - the documents binding on parties involved in the construction of this project (drawings, specifications, change orders, amendments, contracts, *Cx Plan*, etc.).

Contractor - the general contractor or authorized representative.

Control system - the central building energy management control system. Cx-PMOR –see PMOR

Datalogging - monitoring flows, currents, status, pressures, etc. of equipment using stand-alone dataloggers separate from the control system.

Deferred Functional Tests - FTs that are performed later, after substantial completion, due to partial occupancy, equipment, seasonal requirements, design or other site conditions that disallow the test from being performed.

Deficiency - a condition in the installation or function of a component, piece of equipment or system that is not in compliance with the Contract Documents (that is, does not perform properly or is not complying with the design intent).

Design Intent - a dynamic document that provides the explanation of the ideas, concepts and criteria that are considered to be very important to the owner. It is initially the outcome of the programming and conceptual design phases.

Design Narrative or Design Documentation - sections of either the Design Intent or Basis of Design.

Factory Testing - testing of equipment on-site or at the factory by factory personnel with an Owner's representative present.

Functional Performance Test (FT) - test of the dynamic function and operation of

equipment and systems using manual (direct observation) or monitoring methods. Functional testing is the dynamic testing of systems (rather than just components) under full operation (e.g., the chiller pump is tested interactively with the chiller functions to see if the pump ramps up and down to maintain the differential pressure set point). Systems are tested under various modes, such as during low cooling or heating loads, high loads, component failures, unoccupied, varying outside air temperatures, fire alarm, power failure, etc. The systems are run through all the control system's sequences of operation and components are verified to be responding as the sequences state. Traditional air or water test and balancing (TAB) is not functional testing, in the commissioning sense of the word. TAB's primary work is setting up the system flows and pressures as specified, while functional testing is verifying that which has already been set up. The commissioning authority develops the functional test procedures in a sequential written form, coordinates, oversees and documents the actual testing, which is usually performed by the installing contractor or vendor. FTs are performed after prefunctional checklists and startup are complete.

General Contractor (GC) - the prime contractor for this project. Generally refers to all the GC's subcontractors as well. Also referred to as the Contractor, in some contexts.

Indirect Indicators - indicators of a response or condition, such as a reading from a control system screen reporting a damper to be 100% closed.

Manual Test - using hand-held instruments, immediate control system readouts or direct observation to verify performance (contrasted to analyzing monitored data taken over time to make the "observation").

Monitoring - the recording of parameters (flow, current, status, pressure, etc.) of equipment operation using dataloggers or the trending capabilities of control systems.

Non-Compliance - see Deficiency. Non-Conformance - see Deficiency.

Over-written Value - writing over a sensor value in the control system to see the response of a system (e.g., changing the outside air temperature value from 50F to 75F to verify economizer operation). See also "Simulated Signal."

Owner-Contracted Tests - tests paid for by the Owner outside the GC's contract and for which the CA does not oversee. These tests will not be repeated during functional tests if properly documented.

Owner's Project Requirements (OPR) - A document that details the functional requirements of a project and the expectations of how it will be used and operated. These include Project goals, measurable performance criteria, cost considerations, benchmarks, success criteria, and supporting information.

Phased Commissioning - commissioning that is completed in phases (by floors, for example) due to the size of the structure or other scheduling issues, in order minimize the total construction time.

Performance Monitoring, Optimization, and Reporting (PMOR) – cloud based SaaS (Software as a Service) which provides automated building operating data acquisition, analysis, archival, and reporting by utilizing data provided from the building automation system to continually analyze and improve the overall performance of the building and its underlying mechanical and electrical systems.

Project Manager (PM) - the contracting and managing authority for the owner over the design and/or construction of the project, a staff position.

Sampling. - functionally testing only a fraction of the total number of identical or near identical pieces of equipment. Refer to Section 15995, Part 3.6, F for details.

Seasonal Performance Tests - FT that are deferred until the system(s) will experience conditions closer to their design conditions.

Simulated Condition - condition that is created for the purpose of testing the response of a system (e.g., applying a hair blower to a space sensor to see the response in a VAV box).

Simulated Signal - disconnecting a sensor and using a signal generator to send an amperage, resistance or pressure to the transducer and DDC system to simulate a sensor value.

Specifications - the construction specifications of the Contract Documents.

Startup - the initial starting or activating of dynamic equipment, including executing prefunctional checklists.

Subs - the subcontractors to the GC who provide and install building components and systems.

Test Procedures - the step-by-step process which must be executed to fulfill the test requirements. The test procedures are developed by the CA.

Test Requirements - requirements specifying what modes and functions, etc. shall be tested. The test requirements are not the detailed test procedures.

Trending - monitoring using the building control system.

Vendor - supplier of equipment.

Warranty Period - warranty period for entire project, including equipment components. Warranty begins at Substantial Completion and extends for at least one year, unless specifically noted otherwise in the Contract Documents and accepted submittals.

1.6 SYSTEMS TO BE COMMISSIONED

- A. The following systems or equipment will be commissioned in this project.

Equipment and Systems

New Central Station Air Handling Units

New VAV Air Terminal Units with hot water heating coils

New Exhaust Fans

New DX Mini-Split Systems

All new (or modifications to existing) chilled and heating water piping and accessories

All new (or modifications to existing) ductwork systems

All new (or modifications to existing) Building Automation System (BAS) components

Testing, Adjusting and Balancing Work (scope as specified in the Contract)

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 TEST EQUIPMENT

- A. All standard testing equipment required to perform startup and initial checkout and required functional performance testing shall be provided by the Division contractor for the equipment being tested. For example, the mechanical contractor of Division 15 shall ultimately be responsible for all standard testing equipment for the HVAC system and controls system in Division 15, except for equipment specific to and used by TAB in their commissioning responsibilities. Two-way radios, when required, shall be provided by the Division Contractor.
- B. Special equipment, tools and instruments (only available from vendor, specific to a piece of equipment) required for testing equipment, according to these Contract Documents shall be included in the base bid price to the Contractor and left on site, for the CA to use during functional testing, seasonal testing, and deferred testing. The equipment, tools, and instruments will be returned to the vendor / Subs after successful conclusion of the commissioning effort.
- C. If requested, the controls contractor shall provide the CA with temporary software license to be loaded on the CA's computer, and any necessary network connection cables, for accessing the direct digital control system field panels for system testing. If available, the controls contractor shall provide a palm device with attachments, software, and cables, to check set point values of terminal device controllers. The controls contractor shall provide the CA with remote access method and username / password for remote connection to direct digital control system. All of the software, cables, and other items provided to the CA will be returned at the successful conclusion of the commissioning effort.
- D. All testing equipment shall be of sufficient quality and accuracy to test and/or measure system performance with the tolerances specified in the *Specifications*. If not otherwise noted, the following minimum requirements shall apply: Temperature sensors and digital thermometers shall have a certified calibration within the past year to an accuracy of 0.5F and a resolution of + or - 0.1F. Humidity sensors shall have a certified calibration within the past 6 months and a resolution of +/- 1%. Pressure sensors shall have an accuracy of + or - 2.0% of the value range being measured (not full range of meter) and have been calibrated within the last year. All equipment shall be calibrated according to the manufacturer's recommended intervals and when dropped or damaged. Calibration tags shall be affixed or certificates readily available.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 MEETINGS

- A. Cx Kick-off Meeting. The CA will schedule, plan and conduct a meeting with the entire commissioning team in attendance. Information gathered from this meeting will allow the CA to complete the *Commissioning Plan* to its “final” version, which will also be distributed to all parties.
- B. Miscellaneous Meetings. Other meetings will be planned and conducted by the CA as construction progresses. These meetings will cover coordination, deficiency resolution and planning issues with particular Subs. The CA will plan these meetings and will minimize unnecessary time being spent by Subs. For large projects, these meetings may be held monthly, until the final stages of construction when they may be held as frequently as one per week.

3.2 REPORTING

- A. The CA may provide regular reports to the A/E and PM, depending on the management structure, with increasing frequency as construction and commissioning progresses. Standard forms may be provided and referenced in the *Commissioning Plan*.
- B. The CA will regularly communicate with all members of the commissioning team (typically by means of email), keeping them apprised of commissioning progress and scheduling changes through memos, progress reports, etc.
- C. Testing or review approvals and non-conformance and deficiency reports are made regularly with the review and testing as described in later sections.

3.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. The CA will provide appropriate contractors with a specific request for the type of submittal documentation the CA requires to facilitate the commissioning work. These requests will be integrated into the normal submittal process and protocol of the construction team. At minimum, the submittal will include the manufacturer and model number, the manufacturer’s printed installation and detailed start-up procedures, full sequences of operation, O&M data, performance data, any performance test procedures, control drawings and details of owner contracted tests. In addition, the installation and checkout materials that are actually shipped inside the equipment and the actual field checkout sheet forms to be used by the factory or field technicians shall be submitted to the Commissioning authority. All documentation requested by the CA will be included by the Subs in their O&M manual contributions. *All submittal items required by the CA are required to be submitted both in printed format and in digital PDF format on a CD-ROM (or transmitted via email) for the CA’s use.*

- B. The Commissioning authority will review submittals related to the commissioned equipment for conformance to the Contract Documents as it relates to the commissioning process, to the functional performance of the equipment and adequacy for developing test procedures. This review is intended primarily to aid in the development of functional testing procedures and only secondarily to verify compliance with equipment specifications. The Commissioning authority will notify the PM or A/E as requested, of items missing or areas that are not in conformance with Contract Documents and which may require resubmission.
- C. The CA may request additional design narrative from the A/E and Controls Contractor, depending on the completeness of the design intent documentation and sequences provided with the Contract Specifications and Drawings.
- D. These submittals to the CA do not constitute compliance for O&M manual documentation. The O&M manuals are the responsibility of the Contractor.

3.4 START-UP, PREFUNCTIONAL CHECKLISTS AND INITIAL CHECKOUT

- A. The following procedures apply to all equipment to be commissioned, according to Section 1.7, Systems to be Commissioned. Some systems that are not comprised so much of actual dynamic machinery and thus may have very simplified PCs and startup.
- B. General. Prefunctional checklists are important to ensure that the equipment and systems are hooked up and operational. It ensures that functional performance testing (in-depth system checkout) may proceed without unnecessary delays. Each piece of equipment receives full prefunctional checkout. No sampling strategies are used. The prefunctional testing for a given system must be successfully completed prior to formal functional performance testing of equipment or subsystems of the given system.
- C. Start-up and Initial Checkout Plan. The CA shall assist the commissioning team members responsible for startup of any equipment in developing detailed start-up plans for all equipment. The primary role of the CA in this process is to ensure that there is written documentation that each of the manufacturer-recommended procedures have been completed. Parties responsible for prefunctional checklists and startup are identified in the commissioning scoping meeting and in the checklist forms. Parties responsible for executing functional performance tests are identified in the testing requirements outlined in the Commissioning Plan – Construction Phase.
 - 1. These checklists indicate required procedures to be executed as part of startup and initial checkout of the systems and the party responsible for their execution.
 - 2. These checklists and tests are provided by the CA to the Contractor. The CA will complete the installation checks portion of the checklists while the Subs will assist the CA in completing the equipment start-up and check-out portions. Most forms will have more than one trade responsible for its

execution.

3. The CA may utilize some or all of a manufacturer's start-up documentation.

D. Sensor and Actuator Calibration.

All field-installed temperature, relative humidity, CO, CO₂ and pressure sensors and gages, and all actuators (dampers and valves) on all equipment shall be calibrated using the methods described below. Alternate methods may be used, if approved by the Owner before-hand. All test instruments shall have had a certified calibration within the last 12 months. Sensors installed *in* the unit at the factory with calibration certification provided need not be field calibrated.

All procedures used shall be fully documented on contractor provided checklists or other suitable forms, clearly referencing the procedures followed and written documentation of initial, intermediate and final results.

Sensor Calibration Methods

All Sensors. Verify that all sensor locations are appropriate and away from causes of erratic operation. Verify that sensors with shielded cable, are grounded only at one end. For sensor pairs that are used to determine a temperature or pressure difference, make sure they are reading within 0.2°F of each other for temperature and within a tolerance equal to 2% of the reading, of each other, for pressure. Tolerances for critical applications may be tighter.

Sensors Without Transmitters--Standard Application. Make a reading with a calibrated test instrument within 6 inches of the site sensor. Verify that the sensor reading (via the permanent thermostat, gage or building automation system (BAS)) is within the tolerances in the table below of the instrument-measured value. If not, install offset in BAS, calibrate or replace sensor.

Sensors With Transmitters--Standard Application. Disconnect sensor. Connect a signal generator in place of sensor. Connect ammeter in series between transmitter and BAS control panel. Using manufacturer's resistance-temperature data, simulate minimum desired temperature. Adjust transmitter potentiometer zero until 4 mA is read by the ammeter. Repeat for the maximum temperature matching 20 mA to the potentiometer span or maximum and verify at the BAS. Record all values and recalibrate controller as necessary to conform with specified control ramps, reset schedules, proportional relationship, reset relationship and P/I reaction. Reconnect sensor. Make a reading with a calibrated test instrument within 6 inches of the site sensor. Verify that the sensor reading (via the permanent thermostat, gage or building automation system (BAS)) is within the tolerances in the table below of the instrument-measured value. If not, replace sensor and repeat. For pressure sensors, perform a similar process with a suitable signal generator.

Critical Applications. For critical applications (process, manufacturing, etc.) more rigorous calibration techniques may be required for selected sensors. Describe any such methods used on an attached sheet.

Valve and Damper Stroke Setup and Check EMS Readout. For all valve and damper actuator positions checked, verify the actual position against the BAS readout.

Set pumps or fans to normal operating mode. Command valve or damper closed, visually verify that valve or damper is closed and adjust output zero signal as required. Command valve or damper open, verify position is full open and adjust output signal as required. Command valve or damper to a few intermediate positions. If actual valve or damper position doesn't reasonably correspond, replace actuator.

Closure for heating coil valves (NO): Set heating setpoint 20°F above room temperature. Observe valve open. Remove control power from the valve and verify that the valve stem and actuator position do not change. Restore to normal. Set heating setpoint to 20°F below room temperature. Observe the valve close. Restore to normal.

Closure for cooling coil valves (NC): Set cooling setpoint 20°F above room temperature. Observe the valve close. Remove control power from the valve and verify that the valve stem and actuator position do not change. Restore to normal. Set cooling setpoint to 20°F below room temperature. Observe valve open. Restore to normal.

E. Execution of Prefunctional Checklists and Startup.

1. Four weeks prior to startup, the Subs and vendors schedule startup and checkout with the General Contractor who will notify the CA. The performance of the prefunctional checklists, startup and checkout are directed and executed by the CA with the assistance of the Sub or vendor as required. The CA will primarily complete the installation checks portion of the checklists while the Subs will assist with the equipment start-up and check-out portion. When checking off prefunctional checklists, signatures may be required of other Subs for verification of completion of their work.
2. The Controls Contractor shall complete the "Sensor & Device Readiness" prefunctional checklists on the Cx website in the Forms / Checklist section prior to scheduling the field testing of the control system sensors and devices with the CA. This can be accomplished on a system-by-system basis as construction and check-out progresses.
3. Only individuals that have direct knowledge and witnessed that a line item task on the prefunctional checklist was actually performed shall initial or check that item off. It is not acceptable for witnessing supervisors to fill out these forms.

F. Deficiencies, Non-Conformance and Approval in Checklists and Startup.

1. The CA shall clearly list any outstanding items of the initial start-up and prefunctional procedures that were not completed successfully, at the

bottom of the procedures form or on an attached sheet.

2. The CA shall work with the Subs and vendors to correct and retest deficiencies or uncompleted items. The CA will involve the General Contractor and others as necessary. The installing Subs or vendors shall correct all areas that are deficient or incomplete in the checklists and tests in a timely manner, and shall notify the CA as soon as outstanding items have been corrected and resubmit an updated start-up report and a Statement of Correction on the original non-compliance report. When satisfactorily completed, the CA recommends approval of the execution of the checklists and startup of each system to the General Contractor using a standard form.
3. Cost of Installation Reinspections / Checklist Execution
 - a. At the discretion of the CA, A/E, and the Owner, the cost for the CA to re-inspect a documented deficiency that is incorrectly indicated as resolved shall be at the expense of the party responsible for the correction of the deficiency.
 - b. For a deficiency identified during the course of the commissioning process the CA will provide the reinspection / retesting once at no "charge" to the GC for their time. However, the CA's time for a second reinspection or retest will be charged to the GC, who may choose to recover costs from the responsible Sub.

3.5 Cx PERFORMANCE MONITORING, OPTIMIZATION & REPORTING (Cx-PMOR)

A. Objectives and Scope.

1. This project will utilize a cloud-based SaaS (Software as a Service) commissioning, performance monitoring, optimization, and reporting (Cx-PMOR) system which is provided under the CA contracted scope of work. The system shall be utilized during three distinctive phases of the project: construction, acceptance, and warranty phase.

B. Construction Phase - System Readiness:

1. The Cx-PMOR system will be utilized prior to Functional Performance Testing in order to gauge the readiness of the systems to be tested.
2. At least 10 days prior to the scheduled start of functional testing the BAS shall have delivered two weeks of operating data to the Cx-PMOR system. If the building automation system communication capabilities are not complete sufficiently to enable the BAS to email trend reports then the Controls Contractor shall manually generate two weeks trend data to a report. This manual report shall be the SAME EXACT REPORT FORMAT as was prior approved and will be used for the permanent reporting (specified elsewhere herein). This manual report shall either be emailed to the CA or shall be emailed to the project's specific Cx-PMOR email account.
3. Following receipt of two weeks of operating data (either automatically or

manual) the CA shall review the data utilizing the Cx-PMOR system to assess the readiness of the specific system to begin on-site functional testing.

4. The CA shall notify the project team of the any deficiencies identified by the trend data analysis that would need to be addressed prior to beginning functional testing.

C. Acceptance Phase – Post Functional Test Monitoring:

1. The Cx-PMOR system shall be utilized following on-site Functional Testing to assess dynamic operation stability and to ensure the systems operate properly under varying load conditions and occupancy modes. This is a limited length testing and is intended to be conducted for a short period (approximately two weeks) prior the completion of the formal functional testing.
2. Any deficiencies identified during this monitoring period shall be added to the project Commissioning Issue Log to be addressed by the Contractor as construction deficiencies. Some deficiencies identified by this monitoring may required supplemental on-site functional testing to be performed at the cost of the Contractor.

D. Warranty Phase – Monitoring:

1. The Cx-PMOR system will be utilized during the first year following substantial completion to monitor the performance of the building and the individual systems.
2. Any operational deficiency identified by the system will be documented using the system's online Issue Log and the deficiency will be resolved through the contract's Project Warranty process.
3. At eleven months following substantial completion the CA shall provide a comprehensive review of the system operation using the Cx-PMOR system to analyze the data provided from the BAS. An updated Warranty Phase Issue Log shall be generated and the Contractor shall resolve all issues determined by the team to be subject to Warranty requirements.
4. At the Owner's option, and additional cost, the services of the CA and the Cx-PMOR system may be utilized after the expiration of the Warranty Phase as an On-Going Commissioning process.

3.6 TEST, ADJUST, BALANCE (TAB) VERIFICATION (TAB-V)

- A. TAB Agency shall provide labor and instruments to complete TAB Verification process with the Commissioning Agent. TAB Verification (TAB-V) shall be conducted to verify the contents of the Engineer-of-Record reviewed TAB Report. The verification shall include the following sampling rates and strategies:

1. Supply Air Flow: a sample 20% of the total supply air outlets shall be

tested, acceptable tolerance shall be +/- 10% between the measured airflow and the design airflow. If more than 25% of the sample requires correction at the time of testing then another 10% of the total quantity of supply air outlets shall be tested.

2. Exhaust Air Balance: ALL exhaust air devices on the project shall be verified to have airflows balanced to +/- 10% of the design airflow.
3. Outside Air Flow Measurement Station Calibration: All outside air diffusers / outlets / branch ducts shall be verified to be within +/- 10% of design airflow. ALL outside air flow measurement stations shall be calibrated by the TAB Agency (with assistance of Controls Contractor). ALL flow measurement station calibrations shall be verified, +/- 10% between the measured total airflow and the airflow indicated by the DDC system.
4. Chilled Water Flow Balance: ALL (new and existing) chilled water cooling coils on the project shall be verified, acceptable tolerance shall be +/- 10% between the measured chilled water flow and the design water flow.
5. Heating Water Flow Balance: a sample 20% of the heating coil water flows shall be tested, acceptable tolerance shall be +/- 10% between the measured waterflow and the design waterflow. If more than 25% of the sample requires correction at the time of testing then another 10% of the total quantity of heating coils shall be tested.
6. *The TAB Agency may be responsible to pay for the additional trip(s) required of the Cx Professional for additional testing due to test failures on a time and material basis.*

3.7 FUNCTIONAL PERFORMANCE TESTING

- A. This sub-section applies to all commissioning functional testing.
- B. The general list of equipment to be commissioned is found in Section 15995, Part 1.7.
- C. The parties responsible to execute each test are listed with each test in the *Commissioning Plan – Construction Phase*.
- D. Objectives and Scope. The objective of functional performance testing is to demonstrate that each system is operating according to the documented design intent and Contract Documents. Functional testing facilitates bringing the systems from a state of substantial completion to full dynamic operation. Additionally, during the testing process, areas of deficient performance are identified and corrected, improving the operation and functioning of the systems.

In general, each system should be operated through all modes of operation (seasonal, occupied, unoccupied, warm-up, cool-down, part- and full-load) where there is a specified system response. Verifying each sequence in the sequences of operation is required. Proper responses to such modes and conditions as power failure, freeze condition, low oil pressure, no flow,

equipment failure, etc. shall also be tested. Specific modes required in this project are given in the *Commissioning Plan – Construction Phase*.

- E. Development of Test Procedures. Before test procedures are written, the CA shall obtain all requested documentation and a current list of change orders affecting equipment or systems, including an updated points list, program code, control sequences and parameters. The CA shall develop specific test procedures and forms to verify and document proper operation of each piece of equipment and system. Each Sub or vendor responsible to execute a test, shall provide limited assistance to the CA in developing the procedures review (answering questions about equipment, operation, sequences, etc.). Prior to execution, the CA shall provide a copy of the test procedures to the Sub(s) who shall review the tests for feasibility, safety, equipment and warranty protection. The CA may submit the tests to the PM or A/E for review, if requested.

The CA shall review owner-contracted, factory testing or required owner acceptance tests which the CA is not responsible to oversee, including documentation format, and shall determine what further testing or format changes may be required to comply with the *Specifications*. Redundancy of testing shall be minimized.

The purpose of any given specific test is to verify and document compliance with the stated criteria of acceptance given on the test form.

The test procedure forms developed by the CA may include (but not be limited to) the following information:

1. System and equipment or component name(s)
2. Equipment location and ID number
3. Unique test ID number, and reference to unique prefunctional checklist and start-up documentation ID numbers for the piece of equipment
4. Date
5. Project name
6. Participating parties
7. A copy of the specific sequence of operations or other specified parameters being verified
8. Formulas used in any calculations
9. Required pre-test field measurements
10. Instructions for setting up the test.
11. Special cautions, alarm limits, etc.
12. Specific step-by-step procedures to execute the test, in a clear, sequential and repeatable format
13. Acceptance criteria of proper performance with a Yes / No check box to allow for clearly marking whether or not proper performance of each part

of the test was achieved.

14. A section for comments
15. Signatures and date block for the CA

F. Test Methods.

1. Functional performance testing and verification may be achieved by manual testing (persons manipulate the equipment and observe performance) or by monitoring the performance and analyzing the results using the control system's trend log capabilities or by stand-alone dataloggers. The CA will determine which method is most appropriate for tests that do not have a method specified.
2. Simulated Conditions. Simulating conditions (not by an overwritten value) shall be allowed, though timing the testing to experience actual conditions is encouraged wherever practical.
3. Overwritten Values. Overwriting sensor values to simulate a condition, such as overwriting the outside air temperature reading in a control system to be something other than it really is, shall be allowed, but shall be used with caution and avoided when possible. Such testing methods often can only test a part of a system, as the interactions and responses of other systems will be erroneous or not applicable. Simulating a condition is preferable. e.g., for the above case, by heating the outside air sensor with a hair blower rather than overwriting the value or by altering the appropriate set point to see the desired response. Before simulating conditions or overwriting values, sensors, transducers and devices shall have been calibrated.
4. Simulated Signals. Using a signal generator which creates a simulated signal to test and calibrate transducers and DDC constants is generally recommended over using the sensor to act as the signal generator via simulated conditions or overwritten values.
5. Altering Setpoints. Rather than overwriting sensor values, and when simulating conditions is difficult, altering setpoints to test a sequence is acceptable. For example, to see the AC compressor lockout work at an outside air temperature below 55F, when the outside air temperature is above 55F, temporarily change the lockout setpoint to be 2F above the current outside air temperature.
6. Indirect Indicators. Relying on indirect indicators for responses or performance shall be allowed only after visually and directly verifying and documenting, over the range of the tested parameters, that the indirect readings through the control system represent actual conditions and responses. Much of this verification is completed during prefunctional testing.
7. Setup. Each function and test shall be performed under conditions that simulate actual conditions as close as is practically possible. The Sub

executing the test shall provide all necessary materials, system modifications, etc. to produce the necessary flows, pressures, temperatures, etc. necessary to execute the test according to the specified conditions. At completion of the test, the Sub shall return all affected building equipment and systems, due to these temporary modifications, to their pre-test condition.

8. Sampling. Multiple identical pieces of non-life-safety or otherwise non-critical equipment may be functionally tested using a sampling strategy. Significant application differences and significant sequence of operation differences in otherwise identical equipment invalidates their common identity. A small size or capacity difference, alone, does not constitute a difference. The specific recommended sampling rates are specified in the *Commissioning Plan – Construction Phase*. It is noted that no sampling by Subs is allowed in prefunctional checklist execution.

A common sampling strategy referenced in the *Specifications* as the “xx% Sampling—yy% Failure Rule” is defined by the following example.

xx = the percent of the group of identical equipment to be included in each sample.

yy = the percent of the sample that if failing, will require another sample to be tested.

The example below describes a 20% Sampling—10% Failure Rule.

- a. Randomly test at least 20% (xx) of each group of identical equipment. In no case test less than three units in each group. This 20%, or three, constitute the “first sample.”
- b. If 10% (yy) of the units in the first sample fail the functional performance tests, test another 20% of the group (the second sample).
- c. If 10% of the units in the second sample fail, test all remaining units in the whole group.
- d. If at any point, frequent failures are occurring and testing is becoming more troubleshooting than verification, the CA may stop the testing and require the responsible Sub to perform and document a checkout of the remaining units, prior to continuing with functionally testing the remaining units.

The above Sampling – Failure procedures may be modified by the CA at his discretion with agreement by the PM based upon specific reasons for a test failure versus affect of specific test on the system performance as a whole.

- G. Coordination and Scheduling. The Subs shall provide sufficient notice to the CA regarding their completion schedule for the prefunctional checklists and startup of all equipment and systems. The CA will schedule functional tests

through the GC and affected Subs. The CA shall direct, witness and document the functional testing of all equipment and systems. The Subs shall execute the tests.

In general, functional testing is conducted after equipment startup and checkout has been satisfactorily completed. The control system is sufficiently tested and approved by the CA before it is used for TAB or to verify performance of other components or systems. The air balancing and water balancing is completed and debugged before functional testing of air-related or water-related equipment or systems. Testing proceeds from components to subsystems to systems. When the proper performance of all interacting individual systems has been achieved, the interface or coordinated responses between systems is checked.

- H. System Readiness: The Controls Contractor shall complete the "Functional Test Readiness" sheets under the Forms / Tests section on the Cx website prior to scheduling functional testing of the HVAC systems with the CA. This can be accomplished on a system-by-system basis as other prerequisites to testing execution are completed.
- I. Test Equipment. Refer to Section 15995, Part 2 for test equipment requirements.
- J. Problem Solving. The CA will recommend solutions to problems found, however the burden of responsibility to solve, correct and retest problems is with the GC, Subs and A/E.

3.8 DOCUMENTATION, NON-CONFORMANCE AND APPROVAL OF TESTS

- A. Documentation. The CA shall witness and document the results of all functional performance tests using the specific procedural forms developed for that purpose. Prior to testing, these forms are provided to the PM for review and approval and to the Subs for review. The CA will include the filled out forms in an Appendix to the Commissioning Summary Report.
- B. Non-Conformance.
 - 1. The CA will record the results of the functional test on the procedure or test form. All deficiencies or non-conformance issues shall be noted and reported to the PM and A/E through the use of an Issues Log.
 - 2. Corrections of minor deficiencies identified may be made during the tests at the discretion of the CA. In such cases the deficiency and resolution will be documented on the procedure form.
 - 3. Every effort will be made to expedite the testing process and minimize unnecessary delays, while not compromising the integrity of the procedures. However, the CA will not be pressured into overlooking deficient work or loosening acceptance criteria to satisfy scheduling or cost issues, unless there is an overriding reason to do so at the request of the

PM.

4. As tests progress and a deficiency is identified, the CA discusses the issue with the executing contractor.
 - a. When there is no dispute on the deficiency and the Sub accepts responsibility to correct it:
 - 1) The CA documents the deficiency on the Cx Issue Log and the Sub's response and intentions and they go on to another test or sequence. Once the Sub corrects the deficiency they notify the CA who will retest or check as required to determine the deficiency has been corrected and will update the status of the deficiency on the Cx Issue Log.
 - b. If there is a dispute about a deficiency, regarding whether it is a deficiency or who is responsible:
 - 1) The deficiency shall be documented on the Cx Issue Log with the Sub's response and a copy given to the GC and to the Sub representative assumed to be responsible.
 - 2) Resolutions are made at the lowest management level possible. Other parties are brought into the discussions as needed. Final interpretive authority is with the A/E. Final acceptance authority is with the Project Manager.
 - 3) The CA documents the resolution process using the Cx Issue Log.
 - 4) Once the interpretation and resolution have been decided, the appropriate party corrects the deficiency and notifies the CA. The CA reschedules the test and the test is repeated until satisfactory performance is achieved.
5. Cost of Retesting.
 - a. At the discretion of the CA, A/E, and the Owner, the cost for the *Sub* to retest a functional test, if they are responsible for the deficiency, shall be theirs. If they are not responsible, any cost recovery for retesting costs shall be negotiated with the GC.
 - b. For a deficiency identified, not related to any start-up or initial checkout fault, the following shall apply: The CA and PM will direct the retesting of the equipment once at no "charge" to the GC for their time. However, the CA's time for a second retest will be charged to the GC, who may choose to recover costs from the responsible Sub.
 - c. The time for the CA to direct any retesting required because a specific start-up or checkout item, reported to have been successfully completed, but determined during functional testing to be faulty, will be backcharged to the GC, who may choose to recover costs from the party responsible for executing the faulty prefunctional test.

- d. Refer to the sampling section of Section 15995, Part 3.6 for requirements for testing and retesting identical equipment.
 6. The Contractor shall respond in writing to the CA and PM at least as often as commissioning meetings are being scheduled concerning the status of each apparent outstanding discrepancy identified during commissioning. Discussion shall cover explanations of any disagreements and proposals for their resolution.
 7. Any required retesting by any contractor shall not be considered a justified reason for a claim of delay or for a time extension by the prime contractor.
- C. Failure Due to Manufacturer Defect. If 10%, or three, whichever is greater, of identical pieces (size alone does not constitute a difference) of equipment fail to perform to the Contract Documents (mechanically or substantively) due to manufacturing defect, not allowing it to meet its submitted performance spec, all identical units may be considered unacceptable by the PM or A/E. In such case, the Contractor shall provide the Owner with the following:
- a. Within one week of notification from the A/E or PM, the Contractor or manufacturer's representative shall examine all other identical units making a record of the findings. The findings shall be provided to the A/E and PM within two weeks of the original notice.
 - b. Within two weeks of the original notification, the Contractor or manufacturer shall provide a signed and dated, written explanation of the problem, cause of failures, etc. and all proposed solutions which shall include full equipment submittals. The proposed solutions shall not significantly exceed the specification requirements of the original installation.
 - c. The A/E and PM will determine whether a replacement of all identical units or a repair is acceptable.
 - d. Two examples of the proposed solution will be installed by the Contractor and they will be allowed to test the installations for up to one week, after which the PM will decide whether to accept the solution.
 - e. Upon acceptance, the Contractor and/or manufacturer shall replace or repair all identical items, at their expense and extend the warranty accordingly, if the original equipment warranty had begun. The replacement/repair work shall proceed with reasonable speed beginning within one week from when parts can be obtained.
- D. Approval. The CA notes each satisfactorily demonstrated function on the test form. Formal approval of the functional test is made later after review by the CA and by the PM, if necessary. The CA recommends acceptance of each test to the PM.

3.9 TRAINING OF OWNER PERSONNEL

- A. The General (Prime) Contractor shall be responsible for training coordination and scheduling and ultimately to ensure that training is completed, refer to other

project specification sections for detailed requirements. For this project the CA will not be involved in preparing, approving, or executing training content nor scheduling of training.

3.10 WRITTEN WORK PRODUCTS

- A. The commissioning process generates a number of written work products described in various parts of the *Specifications*. The *Commissioning Plan—Construction Phase*, lists all the formal written work products, describes briefly their contents, who is responsible to create them, their due dates, who receives and approves them and the location of the specification to create them. In summary, the written products are:

Product	Developed By
1. Cx Meeting minutes	CA
2. Commissioning schedules	CA with GC
3. Equipment documentation submittals	Subs
4. Sequence clarifications	Subs and A/E as needed
5. Prefunctional Checklists	CA and Subs as needed
6. Final TAB report	TAB
7. Issues Log (deficiencies)	CA
8. Commissioning Progress Record	CA
9. Functional test forms	CA
10. Filled out functional tests	CA and Subs as needed
11. O&M manuals	Subs
12. Overall training plan	Subs
13. Specific training agendas	Subs
14. Final commissioning issue log report(s)	CA

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 16000 - ELECTRICAL GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

1.0 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES:

- A. Electrical General Requirements specifically applicable to Division 16 Sections, in addition to Division 1 - General Requirements.

1.02 PROJECT/SITE CONDITIONS:

- A. Install work in locations shown on Drawings, unless prevented by project conditions.
- B. Prepare drawings showing proposed rearrangement of work to meet project conditions, including changes to work specified in other Sections. Obtain permission of Engineer before proceeding.
- C. Before submitting a proposal for the work contemplated in these specifications and accompanying Drawings, each bidder shall examine the site and familiarize himself with all the existing conditions and limitations. No additional compensation will be allowed because of the Contractor's misunderstandings as to the amount of work involved or his lack of knowledge of any condition in connection with the work.

1.03 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS:

- A. Permits and Inspections: This Contractor shall secure and pay for all permits, and inspections required on work performed under this section of the Specifications. He shall assume full responsibility for all assessments and taxes necessary for the completion and acceptance of the work.
- B. Applicable Standards and Codes: All materials and workmanship shall comply with all applicable codes, specifications, local ordinances, industry standards and utility company regulations. In case of difference between building codes, specifications, federal and state laws, local ordinances, industry standards and utility company regulations and the Contract Documents, the most stringent requirements shall govern. The Contractor shall promptly notify the Engineer in writing of such differences. Should the Contractor perform any work that does not comply with the requirements of the applicable building codes, federal and state laws, local ordinances, industry standards and utility company regulations, he shall bear all costs arising in correcting the deficiencies. Applicable codes and standards shall include all State laws, State Board of Health and State Rating Bureau, local ordinances, utility company regulations and the applicable requirements of the following:
 - 1. Standard Building Code

2. National Fire Protection Association – NFPA
3. National Electrical Manufacturers Association - NEMA
4. National Bureau of Standards
5. American National Standards Institute - ANSI
6. Underwriters' Laboratories - UL

1.04 COOPERATION:

- A. Cooperate with others in laying out the electrical work so that this phase of the work will properly fit the building and other contractor's requirements.

1.05 PRODUCTS FURNISHED BY OTHERS:

- A. Products are furnished by the Owner or under other Divisions of these Specifications that require electrical connection. This Contractor shall provide all necessary materials and labor to connect to the electrical system all equipment and fixtures having electrical power connection requirements. Refer to other Divisions of these Specifications for additional or specific requirements. Actual rough-in dimensions shall be obtained from Shop Drawings or measurements of the equipment or fixture.
- B. The unpacking, assembling and setting of equipment furnished by the Owner or under other Divisions of these Specifications will be performed by others, unless stated otherwise.
- C. Because the manufacturer of the equipment actually purchased or supplied may vary slightly from that specified, as hereinbefore stated, some rearranging of the requirements may be necessary. This Contractor shall make connections as required by the actual equipment furnished.

1.06 SEQUENCING AND SCHEDULING:

- A. Construct work in sequence under provisions of applicable sections of these specifications.
- B. Power outages shall be scheduled with the Owner and other Contractors. Outages shall be at the convenience of the Owner.

1.07 APPROVAL OF MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT:

- A. Whenever a material, article, or piece of equipment is identified on the Drawings or in these Specifications by reference to manufacturer's or vendor's name, trade name, catalog number or the like, it is so identified for the purpose of establishing a standard of quality and shall not be construed as limiting competition. Any material, article, or piece of equipment of other manufacturers or vendors, which

will perform adequately the intent of the design, will be considered equally acceptable provided written approval has been granted by the Engineer. Materials submitted for approval shall comply with all applicable Sections of these Specifications prior to acceptance. Submit proposed substitutions to the Architect for approval at least ten (10) days prior to the bid so that an addendum can be issued to all contractors. Engineer's opinion shall be final on the equality of substituted items.

- B. After the Contract has been awarded, catalog cuts on the following items shall be submitted to the Architect/Engineer for final approval before purchase of the equipment whether substitutions are being made or not:
 - 1. Light Fixtures
 - 2. Panelboards and Switchboards
 - 3. Distribution Equipment
 - 4. Wiring Devices
 - 5. Fabricated Equipment
 - 6. Automatic Transfer Switches

1.08 OBSERVATION, TESTING AND BALANCING:

- A. Observation: The complete job will be, during and/or after construction, subject to the administration of the Engineer. Site visits shall be conducted by the Architect/Engineer or his designated representative as necessary to maintain compliance with the Contract requirements.
- B. Testing: Prior to acceptance by the Owner/Engineer, the Contractor shall conduct and record insulation tests of all feeder and motor branch circuits. The insulation testing shall be accomplished utilizing an meg-ohm meter. Verification of test results shall be witnessed by the Architect or his designated representative. The Contractor shall submit a written report of all readings of each feeder and circuit.
- C. Balancing: All branch circuits and feeders shall be tested under maximum and typical load conditions, and loads shall be balanced on the phases of the electrical system. The Contractor shall submit written report of final load readings of all loads on each feeder.

1.09 WORKMANSHIP:

- A. All work shall be executed in a neat and substantial manner by skilled workman, well qualified, and regularly engaged in the type of work required. Substandard work shall be removed and replaced by the Contractor at no cost to the Owner.

1.10 OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS/AS BUILT DRAWINGS:

- A. Four (4) complete sets of instructions containing the manufacturer's operating and maintenance instructions for each piece of equipment shall be furnished to the Owner. Each set shall be permanently bound and shall have a hard cover. One complete set shall be furnished at the time that the test procedure is submitted, and remaining sets shall be furnished before the Contract is completed. Flysheets shall be placed before instructions covering each subject. The instruction sheets shall be approximately 8-1/2" by 11" with large sheets of Drawings folded in. The instructions shall include information for major pieces of equipment and systems.
- B. Upon completion of the work and at the time designated, the services of one project engineer shall be provided by the Contractor to instruct the representative of the Owner in the operation and maintenance of the systems.
- C. This Contractor shall provide as-built Drawings at the completion of the job. Drawings shall show all significant changes in equipment, wiring, routing, location, etc.

1.11 GUARANTEE:

- A. This Contractor shall guarantee to the Owner, all work performed under this contract to be free from defects in workmanship and material for a period of one year from date of final acceptance by Owner and Architect. Any defects arising during this period will be promptly remedied by the Contractor without cost to the Owner. Lamps and fuses burned out during normal operation after acceptance are exempt from guarantee. This Contractor shall furnish the Owner with an estimated time, from notification of a problem to presence on the site, for all service calls on warranty items.

1.12 COMPLIANCE:

- A. In the event of a conflict between Specifications, Drawings, Codes, Requirements, etc., the most stringent requirements shall govern.
- B. The interpretation of conflicts and resolution thereof shall remain the right of the Architect/Engineer or his designated representative.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS: Not Used

PART 3 - EXECUTION: Not Used

END OF SECTION

SECTION 16100 - LOW-VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL POWER CONDUCTORS, CABLES,
AND DEVICES

1.0 GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

- A. Section 16000 - Electrical General Requirements, apply to the work specified in this Section, with additions and modifications specified herein.

1.02 SECTION INCLUDES:

- A. Wire and Cable
- B. Wiring Devices

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.01 WIRE AND CABLE

A. Building Wire:

1. Feeder and Branch Circuits 10 AWG and Smaller: Copper, solid conductor, 600 volt insulation, rated 75 degrees C, THHN/THWN.
2. Feeder and Branch Circuits 8 AWG and 6 AWG: Copper, stranded conductor, 600 volt insulation, rated 75 degrees C, THHN/THWN.
3. Feeder and Branch Circuits Larger Than 6 AWG: Copper, stranded conductor, 600 volt insulation, rated 75 degrees C, THW.
4. Control Circuits: Copper, stranded conductor, 600 volt insulation, THHN/THWN.

B. Remote Control Signal Cable (where applicable):

1. Control Cable for Class 1 Remote Control and Signal Circuits: Copper conductor, 600 volt insulation, rated 60 degree C, individual conductors twisted together, shielded, and covered with PVC jacket.
2. Control Cable for Class 2 or Class 3 Remote Control and Signal Circuits: Copper conductor, 300 volt insulation, rated 60 degree C, individual conductors twisted together, shielded, and covered with PVC jacket; UL listed.

- C. Cords: Oil-resistant thermoset-insulated multi-conductor flexible cord with identified equipment grounding conductor, suitable for extra hard usage in damp locations, type SO.

2.02 WIRING DEVICES AND WALL PLATES:

A. Manufacturers:

1. Hubbell
2. Leviton
3. Arrow Hart

- B. Wall Switches: AC general use, quiet-operating snap switch rated 20 amperes and 120/277 volts AC, with plastic toggle handle, ivory color.

1. Single Pole Switch: Hubbell 1221-I
2. Three Way Switch: Hubbell 1223-I

C. Receptacle:

1. Convenience Receptacle Configuration: Type 5-20R, plastic face, **ivory color**. Model 5262-I manufactured by Hubbell.
2. Specific Purpose Receptacle: Configuration indicated on Drawings with black plastic face.
3. Provide straight-blade receptacles to NEMA WD 1.
4. Provide straight-blade receptacles to NEMA WD 5.
5. GFCI Receptacles: Duplex convenience receptacle with integral ground fault current interrupter. Model GFR-5352IA manufactured by Hubbell. Device shall be compliant to the requirements of UL 943.

- D. Wall Dimmer: Rotary dial or slide type, **color by architect**. Model C-2000 manufactured by Lutron.(or Leviton equal) Rating of 2000 watts at 120 volts, AC.

- E. Decorative Cover Plate: Smooth Stainless steel, **color by architect**, ANSI 302.

- F. Weatherproof Cover Plate: Gasketed cast metal with hinged gasketed device covers **rated raintight while in use** in accordance with Article 410-57 of the National Electrical Code.

- G. Attachment Plug Cap: Match receptacle configuration provided for equipment connection.

- H. Cord Reels: Provide cord reels as indicated on the drawings. Cords shall be sized per loads served and shall be 50' in length.

3.0 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION AND PREPARATION:

- A. Verify that interior of building has been physically protected from weather.
- B. Verify that mechanical work which is likely to injure conductors has been completed.
- C. Completely and thoroughly swab raceway system before installing conductors.

3.02 INSTALLATION:

A. Wiring Methods:

1. Concealed Interior Locations: Building wire in raceway.
2. Exposed Interior Locations: Building wire in raceway.
3. Above Accessible Ceilings: Building wire in raceway.
4. Wet or Damp Interior Locations: Building wire in raceway.
5. Exterior Locations: Building wire in raceway.
6. Underground Locations: Building wire in raceway.
7. Hazardous Locations: Building wire in raceway conforming to applicable NEC Articles as identified on the Drawings.

- B. Use no wire smaller than 12 AWG for power and lighting circuits, and no smaller than 14 AWG for control wiring. Conductors shall be sized to compensate for voltage drop.

- C. Neatly train and secure wiring inside boxes, equipment and panelboards.

- D. Use UL listed wire pulling lubricant for pulling conductors in raceways.

- E. Make splices, taps, and terminations to carry full ampacity of conductors without perceptible temperature rise.

- F. Devices shall mount flush or as indicated on the Drawings.

- G. Install wiring devices in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
 - 1. Install wall switches 48 inches above floor, "OFF" position down.
 - 2. Install wall dimmers 48 inches above floor. De-rate ganged dimmers as instructed by manufacturer. Do not use a common neutral, provide a separate neutral for each dimmed circuit.
 - 3. Unless noted otherwise, install convenience receptacles 18 inches above floor, 6 inches above counters or splashbacks, with grounding pole on bottom.
 - 4. Install GFCI receptacles at all outdoor locations and all indoor locations as required by NFPA70, and as indicated.
 - 5. Install specific purpose receptacles at heights shown on Drawings.
 - 6. Install cord and attachment plug caps on equipment under the provisions of Section 16100. Size cord for connected load and rating of branch circuit over-current protection.

- K. Install wall plates flush and level.
 - 1. Install decorative plates on switch, receptacle, and blank outlets in finished areas.
 - 2. Install galvanized steel plates on outlet boxes and junction boxes in unfinished areas, above accessible ceilings, and on surface mounted outlets.
 - 3. Install weatherproof coverplates on all devices/boxes in wet or outdoor locations.

3.03 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL:

- A. Perform field inspection and testing of circuits under provisions of Section 16000.
 - 1. Inspect wire and cables for physical damage and proper connection.
 - 2. Torque test conductor connections and terminations to manufacturer's recommended values.
 - 3. Perform continuity test on all power and equipment branch circuit conductors. Verify proper phasing connections.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 16200 - RACEWAY SYSTEMS

1.0 GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

- A. Section 16000 - Electrical General Requirements, apply to the work specified in this section, with additions and modifications specified herein.

1.02 SECTION INCLUDES:

- A. Conduit and Conduit Fittings
- B. Electrical Boxes and Fittings
- C. Cable Tray

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.01 CONDUIT AND FITTINGS:

A. Conduit:

1. Metal Rigid Conduit: Galvanized steel.
2. Metal Tubing: Galvanized steel.
3. Flexible Conduit: Steel.
4. Liquid-Tight Flexible Conduit: Flexible conduit with PVC Jacket.
5. Plastic Conduit and Tubing: NEMA TC 2; PVC. Use Schedule 40 conduit.

B. Conduit and Fittings:

1. Conduit Fittings and Conduit Bodies: NEMA FB 1. Conduit fittings to be steel, threaded type. Split couplings are not acceptable.
2. Tubing Fittings: NEMA FB 1. Tubing fittings to be steel compression type for conduit up to 2" in diameter and set screw type for conduit 2-1/2" and larger.
3. Flexible Conduit Fittings: NEMA FB 1. Flexible conduit fittings to be steel set screw or screw in type.
4. Liquid-Type Flexible Conduit Fittings: NEMA FB 1. Liquid-tight flexible

conduit fittings to be steel compression type.

5. Plastic Fittings and Conduit Bodies: NEMA TC 3.

2.02 ELECTRICAL BOXES:

A. Boxes:

1. Sheet Metal: NEMA OS 1; galvanized steel, 4" or 4-11/16" square. Provide galvanized plaster/tile ring for recessed outlet boxes.
2. Cast Metal: Aluminum or cast ferrous alloy, deep type, gasketed cover, threaded hubs.
3. Nonmetallic: NEMA OS 2.

- ### B. Large Enclosures: NEMA 250; Type 4, steel enclosures with manufacturer's standard enamel finish and cover, held closed screws.

2.03.1 CABLE TRAY (where applicable):

A. Manufacturers:

1. B-line
2. Mono-Systems

- ### B. Ladder type, constructed of aluminum with 9" rung spacing, 6" siderails and 18" wide

- ### C. Fittings: Horizontal 90° elbows, horizontal tees, and horizontal crosses with all metal accessories to connect to straight sections.

- ### D. Support: Supports shall be fabricated channel, and threaded rods.

- ### E. Grounding: Provide grounding straps as each junction, splice, fitting, etc.

3.0 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION AND PREPARATION:

- A. Examine supporting surfaces to determine that surfaces are ready to receive work.
- B. Electrical boxes shown on Contract Drawings are approximate locations unless dimensioned.

3.02 INSTALLATION:

A. Use conduit and tubing for raceways in the following locations:

1. Underground Installations: Rigid steel conduit, painted with two coats of epoxy asphaltum paint, or Schedule 40 PVC conduit.
2. Installations In Concrete: Rigid steel conduit, or Schedule 40 PVC conduit.
3. In Slab Above Grade: Rigid steel conduit, or Schedule 40 PVC conduit. Where likely to be damaged, use Schedule 80 PVC in lieu of Schedule 40 PVC.
4. Exposed Outdoor Locations: Rigid steel conduit or Schedule 40 PVC. Schedule 80 PVC to be used in areas prone to damage.
5. Wet Interior Locations: Rigid steel conduit or electrical metallic tubing. Use threaded or raintight fittings for conduit.
6. Concealed Dry Interior Locations: Rigid steel conduit or electrical metallic tubing.
7. Exposed Dry Interior Locations: Rigid steel conduit or electrical metallic tubing.
8. Feeders: Galvanized rigid steel conduit and PVC conduit on all feeders. Schedule 40 PVC may be used in environments where there is an unlikely probability that the conduit will be damaged. Otherwise, use schedule 80 PVC if RMC is not used.

B. Size raceways for conductor type installed.

1. Minimum Size Conduit: 1/2 inch.

C. Arrange conduit and tubing to maintain headroom and to present a neat mechanical appearance.

1. Route exposed raceway parallel and perpendicular to walls and adjacent piping.
2. Maintain minimum 6 inch clearance to piping and 12 inch clearance to heat surfaces such as flues, piping, and heating appliances.
3. Maintain required fire, acoustic, and vapor barrier rating when penetrating walls, floors, and ceilings.

4. Route conduit through roof openings for piping and ductwork where possible; otherwise, route through roof jack with pitch pocket.
 5. Group in parallel runs where practical. Use rack constructed of steel channel. Maintain spacing between raceways or de-rate circuit ampacities to NFPA 70 requirements.
 6. Use approved manufactured conduit hangers and clamps; do not fasten with wire or perforated pipe straps. Utilize conduit hangers for conduits located below floor slabs.
 7. Use conduit bodies to make sharp changes in direction.
 8. Terminate all conduits with insulated bushings.
 9. Use suitable caps to protect installed raceway against entrance of moisture and dirt.
 10. Provide a pull string in all empty raceways.
 11. Install expansion joints fittings where raceway crosses building expansion joints.
 12. Install plastic conduit and tubing in strict accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. When plastic conduit is installed, use galvanized rigid elbows for 90E bends.
- D. Install electrical boxes as shown on the Drawings, and as required for splices, taps, wire pulling, equipment connections and regulatory requirements.
1. Use cast outlet box in exterior locations, wet locations, and exposed interior locations.
 2. Use large enclosure for interior pull and junction boxes larger than 12 inches in any dimension.
 3. Locate and install electrical boxes to allow access. Provide access panels if required.
 4. Locate and install electrical boxes to maintain headroom and to present a neat mechanical appearance.
 5. Install pull boxes and junction boxes above accessible ceilings or in unfinished areas.

6. Provide knockout closure for unused openings.
 7. Align wall-mounted outlet boxes plumb and level for switches, and similar devices.
 8. Coordinate mounting heights and locations of outlets above counters and backsplashes.
 9. Install lighting outlets to locate luminaires as shown on the Drawings.
- E. Use recessed outlet boxes in finished areas where indicated.
1. Secure boxes to interior wall and partition studs, accurately positioning to allow for surface finish thickness, and plaster/tile ring installation.
 2. Use stamped steel stud bridges for flush outlets in hollow stud wall, and adjustable steel channel fasteners for flush ceiling outlet boxes.
 3. Locate boxes in masonry walls to require cutting corner only. Coordinate masonry cutting to achieve neat openings for boxes.
 4. Do not install boxes back-to-back in walls; provide 6 inch separation, minimum. In acoustic-rated walls provide 24 inch separation minimum.
 5. Do not damage insulation.

END OF SECTION

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SECTION 16300 - SERVICE AND DISTRIBUTION

1.0 GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

- A. Section 16000 - Electrical General Requirements, apply to the work specified in this Section, with additions and modifications specified herein.

1.02 SECTION INCLUDES:

- A. System Description
- B. Utility Requirements
- C. Grounding
- D. Switchboards
- E. Panelboards
- F. Enclosed Switches
- G. Fuses
- H. Transformers
- I. Enclosed Circuit Breakers
- J. Plug-in Duct

1.03 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION:

- A. Existing 120/208V, 3-phase, 4-wire wye underground service from utility company to remain.

1.04 PROJECT CONDITIONS:

- A. Verify field measurements for the equipment to ensure proper fit with in the space proposed.

1.05 UTILITY REQUIREMENTS:

- A. The serving utility is **FP&L**.
- B. Existing.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.01 SWITCHBOARD:

A. Manufacturers:

1. Square D Company
2. Cutler-Hammer
3. Siemens
4. General Electric

B. Switchboard: NEMA PB2.

1. Line and Load Terminations: Accessible from front only of switchboard, suitable for conductor materials used.
2. Main Sections Devices: Individually mounted.

C. Ratings: As shown on Drawings.

D. Bussing:

1. Bus Material: Copper or Aluminum with tin plating sized in accordance with NEMA PB2.
2. Bus Connections: Accessible from front for maintenance.
3. Ground Bus: Copper

E. Enclosure: Type 1 General purpose as shown on the Drawings.

1. Align sections at front and rear.
2. Height: 90 inches
3. Finish: Manufacturer's standard light gray enamel over external surfaces.

F. Future Provisions:

1. Fully equip spaces for future devices with bussing and bus connection provisions; continuous current rating as indicated on the Drawings.

2. Do not taper main bus rating.

G. Switching and Over-Current Protection Devices:

1. Molded Case Circuit Breakers: NEMA AB 1.
2. Solid State Molded Case Circuit Breakers: NEMA AB 1; with electronic sensing, timing and tripping circuits for adjustable current settings; ground fault trip; instantaneous trip and adjustable short time trip.

H. Switchboard Instruments:

1. Ground Fault Sensors: Zero sequence type.
2. Ground Fault Relay: Adjustable ground fault sensitivity from 200 to 1200 amperes, time delay adjustable from 0 to 1 second.
3. Square D Power Logic metering.

2.02 PANELBOARDS:

A. Manufacturers:

1. Square D Company Only...No Equals Accepted!

B. Distribution Panelboards: NEMA PB 1; circuit breaker type.

1. Enclosures: Type 1 or 3R as shown on Drawings.
2. Mounting: Surface or flush mount as shown on Drawings.
3. Bus: Copper.
4. Ground Bus: Copper
5. Voltage and phase: As shown on Drawings.
6. Minimum Integrated Equipment: As shown on Drawings.
7. Hinged door with lock.
8. Circuit Breakers: Bolt-on, ratings as shown on Drawings.

C. Light and Power Panelboards: NEMA PB 1; circuit breaker type.

1. Enclosures: Type 1 or 3R as shown on Drawings.
2. Surface or flush mount as shown on Drawings.
3. Bus: Copper.
4. Ground Bus: Copper.
5. Voltage and phase as shown on Drawings.
6. Minimum Integrated Equipment: As shown on Drawings.
7. Hinged door with lock.

8. Circuit Breakers: Bolt-on, ratings as shown on Drawings.

D. Accessories: Provide panel and branch device accessories as shown on Drawings.

E. Future Provisions: Where space provisions are indicated on the Drawings provide bussing, bus extensions, etc. require to mount future circuit breakers. Where spare provisions are indicated on the Drawings provide circuit breakers complete and ready for connection.

2.03 ENCLOSED SWITCHES:

A. Manufacturers:

1. Square D Company...Equals Accepted!

B. Enclosed Switch Assemblies: NEMA KS 1; Type HD.

1. Fuse Clips: Designed to accommodate Class `R' or `J' fuses as shown on Drawings.

C. Enclosures: NEMA KS 1; Type 1, 3R, and 4X as required.

D. Ground: Provide grounding lug.

E. Ratings: 600 or 250 volts to match system service requirements, poles and ampere ratings as indicated on the Drawings.

2.04 FUSES:

A. Manufacturers:

1. Bussman
2. Shawmut
3. Little Fuse

B. Service Entrance/Feeder Circuits-601 Amp and Larger

1. Current Limiting
2. UL Class L
3. 200,000 Ampere RMS Interrupting Rating
4. Voltage Rating: As required for system compatibility.

C. Service Entrance/Feeder Circuits-600 Amp and Smaller

1. Current Limiting
2. UL Class RK1
3. 200,000 Ampere RMS Interrupting Rating
4. Voltage Rating: As required for system compatibility

D. Motor, Motor Controller, Transformer and Inductive Circuits

1. Current Limiting
2. UL Class RK1, Time Delay
3. 200,000 Ampere RMS Interrupting Rating
4. Voltage Rating: As required for system compatibility.

2.05 TRANSFORMERS:

A. Manufacturers:

1. Square D Company
 2. ITE-Siemens
 3. General Electric Company
 4. Cutler Hammer
- B. Description: Enclosed air-cooled dry type transformer.
- C. Ratings:
1. Primary Voltage: As shown on Drawings.
 2. Secondary Voltage: As shown on Drawings.
 3. Capacity: KVA ratings as shown on Drawings.
 4. Basic Impulse Level: 10 BIL.
 5. Insulation Class/Temperature Rise: Class 220/115 degrees C.
- D. Configuration: Two winding, delta-wye.
- E. Winding Taps: Four full capacity primary taps, each at 2.5 percent below rated voltage; and two full capacity primary taps, each at 2.5 percent above rated voltage.
- F. Mounting: Wall, floor, or trapeze as shown on Drawings.
- G. Enclosures: Code gauge steel, NEMA 1 or 3R as required.

2.06 ENCLOSED CIRCUIT BREAKERS:

- A. Manufacturers:
1. Square D Company only...No Equals Accepted!
- B. Circuit Breaker: NEMA AB 1.
1. Voltage: As shown on Drawings.
 2. Enclosure: NEMA AB 1; Type 1 or 3R as required.

3. Accessories: As indicated on Drawings.

2.07.1 PLUG-IN DUCT

A. Manufacturers:

1. Square D Company
2. ITE-Siemens
3. General Electric
4. Cutler Hammer

B. Plug-in Duct

1. Bus Material: Copper
2. Enclosure: NEMA 1
3. Mounting: Suspended from structure
4. Rating: 225 amperes, 600 volt, 3 phase, 4 wire

C. Plug-in Units

1. Fusible switches

3.0 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION AND PREPARATION:

- A. Make arrangements with utility company to obtain permanent electrical service to the facility.

3.02 INSTALLATION:

- A. Install utility services in accordance with utility company standards and requirements.
 1. Underground Service: Refer to 'Power Riser Diagram' for details. (Verify with utility prior to bid/construction.)
- B. Install equipment in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

- C. Install switchboard to NEMA PB 2.1.
- D. Install panelboards to NEMA PB 1.1.
- E. Ground the electrical service in accordance with NFPA 70, National Electrical Code, Article 250.
- F. Provide labels for all switchboards, panelboards, and distribution equipment.
- G. Provide typewritten directory inside panel door for all panelboards.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 16400 - BASIC ELECTRICAL MATERIALS AND METHODS

1.0 GENERAL

1.01 RELATED DOCUMENTS:

- A. Section 16000 - Electrical General Requirements, apply to the work specified in this Section, with additions and modifications specified herein.

1.02 SECTION INCLUDES:

- A. Grounding and Bonding
- B. Supports
- C. Identification
- D. Connection of Equipment
- E. Excavation, Trenching, and Backfilling
- F. Cleaning and Painting
- G. Cutting and Patching

1.03 PROJECT CONDITIONS:

- A. Existing project conditions indicated on Drawings are based on casual field observation and existing record documents.
- B. Verify field measurements and circuiting arrangements as shown on the Drawings.
- C. Report discrepancies to Engineer before disturbing existing installation.

2.0 PRODUCTS

2.01 GROUNDING MATERIALS:

- A. Ground Rod: Copper clad steel, 3/4 inch in diameter x 10 feet in length.
- B. Mechanical Connectors: Cast bronze construction with matching bolt, nuts, and washers.
- C. Exothermic Welds: Materials shall be from the same source. Materials shall be

Cadweld or approved equal.

- D. Conductors: Insulated type complying with applicable Sections of these Specifications or bare soft drawn copper as indicated.

2.02 SUPPORTS:

- A. Fabrication Steel: Galvanized or painted steel of standard shapes and sizes.
- B. Manufactured Channel: Hot dipped galvanized with all hardware required for mounting as manufactured by Unistrut, Kindorf, or Powerstrut.
- C. Miscellaneous Hardware: Standard sizes treated for corrosion resistance.

2.03 IDENTIFICATION:

- A. Nameplates: Engraved three-layer laminated plastic, black letters on white background.
- B. Wire and Cable Markers: Cloth type, split sleeve type, or tubing type.
- C. Panel Directories: Typewritten under plastic cover.

3.0 EXECUTION

3.01 INSTALLATION:

- A. Install Products in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Except where specifically indicated otherwise, all exposed non-current-carrying metallic parts of electrical equipment, metallic raceway systems, and service neutral of the electrical system shall be grounded.
 - 1. Equipment grounding shall be accomplished by installing a separate grounding conductor in each raceway of the system. The Conductor shall be provided with a distinctive green insulation or marker and shall be sized in accordance with Table 250-122 of the National Electrical Code for circuit ampacity ratings.
 - 2. The electrical system grounding electrode shall be made at the main service equipment and shall be extended to the point of entrance of the metallic cold water service. Ground to be sized in accordance with Table 250-66 of the National Electrical Code. Connection to the water pipe shall be made by a suitable ground clamp. If flanged pipes are encountered, connection shall be made on the street side of the flange connection. If the metallic water service is coated with an insulating material or there is no metallic

water service to the building, ground connection shall be made to ground rods at the exterior of the building driven full length into the earth. The maximum resistance of the driven ground shall not exceed 25 ohms under normally dry conditions. If this resistance cannot be obtained with a single rod, additional rods shall be installed not less than 6 feet on centers, or if sectional type rods are used, additional sections may be coupled together and driven with the first rod. The resultant resistance shall not exceed 25 ohms measured not less than 48 hours after rainfall.

3. Ground all building steel including reinforcing bars in concrete and all piping entering the building from outside.
- C. Make electrical connections to equipment in accordance with equipment manufacturer's instructions.
1. Verify that wiring and outlet rough-in work is complete and that equipment is ready for electrical connection, wiring, and energization.
 2. Make wiring connections in control panel or in wiring compartment of pre-wired equipment. Provide interconnecting wiring as required by equipment manufacturer.
 3. Install and connect disconnect switches, controllers, control stations, and control devices as required by equipment manufacturer.
 4. Make conduit connections to equipment using flexible conduit. Use liquid-tight flexible conduit in damp or wet locations.
 5. Install pre-fabricated cord set where connections with attachment plug is indicated or specified, or use attachment plug with suitable strain-relief clamps.
 6. Provide suitable strain-relief clamps for cord connections to outlet boxes and equipment connection boxes.
- D. Install support systems sized and fastened to accommodate weight of equipment and conduit, including wiring, which they carry.
1. Fasten hanger rods, conduit clamps, and outlet and junction boxes to building structure using precast insert system, expansion anchors, preset inserts, beam clamps, or spring steel clips.
 2. Use toggle bolts or hollow wall fasteners in hollow masonry, plaster, or gypsum board partitions and walls; expansion anchors or preset inserts in solid masonry walls; self-drilling anchors or expansion and anchors on concrete surfaces; sheet metal screws in sheet metal studs; and wood

- screws in wood construction.
 - 3. Do not fasten supports to piping, ceiling support systems, ductwork, mechanical equipment, conduit, etc.
 - 4. Do not use powder-actuated anchors.
 - 5. Do not drill structural steel members.
 - 6. Fabricate supports from structural steel or steel channel.
 - 7. Install surface mounted cabinets and panelboards with minimum of four anchors.
 - 8. Provide steel channel supports to stand cabinets one inch off wall in wet locations.
 - 9. Bridge studs top and bottom with channels to support flush mounted cabinets and panelboards in stud walls.
 - 10. Install free-standing electrical equipment on 4 inch high concrete pads.
- E. Identify electrical distribution and control equipment, and loads served, to meet regulatory requirements and as specified herein.
- 1. Degrease and clean surface to receive nameplates.
 - 2. Secure nameplates to equipment fronts using screws or rivets with edges parallel to equipment lines.
 - 3. Use nameplates with 1/4 inch lettering to identify Switchboard, Panelboards, Safety Switches, Motor Starters and Branch Devices of Switchboards.
 - 4. Panel directories shall accurately indicate load served and location of load.
 - 5. Engrave plates as indicated by Schedules on the Drawings.
- F. Install wire markers on each conductor in panelboard gutters, boxes, and at load connections.
- 1. Use distribution panel and branch circuit or feeder number to identify power and lighting circuits.
 - 2. Use control wire number as indicated on schematic and interconnection diagrams or equipment manufacturer's shop drawings to identify control

wiring.

- G. Excavating, trenching, and backfilling shall be accomplished as indicated on the Drawings or where required to install systems and/or equipment.
1. Trenches for all underground conduits or equipment shall be excavated to the required depths. Where soft, wet, or unstable soil is encountered, the bottom of the trench shall be filled with 6 inches of compacted gravel and sand fill. All trench bottoms shall be tamped hard. Trenches shall be shored as required to meet OSHA requirements and general safe working conditions.
 2. After conduits or equipment have been inspected and approved by the Architect and prior to backfilling, all forms shall be removed and the excavation shall be cleaned of all trash and debris. Material for backfilling shall consist of the excavation, or borrow of sand, gravel, or other materials approved by the Architect and shall be free of trash, lumber, or other debris. Backfill shall be placed in horizontal layers, not exceeding 9 inches in depth and properly moistened to approximate optimum requirements. Each layer shall be compacted by hand or machine tamped to a density equivalent to surrounding soil.
- H. Cleaning and Painting: The respective Contractors for the various phases of work shall clear away all debris, surplus materials, etc., resulting from their work or operations, leaving the job and equipment furnished in the clean first class condition.
1. All fixtures and equipment shall be thoroughly cleaned of plaster, stickers, rust, stains and other foreign matter or discoloration, leaving every part in an acceptable condition ready for use.
 2. The Contractor shall refinish and restore to the original condition and appearance, all electrical equipment which has sustained damage to manufacturer's prime and finish coats or enamel or paint. Materials and workmanship shall be equal to the requirements described for other painting.
- I. Cutting and Patching: This Contractor shall provide all cutting, digging, etc., incident to his work and shall make all required repairs thereafter to the satisfaction to the Engineer, but in no case shall the Contractor cut into any major structural element, beam, or column without written approval of the Engineer.
1. Pavements, sidewalks, roads, curbs, walls, ceilings, floors, and roofs shall be cut, patched, repaired and/or replaced as required to permit the installation of the electrical work.

2. The Contractor shall bear the expense of all cutting, patching, painting, repairing, or replacing of the work of other trades required because of his fault, error, or tardiness or because of any damage done by him.

END OF SECTION

TABLE OF CONTENTS – SPECIFICATIONS

DIVISION 00 – PROCUREMENT AND CONTRACTING REQUIREMENTS

000020	Invitation to Enter into Contract Negotiations
000100	Instructions to Construction Managers
000100	Uniforms_Federal_Contract_Provisions_Rider_2018_02_16_BDS
000300	Bid Form-CM
000420	Public Entity Drugfree Mat Safety
000420	Public Entity Workforce Mat Forms
000430	List of Subcontractors
000500	Agreement Form-CM
000610	Performance and Payment Bond
000625	Acceptable Surety Companies
000700	General Conditions
000800	Supplementary General Conditions
000820	Special Conditions
000950	Direct Purchase By Owner
000950-0	Contractor Info Sheet
000950-1	PO Requirements – Attch1
000950-2	Vendor Letter Sample- Attch2
000950-3	Invoice Transmittal Form – Attch3
000951	Direct Material Purchase Procedure

DIVISION 01 – GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

011000	Summary of Work
012500	Substitution Procedures
012900	Payment Procedures
013100	Project Coordination
013200	Project Meetings
013300	Submittals
014000	Quality Requirements
014200	Definitions and Standards
015000	Temporary Facilities
015500	Materials and Equipment
015639 FL-	Temporary Tree and Plant Projection
015719	Erosion Control and Environmental Protection
017700	Closeout Procedures
017800	Warranties and Bonds

DIVISION 15 – MECHANICAL

15005	Mechanical General
15020	Codes and Standards
15105	Pipes and Pipe Fittings
15110	Valves
15120	Piping Specialties

15135	Vibration Isolation
15140	Meters and Gauges
15150	Supports, Anchors, And Seals
15160	Mechanical Identification
15180	Testing, Cleaning, And Sterilization of Piping Systems
15190	Excavation and Backfill
15205	Insulation for Plumbing Pipe and Equipment
15210	Insulation for HVAC Equipment and Piping
15230	Exterior Insulation for Ductwork
15405	Potable Water System
15410	Soil, Waste, and Vent System
15440	Gas System
15502	Chilled Water Preinsulated Piping and Conduit System
15505	Heating Hot Water and Chilled Water Systems
15610	Custom Air Handling Units
15715	Ductless Split System Air Conditioning Units
15810	Fans
15840	HVAC Metal Ductwork
15855	Ductwork Accessories
15860	Grilles, Registers, and Ceiling Diffusers
15887	Bi Polar Ionization Air Cleaning Equipment
15890	Air Terminal Units
15930	Direct Digital Controls
15970	Start-Up Requirements for Heating, Ventilating & Air Conditioning (HVAC Systems)
15980	Owner Testing and Balancing of Mechanical Systems
15995	HVAC Systems Commissioning-Bldg 1
15995	HVAC Systems Commissioning-Bldg 2

DIVISION 16 – ELECTRICAL

16000	Electrical General Requirements
16100	Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors, Cables, & Devices
16200	Raceway Systems
16300	Service & Distribution
16400	Basic Electrical Materials & Methods